

**W83795G/ADG**  
**Nuvoton H/W Monitor**

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## 1. GENERAL DESCRIPTION (W83795G)

W83795G is an evolving version of the Nuvoton popular Hardware Monitor IC family. W83795G provides several innovative features, such as ASF 2.0 compliant specification, SMBus 2.0 ARP compatible command, Intel PECI2.0 interface, AMD SB-TSI interface, PROCESSOR HOT, parallel VID input, and serial VID input. Conventionally, W83795G can be used to monitor several critical hardware parameters of the system, including power supply voltages, fan speeds, and temperatures, which are very important for a high-end computer system, such as server, workstation...etc, to work stably and efficiently.

A 10-bit analog-to-digital converter (ADC) is built inside W83795G. W83795G can simultaneously monitor 15 (up to 21) analog voltage inputs (including power VDD / 3VSB / VBAT / VTT monitoring), 8 (up to 14) fan tachometer inputs, 8 fan output control, 6 remote temperature sensor inputs, 4 of which support current mode (dual current source) temperature measurement method, caseopen detection, Watch Dog Timer function, and GPIO pins. The sense of remote temperature can be performed by thermistors, or directly from Intel® / AMD™ CPU with thermal diode output. W83795G provides 8 PWM (pulse width modulation) / DC fan output modes for SMART FAN™ control - “ Thermal Cruise™ ” mode and “ SMART FAN™ IV ” mode. Under “ Thermal Cruise™ ” mode, temperatures of CPU and the system can be maintained within specific programmable ranges under the hardware control. As for SMART FAN™ IV, which provides 8 sets of temperatures setting point each could control fan's duty cycle, depends on this construction, fan could be operated at the lowest possible speed so that the acoustic noise could be balanced. As for warning mechanism, W83795G provides SMI#, OVT#, VOLT\_FAULT#, FAN\_FAULT#, and BEEP signals to protect the system. W83795G has 2 specific pins to provide address selection so that 4 W83795G could be wired through I<sup>2</sup>C interface at the same time.

W83795G can uniquely serve as an ASF sensor to respond to ASF master's request for the implementation of network management in OS-absent status. Through W83795G's compliance with ASF2.0 sensor specification, network server is able to monitor the environmental status of each client in OS-absent state by PET (Platform Event Trap) frame values returned from W83795G, such as temperatures, voltages, fan speed and case open. Moreover, W83795G supports SMBus 2.0 ARP command to solve the problem of address conflicts by dynamically assigning a new unique address for W83795G ASF Function after W83795G's UDID is sent.

Through the application software or BIOS, the users can read all the monitored parameters of the system from time to time. A pop-up warning can also be activated when the monitored item is out of the proper/preset range. The application software could be Nuvoton's Hardware Doctor™ or other management application software. Besides, the users can set up the upper and lower limits (alarm thresholds) of these monitored parameters and activate corresponding maskable interrupts.

## 2. GENERAL DESCRIPTION (W83795ADG)

W83795ADG is an evolving version of the Nuvoton popular Hardware Monitor IC family. W83795ADG provides several innovative features, such as ASF 2.0 compliant specification, SMBus 2.0 ARP compatible command, Intel PECI2.0 interface, and PROCESSOR HOT. Conventionally, W83795ADG can be used to monitor several critical hardware parameters of the system, including power supply voltages, fan speeds, and temperatures, which are very important for a high-end computer system, such as server, workstation...etc, to work stably and efficiently.

A 10-bit analog-to-digital converter (ADC) is built inside W83795ADG. W83795ADG can simultaneously monitor 12 (up to 18) analog voltage inputs (including power VDD / 3VSB / VBAT / VTT monitoring), 8 (up to 14) fan tachometer inputs, 2 fan output control, 6 remote temperature sensor inputs, 4 of which support current mode (dual current source) temperature measurement method, caseopen detection, Watch Dog Timer function, and GPIO pins. The sense of remote temperature can be performed by thermistors, or directly from Intel® CPU with thermal diode output. W83795ADG provides 2 PWM (pulse width modulation) / DC fan output modes for SMART FAN™ control - “ Thermal Cruise™ ” mode and “ SMART FAN™ IV ” mode. Under “ Thermal Cruise™ ” mode, temperatures of CPU and the system can be maintained within specific programmable ranges under the hardware control. As for SMART FAN™ IV, which provides 8 sets of temperatures setting point each could control fan's duty cycle, depends on this construction, fan could be operated at the lowest possible speed so that the acoustic noise could be balanced. As for warning mechanism, W83795ADG provides SMI#, OVT#, and BEEP signals to protect the system. W83795ADG has 2 specific pins to provide address selection so that 4 W83795ADG could be wired through I<sup>2</sup>C interface at the same time.

W83795ADG can uniquely serve as an ASF sensor to respond to ASF master's request for the implementation of network management in OS-absent status. Through W83795ADG's compliance with ASF2.0 sensor specification, network server is able to monitor the environmental status of each client in OS-absent state by PET (Platform Event Trap) frame values returned from W83795ADG, such as temperatures, voltages, fan speed and case open. Moreover, W83795ADG supports SMBus 2.0 ARP command to solve the problem of address conflicts by dynamically assigning a new unique address for W83795ADG ASF Function after W83795ADG's UDID is sent.

Through the application software or BIOS, the users can read all the monitored parameters of the system from time to time. A pop-up warning can also be activated when the monitored item is out of the proper/preset range. The application software could be Nuvoton's Hardware Doctor™ or other management application software. Besides, the users can set up the upper and lower limits (alarm thresholds) of these monitored parameters and activate corresponding maskable interrupts.

### 3. FEATURES (W83795G)

#### ■ Monitoring Items

##### VOLTAGE

Up to 21 voltage sensing inputs.

- 11 general voltage inputs.
- 4 power pins.
- 2 multi-function with thermistor temperature inputs.
- 4 multi-function with thermal diode pair.

##### VID

- Provide parallel VID input and serial VID (AMD™) input monitoring.

##### TEMPERATURE

Up to 6 temperature monitoring.

- 4 pairs thermal diode (current mode) temperature.
- 2 thermistor mode temperature.
- Support Intel® PECEI interfaces for reading CPU temperature. (Including PECEI\_REQ# mechanism)
- Support AMD™ SB-TSI for reading CPU temperature

##### PECEI (PLATFORM ENVIRONMENT CONTROL INTERFACE)

- Support PECEI 2.0 Specification
- Support 8 CPU Address and 2 domains per CPU address

##### AMD™ SB-TSI INTERFACE

- Support AMD™ SB-TSI Specification

##### FAN

Up to 8 Fan Control output and Up to 14 fan tachometer input.

- 6 pure fan control output pins (PWM / DC mode supported).
- 2 fan control output multi-function (FANCTL7 and FANCTL8).
- 8 pure fan tachometer input (FANIN1-FANIN8).
- 5 fan tachometer input multi-function (FANIN9-FANIN14)

##### SMART FAN™ CONTROL

- Support the SMART FAN™ control – “Thermal Cruise™” mode and “SMART FAN™ IV” mode.
- Multi-temperature source vs. Multi-fan-control output.
- 6 mapping table for temperature vs. fan control output (based on temperature’s behavior).
- 8 tables for Speed Cruise Mode for fan control output.
- Item 2 and item 3 could both control fan control output behavior.

#### CASEOPEN

- Case open detection input. (low active).

#### ■ Address Resolution Protocol and Alert Standard Format

- Support System Management Bus (SMBus) version 2.0 specification.
- Comply with hardware sensor slave ARP (Address Resolution Protocol).
- Response ASF 2.0 command -- Get Event Data, Get Event Status, Device Type Poll.
- Comply with ASF 2.0 sensors (Monitoring fan speed, voltage, temperature, thermal trip and case open event/status).
- Support Remote Control subset: Remote Power-on/ Power-off/ Reset.

#### ■ Alarm Output

- Issue SMI#, OVT#, VOLT\_FAULT#, FAN\_FAULT# signals to activate system protection.
- Issue BEEP signal to activate system speaker or buzzer.

#### ■ General

- Provide up to 8 GPIO pins (multi-function with parallel VID).
- I<sup>2</sup>C / SMBus2.0 serial bus interface (max. 400KHz Clock).
- Watch Dog Timer function: WDTRST#, SYSRST\_IN.
- 2 address selection pins provide selectable address settings for application of 4 W83795G wired together through I<sup>2</sup>C interface.
- 3.3V operation.

#### ■ Package

- 64-LQFP Package type
- Pb-free / RoHS-Compliant

## 4. FEATURES (W83795ADG)

### ■ Monitoring Items

#### VOLTAGE

Up to 18 voltage sensing inputs.

- 8 general voltage inputs.
- 4 power pins.
- 2 multi-function with thermistor temperature inputs.
- 4 multi-function with thermal diode pair.

#### TEMPERATURE

Up to 6 temperature monitoring.

- 4 pairs thermal diode (current mode) temperature
- 2 thermistor mode temperature.
- Support Intel® PECL interfaces for reading CPU temperature. (Including PECL\_REQ# mechanism).

#### PECL (PLATFORM ENVIRONMENT CONTROL INTERFACE)

- Support PECL 2.0 Specification
- Support 8 CPU Address and 2 domains per CPU address

#### FAN

Up to 2 Fan Control output and Up to 14 fan tachometer input.

- 2 pure fan control output pins (PWM / DC mode supported).
- 8 pure fan tachometer input (FANIN1-FANIN8).
- 5 fan tachometer input multi-function (FANIN9-FANIN14).

#### SMART FAN™ CONTROL

- Support the SMART FAN™ control – “Thermal Cruise™” mode and “SMART FAN™ IV” mode.
- Multi-temperature source vs. Multi-fan-control output.
- 6 mapping table for temperature vs. fan control output (based on temperature’s behavior).
- 8 tables for Speed Cruise Mode for fan control output.
- Item 2 and item 3 could both control fan control output behavior.

#### CASEOPEN

- Case open detection input. (low active).



**■ Address Resolution Protocol and Alert Standard Format**

- Support System Management Bus (SMBus) version 2.0 specification.
- Comply with hardware sensor slave ARP (Address Resolution Protocol).
- Response ASF 2.0 command -- Get Event Data, Get Event Status, Device Type Poll.
- Comply with ASF 2.0 sensors (Monitoring fan speed, voltage, temperature, thermal trip and case open event/status).
- Support Remote Control subset: Remote Power-on/ Power-off/ Reset.

**■ Alarm Output**

- Issue SMI# and OVT# signals to activate system protection.
- Issue BEEP signal to activate system speaker or buzzer (multi-function with OVT#)

**■ General**

- Provide up to 4 GPIO pins (multi-function with FANIN).
- I<sup>2</sup>C / SMBus2.0 serial bus interface (max. 400KHz Clock).
- Watch Dog Timer function: WDTRST#, SYSRST\_IN.
- 2 address selection pins provide selectable address settings for application of 4 W83795ADG wired together through I<sup>2</sup>C interface.
- 3.3V operation.

**■ Package**

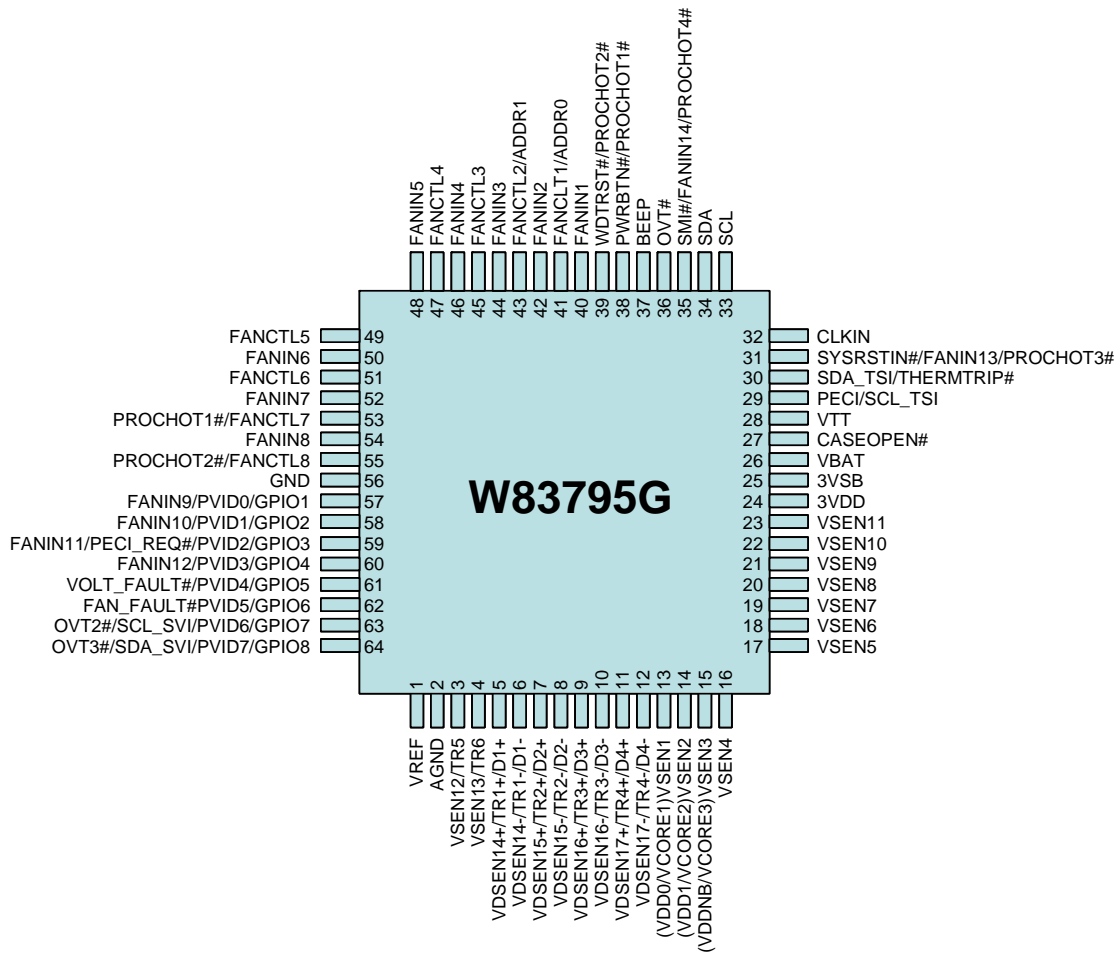
- 48-LQFP Package type
- Pb-free / RoHS-Compliant

## 5. KEY SPECIFICATIONS

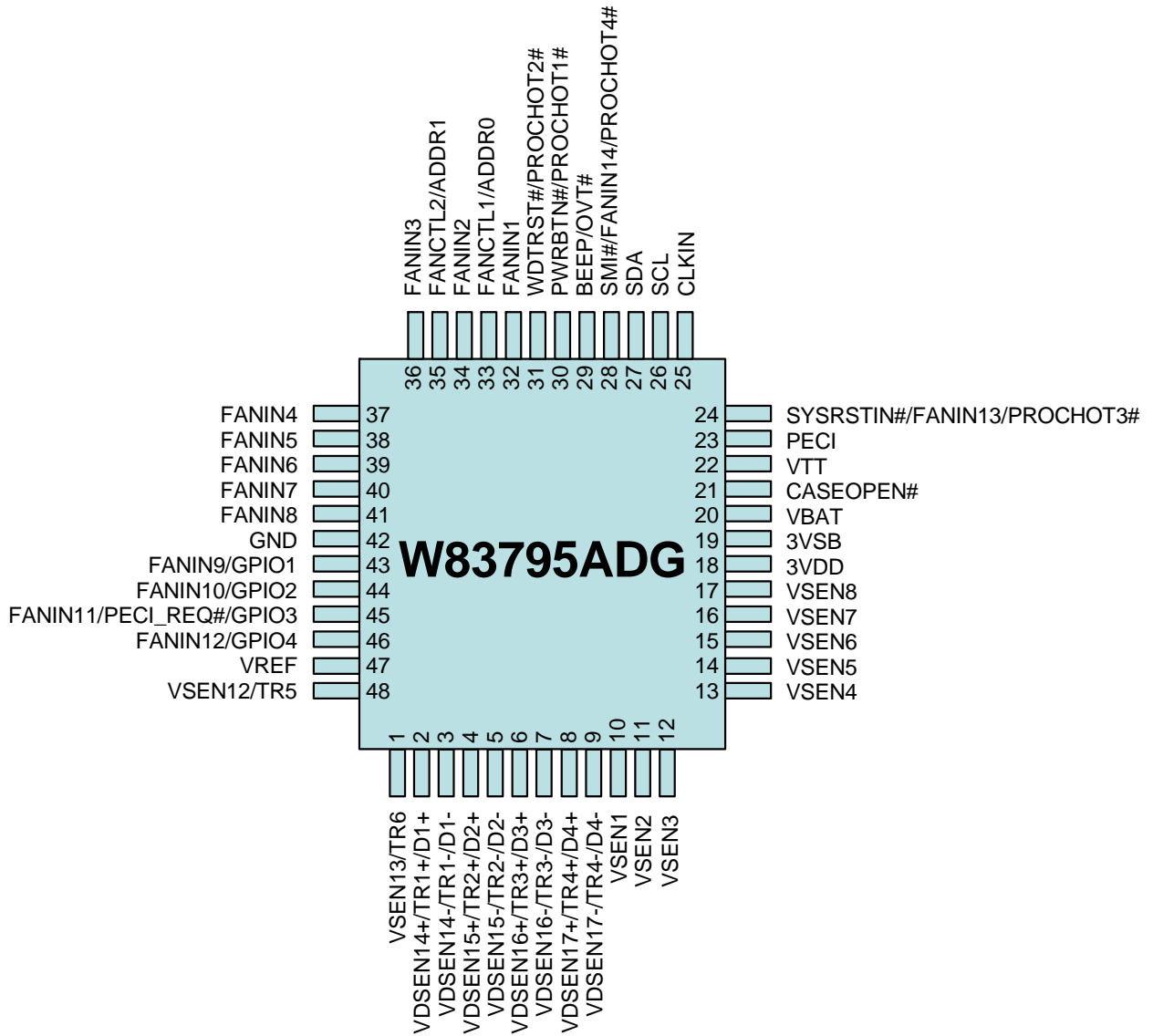
- Voltage monitoring accuracy  $\pm 10\text{mV}$
- Temperature Sensor Accuracy
  - Remote Diode Sensor Accuracy (25~90°C)  $\pm 1^\circ\text{C typ.}$
  - Resolution  $0.25^\circ\text{C}$
- Supply Voltage 3VDD and 3VSB  $3.3\text{V} \pm 10\%$
- Operating Supply Current  $15\text{ mA typ.}$

## 6. PIN CONFIGURATION

### W83795G



W83795ADG



## 7. PIN DESCRIPTION

### 7.1 Pin Type Description

SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION
t	TTL level
V1	Type of INTELVID
V2	Type of AMDPVID
V3	Type of AMDSVID
V4	Type of PECL
V5	Type of PROCHOT
s	Schmitt trigger
12	12mA sink/source capability
OUT	Output pin
OD	Open-drain output pin
AOUT	Output pin (Analog)
IN	Input pin (digital)
AIN	Input pin(Analog)

### 7.2 W83795G Pin Description List

Pin Name	Pin No.	Power Plane	Type	Description
VREF	1	3VSB	AOUT	Reference voltage output. (2.048V)
AGND	2	GND	Power	Ground for Analog Circuit
TR5	3	3VSB	AIN	Thermistor 5 sensing input. (default)
VSEN12				Voltage sensing input. Detection range is 0~2.048V.
TR6	4	3VSB	AIN	Thermistor 6 sensing input. (default)
VSEN13				Voltage sensing input. Detection range is 0~2.048V.
D1+	5	3VSB	AIN	Thermal diode 1 D+. (default)

Pin Name	Pin No.	Power Plane	Type	Description
TR1+				Thermistor 1 sensing input.
VDSEN14+				Voltage sensing input. Detection range is 0~2.048V.
D1-				Thermal diode 1 D-. (default)
TR1-	6	3VSB	AIN	Thermistor 1 sensing input.
VDSEN14-				Voltage sensing input, it has to connect to GND.
D2+				Thermal diode 2 D+. (default)
TR2+	7	3VSB	AIN	Thermistor 2 sensing input.
VDSEN15+				Voltage sensing input. Detection range is 0~2.048V.
D2-				Thermal diode 2 D-. (default)
TR2-	8	3VSB	AIN	Thermistor 2 sensing input.
VDSEN15-				Voltage sensing input, it has to connect to GND.
D3+				Thermal diode 3 D+. (default)
TR3+	9	3VSB	AIN	Thermistor 3 sensing input.
VDSEN16+				Voltage sensing input. Detection range is 0~2.048V.
D3-				Thermal diode 3 D-. (default)
TR3-	10	3VSB	AIN	Thermistor 3 sensing input.
VDSEN16-				Voltage sensing input, it has to connect to GND.
D4+				Thermal diode 4 D+. (default)
TR4+	11	3VSB	AIN	Thermistor 4 terminal input.

Pin Name	Pin No.	Power Plane	Type	Description
VDSEN17+				Voltage sensing input. Detection range is 0~2.048V.
D4-	12	3VSB	AIN	Thermal diode 4 D-. (default)
TR4-				Thermistor 4 sensing input.
VDSEN17-				Voltage sensing input, it has to connect to GND.
VDD0/VCORE1/ VSEN1	13	3VSB	AIN	Voltage sensing input. Detection range is 0~2.048V. When Dynamic VID (DVID) function is enable. VCORE1 sensing input for PVID or VDD0 sensing input for SVID.
VDD1/VCORE2/ VSEN2	14	3VSB	AIN	Voltage sensing input. Detect range is 0~2.048V. When Dynamic VID (DVID) function is enable. VCORE2 sensing input for PVID or VDD1 sensing input for SVID.
VDDNB/VCORE3/ VSEN3	15	3VSB	AIN	Voltage sensing input. Detect range is 0~2.048V. When Dynamic VID (DVID) function is enable. VDDNB sensing input for SVID. VCORE3 sensing input for PVID or VDDNB sensing input for SVID.
VSEN4	16	3VSB	AIN	Voltage sensing input. Detect range is 0~2.048V
VSEN5	17	3VSB	AIN	Voltage sensing input. Detect range is 0~2.048V
VSEN6	18	3VSB	AIN	Voltage sensing input. Detect range is 0~2.048V
VSEN7	19	3VSB	AIN	Voltage sensing input. Detect range is 0~2.048V
VSEN8	20	3VSB	AIN	Voltage sensing input. Detect range is 0~2.048V
VSEN9	21	3VSB	AIN	Voltage sensing input. Detect range is 0~2.048V
VSEN10	22	3VSB	AIN	Voltage sensing input. Detect range is 0~2.048V
VSEN11	23	3VSB	AIN	Voltage sensing input. Detect range is 0~2.048V

Pin Name	Pin No.	Power Plane	Type	Description
3VDD	24	-	POWER	+3V VDD power. It is also a voltage monitor channel. This pin has internal divider resistors to scale down the input voltage for analog voltage measurement. Bypass with the parallel combination of 10 $\mu$ F (electrolytic or tantalum) and 0.1 $\mu$ F (ceramic) bypass capacitors.
3VSB	25	-	POWER	This pin is power for W83795G. It is also a voltage monitor channel. This pin has internal divider resistors to scale down the input voltage for analog voltage measurement. Bypass with the parallel combination of 10 $\mu$ F (electrolytic or tantalum) and 0.1 $\mu$ F (ceramic) bypass capacitors.
VBAT	26	-	POWER	VBAT supplies power for CASEOPEN. Besides, it is also a voltage monitor channel for +3V on-board battery. This pin has internal divider resistors to scale down the input voltage for analog voltage measurement.
CASEOPEN#	27	VBAT	IN <sub>ts</sub>	CASEOPEN detection. An active low input from an external device when chassis is Intruded. This signal will be latched even the chassis is closed.
VTT	28	VTT	POWER	Intel® CPU Vtt power. It is also a voltage monitor channel. Detect range is 0~2.048V
PECI	29	3VSB	V4	Intel® CPU Peci interface. (default)
SCL_TSI			V3	AMD® CPU SB-TSI interface.
SDA_TSI	30	3VSB	V3	AMD® CPU SB-TSI interface
THERMTRIP#			V5	CPU THERMTRIP# signal. (default) When CPU assert THERMTRIP# signal, W83795G will latch this event.
SYSRSTIN#	31	3VSB	IN <sub>ts</sub>	System reset input. (default) When this pin is asserted to low, Watch-dog timer will be reset.
FANIN13			IN <sub>ts</sub>	Fan tachometer input
PROCHOT3#			V5	This is a bi-directional pin. As an input signal, when it is pull-ed to low, the



Pin Name	Pin No.	Power Plane	Type	Description
				corresponding fan control output pins will be set to a preset value.
CLKIN	32	3VSB	IN <sub>ts</sub>	System clock input. PECL ,AMD-TSI ,VID and FAN functions will use this clock to drive logics.
SCL	33	3VSB	IN <sub>ts</sub>	I <sup>2</sup> C Serial Bus Clock.
SDA	34	3VSB	IN <sub>ts</sub> / OD <sub>12</sub>	I <sup>2</sup> C Serial Bus bi-directional data.
SMI#	35	3VSB	OD <sub>12</sub>	System Management Interrupt. (default)
FANIN14			IN <sub>ts</sub>	Fan tachometer input
PROCHOT4#			V5	This is a bi-directional pin. As an input signal, when it is pull-ed to low, the corresponding fan control output pins will be set to a preset value.
OVT#	36	3VSB	OD <sub>12</sub>	Over temperature alert. Low active.
BEEP	37	3VSB	OD <sub>12</sub>	BEEP output when abnormal event occurs. When this is no abnormal events, this pin asserts high.
PWRBTN#	38	3VSB	OD <sub>12</sub>	Power Button output for enable/disable power supply. (default) This pin is related to ASF commands.
PROCHOT1#			V5	This is a bi-directional pin. As an input signal, when it is pull-ed to low, the corresponding fan control output pins will be set to a preset value.
WDTRST#	39	3VSB	OD <sub>12</sub>	Output signal for system reset. (default) There are two reset sources: Watch-dog timer and ASF RESET command. When reset event occurs, this pin will assert 100ms low pulse for system reset.
PROCHOT2#			V5	This is a bi-directional pin. As an input signal, when it is pull-ed to low, the corresponding fan control output pins will be set to a preset value.

Pin Name	Pin No.	Power Plane	Type	Description
FANIN1	40	3VSB	IN <sub>ts</sub>	Fan tachometer input
FANCTL1	41	3VSB	OUT <sub>12</sub> / AOUT	Fan speed control PWM/DC output. When the power of 3VDD is 0V, this pin will drive logic 0. The power of this pin is supplied by 3VSB. It can be configured to PWM/DC mode by registers. Default is PWM output. As DC output, 256 steps output voltage scaled to 0~3VSB.
ADDR0			IN <sub>ts</sub>	I <sup>2</sup> C device address bit0 trapping during 3VSB power on.
FANIN2	42	3VSB	IN <sub>ts</sub>	Fan tachometer input
FANCTL2	43	3VSB	OUT <sub>12</sub> / AOUT	Fan speed control PWM/DC output. When the power of 3VDD is 0V, this pin will drive logic 0. The power of this pin is supplied by 3VSB. It can be configured to PWM/DC mode by registers. Default is PWM output. As DC output, 256 steps output voltage scaled to 0~3VSB.
ADDR1			IN <sub>ts</sub>	I <sup>2</sup> C device address bit1 trapping during 3VSB power on.
FANIN3	44	3VSB	IN <sub>ts</sub>	Fan tachometer input
FANCTL3	45	3VSB	OD <sub>12</sub> / AOUT	Fan speed control PWM/DC output. When the power of 3VDD is 0V, this pin will drive logic 0. The power of this pin is supplied by 3VSB. It can be configured to PWM/DC mode by registers. Default is PWM output. As DC output, 256 steps output voltage scaled to 0~3VSB.
FANIN4	46	3VSB	IN <sub>ts</sub>	Fan tachometer input
FANCTL4	47	3VSB	OD <sub>12</sub> / AOUT	Fan speed control PWM/DC output. When the power of 3VDD is 0V, this pin will drive logic 0. The power of this pin is supplied by 3VSB. It can be configured to PWM/DC mode by registers. Default is PWM output. As DC output, 256 steps output voltage scaled to 0~3VSB.
FANIN5	48	3VSB	IN <sub>ts</sub>	Fan tachometer input

Pin Name	Pin No.	Power Plane	Type	Description
FANCTL5	49	3VSB	OD <sub>12</sub> / AOUT	Fan speed control PWM/DC output. When the power of 3VDD is 0V, this pin will drive logic 0. The power of this pin is supplied by 3VSB. It can be configured to PWM/DC mode by registers. Default is PWM output. As DC output, 256 steps output voltage scaled to 0~3VSB.
FANIN6	50	3VSB	IN <sub>ts</sub>	Fan tachometer input
FANCTL6	51	3VSB	OD <sub>12</sub> / AOUT	Fan speed control PWM/DC output. When the power of 3VDD is 0V, this pin will drive logic 0. The power of this pin is supplied by 3VSB. It can be configured to PWM/DC mode by registers. Default is PWM output. As DC output, 256 steps output voltage scaled to 0~3VSB.
FANIN7	52	3VSB	IN <sub>ts</sub>	Fan tachometer input
FANCTL7	53	3VSB	OD <sub>12</sub> / AOUT	Fan speed control PWM/DC output. (default) When the power of 3VDD is 0V, this pin will drive logic 0. The power of this pin is supplied by 3VSB. It can be configured to PWM/DC mode by registers. Default is PWM output. As DC output, 256 steps output voltage scaled to 0~3VSB.
PROCHOT1#			V5	This is a bi-directional pin. As an input signal, when it is pull-ed to low, the corresponding fan control output pins will be set to a preset value.
FANIN8	54	3VSB	IN <sub>ts</sub>	Fan tachometer input
FANCTL8	55	3VSB	OD <sub>12</sub> / AOUT	Fan speed control PWM/DC output. (default) When the power of 3VDD is 0V, this pin will drive logic 0. The power of this pin is supplied by 3VSB. It can be configured to PWM/DC mode by registers. Default is PWM output. As DC output, 256 steps output voltage scaled to 0~3VSB.

Pin Name	Pin No.	Power Plane	Type	Description
PROCHOT2#			V5	This is a bi-directional pin. As an input signal, when it is pull-ed to low, the corresponding fan control output pins will be set to a preset value.
GND	56		POWER	System Ground.
PVID0	57	3VSB	V1/V2	Voltage Supply readouts bit 0 from CPU.
GPIO1			INTs /OD <sub>12</sub>	General purpose I/O function. (default)
FANIN9			IN <sub>ts</sub>	Fan tachometer input
PVID1	58	3VSB	V1/V2	Voltage Supply readouts bit 1 from CPU.
GPIO2			INTs /OD <sub>12</sub>	General purpose I/O function. (default)
FANIN10			IN <sub>ts</sub>	Fan tachometer input
PVID2	59	3VSB	V1/V2	Voltage Supply readouts bit 2 from CPU.
GPIO3			INTs /OD <sub>12</sub>	General purpose I/O function. (default)
FANIN11			IN <sub>ts</sub>	Fan tachometer input
PECI_REQ#			OD <sub>12</sub>	PECI control signal for CPU entering C3/C4 state.
PVID3	60	3VSB	V1/V2	Voltage Supply readouts bit 3 from CPU.
GPIO4			INTs /OD <sub>12</sub>	General purpose I/O function. (default)
FANIN12			IN <sub>ts</sub>	Fan tachometer input
PVID4	61	3VSB	V1/V2	Voltage Supply readouts bit 4 from CPU.
GPIO5			INTs /OD <sub>12</sub>	General purpose I/O function. (default)
VOLT_FAULT#			OD <sub>12</sub>	Active-Low output. This pin will be a logic Low when the voltage exceeds its high/low limit.

Pin Name	Pin No.	Power Plane	Type	Description
PVID5	62	3VSB	V1/V2	Voltage Supply readouts bit 5 from CPU.
GPIO6			INTs /OD <sub>12</sub>	General purpose I/O function. (default)
FAN_FAULT#			OD <sub>12</sub>	Active-Low output. This pin will be a logic Low when any Fan is abnormally stopped.
PVID6	63	3VSB	V1	Voltage Supply readouts bit 6 from CPU.
GPIO7			INTs /OD <sub>12</sub>	General purpose I/O function. (default)
OVT2#			OD <sub>12</sub>	Over temperature alert. Low active
SCL_SVI			V3	AMD® CPU SVI interface
PVID7	64	3VSB	V1	Voltage Supply readouts bit 7 from CPU.
GPIO8			INTs /OD <sub>12</sub>	General purpose I/O function. (default)
OVT3#			OD <sub>12</sub>	Over temperature alert. Low active
SDA_SVI			V3	AMD® CPU SVI interface IN: monitor SDA_SVI interface. OD <sub>12</sub> : response ACK command

### 7.3 W83795ADG Pin Description List

Pin Name	Pin No.	Power Plane	Type	Description
TR6	1	3VSB	AIN	Thermistor 6 sensing input. (default)
VSEN13				Voltage sensing input. Detection range is 0~2.048V.
D1+	2	3VSB	AIN	Thermal diode 1 D+.(default)

Pin Name	Pin No.	Power Plane	Type	Description
TR1+				Thermistor 1 sensing input.
VDSEN14+				Voltage sensing input. Detection range is 0~2.048V.
D1-	3	3VSB	AIN	Thermal diode 1 D-. (default)
TR1-				Thermistor 1 sensing input.
VDSEN14-				Voltage sensing input, it has to connect to GND.
D2+	4	3VSB	AIN	Thermal diode 2 D+. (default)
TR2+				Thermistor 2 sensing input.
VDSEN15+				Voltage sensing input. Detection range is 0~2.048V.
D2-	5	3VSB	AIN	Thermal diode 2 D-. (default)
TR2-				Thermistor 2 sensing input.
VDSEN15-				Voltage sensing input, it has to connect to GND.
D3+	6	3VSB	AIN	Thermal diode 3 D+. (default)
TR3+				Thermistor 3 sensing input.
VDSEN16+				Voltage sensing input. Detection range is 0~2.048V.
D3-	7	3VSB	AIN	Thermal diode 3 D-. (default)
TR3-				Thermistor 3 sensing input.
VDSEN16-				Voltage sensing input, it has to connect to GND.
D4+	8	3VSB	AIN	Thermal diode 4 D+. (default)
TR4+				Thermistor 4 terminal input.

Pin Name	Pin No.	Power Plane	Type	Description
VDSEN17+				Voltage sensing input. Detection range is 0~2.048V.
D4-	9	3VSB	AIN	Thermal diode 4 D-. (default)
TR4-				Thermistor 4 sensing input.
VDSEN17-				Voltage sensing input, it has to connect to GND.
VSEN1	10	3VSB	AIN	Voltage sensing input. Detection range is 0~2.048V.
VSEN2	11	3VSB	AIN	Voltage sensing input. Detect range is 0~2.048V.
VSEN3	12	3VSB	AIN	Voltage sensing input. Detect range is 0~2.048V.
VSEN4	13	3VSB	AIN	Voltage sensing input. Detect range is 0~2.048V
VSEN5	14	3VSB	AIN	Voltage sensing input. Detect range is 0~2.048V
VSEN6	15	3VSB	AIN	Voltage sensing input. Detect range is 0~2.048V
VSEN7	16	3VSB	AIN	Voltage sensing input. Detect range is 0~2.048V
VSEN8	17	3VSB	AIN	Voltage sensing input. Detect range is 0~2.048V
3VDD	18	-	POWER	+3V VDD power. It is also a voltage monitor channel. This pin has internal divided resistors to scale down the input voltage for analog voltage measurement. Bypass with the parallel combination of 10 $\mu$ F (electrolytic or tantalum) and 0.1 $\mu$ F (ceramic) bypass capacitors.
3VSB	19	-	POWER	This pin is power for W83795ADG. It is also a voltage monitor channel. This pin has internal divided resistors to scale down the input voltage for analog voltage measurement. Bypass with the parallel combination of 10 $\mu$ F (electrolytic or tantalum) and 0.1 $\mu$ F (ceramic) bypass capacitors.
VBAT	20	-	POWER	VBAT supplies power for CASEOPEN. Besides, it is also a voltage monitor channel for +3V on-board battery. This pin has internal divided resistors to scale down the input

Pin Name	Pin No.	Power Plane	Type	Description
				voltage for analog voltage measurement.
CASEOPEN#	21	VBAT	IN <sub>ts</sub>	CASEOPEN detection. An active low input from an external device when chassis is Intruded. This signal will be latched even the chassis is closed.
VTT	22	VTT	POWER	Intel® CPU Vtt power. It is also a voltage monitor channel. Detect range is 0~2.048V
PECI	23	3VSB	V4	Intel® CPU Peci interface. (default)
SYSRSTIN#	24	3VSB	IN <sub>ts</sub>	System reset input. (default) When this pin is asserted to low, Watch-dog timer will be reset.
FANIN13			IN <sub>ts</sub>	Fan tachometer input
PROCHOT3#			V5	This is a bi-directional pin. As an input signal, when it is pulled to low, the corresponding fan control output pins will be set to a preset value.
CLKIN	25	3VSB	IN <sub>ts</sub>	System clock input. Peci and FAN functions will use this clock to drive logics.
SCL	26	3VSB	IN <sub>ts</sub>	I <sup>2</sup> C Serial Bus Clock.
SDA	27	3VSB	IN <sub>ts</sub> / OD <sub>12</sub>	I <sup>2</sup> C Serial Bus bi-directional data.
SMI#	28	3VSB	OD <sub>12</sub>	System Management Interrupt. (default)
FANIN14			IN <sub>ts</sub>	Fan tachometer input
PROCHOT4#			V5	This is a bi-directional pin. As an input signal, when it is pull-ed to low, the corresponding fan control output pins will be set to a preset value.
OVT#	29	3VSB	OD <sub>12</sub>	Over temperature alert. Low active.
BEEP				BEEP output when abnormal event occurs. When this is no abnormal events, this pin asserts high. (default)
PWRBTN#	30	3VSB	OD <sub>12</sub>	Power Button output for enable/disable power supply. (default)



Pin Name	Pin No.	Power Plane	Type	Description
				This pin is related to ASF commands.
PROCHOT1#			V5	This is a bi-directional pin. As an input signal, when it is pull-ed to low, the corresponding fan control output pins will be set to a preset value.
WDTRST#	31	3VSB	OD <sub>12</sub>	Output signal for system reset. (default) There are two reset sources: Watch-dog timer and ASF RESET command. When reset event occurs, this pin will assert 100ms low pulse for system reset.
PROCHOT2#			V5	This is a bi-directional pin. As an input signal, when it is pull-ed to low, the corresponding fan control output pins will be set to a preset value.
FANIN1	32	3VSB	IN <sub>ts</sub>	Fan tachometer input
FANCTL1	33	3VSB	OUT <sub>12</sub> / AOUT	Fan speed control PWM/DC output. When the power of 3VDD is 0V, this pin will drive logic 0. The power of this pin is supplied by 3VSB. It can be configured to PWM/DC mode by registers. Default is PWM output. As DC output, 256 steps output voltage scaled to 0~3VSB.
ADDR0			IN <sub>ts</sub>	I <sup>2</sup> C device address bit0 trapping during 3VSB power on.
FANIN2	34	3VSB	IN <sub>ts</sub>	Fan tachometer input
FANCTL2	35	3VSB	OUT <sub>12</sub> / AOUT	Fan speed control PWM/DC output. When the power of 3VDD is 0V, this pin will drive logic 0. The power of this pin is supplied by 3VSB. It can be configured to PWM/DC mode by registers. Default is DC output. As DC output, 256 steps output voltage scaled to 0~3VSB.

Pin Name	Pin No.	Power Plane	Type	Description
ADDR1			IN <sub>ts</sub>	I <sup>2</sup> C device address bit1 trapping during 3VSB power on.
FANIN3	36	3VSB	IN <sub>ts</sub>	Fan tachometer input
FANIN4	37	3VSB	IN <sub>ts</sub>	Fan tachometer input
FANIN5	38	3VSB	IN <sub>ts</sub>	Fan tachometer input
FANIN6	39	3VSB	IN <sub>ts</sub>	Fan tachometer input
FANIN7	40	3VSB	IN <sub>ts</sub>	Fan tachometer input
FANIN8	41	3VSB	IN <sub>ts</sub>	Fan tachometer input
GND	42		POWER	System Ground.
GPIO1	43	3VSB	IN <sub>ts</sub> /OD <sub>12</sub>	General purpose I/O function. (default)
FANIN9			IN <sub>ts</sub>	Fan tachometer input
GPIO2	44	3VSB	IN <sub>ts</sub> /OD <sub>12</sub>	General purpose I/O function. (default)
FANIN10			IN <sub>ts</sub>	Fan tachometer input
GPIO3	45	3VSB	IN <sub>ts</sub> /OD <sub>12</sub>	General purpose I/O function. (default)
FANIN11			IN <sub>ts</sub>	Fan tachometer input
PECI_REQ#			OD <sub>12</sub>	PECI control signal for CPU entering C3/C4 state.
GPIO4	46	3VSB	IN <sub>ts</sub> /OD <sub>12</sub>	General purpose I/O function. (default)
FANIN12			IN <sub>ts</sub>	Fan tachometer input
VREF	47	3VSB	AOUT	Reference voltage output. (2.048V)

Pin Name	Pin No.	Power Plane	Type	Description
TR5	48	3VSB	AIN	Thermistor 5 sensing input.(default)
VSEN12				Voltage sensing input. Detection range is 0~2.048V.

## 8. REGISTER SUMMARY – BANK0

NNEMONIC	ADD (Hex)	POR (Hex)	TYP E	Description
<b>ID, Bank Select Registers</b>				
Bank Select	00	80	RW	Bank Select
Vender ID	FD	5C	RO	Nuvoton Vender ID
Chip ID	FE	79	RO	Nuvoton Chip ID
Device ID	FB	5x	RO	Nuvoton Device ID (x = 0,1,2...)
<b>Configuration and Address Select Registers</b>				
I2CADDR	FC	*	RO	I <sup>2</sup> C Address
CONFIG	01	1x	RW	Configuration (64Pin=11h,48Pin=15h)
<b>Multi-Function Pin Control Registers</b>				
VOLT CTRL1/2	02/03	FF/38	RW	Voltage monitoring control registers
TEMP CTRL1/2	04/05	1F/55	RW	Temperature monitoring control registers
FANIN CTRL1/2	06/07	FF/00	RW	FANIN monitoring control registers
VMIGB CTRL	08	0F	RW	Voltage monitoring input gain buffer control
GPIO MODE	09	00	RW	GPIO I/O mode control
GPIO IN	0A	*	RO	GPIO input data
GPIO OUT	0B	FF	RW	GPIO output data
<b>Watch Dog Timer Registers</b>				
WDT LOCK	0C	00	WO	Lock Watch Dog
WDT ENABLE	0D	00	RW	Watch Dog Enable
WDT STS	0E	00	RW	Watch Dog Status
WDT TIMER	0F	00	RW	Watch Dog Timeout Timer
<b>Voltage/Temperature/FANIN Reading Registers</b>				
Voltage/ Temperature/ FANIN Reading	10-3B	*	RO	Monitored channel VSEN1- VSEN11, VTT, 3VDD, 3VSB, VBAT, TR5/VSEN12, TR6/VSEN13, TD1/TR1/VDSEN14, TD2/TR2/VDSEN15, TD3/TR3/VDSEN16, TD4/TR4/VDSEN17, DTS1-DTS8, and FANIN1-FANIN8 readout high byte.
VR LSB	3C	*	RO	Monitored channel readout low byte.
<b>SMI# Control and Status Registers</b>				
SMI CTRL	40	10	RW	SMI control
SMI STS 1 - SMI STS 7	41-47	00	RO	SMI status register 1-7
SMI MASK 1 -	48-4E	*	RW	SMI mask register 1-7

NNEMONIC	ADD (Hex)	POR (Hex)	TYP E	Description
<b>SMI MASK7</b>				
<b>OVT and BEEP Control Registers</b>				
<b>BEEP CTRL1 - BEEP CTRL6</b>	50-55	00	RW	BEEP control register 1-6
<b>OVT GLB</b>	58	00	RW	OVT global enable
<b>OVT1 CTRL1 OVT1 CTRL2</b>	59 5A	00 00	RW	OVT1 control register 1-2
<b>OVT2 CTRL1 OVT2 CTRL2</b>	5B 5C	00 00	RW	OVT2 control register 1-2
<b>OVT2 CTRL1 OVT2 CTRL2</b>	5D 5E	00 00	RW	OVT3 control register 1-2
<b>THERMTRIP and PROCHOT Control Registers</b>				
<b>THERM CTRL</b>	5F	00	RW	THERMTRIP control and status
<b>PROC STS</b>	60	00	RW	PROCHOT processor hot status
<b>PROC1 CTRL PROC4 CTRL</b>	61 64	00 00	RW	PROCHOT1# - PROCHOT4 processor hot control
<b>Voltage Fault Control Registers</b>				
<b>VOLT FAULT1- VOLT FAULT3</b>	65-67	00	RW	VOLT_FAULT# control register 1-3
<b>Fan Fault Control Registers</b>				
<b>FAN FAULT1 FAN FAULT2</b>	68 69	00 00	RW	FAN_FAULT# control register 1-2
<b>VID Control and Status Registers</b>				
<b>VID CTRL</b>	6A	00	RW	VID control
<b>DVID LIMH/LIMLO</b>	6B/6C	64/64	RW	Dynamic VID high / low tolerance
<b>VSEN1-VSEN3 VIDIN</b>	6D-6F	*	RO	VSEN1-VSEN3 VID input value
<b>Voltage/Temperature/FANIN Limitation Registers</b>				
<b>VSEN1_HL/LL~ VSEN11_HL/LL</b>	70-85	FF/00	RW	VSEN1 - VSEN11 voltage high / low limit
<b>VTT_HL/LL</b>	86/87	FF/00	RW	VTT voltage high / low limit
<b>3VDD_HL/LL</b>	88/89	FF/00	RW	3VDD voltage high / low limit
<b>3VSB_HL/LL</b>	8A/8B	FF/00	RW	3VSB voltage high / low limit
<b>VBAT_HL/LL</b>	8C/8D	FF/00	RW	VBAT voltage high / low limit
<b>VOLT1_HL/LL_LSB</b>	8E/8F	FF/00	RW	voltage high / low limit low byte register1
<b>VOLT2_HL/LL_LSB</b>	90/91	FF/00	RW	voltage high / low limit low byte register2
<b>VOLT3_HL/LL_LSB</b>	92/93	3F/00	RW	voltage high / low limit low byte register3

NNEMONIC	ADD (Hex)	POR (Hex)	TYP E	Description
VOLT4_HL/LL_LSB	94/95	FF/00	RW	voltage high / low limit low byte register4
TD1/TR1 Critical/ Critical Hystersis	96/97	64/5F	RW	TD1/TR1 critical, critical hystersis
TD1/TR1 Warning/ Warning Hystersis	98/99	55/50	RW	TD1/TR1 warning, warning hystersis
TD2/TR2 Critical/ Critical Hystersis	9A/9B	64/5F	RW	TD2/TR2 critical, critical hystersis
TD2/TR2 Warning/ Warning Hystersis	9C/9D	55/50	RW	TD2/TR2 warning, warning hystersis
TD3/TR3 Critical/ Critical Hystersis	9E/9F	64/5F	RW	TD3/TR3 critical, critical hystersis
TD3/TR3 Warning/ Warning Hystersis	A0/A1	55/50	RW	TD3/TR3 warning, warning hystersis
TD4/TR4 Critical/ Critical Hystersis	A2/A3	64/5F	RW	TD4/TR4 critical, critical hystersis
TD4/TR4 Warning/ Warning Hystersis	A4/A5	55/50	RW	TD4/TR4 warning, warning hystersis
TR5 Critical/ Critical Hystersis	A6/A7	64/5F	RW	TR5 critical, critical hystersis
TR5 Warning/ Warning Hystersis	A8/A9	55/50	RW	TR5 warning, warning hystersis
TR6 Critical/ Critical Hystersis	AA/AB	64/5F	RW	TR6 critical, critical hystersis
TR6 Warning/ Warning Hystersis	AC/AD	55/50	RW	TR6 warning, warning hystersis
DTS Critical/ Critical Hystersis	B2/B3	64/5F	RW	DTS1-DTS8 (Digital Temperature Sensor) critical, critical hystersis
DTS Warning/ Warning Hystersis	B4/B5	55/50	RW	DTS1-DTS8 (Digital Temperature Sensor) warning, warning hystersis
FANIN1_HL - FANIN14_HL	B6-C3	FF	RW	FANIN1-FANIN14 fan tachometer high limit
FHL1_LSB - FHL7_LSB	C4-CA	EE	RW	FANIN1-FANIN14 fan tachometer high limit low byte

\*: See registers description,

## 8.1 ID, Bank Select Registers

Inside the W83795G/ADG resides three banks of registers. Customers must set the banks correctly to access correct registers. All the registers described here can be accessed in all banks.

### 8.1.1.1. Bank Select Register (Bank Select)

Three banks of registers are inside the W83795G/ADG. The register bank could be selected by programming the Bank Select register. All 00<sub>HEX</sub> Addresses in these three banks are defined as Bank Select register.

Location: Bank 0, 1, 2, 3 Address 00<sub>HEX</sub>

Type: Read / Write

Reset: 3VSB Rising,

Init Reset (CR01.Bit7) is set,

3VDD Rising @ RST\_VDD\_MD (CR01.Bit5) set,

SYSRSTIN# Falling @ SYSRST\_MD (CR01.Bit6) set.

Default Value: 80<sub>HEX</sub>

BIT	DESCRIPTION
7	<b>HBACS</b> (High Byte Access) 0 = Return the low byte while reading Nuvoton Vendor ID. 1 = Return the high byte while reading Nuvoton Vendor ID.
6-3	<b>Reserved.</b>
2-0	<b>Bank Select.</b> 000 <sub>BIN</sub> = Bank 0 is selected. 001 <sub>BIN</sub> = Bank 1 is selected. 010 <sub>BIN</sub> = Bank 2 is selected. 011 <sub>BIN</sub> = Bank 3 is selected.

### 8.1.1.2. Nuvoton Vender ID Register (Vender ID)

The Nuvoton Vender ID contains two-byte data. By programming register [HBACS](#), the customer can choose to access either the high or the low byte of Nuvoton Vender ID.

Location: Bank 0, 1, 2, 3 Address FD<sub>HEX</sub>

Type: Read Only

Reset: No Reset

Default Value: 5C<sub>HEX</sub> / A3<sub>HEX</sub>

BIT	DESCRIPTION
7-0	<b>Vendor ID.</b> Return 5C <sub>HEX</sub> if <b>HBACS</b> = 1; return A3 <sub>HEX</sub> if <b>HBACS</b> = 0.

### 8.1.1.3. Nuvoton Chip ID Register (Chip ID)

Location: Bank 0, 1, 2, 3 Address FE<sub>HEX</sub>

Type: Read Only

Reset: No Reset

Default Value: 79<sub>HEX</sub>

BIT	DESCRIPTION
7-0	<b>Chip ID.</b> Chip ID of W83795G/ADG is 79 <sub>HEX</sub>

#### 8.1.1.4. Nuvoton Device Version ID Register (Device ID)

Location: Bank 0, 1, 2, 3 Address FB<sub>HEX</sub>

Type: Read Only

Reset: No Reset

Default Value: 51<sub>HEX</sub>

BIT	DESCRIPTION
7-0	<b>Device ID.</b> Device is W83795G/ADG and 51 <sub>HEX</sub> is for B Version , 52 <sub>HEX</sub> is for C Version *A version chip Device ID is 50 <sub>HEX</sub> in Address FF <sub>HEX</sub> .

## 8.2 Configuration and Address Select Registers

#### 8.2.1.1. I<sup>2</sup>C Address Register (I2CADDR)

There are four Addresses (58<sub>HEX</sub>, 5A<sub>HEX</sub>, 5C<sub>HEX</sub>, 5E<sub>HEX</sub>) that can be assigned for the I<sup>2</sup>C interface. These four addresses can be set by strapping ADDR0 & ADDR1 input value at 100ms after power ready.

Location: Bank 0 Address FC<sub>HEX</sub>

Type: Read Only

Reset: 100ms after 3VSB Rising.

Default Value: NA

BIT	DESCRIPTION									
7	<b>Reserved.</b> <b>Nuvoton Test Mode.</b> Test modes for production. Nuvoton strongly suggests the customer not to use these registers to avoid system malfunction.									
6-0	<b>ADDR_HM.</b> The value of <b>ADDR_HM</b> is W83795G/ADG SMBus slave address that strapped from ADDR0 and ADDR1 at 100ms after 3VSB power ready. <table border="1" data-bbox="342 1791 797 1923"> <thead> <tr> <th>ADDR1</th> <th>ADDR0</th> <th>I<sup>2</sup>C Address</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>58<sub>HEX</sub></td> </tr> <tr> <td>0</td> <td>1</td> <td>5A<sub>HEX</sub></td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	ADDR1	ADDR0	I <sup>2</sup> C Address	0	0	58 <sub>HEX</sub>	0	1	5A <sub>HEX</sub>
ADDR1	ADDR0	I <sup>2</sup> C Address								
0	0	58 <sub>HEX</sub>								
0	1	5A <sub>HEX</sub>								



	1	0	5C <sub>HEX</sub>
	1	1	5E <sub>HEX</sub>

### 8.2.1.2. Configuration Register (CONFIG)

Configuration Register controls the system reset source, stop, power down and warning output mode.

Location: Bank 0 Address 01<sub>HEX</sub>

Type: Read / Write

Reset: Bit 0~1 & 3~4 & 7:

3VSB Rising,

Init Reset (CR01.Bit7) is set,

3VDD Rising @ RST\_VDD\_MD (CR01.Bit5) set,

SYSRSTIN# Falling @ SYSRST\_MD (CR01.Bit6) set.

Bit 5 & 6:

3VSB Rising,

Default Value: 11<sub>HEX</sub> is for W83795G

15<sub>HEX</sub> is for W83795ADG

BIT	DESCRIPTION
7	<b>INIT.</b> Setting to one restores power-on default values to all registers, except the Serial Bus Address register. This bit clears itself since the power-on default is zero.
6	<b>SYSRST_MD.</b> 0 = no operation when the SYSRSTIN# input signal is issued. 1 = the whole chip will be reset when the SYSRSTIN# input signal is issued.
5	<b>RST_VDD_MD.</b> 0 = no operation when 3VDD is up. 1 = the whole chip will be reset when 3VDD is up.
4-3	<b>CLKSel.</b> Select CLKIN clock input. 00 <sub>BIN</sub> = CLKIN clock input is 14.318MHz. 01 <sub>BIN</sub> = CLKIN clock input is 24MHz. 10 <sub>BIN</sub> = CLKIN clock input is 33MHz. (Default) 11 <sub>BIN</sub> = CLKIN clock input is 48MHz.
2	<b>Config48.</b> Package version (power on trapping), 0 = 64 pin package for W83795G 1 = 48 pin package for W83795ADG
1	<b>INT_Clear.</b> A one disables the SMI# outputs without affecting the contents of Interrupt Status Registers. The device will stop monitoring at last channel. It will resume upon clearing of this bit.
0	<b>START.</b>

BIT	DESCRIPTION
	0 = Disable monitoring operations. 1 = Enable monitoring operations.

### 8.3 Multi-Function Pin Control Registers

Many functions exhibited in the W83795G/ADG are not default functions, and might share pin out with other functions. Here lists three registers that define the function enable registers.

#### 8.3.1.1. Monitoring Control Register

Setting to one will enable the corresponding monitoring Channels. Clearing to 0 will disable that monitoring channels.

Location:



**VOLT CTRL1** - Bank 0 Address 02<sub>HEX</sub>

**VOLT CTRL2** - Bank 0 Address 03<sub>HEX</sub>

**TEMP CTRL1** - Bank 0 Address 04<sub>HEX</sub>

**TEMP CTRL2** - Bank 0 Address 05<sub>HEX</sub>

**FANIN CTRL1** - Bank 0 Address 06<sub>HEX</sub>

**FANIN CTRL2** - Bank 0 Address 07<sub>HEX</sub>

Type: Read / Write

Reset: 3VSB Rising.

Init Reset (CR01.Bit7) is set,

3VDD Rising @ RST\_VDD\_MD (CR01.Bit5) set,

SYSRSTIN# Falling @ SYSRST\_MD (CR01.Bit6) set.

#### **VOLT CTRL1** – Voltage Monitoring Control Register

Location: Bank 0 Address 02<sub>HEX</sub>

Default Value: FF<sub>HEX</sub>

BIT	DESCRIPTION
7	<b>EN_VSEN8</b> – Enable VSEN8 voltage monitoring. 0 = Disable 1 = Enable
6	<b>EN_VSEN7</b> – Enable VSEN7 voltage monitoring. 0 = Disable 1 = Enable
5	<b>EN_VSEN6</b> – Enable VSEN6 voltage monitoring. 0 = Disable 1 = Enable
4	<b>EN_VSEN5</b> – Enable VSEN5 voltage monitoring. 0 = Disable 1 = Enable
3	<b>EN_VSEN4</b> – Enable VSEN4 voltage monitoring. 0 = Disable 1 = Enable
2	<b>EN_VSEN3</b> – Enable VSEN3 voltage monitoring. 0 = Disable 1 = Enable
1	<b>EN_VSEN2</b> – Enable VSEN2 voltage monitoring. 0 = Disable 1 = Enable
0	<b>EN_VSEN1</b> – Enable VSEN1 voltage monitoring. 0 = Disable 1 = Enable

#### **VOLT CTRL2** – Voltage Monitoring Control Register

Location: Bank 0 Address 03<sub>HEX</sub>



Default Value: 38<sub>HEX</sub>

BIT	DESCRIPTION
7	<b>Reserved</b>
6	<b>EN_VBAT</b> – Enable VBAT voltage monitoring. 0 = Disable (Default) 1 = Enable
5	<b>EN_3VSB</b> – Enable 3VSB voltage monitoring. 0 = Disable 1 = Enable
4	<b>EN_3VDD</b> – Enable 3VDD voltage monitoring. 0 = Disable 1 = Enable
3	<b>EN_VTT</b> – Enable VTT voltage monitoring. 0 = Disable 1 = Enable
2	<b>EN_VSEN11</b> – Enable VSEN11 voltage monitoring. 0 = Disable (Default) 1 = Enable (This function is not for W83795ADG)
1	<b>EN_VSEN10</b> – Enable VSEN10 voltage monitoring. 0 = Disable (Default) 1 = Enable (This function is not for W83795ADG)
0	<b>EN_VSEN9</b> – Enable VSEN9 voltage monitoring. 0 = Disable (Default) 1 = Enable (This function is not for W83795ADG)

#### TEMP CTRL1 – Temperature Monitoring Control Register

Location: Bank 0 Address 04<sub>HEX</sub>

Default Value: 1F<sub>HEX</sub>

BIT	DESCRIPTION
7	<b>Reserved</b>
6	<b>Reserved</b>
5	<b>EN_DTS</b> – Enable DTS (Digital Temperature Sensor) interface from INTEL PECI or AMD SB-TSI. 0 = Disable (Default) 1 = Enable. Note: Program all registers about DTS in Bank 3 before enabling DTS.
4	<b>Reserved</b>
3-2	<b>TR6/VSEN13_MD</b> – TR6/VSEN13 monitoring selection mode. 0X <sub>BIN</sub> = Disable TR6/VSEN13 monitoring 10 <sub>BIN</sub> = Enable VSEN13 voltage monitoring

BIT	DESCRIPTION
	11 <sub>BIN</sub> = Enable TR6 thermistor temperature monitoring (Default)
1-0	<b>TR5/VSEN12_MD</b> – TR5/VSEN12 monitoring selection mode. 0X <sub>BIN</sub> = Disable TR5/VSEN12 monitoring 10 <sub>BIN</sub> = Enable VSEN12 voltage monitoring 11 <sub>BIN</sub> = Enable TR5 thermistor temperature monitoring (Default)

**TEMP CTRL2** – Temperature Monitoring Control RegisterLocation: Bank 0 Address 05<sub>HEX</sub>Default Value: 55<sub>HEX</sub>

BIT	DESCRIPTION
7-6	<b>TD4/TR4/VDSEN17_MD</b> – TD4/TR4/VDSEN17 monitoring selection mode. Note that it needs refer the application to set register. 00 <sub>BIN</sub> = Disable TD4/TR4/VDSEN17 monitoring 01 <sub>BIN</sub> = Enable TD4 thermal diode temperature monitoring (Default) 10 <sub>BIN</sub> = Enable VDSEN17 different mode voltage monitoring 11 <sub>BIN</sub> = Enable TR4 thermistor temperature monitoring
5-4	<b>TD3/TR3/VDSEN16_MD</b> – TD3/TR3/VDSEN16 monitoring selection mode. Note that it needs refer the application to set register. 00 <sub>BIN</sub> = Disable TD3/TR3/VDSEN16 monitoring 01 <sub>BIN</sub> = Enable TD3 thermal diode temperature monitoring (Default) 10 <sub>BIN</sub> = Enable VDSEN16 different mode voltage monitoring 11 <sub>BIN</sub> = Enable TR3 thermistor temperature monitoring
3-2	<b>TD2/TR2/VDSEN15_MD</b> – TD2/TR2/VDSEN15 monitoring selection mode. Note that it needs refer the application to set register. 00 <sub>BIN</sub> = Disable TD2/TR2/VDSEN15 monitoring 01 <sub>BIN</sub> = Enable TD2 thermal diode temperature monitoring (Default) 10 <sub>BIN</sub> = Enable VDSEN15 different mode voltage monitoring 11 <sub>BIN</sub> = Enable TR2 thermistor temperature monitoring
1-0	<b>TD1/TR1/VDSEN14_MD</b> – TD1/TR1/VDSEN14 monitoring selection mode. Note that it needs refer the application to set register. 00 <sub>BIN</sub> = Disable TD1/TR1/VDSEN14 monitoring 01 <sub>BIN</sub> = Enable TD1 thermal diode temperature monitoring (Default) 10 <sub>BIN</sub> = Enable VDSEN14 different mode voltage monitoring 11 <sub>BIN</sub> = Enable TR1 thermistor temperature monitoring

**FANIN CTRL1** – FANIN Monitoring Control RegisterLocation: Bank 0 Address 06<sub>HEX</sub>Default Value: FF<sub>HEX</sub>

BIT	DESCRIPTION
7	<b>EN_FANIN8</b> – Enable FANIN8 monitoring.

	0 = Disable 1 = Enable
6	<b>EN_FANIN7</b> – Enable FANIN7 monitoring. 0 = Disable 1 = Enable
5	<b>EN_FANIN6</b> – Enable FANIN6 monitoring. 0 = Disable 1 = Enable
4	<b>EN_FANIN5</b> – Enable FANIN5 monitoring. 0 = Disable 1 = Enable
3	<b>EN_FANIN4</b> – Enable FANIN4 monitoring. 0 = Disable 1 = Enable
2	<b>EN_FANIN3</b> – Enable FANIN3 monitoring. 0 = Disable 1 = Enable
1	<b>EN_FANIN2</b> – Enable FANIN2 monitoring. 0 = Disable 1 = Enable
0	<b>EN_FANIN1</b> – Enable FANIN1 monitoring. 0 = Disable 1 = Enable

**FANIN CTRL2** – FANIN Monitoring Control RegisterLocation: Bank 0 Address 07<sub>HEX</sub>Default Value: 00<sub>HEX</sub>

BIT	DESCRIPTION
7-6	<b>Reserved</b>
5	<b>EN_FANIN14</b> – Select and enable SMI#/FANIN14/PROCHOT4# multi-function pin. 0 = Disable FANIN14 monitoring. Then SMI# and PROCHOT4# can be selected by EN_PROCHOT4. 1 = Enable FANIN14 monitoring.
4	<b>EN_FANIN13</b> – Select and enable SYSRSTIN#/FANIN13/PROCHOT3# multi-function pin. 0 = Disable FANIN13 monitoring. Then SYSRSTIN# and PROCHOT3# can be selected by EN_PROCHOT3. 1 = Enable FANIN13 monitoring.
3	<b>EN_FANIN12</b> – Select and enable FANIN12/PVID3/GPIO4 multi-function pin. 0 = Disable FANIN12 monitoring. Then PVID3 and GPIO4 can be selected by VID_TAB. 1 = Enable FANIN12 monitoring. PVID3 function is not for W83795ADG.
2	<b>EN_FANIN11</b> – Select and enable FANIN11/PECI_REQ#/PVID2/GPIO3 multi-function

BIT	DESCRIPTION
	pin. 0 = Disable FANIN11 monitoring. Then PECl_REQ#, PVID2 and GPIO3 can be selected by VID_TAB and EN_VOLTFAULT. 1 = Enable FANIN11 monitoring. PVID2 function is not for W83795ADG.
1	<b>EN_FANIN10</b> – Select and enable FANIN10/PVID1/GPIO2 multi-function pin. 0 = Disable FANIN10 monitoring. Then PVID1 and GPIO2 can be selected by VID_TAB. 1 = Enable FANIN10 monitoring. PVID1 function is not for W83795ADG.
0	<b>EN_FANIN9</b> – Select and enable FANIN9/PVID0/GPIO1 multi-function pin. 0 = Disable FANIN9 monitoring. Then PVID0 and GPIO1 can be selected by VID_TAB. 1 = Enable FANIN9 monitoring. PVID0 function is not for W83795ADG.

### 8.3.1.2. Voltage Monitoring Input Gain Buffer Control Register (VMIGB CTRL)

Clear to 0 will enable x8 input gain buffer for the corresponding voltage monitoring Channels. Set to 1 will enable x1 input gain buffer for the corresponding voltage monitoring channels.

Location: Bank 0 Address 08<sub>HEX</sub>

Type: Read / Write

Reset: 3VSB Rising.

Init Reset (CR01.Bit7) is set,

3VDD Rising @ RST\_VDD\_MD (CR01.Bit5) set,

SYSRSTIN# Falling @ SYSRST\_MD (CR01.Bit6) set.

Default Value: 0F<sub>HEX</sub>

BIT	DESCRIPTION
7-4	<b>Reserved</b>
3	<b>GAIN_VDSEN17</b> – Enable VDSEN17 voltage monitoring input gain buffer. 0 = x8 1 = x1
2	<b>GAIN_VDSEN16</b> – Enable VDSEN16 voltage monitoring input gain buffer. 0 = x8 1 = x1
1	<b>GAIN_VDSEN15</b> – Enable VDSEN15 voltage monitoring input gain buffer. 0 = x8 1 = x1
0	<b>GAIN_VDSEN14</b> – Enable VDSEN14 voltage monitoring input gain buffer. 0 = x8 1 = x1

### 8.3.1.3. GPIO Control Register (GPIO CTRL)

Reset: 3VSB Rising.  
 Init Reset (CR01.Bit7) is set,  
 3VDD Rising @ RST\_VDD\_MD (CR01.Bit5) set,  
 SYSRSTIN# Falling @ SYSRST\_MD (CR01.Bit6) set.

#### GPIO MODE – GPIO I/O Mode Control Register

Location: Bank 0 Address 09<sub>HEX</sub>

Default Value: 00<sub>HEX</sub>

Type: Read / Write

BIT	DESCRIPTION
7-0	<b>GPIO MODE</b> – Select GPIO8-GPIO1 I/O mode. 0 = GPIO8-1 are programming as input pins. (Default) 1 = GPIO8-1 are programming as output pins. BIT7 is for GPIO8 and BIT6 is for GPIO7, etc... BIT[7:4] are reserved functions for W83795ADG.

#### GPIO IN – GPIO Input Data Register

Location: Bank 0 Address 0A<sub>HEX</sub>

Default Value: N.A.

Type: Read Only

BIT	DESCRIPTION
7-0	<b>GPIO IN</b> – Input GPIO8-GPIO1 Data. The respective bits can be read only from pins. Write accesses will be ignored. BIT7 is for GPIO8 and BIT6 is for GPIO7, etc... BIT[7:4] are reserved functions for W83795ADG.

#### GPIO OUT – GPIO Output Data Register

Location: Bank 0 Address 0B<sub>HEX</sub>

Default Value: FF<sub>HEX</sub>

Type: Read / Write

BIT	DESCRIPTION
7-0	<b>GPIO OUT</b> – Output GPIO8-GPIO1 Data. For output ports, it needs to set GPIO_MOD register and the respective bits can be read/written and produced to pins. BIT7 is for GPIO8 and BIT6 is for GPIO7, etc... BIT[7:4] are reserved functions for W83795ADG.

## 8.4 Watch Dog Timer Registers

The W83795G/ADG is integrated with a Watch Dog Timer, which enables users to reset the system by WDTRST# (Pin 39) while the system is in an abnormal state. Once Watch Dog Timer is enabled, the



W83795G/ADG starts to count down, and the host should set the timer for further count down or clear/disable the timer to prevent the W83795G/ADG from issuing reset signals.

Watch Dog Timer consists of four registers. WDT LOCK (Bank0, CR0C) and WDT ENABLE (Bank0, CR0D) are used to activate Soft-WDT and Hard-WDT, respectively. WDT STS (Bank0, CR0E) and WDT TIMER (Bank0, CR0F) can inform the host whether the system time is up or not.

Two kinds of watchdog timer functions are supported by the W83795G/ADG. One is so-called Soft Watch Dog Timer, and the other is Hard Watch Dog Timer.

Hard Watch Dog timer, if enabled, will start a 4-minute WDT after the system reset is completed. (A low-to-high transition on SYSRSTIN# pin). BIOS needs to write a 00<sub>HEX</sub> into WDT TIMER (Bank0, CR0F) to disable the timer within 4 minutes. Otherwise, WDTRST# will assert to reset the system.

Soft Watch Dog Timer will start counting down whenever Timeout Time is set and Soft Watch Dog Timer is enabled. WDTRST# will be issued when the time runs out.

Soft Watch Dog Timer will be disabled automatically after receiving SYSRSTIN # low signal.

WDT ENABLE (Bank0, CR0D [2]/**ENWDT**) must be set to 1 if wish to program the four Watch Dog Timer Registers.

### 8.4.1 Watch Dog Timer Register Details

#### 8.4.1.1. Lock Watch Dog Register (WDT LOCK)

Writing this register enables the Soft or Hard Watch Dog Timer. This register type is write-only and WDT ENABLE confirms whether the write is successful.

Location: Bank 0 Address 0C<sub>HEX</sub>

Type: Write Only

Reset: 3VSB Rising.

Init Reset (CR01.Bit7) is set,

3VDD Rising @ RST\_VDD\_MD (CR01.Bit5) set,

SYSRSTIN# Falling @ SYSRST\_MD (CR01.Bit6) set.

Default Value: 00<sub>HEX</sub>

BIT	DESCRIPTION
7-0	<b>UNLOCK CODE</b> Write 55 <sub>HEX</sub> , Enables Soft Watch Dog Timer. Write AA <sub>HEX</sub> , Disables Soft Watch Dog Timer. Write 33 <sub>HEX</sub> , Enables Hard Watch Dog Timer. Write CC <sub>HEX</sub> , Disables Hard Watch Dog Timer.

#### 8.4.1.2. Watch Dog Enable Register (WDT ENABLE)

Location: Bank 0 Address 0D<sub>HEX</sub>

Type: Read/Write

Reset: 3VSB Rising.

Init Reset (CR01.Bit7) is set,

3VDD Rising @ RST\_VDD\_MD (CR01.Bit5) set,

SYSRSTIN# Falling @ SYSRST\_MD (CR01.Bit6) set.

Default Value: 00<sub>HEX</sub>

BIT	DESCRIPTION
7-3	<b>Reserved.</b>
2	<b>ENWDT.</b> Setting this bit to 1 will enable the Watch Dog Timer function, which WDTRST# resets the system while the time is out.
1	<b>HARD.</b> 0 = Hard Watch Dog is disabled. 1 = Hard Watch Dog is enabled.
0	<b>SOFT.</b> 0 = Soft Watch Dog is disabled. 1 = Soft Watch Dog is enabled.

#### 8.4.1.3. Watch Dog Status Register (WDT STS)



Location: Bank 0 Address 0E<sub>HEX</sub>

Type: Read / Write

Reset: 3VSB Rising.

Init Reset (CR01.Bit7) is set,

3VDD Rising @ RST\_VDD\_MD (CR01.Bit5) set,

SYSRSTIN# Falling @ SYSRST\_MD (CR01.Bit6) set.

Default Value: 00<sub>HEX</sub>

BIT	DESCRIPTION
7-4	<b>Reserved.</b>
3-2	<b>WDT_ST.</b> These 2 bits record last WDT stage for BIOS readout. The information is used to help BIOS to identify WDT timeout issuance.
1	<b>HARD_TO.</b> 1 = A hard timeout occurs. This bit will be cleared after reading.
0	<b>SOFT_TO.</b> 1 = A soft timeout occurs. This bit will be cleared after reading.

#### 8.4.1.4. Watch Dog Timer Register (WDT TIMER)

Location: Bank 0 Address 0F<sub>HEX</sub>

Type: Read / Write

Reset: 3VSB Rising.

Init Reset (CR01.Bit7) is set,

3VDD Rising @ RST\_VDD\_MD (CR01.Bit5) set,

SYSRSTIN# Falling @ SYSRST\_MD (CR01.Bit6) set.

Default Value: 00<sub>HEX</sub>

BIT	DESCRIPTION
7-0	<b>WDT TIMER – Timeout timer</b> To write 00 <sub>HEX</sub> can disable the timer while in Hard Watch Dog Timer mode. To set Timeout Time for SOFT Watch Dog Timer, the unit is minute.

Timeout Time is unit in minutes. 0 represents time is up or the timer is cleared. 1 represents there is still 1 minute time for this timer. Similarly, 2 means there is still 2 minutes left.

The second time will automatically be reset to 0 second when Timeout Time register is set.

## 8.5 Voltage/Temperature/FANIN Reading Registers

### 8.5.1 Voltage Channel Register Details

#### 8.5.1.1. Voltage Channel Monitored Value

Location:

**VSEN1** - Bank 0 Address 10<sub>HEX</sub>

**VSEN2** - Bank 0 Address 11<sub>HEX</sub>

**VSEN3** - Bank 0 Address 12<sub>HEX</sub>

**VSEN4** - Bank 0 Address 13<sub>HEX</sub>

**VSEN5** - Bank 0 Address 14<sub>HEX</sub>

**VSEN6** - Bank 0 Address 15<sub>HEX</sub>

**VSEN7** - Bank 0 Address 16<sub>HEX</sub>

**VSEN8** - Bank 0 Address 17<sub>HEX</sub>

**VSEN9** - Bank 0 Address 18<sub>HEX</sub>

**VSEN10** - Bank 0 Address 19<sub>HEX</sub>

**VSEN11** - Bank 0 Address 1A<sub>HEX</sub>

**VTT** - Bank 0 Address 1B<sub>HEX</sub>

**3VDD** - Bank 0 Address 1C<sub>HEX</sub>

**3VSB** - Bank 0 Address 1D<sub>HEX</sub>

**VBAT** - Bank 0 Address 1E<sub>HEX</sub>

**VR LSB** - Bank 0 Address 3C<sub>HEX</sub>

Type: Read Only

Reset: 3VSB Rising.

#### VOLTAGE READOUT

BIT	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
NAME	Voltage Readout Value (high byte). 10-bit voltage value bit[9:2] (VSEN9-VSEN11 Bank0 Address 18 <sub>HEX</sub> -1A <sub>HEX</sub> functions are not for W83795ADG)							

#### VR LSB

BIT	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
NAME	Voltage Readout Value (low byte). 10-bit voltage value bit[1:0]						Reserved		

#### VOLTAGE VALUE CALCULATION

VR LSB together with VOLTAGE READOUT forms the 10-bit count value. If VOLTAGE READOUT (Temperature readout high byte) is read successively, the W83795G/ADG will latch the VR LSB (Temperature readout low byte) for next read. Then voltage readout high byte and low byte are combined to *10-bit Voltage Value*.

For VSEN1-VSEN13 and VSEN14-VSEN17 and VTT voltage monitoring, real voltage calculations should follow the formula:

$$\text{Voltage}(V) = 10 - \text{bitCountValue} \times 0.002$$

And the rest voltage 3VSB, 3VDD and VBAT voltage monitoring, real voltage calculations should follow the formula:

$$\text{Voltage}(V) = 10 - \text{bitCountValue} \times 0.006$$

#### 8.5.1.2. Temperature/Voltage Channel Monitored Value



W83795G/ADG have multi-function pins for temperature and voltage monitoring. It needs set TEMP CRL1 and TEMP CRL2 registers to select temperature or voltage monitoring.

If select temperature monitoring, the effective width of Temperature Readout Value (high byte) and VR LSB (low byte) is for temperature data format is 10-bit 2's complement (9-bit plus sign).

Location:

**TR5/VSEN12** - Bank 0 Address 1F<sub>HEX</sub>

**TR6/VSEN13** - Bank 0 Address 20<sub>HEX</sub>

**TD1/TR1/VDSEN14** - Bank 0 Address 21<sub>HEX</sub>

**TD2/TR2/VDSEN15** - Bank 0 Address 22<sub>HEX</sub>

**TD3/TR3/VDSEN16** - Bank 0 Address 23<sub>HEX</sub>

**TD4/TR4/VDSEN17** - Bank 0 Address 24<sub>HEX</sub>

**VR LSB** - Bank 0 Address 3C<sub>HEX</sub>

Type: Read Only  
Reset: 3VSB Rising.

#### FOR TEMPERATURE MONITORING SELECTION:

##### TEMPERATURE READOUT

BIT	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
<b>NAME</b>	Temperature Readout Value (high byte). The real temperature value calculation is referred to TEMPERAUTRE VALUE CACLULATION description. 10-bit 2's complement bit[9:2]							
<b>VALUE</b>	SIGN	64	32	16	8	4	2	1

##### VR LSB

BIT	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
<b>NAME</b>	Temperature Readout Value (low byte). 10-bit 2's complement bit[1:0]		Reserved					
<b>VALUE</b>	0.5		0.25		0			

#### FOR VOLTAGE MONITORING SELECTION:

##### VOLTAGE READOUT

BIT	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
<b>NAME</b>	Voltage Readout Value (high byte). The real voltage value calculation is referred to VOLTAGE VALUE CACLULATION description. 10-bit voltage value bit[9:2]							

##### VR LSB

BIT	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
<b>NAME</b>	Voltage Readout Value (low byte). 10-bit voltage value bit[1:0]		Reserved					

**8.5.1.3. Temperature Channel Monitored Value**

Before W83795G/ADG reads the DTS1-DTS8 (Digital Temperature Sensor) temperature from INTEL PECL or AMD SB-TSI, it needs initial relative registers in BANK3. The effective width of Temperature Readout Value (high byte) and VR LSB (low byte) is for temperature data format is 10-bit 2's complement (9-bit plus sign).

Location:



**DTS1** - Bank 0 Address 26<sub>HEX</sub>  
**DTS2** - Bank 0 Address 27<sub>HEX</sub>  
**DTS3** - Bank 0 Address 28<sub>HEX</sub>  
**DTS4** - Bank 0 Address 29<sub>HEX</sub>  
**DTS5** - Bank 0 Address 2A<sub>HEX</sub>  
**DTS6** - Bank 0 Address 2B<sub>HEX</sub>  
**DTS7** - Bank 0 Address 2C<sub>HEX</sub>  
**DTS8** - Bank 0 Address 2D<sub>HEX</sub>  
**VR LSB** - Bank 0 Address 3C<sub>HEX</sub>

Type: Read Only  
 Reset: 3VSB Rising.

#### TEMPERATURE READOUT

BIT	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
NAME	Temperature Readout Value (high byte). 10-bit 2's complement bit[9:2]							
VALUE	SIGN	64	32	16	8	4	2	1

#### VR LSB

BIT	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
NAME	Temperature Readout Value (low byte). 10-bit 2's complement bit[1:0]		Reserved.					
VALUE	0.5	0.25	0					

#### TEMPERATURE VALUE CALCULATION

VR LSB together with TEMPERAUTRE READOUT forms the 10-bit count value. If TEMPERAUTRE READOUT (Temperature readout high byte) is read successively, the W83795G/ADG will latch the VR LSB (Temperature readout low byte) for next read. Then temperature readout high byte and low byte are combined to 10bits. Temperature readout is represented 10-bit 2's complement (9-bit plus sign) data format.

NOTE that it means thermal diode open when temperature value is -128°C.

The following table shows some examples.

TEMPERATURE	TEMPERAUTRE READOUT (HIGH BYTE)								VR LSB (LOW BYTE)							
	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0
+127.75°C	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	X	X	X	X	X	X
0.25°C	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	X	X	X	X	X	X
0°C	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	X	X	X	X	X	X
-1.25°C	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	X	X	X	X	X	X
-25.75°C	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	X	X	X	X	X	X
-128°C	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	X	X	X	X	X	X

## 8.5.2 Fan Register Details

### 8.5.2.1. Fan Tachometer Readout high/low Byte Register (FANIN COUNT)

The FANIN\_COUNT maintains current count value of corresponding fan inputs. When 3VSB is on, it is cleared (00<sub>HEX</sub>). The effective width of FANIN\_COUNT (high byte) and VR LSB (low byte) is 12-bit.

Location:

**FANIN1 COUNT** - Bank 0 Address 2E<sub>HEX</sub>  
**FANIN2 COUNT** - Bank 0 Address 2F<sub>HEX</sub>  
**FANIN3 COUNT** - Bank 0 Address 30<sub>HEX</sub>  
**FANIN4 COUNT** - Bank 0 Address 31<sub>HEX</sub>  
**FANIN5 COUNT** - Bank 0 Address 32<sub>HEX</sub>  
**FANIN6 COUNT** - Bank 0 Address 33<sub>HEX</sub>  
**FANIN7 COUNT** - Bank 0 Address 34<sub>HEX</sub>  
**FANIN8 COUNT** - Bank 0 Address 35<sub>HEX</sub>  
**FANIN9 COUNT** - Bank 0 Address 36<sub>HEX</sub>  
**FANIN10 COUNT** - Bank 0 Address 37<sub>HEX</sub>  
**FANIN11 COUNT** - Bank 0 Address 38<sub>HEX</sub>  
**FANIN12 COUNT** - Bank 0 Address 39<sub>HEX</sub>  
**FANIN13 COUNT** - Bank 0 Address 3A<sub>HEX</sub>  
**FANIN14 COUNT** - Bank 0 Address 3B<sub>HEX</sub>  
**VR LSB** - Bank 0 Address 3C<sub>HEX</sub>

Type: Read Only

Reset: 3VSB Rising.

Default Value: 00<sub>HEX</sub>

**FANIN1\_COUNT~FANIN14\_COUNT**

BIT	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
NAME	FANIN_COUNT (FANIN tachometer readout high byte). The real FANIN RPM value calculation is referred to FANIN COUNT CACLULATION description. 12-bitCount Value bit[11:4]							

**VR LSB**

BIT	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
NAME	FANIN_COUNT (FANIN tachometer readout low byte) 12-bitCount Value bit [3:0]				Reserved.			

## FANIN COUNT CALCULATION



VR LSB together with FANIN COUNT is form the 12-bit count value. If FANIN COUNT (FANIN tachometer readout high byte) is read successively, the W83795G/ADG will latch the VR LSB (FANIN tachometer readout low byte) for next read. Then FANIN tachometer high byte and low byte are combined to *12-bitCountValue*. Real RPM (Rotate per Minute) calculations should follow the formula:

$$FanSpeed(RPM) = \frac{1.35 \times 10^6}{(12 - bitCountValue) \times (FanPoles/4)}$$

In this formula, *FanPoles* stands for the number of NS pole pairs inside the fan. Normally an N-S-N-S Fan (*FanPoles* = 4) generates 2 pulses after completing one rotation.

The frequency range for the fan tachometer is below 4.5 KHz (if *FanPoles*=4, it means 135KRPM). It is almost impossible, but a fan working faster than this will cause the malfunction of the W83795G/ADG.

## 8.6 SMI# Control and Status Registers

Several mechanisms are provided to alarm the system when monitored channels are abnormal. In this paragraph, three kinds of control/status registers are introduced. "Real time status" shows the current status of each channel; "Channel Mask" defines which channel needs to issue warning when abnormal operation occurs, and when the warning should be ignored due to floating or in other circumstances. The final one is "Interrupt Status," which gives the host information of which channel is issuing alert, and the host can base on this channel and do proper process to ensure a reliable system.

### 8.6.1 SMI Control/Status Register Map

The interrupt mode for voltage and FANIN is only two-time interrupt mode.

For temperature, there are three modes to serve: <1> Comparator mode, <2>One-Time Interrupt mode, and <3> Two-Time Interrupt mode.

#### 8.6.1.1. SMI Control Register (SMI CTRL)

Location: Bank 0 Address 40<sub>HEX</sub>

Type: Read / Write

Reset: 3VSB Rising.

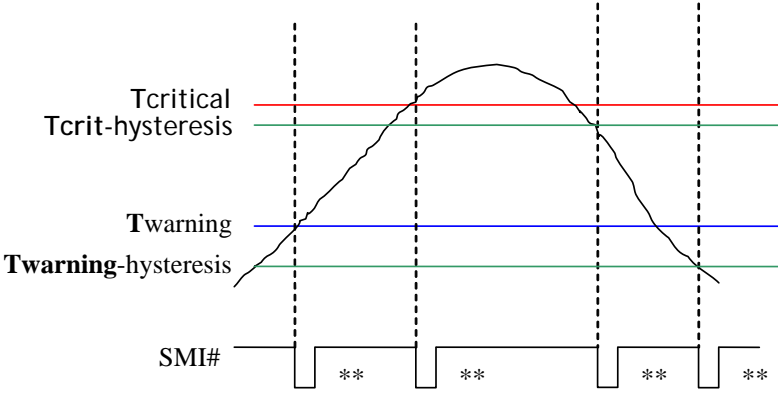
Init Reset (CR01.Bit7) is set,

3VDD Rising @ RST\_VDD\_MD (CR01.Bit5) set,

SYSRSTIN# Falling @ SYSRST\_MD (CR01.Bit6) set.

Default Value: 10<sub>HEX</sub>

BIT	DESCRIPTION
7	<p><b>RTSACS.</b></p> <p>0 = Read Interrupt status from <a href="#">CR41~CR47</a>. (Default)            1 = Read real-time status from <a href="#">CR41~CR47</a>.</p>
6-5	<b>Reserved.</b>
4	<p><b>SMI_MD.</b></p> <p>0 = SMI# outputs low level signal and active high.            1 = SMI# outputs 200 us low pulse signal. (Default)</p>
3-2	<p><b>TEMP_SMI_MD.</b></p> <p>Temperature SMI Mode Select.</p> <p><b>00<sub>BIN</sub> = Comparator Interrupt Mode: (Default)</b>            Temperature sensors exceeding T<sub>O</sub> (Critical temperature) limit causes an interrupt and this interrupt will be cleared by reading all the Interrupt Status.</p> <p><b>01<sub>BIN</sub> = Two Time Interrupt Mode:</b>            Temperature sensors are used in the interrupt mode with hysteresis. Temperature exceeding T<sub>O</sub> (Critical Temperature) causes an interrupt. Temperatures that fall below T<sub>HYST</sub> (Critical Temperature Hysteresis) will also cause an interrupt if the previous interrupt has been reset by reading all the interrupt Status Register. Once the temperature exceeds T<sub>O</sub> (Critical Temperature), an interrupt will be issued and the bit will be reset before the temperature falls to T<sub>HYST</sub> (Critical Temperature Hysteresis).</p> <p><b>10<sub>BIN</sub> = One Time Interrupt Mode:</b>            Temperature sensors are used in the interrupt mode with hysteresis. Temperature exceeding T<sub>O</sub> (Critical Temperature) causes an interrupt and then temperature going below T<sub>HYST</sub> (Critical Temperature Hysteresis) will not cause an interrupt. Once an interrupt event has occurred by exceeding T<sub>O</sub> (Critical Temperature), then going below T<sub>HYST</sub> (Critical Temperature Hysteresis), and interrupt will not occur again until the temperature exceeding T<sub>O</sub> (Critical Temperature).</p> <p><b>11<sub>BIN</sub> = Two Time Non-related Interrupt Mode:</b>            Temperature sensors are used in the interrupt mode with hysteresis. Temperature exceeding T<sub>O</sub>, causes an interrupt and then temperature going below T<sub>HYST</sub> will also cause an interrupt. Once an interrupt event has occurred by exceeding T<sub>O</sub>, then reset, if the temperature remains above the T<sub>HYST</sub>.</p> <p>If this mode is selected, for all monitor channels (it is not necessary to read the status</p>

BIT	DESCRIPTION
	<p>for generating the next IRQ/SMI# pulse.</p>  <p>Two-Time Interrupt Mode  ** : Interrupt Status is read  Note: It can be programmed to be as not necessary to read the status for generating the next SMI# pulse by setting TEMP_SMI_MD = 2'b11.</p>
1	<b>EN_SMI.</b> 0 = disable SMI# signal output. (Default) 1 = enable SMI# signal output.
0	<b>SMI_POL.</b> 0 = Default polarity. 1 = Polarity inverted.

### 8.6.1.2. SMI Status Register (SMI STS)

Status register can be read by interrupt or real-time mode and the function selected by SMI control register CR40.Bit7.

If status register is read by interrupt mode and SMI control register CR40.Bit7 is set as 0 (Default). Then a one represents corresponding channel have been exceed its limit. Status registers will clear the interrupt flag.

If status register is read by real-time mode and SMI control register CR40.Bit7 is set as 1. Then status registers show whether the values of related channels exceed the limit or not at the polling moment. The returning of 1 indicates the limit of related channel defined in limit registers has been exceeded.

Location:

**SMI STS1** - Bank 0 Address 41<sub>HEX</sub>

**SMI STS2** - Bank 0 Address 42<sub>HEX</sub>

**SMI STS3** - Bank 0 Address 43<sub>HEX</sub>

**SMI STS4** - Bank 0 Address 44<sub>HEX</sub>

**SMI STS5** - Bank 0 Address 45<sub>HEX</sub>

**SMI STS6** - Bank 0 Address 46<sub>HEX</sub>

**SMI STS7** - Bank 0 Address 47<sub>HEX</sub>

Type: Read Only  
Reset: 3VSB Rising.

SMI STS1

BIT	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
NAME	VSEN8	VSEN7	VSEN6	VSEN5	VSEN4	VSEN3	VSEN2	VSEN1
DEFAULT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

SMI STS2

BIT	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
NAME	Reserved	VBAT	3VSB	3VDD	VTT	VSEN11	VSEN10	VSEN9
DEFAULT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

(Bit 2:0 VSEN9-VSEN11 are not for W83795ADG)

SMI STS3

BIT	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
NAME	Reserved	Reserved	TD4/TR4 VDSSEN17	TD3/TR3 VDSSEN16	TD2/TR2 VDSSEN15	TD1/TR1 VDSSEN14	TR6 VSEN13	TR5 VSEN12
DEFAULT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

SMI STS4

BIT	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
NAME	DTS8	DTS7	DTS6	DTS5	DTS4	DTS3	DTS2	DTS1
DEFAULT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

SMI STS5

BIT	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
NAME	FANIN8	FANIN7	FANIN6	FANIN5	FANIN4	FANIN3	FANIN2	FANIN1
DEFAULT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

SMI STS6

BIT	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
NAME	Reserved	Chassis	FANIN14	FANIN13	FANIN12	FANIN11	FANIN10	FANIN9
DEFAULT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

SMI STS7

BIT	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
NAME	Reserved		TART6	TART5	TART4	TART3	TART2	TART1
DEFAULT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

### 8.6.1.3. SMI Mask Register (SMI MASK)

Setting to one will disable the corresponding interrupt sources. Clearing to 0 will enable that interrupt source.

SMI MASK6 CR4D.Bit7 is CLR\_CHS (Clear Chassis), writing this bit to one will clear the internal caseopen latch. After the latch is cleared, CLR\_CHS will self-reset to 0.

Location:

**SMI MASK1** - Bank 0 Address 48<sub>HEX</sub>

**SMI MASK2** - Bank 0 Address 49<sub>HEX</sub>

**SMI MASK3** - Bank 0 Address 4A<sub>HEX</sub>

**SMI MASK4** - Bank 0 Address 4B<sub>HEX</sub>

**SMI MASK5** - Bank 0 Address 4C<sub>HEX</sub>

**SMI MASK6** - Bank 0 Address 4D<sub>HEX</sub>

**SMI MASK7** - Bank 0 Address 4E<sub>HEX</sub>

Type: Read / Write

Reset: 3VSB Rising.

Init Reset (CR01.Bit7) is set,

3VDD Rising @ RST\_VDD\_MD (CR01.Bit5) set,

SYSRSTIN# Falling @ SYSRST\_MD (CR01.Bit6) set.

SMI MASK1

BIT	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
NAME	VSEN8	VSEN7	VSEN6	VSEN5	VSEN4	VSEN3	VSEN2	VSEN1
DEFAULT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

SMI MASK2

BIT	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
NAME	Reserved	VBAT	3VSB	3VDD	VTT	VSEN11	VSEN10	VSEN9
DEFAULT	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0

(Bit 2:0 VSEN9-VSEN11 are not for W83795ADG)

SMI MASK3

BIT	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
NAME	Reserved	Reserved	TD4/TR4 VDSEN17	TD3/TR3 VDSEN16	TD2/TR2 VDSEN15	TD1/TR1 VDSEN14	TR6 VSEN13	TR5 VSEN12
DEFAULT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

## SMI MASK4

BIT	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
NAME	DTS8	DTS7	DTS6	DTS5	DTS4	DTS3	DTS2	DTS1
DEFAULT	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

## SMI MASK5

BIT	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
NAME	FANIN8	FANIN7	FANIN6	FANIN5	FANIN4	FANIN3	FANIN2	FANIN1
DEFAULT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

## SMI MASK6

BIT	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
NAME	CLR_CHS	Chassis	FANIN14	FANIN13	FANIN12	FANIN11	FANIN10	FANIN9
DEFAULT	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

(The CLR\_CHS must write 1 to clear internal caseopen latch status when VBAT input.)

## SMI MASK7

BIT	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
NAME	Reserved		TART6	TART5	TART4	TART3	TART2	TART1
DEFAULT	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1

## 8.7 OVT and BEEP Control Registers

Another solution to deal with abnormal situation is through OVT (Over Temperature) or Beep.

OVT, as the name suggests, represents abnormal temperatures. In some applications, it can work with Fan control to throttle the Fan Speed.

Beep can directly use sound of two tones to inform the user of abnormal system operation. Unlike OVT, Beep can be issued due to abnormal operations of any channel.

### 8.7.1 BEEP/OVT Control Registers Details

#### 8.7.1.1. BEEP Control Register (BEEP CTRL)

Setting to one will enable the corresponding BEEP output. Clearing to 0 will disable that BEEP output. The BEEP alarm function is enabled or disabled by the EN\_BEEP control bit at CR55.Bit7.

Location:

**BEEP CTRL1** - Bank 0 Address 50<sub>HEX</sub>

**BEEP CTRL2** - Bank 0 Address 51<sub>HEX</sub>

**BEEP CTRL3** - Bank 0 Address 52<sub>HEX</sub>

**BEEP CTRL4** - Bank 0 Address 53<sub>HEX</sub>

**BEEP CTRL5** - Bank 0 Address 54<sub>HEX</sub>

**BEEP CTRL6** - Bank 0 Address 55<sub>HEX</sub>

Type: Read / Write

Reset: 3VSB Rising.

Init Reset (CR01.Bit7) is set,

3VDD Rising @ RST\_VDD\_MD (CR01.Bit5) set,

SYSRSTIN# Falling @ SYSRST\_MD (CR01.Bit6) set.

**BEEP CTRL1**

BIT	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
NAME	VSEN8	VSEN7	VSEN6	VSEN5	VSEN4	VSEN3	VSEN2	VSEN1
DEFAULT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

**BEEP CTRL2**

BIT	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
NAME	Reserved	VBAT	3VSB	3VDD	VTT	VSEN11	VSEN10	VSEN9
DEFAULT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

(Bit 2:0 VSEN9-VSEN11 are not for W83795ADG)

**BEEP CTRL3**

BIT	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
NAME	Reserved	Reserved	TD4/TR4 VDSSEN17	TD3/TR3 VDSSEN16	TD2/TR2 VDSSEN15	TD1/TR1 VDSSEN14	TR6 VSEN13	TR5 VSEN12
DEFAULT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

BEEP CTRL4

BIT	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
NAME	DTS8	DTS7	DTS6	DTS5	DTS4	DTS3	DTS2	DTS1
DEFAULT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

BEEP CTRL5

BIT	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
NAME	FANIN8	FANIN7	FANIN6	FANIN5	FANIN4	FANIN3	FANIN2	FANIN1
DEFAULT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

BEEP CTRL6

BIT	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
NAME	EN_BEEP	Chassis	FANIN14	FANIN13	FANIN12	FANIN11	FANIN10	FANIN9
DEFAULT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

The BEEP alarm function is enabled or disabled by the EN\_BEEP control bit at CR55.Bit7.

If EN\_BEEP is set to 0, it is disabled BEEP output. (Default)

If EN\_BEEP is set to 1, it is enabled BEEP output.

### 8.7.1.2. OVT Global Enable Register (OVT GLB)

Location: Bank 0 Address 58<sub>HEX</sub>

Type: Read / Write

Reset: 3VSB Rising.

Init Reset (CR01.Bit7) is set,

3VDD Rising @ RST\_VDD\_MD (CR01.Bit5) set,

SYSRSTIN# Falling @ SYSRST\_MD (CR01.Bit6) set.

Default Value: 00<sub>HEX</sub>

BIT	DESCRIPTION
7	<b>OVT_SEL.</b> Function select of BEEP for W83795ADG 1 = OVT# 0 = BEEP (Default)
6	<b>OVT_POL.</b> 0 = OVT1#, OVT2# and OVT3# polarity is active low. (Default) 1 = OVT1#, OVT2# and OVT3# polarity is active high. (OVT2# and OVT3# are not for W83795ADG)
5-4	<b>Reserved.</b>
3	<b>OVT_MD.</b>



BIT	DESCRIPTION
	<p>There are two OVT# signal output types.</p> <p><b>0<sub>BIN</sub> : Comparator Mode: (Default)</b>            Temperature exceeding T<sub>critical</sub> (Critical Temperature) activates the OVT# output until the temperature is lower than T<sub>HYST</sub> (Critical Temperature Hysteresis).</p> <p><b>1<sub>BIN</sub> : Interrupt Mode:</b>            Temperatures exceeding T<sub>critical</sub> (Critical Temperature) will activate the OVT# output until temperature sensors registers are read.</p> <p>If the current temperature rises from T<sub>HYST</sub> (Critical Temperature Hysteresis) and exceeds T<sub>critical</sub> (Critical Temperature), the OVT# pin will be de-asserted. If the temperature falls below T<sub>HYST</sub>, the OVT# pin will also generates an interrupt until it is reset by reading temperature sensors (interrupt status). Once the interrupt is generated, the OVT# pin does not issue additional interrupts even it the temperature remains above T<sub>critical</sub>.</p>
2	<p><b>EN_OVT3.</b>            0 = Disable OVT3# output            1 = Enable OVT3# output            (OVT3# is not for W83795ADG)</p>
1	<p><b>EN_OVT2.</b>            0 = Disable OVT2# output            1 = Enable OVT2# output            (OVT2# is not for W83795ADG)</p>
0	<p><b>EN_OVT1.</b>            0 = Disable OVT1# output            1 = Enable OVT1# output</p>

### 8.7.1.3. OVT1 Control Register (OVT1 CTRL)

Setting to one will enable the corresponding OVT1# output. Clearing to 0 will disable that OVT1# output. The OVT1# function is enabled or disabled by the EN\_OVT1 control bit at CR58.Bit0.

The OVT1# signal will be issued when the selected temperature channel detects the temperature exceeds the allowed range 4 times in a row.

Location:

**OVT1 CTRL1** - Bank 0 Address 59<sub>HEX</sub>

**OVT1 CTRL2** - Bank 0 Address 5A<sub>HEX</sub>

Type: Read / Write

Reset: 3VSB Rising.

Init Reset (CR01.Bit7) is set,

3VDD Rising @ RST\_VDD\_MD (CR01.Bit5) set,

SYSRSTIN# Falling @ SYSRST\_MD (CR01.Bit6) set.

OVT1 CRL1

BIT	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
NAME	Reserved	Reserved	TD4/TR4	TD3/TR3	TD2/TR2	TD1/TR1	TR6	TR5
DEFAULT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

OVT1 CRL2

BIT	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
NAME	DTS8	DTS7	DTS6	DTS5	DTS4	DTS3	DTS2	DTS1
DEFAULT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

#### 8.7.1.4. OVT2 Control Register (OVT2 CTRL)

Setting to one will enable the corresponding OVT2# output. Clearing to 0 will disable that OVT2# output. The OVT2# function is enabled or disabled by the EN\_OVT2 control bit at CR58.Bit1. OVT2# is not for W83795ADG, it is reserved register.

Location:

**OVT2 CTRL1** - Bank 0 Address 5B<sub>HEX</sub>

**OVT2 CTRL2** - Bank 0 Address 5C<sub>HEX</sub>

Type: Read / Write

Reset: 3VSB Rising.

Init Reset (CR01.Bit7) is set,

3VDD Rising @ RST\_VDD\_MD (CR01.Bit5) set,

SYSRSTIN# Falling @ SYSRST\_MD (CR01.Bit6) set.

OVT2 CTRL1

BIT	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
NAME	Reserved	Reserved	TD4/TR4	TD3/TR3	TD2/TR2	TD1/TR1	TR6	TR5
DEFAULT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

OVT2 CTRL2

BIT	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
NAME	DTS8	DTS7	DTS6	DTS5	DTS4	DTS3	DTS2	DTS1
DEFAULT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

#### 8.7.1.5. OVT3 Control Register (OVT3 CTRL)



Setting to one will enable the corresponding OVT3# output. Clearing to 0 will disable that OVT3# output.

The OVT3# function is enabled or disabled by the EN\_OVT3 control bit at CR58.Bit2.

OVT3# is not for W83795ADG, it is reserved register.

Location:

**OVT3 CTRL1** - Bank 0 Address 5D<sub>HEX</sub>

**OVT3 CTRL2** - Bank 0 Address 5E<sub>HEX</sub>

Type: Read / Write

Reset: 3VSB Rising.

Init Reset (CR01.Bit7) is set,

3VDD Rising @ RST\_VDD\_MD (CR01.Bit5) set,

SYSRSTIN# Falling @ SYSRST\_MD (CR01.Bit6) set.

**OVT3 CTRL1**

BIT	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
NAME	Reserved	Reserved	TD4/TR4	TD3/TR3	TD2/TR2	TD1/TR1	TR6	TR5
DEFAULT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

**OVT3 CTRL2**

BIT	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
NAME	DTS8	DTS7	DTS6	DTS5	DTS4	DTS3	DTS2	DTS1
DEFAULT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

## 8.8 THERMTRIP and PROCHOT Control Registers

### 8.8.1.1. THERMTRIP Control and Status Register (THERM CTRL)

Setting to one will enable the corresponding THRMTRIP# . Clearing to 0 will disable that THRMTRIP# .

Location: Bank 0 Address 5F<sub>HEX</sub>

Default Value: 00<sub>HEX</sub>

Type: Read / Write

Reset: 3VSB Rising.

Init Reset (CR01.Bit7) is set,

3VDD Rising @ RST\_VDD\_MD (CR01.Bit5) set,

SYSRSTIN# Falling @ SYSRST\_MD (CR01.Bit6) set.

BIT	DESCRIPTION
-----	-------------

7-3	<b>Reserved.</b>
2	<b>CLR_THRM</b> – Clear the thermal trip status. If write 1, to clear thermal trip status.
1	<b>EN_THRM</b> – Enable thermal trip event. 0 = Disable 1 = Enable
0	<b>THRM_STS</b> – Thermal trip event status. (Read Only) 1 = Thermal trip event occurred. Power by VBAT

### 8.8.1.2. PROCHOT Control and Status Registers

When PROCHOT# is set to be output and the corresponding temperature channel detects a temperature higher than the critical temperature, the PROCHOT# signal will be issued.

When PROCHOT# is set to be input, it will be auto mapping to the table as below:

PROCHOT Channel	PROCHOT1#	PROCHOT2#	PROCHOT3#	PROCHOT4#
Corresponding DTS Channel	DTS1 DTS5	DTS2 DTS6	DTS3 DTS7	DTS4 DTS8

In Smart Fan control mode, if the PROCHOT# is asserted by CPU, the Fan which maps to corresponding DTS channel will be full speed. For the Fan mapping, also refer to 10.1.2.2 Temperature to Fan mapping Relationships Register and 10.1.2.3 Temperature Source Selection Register.

### PROC STS – PROCHOT Processor Hot Status Register

Location: Bank 0 Address 60<sub>HEX</sub>

Default Value: 00<sub>HEX</sub>

Type: Bit 5 & 4: Read / Write

Bit 3~0: Read only

Reset: Bit 5 & 4:

3VSB Rising,

Init Reset (CR01.Bit7) is set,

3VDD Rising @ RST\_VDD\_MD (CR01.Bit5) set,

SYSRSTIN# Falling @ SYSRST\_MD (CR01.Bit6) set.

Bit 3~0:

3VSB Rising,

BIT	DESCRIPTION
7-6	<b>Reserved.</b>
5	<b>SET_PROCHOT2</b> – Set the PROCHOT2# function. For W83795G 0 = Pin 39 is PROCHOT2# 1 = Pin 55 is PROCHOT2# For W83795ADG 0 = Pin 31 is PROCHOT2# 1 = Disable
4	<b>SET_PROCHOT1</b> – Set the PROCHOT1# function.

BIT	DESCRIPTION
	For W83795G 0 = Pin 38 is PROCHOT1# 1 = Pin 53 is PROCHOT1# For W83795ADG 0 = Pin 30 is PROCHOT1# 1 = Disable
3	<b>STS_PROCHOT4</b> – Status of PROCHOT4# . 1 = Meet CPU PROCHOT# active.
2	<b>STS_PROCHOT3</b> – Status of PROCHOT3# . 1 = Meet CPU PROCHOT# active.
1	<b>STS_PROCHOT2</b> – Status of PROCHOT2#. 1 = Meet CPU PROCHOT# active.
0	<b>STS_PROCHOT1</b> – Status of PROCHOT1#. 1 = Meet CPU PROCHOT# active.

**PROC1 CTRL** – PROCHOT1# Processor Hot Control Register

Location: Bank 0 Address 61<sub>HEX</sub>

Default Value: 00<sub>HEX</sub>

Type: Read / Write

Reset: 3VSB Rising.

Init Reset (CR01.Bit7) is set,

3VDD Rising @ RST\_VDD\_MD (CR01.Bit5) set,

SYSRSTIN# Falling @ SYSRST\_MD (CR01.Bit6) set.

BIT	DESCRIPTION
7	<b>EN_PROCHOT1</b> – Enable PROCHOT1# function. 0 = Disable 1 = Enable
6	<b>PROCHOT1_MOD</b> – Set the PROCHOT1# mode. 0 = Input mode 1 = Output mode
5	<b>EN_PH1_TD4</b> – Enable PROCHOT1# for TD4/TR4. 0 = Disable 1 = Enable
4	<b>EN_PH1_TD3</b> – Enable PROCHOT1# for TD3/TR3. 0 = Disable 1 = Enable
3	<b>EN_PH1_TD2</b> – Enable PROCHOT1# for TD2/TR2. 0 = Disable 1 = Enable
2	<b>EN_PH1_TD1</b> – Enable PROCHOT1# for TD1/TR1. 0 = Disable 1 = Enable

BIT	DESCRIPTION
1	<b>EN_PH1_TR2</b> – Enable PROCHOT1# for TR6. 0 = Disable 1 = Enable
0	<b>EN_PH1_TR1</b> – Enable PROCHOT1# for TR5. 0 = Disable 1 = Enable

### PROC2 CTRL – PROCHOT2# Processor Hot Control Register

Location: Bank 0 Address 62<sub>HEX</sub>

Default Value: 00<sub>HEX</sub>

Type: Read / Write

Reset: 3VSB Rising.

Init Reset (CR01.Bit7) is set,

3VDD Rising @ RST\_VDD\_MD (CR01.Bit5) set,

SYSRSTIN# Falling @ SYSRST\_MD (CR01.Bit6) set.

BIT	DESCRIPTION
7	<b>EN_PROCHOT2</b> – Enable PROCHOT2# function. 0 = Disable 1 = Enable
6	<b>PROCHOT2_MOD</b> – Set the PROCHOT2# mode. 0 = Input mode 1 = Output mode
5	<b>EN_PH2_TD4</b> – Enable PROCHOT2# for TD4/TR4. 0 = Disable 1 = Enable
4	<b>EN_PH2_TD3</b> – Enable PROCHOT2# for TD3/TR3. 0 = Disable 1 = Enable
3	<b>EN_PH2_TD2</b> – Enable PROCHOT2# for TD2/TR2. 0 = Disable 1 = Enable
2	<b>EN_PH2_TD1</b> – Enable PROCHOT2# for TD1/TR1. 0 = Disable 1 = Enable
1	<b>EN_PH2_TR2</b> – Enable PROCHOT2# for TR6. 0 = Disable 1 = Enable
0	<b>EN_PH2_TR1</b> – Enable PROCHOT2# for TR5. 0 = Disable 1 = Enable

### PROC3 CTRL – PROCHOT3# Processor Hot Control Register



Location: Bank 0 Address 63<sub>HEX</sub>

Default Value: 00<sub>HEX</sub>

Type: Read / Write

Reset: 3VSB Rising.

Init Reset (CR01.Bit7) is set,

3VDD Rising @ RST\_VDD\_MD (CR01.Bit5) set,

SYSRSTIN# Falling @ SYSRST\_MD (CR01.Bit6) set.

BIT	DESCRIPTION
7	<b>EN_PROCHOT3</b> – Enable PROCHOT3# function. 0 = Disable 1 = Enable
6	<b>PROCHOT3_MOD</b> – Set the PROCHOT3# mode. 0 = Input mode 1 = Output mode
5	<b>EN_PH3_TD4</b> – Enable PROCHOT3# for TD4/TR4. 0 = Disable 1 = Enable
4	<b>EN_PH3_TD3</b> – Enable PROCHOT3# for TD3/TR3. 0 = Disable 1 = Enable
3	<b>EN_PH3_TD2</b> – Enable PROCHOT3# for TD2/TR2. 0 = Disable 1 = Enable
2	<b>EN_PH3_TD1</b> – Enable PROCHOT3# for TD1/TR1. 0 = Disable 1 = Enable
1	<b>EN_PH3_TR2</b> – Enable PROCHOT3# for TR6. 0 = Disable 1 = Enable
0	<b>EN_PH3_TR1</b> – Enable PROCHOT3# for TR5. 0 = Disable 1 = Enable

#### PROC4 CTRL – PROCHOT4# Processor Hot Control Register

Location: Bank 0 Address 64<sub>HEX</sub>

Default Value: 00<sub>HEX</sub>

Type: Read / Write

Reset: 3VSB Rising.

Init Reset (CR01.Bit7) is set,

3VDD Rising @ RST\_VDD\_MD (CR01.Bit5) set,

SYSRSTIN# Falling @ SYSRST\_MD (CR01.Bit6) set.

BIT	DESCRIPTION
-----	-------------

BIT	DESCRIPTION
7	<b>EN_PROCHOT4</b> – Enable PROCHOT4# function. 0 = Disable 1 = Enable
6	<b>PROCHOT4_MOD</b> – Set the PROCHOT4# mode. 0 = Input mode 1 = Output mode
5	<b>EN_PH4_TD4</b> – Enable PROCHOT4# for TD4/TR4. 0 = Disable 1 = Enable
4	<b>EN_PH4_TD3</b> – Enable PROCHOT4# for TD3/TR3. 0 = Disable 1 = Enable
3	<b>EN_PH4_TD2</b> – Enable PROCHOT4# for TD2/TR2. 0 = Disable 1 = Enable
2	<b>EN_PH4_TD1</b> – Enable PROCHOT4# for TD1/TR1. 0 = Disable 1 = Enable
1	<b>EN_PH4_TR2</b> – Enable PROCHOT4# for TR6. 0 = Disable 1 = Enable
0	<b>EN_PH4_TR1</b> – Enable PROCHOT4# for TR5. 0 = Disable 1 = Enable

### 8.8.1.3. Voltage Fault Control Registers

Setting to one will enable the corresponding VOLT\_FAULT# output. Clearing to 0 will disable that VOLT\_FAULT# output.

VOLT\_FAULT# is not for W83795ADG, they are reserved registers.

#### VOLT FAULT1 – Voltage Fault Control Register 1

Location: Bank 0 Address 65<sub>HEX</sub>

Default Value: 00<sub>HEX</sub>

Type: Read / Write

Reset: 3VSB Rising.

Init Reset (CR01.Bit7) is set,

3VDD Rising @ RST\_VDD\_MD (CR01.Bit5) set,

SYSRSTIN# Falling @ SYSRST\_MD (CR01.Bit6) set.

#### VOLT FAULT1

BIT	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
NAME	VSEN8	VSEN7	VSEN6	VSEN5	VSEN4	VSEN3	VSEN2	VSEN1
DEFAULT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0



**VOLT FAULT2** – Voltage Fault Control Register 2Location: Bank 0 Address 66<sub>HEX</sub>Default Value: 00<sub>HEX</sub>

Type: Read / Write

Reset: 3VSB Rising.

Init Reset (CR01.Bit7) is set,

3VDD Rising @ RST\_VDD\_MD (CR01.Bit5) set,

SYSRSTIN# Falling @ SYSRST\_MD (CR01.Bit6) set.

**VOLT FAULT2**

BIT	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
NAME	Reserved	VBAT	3VSB	3VDD	VTT	VSEN11	VSEN10	VSEN9
DEFAULT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

**VOLT FAULT3** – Voltage Fault Control Register 3Location: Bank 0 Address 67<sub>HEX</sub>Default Value: 00<sub>HEX</sub>

Type: Read / Write

Reset: 3VSB Rising.

Init Reset (CR01.Bit7) is set,

3VDD Rising @ RST\_VDD\_MD (CR01.Bit5) set,

SYSRSTIN# Falling @ SYSRST\_MD (CR01.Bit6) set.

**VOLT FAULT3**

BIT	DESCRIPTION
7	<b>EN_VOLTFAULT</b> – Enable VOLT_FAULT# function. 0 = Disable 1 = Enable
6	<b>Reserved.</b>
5-0	<b>SET_VOLT_CFG</b> – Set the VOLT_FAULT# configuration. Setting to one will enable the corresponding VOLT_FAULT# output. Clearing to 0 will disable that VOLT_FAULT# output. Bit5 is for <b>VDSSEN17</b> . Bit4 is for <b>VDSSEN16</b> . Bit3 is for <b>VDSSEN15</b> . Bit2 is for <b>VDSSEN14</b> . Bit1 is for <b>VSEN13</b> . Bit0 is for <b>VSEN12</b> .

#### 8.8.1.4. FAN Fault Control Registers

Setting to one will enable the corresponding FAN\_FAULT# output. Clearing to 0 will disable that FAN\_FAULT# output.

FAN\_FAULT# is not for W83795ADG, they are reserved registers.

#### FAN CTRL1 – FAN Fault Control Register 1

Location: Bank 0 Address 68<sub>HEX</sub>

Default Value: 00<sub>HEX</sub>

Type: Read / Write

Reset: 3VSB Rising.

Init Reset (CR01.Bit7) is set,

3VDD Rising @ RST\_VDD\_MD (CR01.Bit5) set,

SYSRSTIN# Falling @ SYSRST\_MD (CR01.Bit6) set.

FAN FAULT1

BIT	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
NAME	FANIN8	FANIN7	FANIN6	FANIN5	FANIN4	FANIN3	FANIN2	FANIN1
DEFAULT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

#### FAN CTRL2 – FAN Fault Control Register 2

Location: Bank 0 Address 69<sub>HEX</sub>

Default Value: 00<sub>HEX</sub>

Type: Read / Write

Reset: 3VSB Rising.

Init Reset (CR01.Bit7) is set,

3VDD Rising @ RST\_VDD\_MD (CR01.Bit5) set,

SYSRSTIN# Falling @ SYSRST\_MD (CR01.Bit6) set.

FAN FAULT1

BIT	DESCRIPTION
7	<b>EN_FANFAULT</b> – Enable FAN_FAULT# function. 0 = Disable 1 = Enable
6	<b>Reserved.</b>
5-0	<b>SET_FAN_CFG</b> – Set the FAN_FAULT# configuration. Setting to one will enable the corresponding FAN_FAULT# output. Clearing to 0 will disable that FAN_FAULT# output. Bit5 is for <b>FANIN14</b> . Bit4 is for <b>FANIN13</b> . Bit3 is for <b>FANIN12</b> . Bit2 is for <b>FANIN11</b> . Bit1 is for <b>FANIN10</b> . Bit0 is for <b>FANIN9</b> .

## 8.9 VID Control and Status Registers

The W83795G/ADG provides VSEN1, VSEN2 and VSEN3 monitoring channels. VSEN1, VSEN2 and VSEN3 Channels are automatically monitored once 3VSB is applied onto the W83795G/ADG, but the W83795G/ADG will issue alert information only when the corresponding high/low limits of VSEN1, VSEN2 and VSEN3 channels are being violated. ASF is also based on these limit registers to judge the current channel status and report to the host.

Two methods are used to assign the VSEN1, VSEN2 and VSEN3 Limits, manually or automatically by VID inputs. The following register sets allow users to choose their preferred method.

The W83795G/ADG supplies one set of VID input pins for VSEN1, VSEN2 and VSEN3 channels. If dynamic VID function is enabled, the high/low limit of VSEN1, VSEN2 and VSEN3 channel will auto-update when the VID input value changes.

Some VID input pins are multi-function pin. Programming Multi-Function Pin Control Registers properly is required to make these pins function.

VID function is not for W83795ADG, they are reserved registers.

### 8.9.1.1. VID Control Register (VID CTRL)

Location: Bank 0 Address 6A<sub>HEX</sub>

Type: Read / Write

Reset: 3VSB Rising.

Init Reset (CR01.Bit7) is set,

3VDD Rising @ RST\_VDD\_MD (CR01.Bit5) set,

SYSRSTIN# Falling @ SYSRST\_MD (CR01.Bit6) set.

Default Value: 00<sub>HEX</sub>

BIT	DESCRIPTION
7	<b>Latch_VID.</b> If write 1 (write clear), <a href="#">CR6D~CR6F</a> latches the current pin value of VID.
6	<b>VIDL_ACS.</b> VID read out source <a href="#">CR6D~CR6F</a> 0 = Read VID input data 1 = Read VID latch data
5	<b>EN_DVID3.</b> If write 1, enable dynamic VID function for VSEN3 If VID is changed, the high/low limit of corresponding VSEN3 sensing voltage will be auto-updated. If manually programming High/Low limit of VSEN3 sensing voltage is required, this bit has to be cleared as 0.
4	<b>EN_DVID2.</b> If write 1, enable dynamic VID function for VSEN2 If VID is changed, the high/low limit of corresponding VSEN2 sensing voltage will be auto-updated. If manually programming High/Low limit of VSEN2 sensing voltage is required, this bit has to be cleared as 0.
3	<b>EN_DVID1.</b> If write 1, enable dynamic VID function for VSEN1 If VID is changed, the high/low limit of corresponding VSEN1 sensing voltage will be auto-updated. If manually programming High/Low limit of VSEN1 sensing voltage is required, this bit has to be cleared as 0.

BIT	DESCRIPTION
2-0	<p><b>VID_SEL.</b></p> <p>VID function enable and VID Table Select:</p> <p>000<sub>BIN</sub> = Disable VID function and function of Pin 57~64 are not about VID. (Default)</p> <p>001<sub>BIN</sub> = Enable VRM9 table and Pin 61~57 are VID[4:0].</p> <p>010<sub>BIN</sub> = Enable VRM10 table and Pin 63~57 are VID[6:0].</p> <p>011<sub>BIN</sub> = Enable VRM11 table and Pin 64~57 are VID[7:0].</p> <p>100<sub>BIN</sub> = Enable AMD Opteron™ 5 bit VID Codes and Pin 61~57 are VID[4:0].</p> <p>101<sub>BIN</sub> = Enable AMD Opteron™ 6 bit VID Codes and Pin 62~57 are VID[5:0].</p> <p>110<sub>BIN</sub> = Enable AMD SVID table and Pin 63~64 are SCL_SVI and SDA_SVI.</p> <p>111<sub>BIN</sub> = Disable VID function and function of Pin 57~64 are not about VID.</p>

### 8.9.1.2. Dynamic VID High Tolerance Register (DVID LIMHI)

Location: Bank 0 Address 6B<sub>HEX</sub>

Type: Read / Write

Reset: 3VSB Rising.

Init Reset (CR01.Bit7) is set,

3VDD Rising @ RST\_VDD\_MD (CR01.Bit5) set,

SYSRSTIN# Falling @ SYSRST\_MD (CR01.Bit6) set.

Default Value: 64<sub>HEX</sub>

BIT	DESCRIPTION
7-0	<p><b>Dynamic VID High Tolerance.</b></p> <p>If the dynamic VID function (set Bank0 CR6A bit5-3 to 1) is enabled, writing Tolerance register will force VSEN1, VSEN2 and VSEN3 Limit to update with new voltage limits for VSEN1, VSEN2 and VSEN3.</p> <p>The unit is 2mV</p>

### 8.9.1.3. Dynamic VID Low Tolerance Register (DVID LIMLO)

Location: Bank 0 Address 6C<sub>HEX</sub>

Type: Read / Write

Reset: 3VSB Rising.

Init Reset (CR01.Bit7) is set,

3VDD Rising @ RST\_VDD\_MD (CR01.Bit5) set,

SYSRSTIN# Falling @ SYSRST\_MD (CR01.Bit6) set.

Default Value: 64<sub>HEX</sub>

BIT	DESCRIPTION
7-0	<p><b>Dynamic VID Low Tolerance.</b></p> <p>If the dynamic VID function (set Bank0 CR6A bit5-3 to 1) is enabled, writing Tolerance register will force VSEN1, VSEN2 and VSEN3 Limit Generator to generate new voltage limits for VSEN1, VSEN2 and VSEN3.</p> <p>The unit is 2mV</p>

#### 8.9.1.4. VSEN1 VID Input Value Register (VSEN1 VIDIN)

Location: Bank 0 Address 6D<sub>HEX</sub>

Type: Read Only

Default Value: NA

BIT	DESCRIPTION
7-0	<b>VIDIN_VSEN1</b> The value of VIDIN_VSEN1 is determined by setting VID Control Register <a href="#">CR6A</a> .

#### 8.9.1.5. VSEN2 VID Input Value Register (VSEN2 VIDIN)

Location: Bank 0 Address 6E<sub>HEX</sub>

Type: Read Only

Default Value: NA

BIT	DESCRIPTION
7-0	<b>VIDIN_VSEN2</b> The value of VIDIN_VSEN2 is determined by setting VID Control Register <a href="#">CR6A</a> .

#### 8.9.1.6. VSEN3 VID Input Value Register (VSEN3 VIDIN)

Location: Bank 0 Address 6F<sub>HEX</sub>

Type: Read Only

Default Value: NA

BIT	DESCRIPTION
7-0	<b>VIDIN_VSEN3</b> The value of VIDIN_VSEN3 is determined by setting VID Control Register <a href="#">CR6A</a> .

### 8.10 Voltage/Temperature/FANIN Limitation Registers

VSEN9-VSEN11 functions are not for W83795ADG, they are reserved registers.

#### 8.10.1.1. Voltage Channel Limitation Registers

Location:

**VSEN1\_HL** - Bank 0 Address 70<sub>HEX</sub>

**VSEN1\_LL** - Bank 0 Address 71<sub>HEX</sub>

**VSEN2\_HL** - Bank 0 Address 72<sub>HEX</sub>

**VSEN2\_LL** - Bank 0 Address 73<sub>HEX</sub>

**VSEN3\_HL** - Bank 0 Address 74<sub>HEX</sub>

**VSEN3\_LL** - Bank 0 Address 75<sub>HEX</sub>

**VSEN4\_HL** - Bank 0 Address 76<sub>HEX</sub>

**VSEN4\_LL** - Bank 0 Address 77<sub>HEX</sub>

**VSEN5\_HL** - Bank 0 Address 78<sub>HEX</sub>

**VSEN5\_LL** - Bank 0 Address 79<sub>HEX</sub>

**VSEN6\_HL** - Bank 0 Address 7A<sub>HEX</sub>

**VSEN6\_LL** - Bank 0 Address 7B<sub>HEX</sub>

**VSEN7\_HL** - Bank 0 Address 7C<sub>HEX</sub>

**VSEN7\_LL** - Bank 0 Address 7D<sub>HEX</sub>  
**VSEN8\_HL** - Bank 0 Address 7E<sub>HEX</sub>  
**VSEN8\_LL** - Bank 0 Address 7F<sub>HEX</sub>  
**VSEN9\_HL** - Bank 0 Address 80<sub>HEX</sub>  
**VSEN9\_LL** - Bank 0 Address 81<sub>HEX</sub>  
**VSEN10\_HL** - Bank 0 Address 82<sub>HEX</sub>  
**VSEN10\_LL** - Bank 0 Address 83<sub>HEX</sub>  
**VSEN11\_HL** - Bank 0 Address 84<sub>HEX</sub>  
**VSEN11\_LL** - Bank 0 Address 85<sub>HEX</sub>  
**VTT\_HL** - Bank 0 Address 86<sub>HEX</sub>  
**VTT\_LL** - Bank 0 Address 87<sub>HEX</sub>  
**3VDD\_HL** - Bank 0 Address 88<sub>HEX</sub>  
**3VDD\_LL** - Bank 0 Address 89<sub>HEX</sub>  
**3VSB\_HL** - Bank 0 Address 8A<sub>HEX</sub>  
**3VSB\_LL** - Bank 0 Address 8B<sub>HEX</sub>  
**VBAT\_HL** - Bank 0 Address 8C<sub>HEX</sub>  
**VBAT\_LL** - Bank 0 Address 8D<sub>HEX</sub>  
**VOLT1\_HL\_LSB** - Bank 0 Address 8E<sub>HEX</sub>  
**VOLT1\_LL\_LSB** - Bank 0 Address 8F<sub>HEX</sub>  
**VOLT2\_HL\_LSB** - Bank 0 Address 90<sub>HEX</sub>  
**VOLT2\_LL\_LSB** - Bank 0 Address 91<sub>HEX</sub>  
**VOLT3\_HL\_LSB** - Bank 0 Address 92<sub>HEX</sub>  
**VOLT3\_LL\_LSB** - Bank 0 Address 93<sub>HEX</sub>  
**VOLT4\_HL\_LSB** - Bank 0 Address 94<sub>HEX</sub>  
**VOLT4\_LL\_LSB** - Bank 0 Address 95<sub>HEX</sub>

Reset: 3VSB Rising.  
Init Reset (CR01.Bit7) is set,  
3VDD Rising @ RST\_VDD\_MD (CR01.Bit5) set,  
SYSRSTIN# Falling @ SYSRST\_MD (CR01.Bit6) set.

#### VOLTAGE HL/LL (HIGH BYTE)

BIT	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
NAME	<b>VSEN1_HL, VSEN1_LL, VSEN2_HL, VSEN2_LL, VSEN3_HL, VSEN3_LL, VSEN4_HL, VSEN4_LL, VSEN5_HL, VSEN5_LL, VSEN6_HL, VSEN6_LL, VSEN7_HL, VSEN7_LL, VSEN8_HL, VSEN8_LL, VSEN9_HL, VSEN9_LL, VSEN10_HL, VSEN10_LL, VSEN11_HL, VSEN11_LL, VTT_HL, VTT_LL, 3VDD_HL, 3VDD_LL, 3VSB_HL, 3VSB_LL, VBAT_HL, VBAT_LL.</b> Voltage High / Low Limit (high byte). The real voltage value calculation is referred to VOLTAGE VALUE CALCULATION description. 10-bit voltage value bit[9:2] High Limit default Value is FF <sub>HEX</sub> Low Limit default Value is 00 <sub>HEX</sub> VSEN9-VSEN11 functions are not for W83795ADG, they are reserved registers.							

VOLT1\_HL/LL\_LSB (LOW BYTE)

BIT	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
NAME	VSEN4_LSB		VSEN3_LSB		VSEN2_LSB		VSEN1_LSB	
Voltage High / Low Limit (low byte). 10-bit voltage value bit[1:0] VOLT1_HL_LSB default value is FF <sub>HEX</sub> VOLT1_LL_LSB default value is 00 <sub>HEX</sub>								

VOLT2\_HL/LL\_LSB (LOW BYTE)

BIT	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
NAME	VSEN8_LSB		VSEN7_LSB		VSEN6_LSB		VSEN5_LSB	
Voltage High / Low Limit (low byte). 10-bit voltage value bit[1:0] VOLT2_HL_LSB default value is FF <sub>HEX</sub> VOLT2_LL_LSB default value is 00 <sub>HEX</sub>								

VOLT3\_HL/LL\_LSB (LOW BYTE)

BIT	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
NAME	Reserved		VSEN11_LSB		VSEN10_LSB		VSEN9_LSB	
Voltage High / Low Limit (low byte). 10-bit voltage value bit[1:0] VOLT3_HL_LSB default value is 3F <sub>HEX</sub> VOLT3_LL_LSB default value is 00 <sub>HEX</sub> VSEN9-VSEN11 functions are not for W83795ADG, they are reserved registers.								

VOLT4\_HL/LL\_LSB (LOW BYTE)

BIT	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
NAME	VBAT_LSB		3VSB_LSB		3VDD_LSB		VTT_LSB	
Voltage High / Low Limit (low byte). 10-bit voltage value bit[1:0] VOLT4_HL_LSB default value is FF <sub>HEX</sub> VOLT4_LL_LSB default value is 00 <sub>HEX</sub>								

### 8.10.1.2. Temperature/Voltage Channel Limitation Registers

W83795G/ADG have multi-function pins for temperature and voltage monitoring. It needs set TEMP CRL1 and TEMP CRL2 registers to select temperature or voltage monitoring.

If select temperature monitoring, the effective width of data format is 10-bit 2's complement (9-bit plus sign).

Location:

#### FOR SELECT TEMPERATURE MONITORING:

<b>TD1/TR1 Critical</b>	- Bank 0 Address 96 <sub>HEX</sub>
<b>TD1/TR1 Critical Hystersis</b>	- Bank 0 Address 97 <sub>HEX</sub>
<b>TD1/TR1 Warning</b>	- Bank 0 Address 98 <sub>HEX</sub>
<b>TD1/TR1 Warning Hystersis</b>	- Bank 0 Address 99 <sub>HEX</sub>
<b>TD2/TR2 Critical</b>	- Bank 0 Address 9A <sub>HEX</sub>
<b>TD2/TR2 Critical Hystersis</b>	- Bank 0 Address 9B <sub>HEX</sub>
<b>TD2/TR2 Warning</b>	- Bank 0 Address 9C <sub>HEX</sub>
<b>TD2/TR2 Warning Hystersis</b>	- Bank 0 Address 9D <sub>HEX</sub>
<b>TD3/TR3 Critical</b>	- Bank 0 Address 9E <sub>HEX</sub>
<b>TD3/TR3 Critical Hystersis</b>	- Bank 0 Address 9F <sub>HEX</sub>
<b>TD3/TR3 Warning</b>	- Bank 0 Address A0 <sub>HEX</sub>
<b>TD3/TR3 Warning Hystersis</b>	- Bank 0 Address A1 <sub>HEX</sub>
<b>TD4/TR4 Critical</b>	- Bank 0 Address A2 <sub>HEX</sub>
<b>TD4/TR4 Critical Hystersis</b>	- Bank 0 Address A3 <sub>HEX</sub>
<b>TD4/TR4 Warning</b>	- Bank 0 Address A4 <sub>HEX</sub>
<b>TD4/TR4 Warning Hystersis</b>	- Bank 0 Address A5 <sub>HEX</sub>
<b>TR5 Critical</b>	- Bank 0 Address A6 <sub>HEX</sub>
<b>TR5 Critical Hystersis</b>	- Bank 0 Address A7 <sub>HEX</sub>
<b>TR5 Warning</b>	- Bank 0 Address A8 <sub>HEX</sub>
<b>TR5 Warning Hystersis</b>	- Bank 0 Address A9 <sub>HEX</sub>
<b>TR6 Critical</b>	- Bank 0 Address AA <sub>HEX</sub>
<b>TR6 Critical Hystersis</b>	- Bank 0 Address AB <sub>HEX</sub>
<b>TR6 Warning</b>	- Bank 0 Address AC <sub>HEX</sub>
<b>TR6 Warning Hystersis</b>	- Bank 0 Address AD <sub>HEX</sub>

Reset: 3VSB Rising.

Init Reset (CR01.Bit7) is set,

3VDD Rising @ RST\_VDD\_MD (CR01.Bit5) set,

SYSRSTIN# Falling @ SYSRST\_MD (CR01.Bit6) set.

#### CRITICAL TEMPERATURE

BIT	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
<b>NAME</b>	<b>TD1/TR1, TD2/TR2, TD3/TR3, TD4/TR4, TR5, TR6 Critical</b> Critical Temperature Value. The format of Temperature is 8-bit 2's complement and the range is $-128^{\circ}\text{C} \sim 127^{\circ}\text{C}$ .							
<b>VALUE</b>	SIGN	64	32	16	8	4	2	1
<b>DEFAULT</b>	64 <sub>HEX</sub> (100 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ )							



## CRITICAL TEMPERATURE HYSTERSIS

BIT	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
NAME	<b>TD1/TR1, TD2/TR2, TD3/TR3, TD4/TR4, TR5, TR6 Critical Hystersis</b> Critical Temperature Hystersis Value. The format of Temperature is 8-bit 2's complement and the range is $-128^{\circ}\text{C}$ ~ $127^{\circ}\text{C}$ .							
VALUE	SIGN	64	32	16	8	4	2	1
DEFAULT	5F <sub>HEX</sub> (95 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ )							

## WARNING TEMPERATURE

BIT	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
NAME	<b>TD1/TR1, TD2/TR2, TD3/TR3, TD4/TR4, TR5, TR6 Warning</b> Warning Temperature Value. The format of Temperature is 8-bit 2's complement and the range is $-128^{\circ}\text{C}$ ~ $127^{\circ}\text{C}$ .							
VALUE	SIGN	64	32	16	8	4	2	1
DEFAULT	55 <sub>HEX</sub> (85 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ )							

## WARNING TEMPERATURE HYSTERSIS

BIT	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
NAME	<b>TD1/TR1, TD2/TR2, TD3/TR3, TD4/TR4, TR5, TR6 Warning Hystersis</b> Warning Temperature Hystersis Value. The format of Temperature is 8-bit 2's complement and the range is $-128^{\circ}\text{C}$ ~ $127^{\circ}\text{C}$ .							
VALUE	SIGN	64	32	16	8	4	2	1
DEFAULT	50 <sub>HEX</sub> (80 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ )							

## FOR SELECT VOLTAGE MONITORING:

VDSSEN14_HL	- Bank 0 Address 96 <sub>HEX</sub>
VDSSEN14_LL	- Bank 0 Address 97 <sub>HEX</sub>
VDSSEN14_HL_LSB	- Bank 0 Address 98 <sub>HEX</sub>
VDSSEN14_LL_LSB	- Bank 0 Address 99 <sub>HEX</sub>
VDSSEN15_HL	- Bank 0 Address 9A <sub>HEX</sub>
VDSSEN15_LL	- Bank 0 Address 9B <sub>HEX</sub>
VDSSEN15_HL_LSB	- Bank 0 Address 9C <sub>HEX</sub>
VDSSEN15_LL_LSB	- Bank 0 Address 9D <sub>HEX</sub>
VDSSEN16_HL	- Bank 0 Address 9E <sub>HEX</sub>
VDSSEN16_LL	- Bank 0 Address 9F <sub>HEX</sub>
VDSSEN16_HL_LSB	- Bank 0 Address A0 <sub>HEX</sub>
VDSSEN16_LL_LSB	- Bank 0 Address A1 <sub>HEX</sub>



<b>VDSSEN17_HL</b>	- Bank 0 Address A2 <sub>HEX</sub>
<b>VDSSEN17_LL</b>	- Bank 0 Address A3 <sub>HEX</sub>
<b>VDSSEN17_HL_LSB</b>	- Bank 0 Address A4 <sub>HEX</sub>
<b>VDSSEN17_LL_LSB</b>	- Bank 0 Address A5 <sub>HEX</sub>
<b>VSEN12_HL</b>	- Bank 0 Address A6 <sub>HEX</sub>
<b>VSEN12_LL</b>	- Bank 0 Address A7 <sub>HEX</sub>
<b>VSEN12_HL_LSB</b>	- Bank 0 Address A8 <sub>HEX</sub>
<b>VSEN12_LL_LSB</b>	- Bank 0 Address A9 <sub>HEX</sub>
<b>VSEN13_HL</b>	- Bank 0 Address AA <sub>HEX</sub>
<b>VSEN13_LL</b>	- Bank 0 Address AB <sub>HEX</sub>
<b>VSEN13_HL_LSB</b>	- Bank 0 Address AC <sub>HEX</sub>
<b>VSEN13_LL_LSB</b>	- Bank 0 Address AD <sub>HEX</sub>

Reset: 3VSB Rising.

Init Reset (CR01.Bit7) is set,

3VDD Rising @ RST\_VDD\_MD (CR01.Bit5) set,

SYSRSTIN# Falling @ SYSRST\_MD (CR01.Bit6) set.

#### VDSSEN\_HL/LL (HIGH BYTE)

BIT	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
<b>NAME</b>	<b>VDSSEN14_HL, VDSSEN14_LL, VDSSEN15_HL, VDSSEN15_LL,  VDSSEN16_HL, VDSSEN16_LL, VDSSEN17_HL, VDSSEN17_LL  VSEN12_HL, VSEN12_LL, VSEN13_HL, VSEN13_LL</b> Voltage High / Low Limit (high byte). The real voltage value calculation is referred to VOLTAGE VALUE CACLULATION description. 10-bit voltage value bit[9:2]							
<b>DEFAULT</b>	VDSSEN_HL default Value is 64 <sub>HEX</sub> VDSSEN_LL default Value is 5F <sub>HEX</sub>							

#### VDSSEN\_HL/LL\_LSB (LOW BYTE)

BIT	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
<b>NAME</b>	<b>VDSSEN_HL/LL_LSB</b>		<b>Unused.</b>					
	<b>VDSSEN14_HL_LSB, VDSSEN14_LL_LSB, VDSSEN15_HL_LSB, VDSSEN15_LL_LSB,  VDSSEN16_HL_LSB, VDSSEN16_LL_LSB, VDSSEN17_HL_LSB, VDSSEN17_LL_LSB  VSEN12_HL_LSB, VSEN12_LL_LSB, VSEN13_HL_LSB, VSEN13_LL</b> Voltage High / Low Limit (low byte). 10-bit voltage value bit[1:0]							
<b>DEFAULT</b>	VDSSEN_HL_LSB default value is 50 <sub>HEX</sub> VDSSEN_LL_LSB default value is 64 <sub>HEX</sub>							

### 8.10.1.3. Temperature Channel Limitation Registers

Before W83795G/ADG reads DTS1-DTS8 (Digital Temperature Sensor) temperature from INTEL PECI or AMD SB-TSI, it needs initial relative registers in BANK3. The effective width of Temperature Readout Value (high byte) and VR LSB (low byte) is for temperature data format is 10-bit 2's complement (9-bit plus sign).

Location:

- DTS Critical** - Bank 0 Address B2<sub>HEX</sub>
- DTS Critical Hystersis** - Bank 0 Address B3<sub>HEX</sub>
- DTS Warning** - Bank 0 Address B4<sub>HEX</sub>
- DTS Warning Hystersis** - Bank 0 Address B5<sub>HEX</sub>

Reset: 3VSB Rising.

Init Reset (CR01.Bit7) is set,

3VDD Rising @ RST\_VDD\_MD (CR01.Bit5) set,

SYSRSTIN# Falling @ SYSRST\_MD (CR01.Bit6) set.

#### CRITICAL TEMPERATURE

BIT	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
<b>NAME</b>	<b>DTS Critical</b> Critical Temperature Value. The format of Temperature is 8-bit 2's complement and the range is $-128^{\circ}\text{C}$ ~ $127^{\circ}\text{C}$ .							
<b>VALUE</b>	SIGN	64	32	16	8	4	2	1
<b>DEFAULT</b>	64 <sub>HEX</sub> (100 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ )							

#### CRITICAL TEMPERATURE HYSTERSIS

BIT	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
<b>NAME</b>	<b>DTS Critical Hystersis</b> Critical Temperature Hysteresis Value. The format of Temperature is 8-bit 2's complement and the range is $-128^{\circ}\text{C}$ ~ $127^{\circ}\text{C}$ .							
<b>VALUE</b>	SIGN	64	32	16	8	4	2	1
<b>DEFAULT</b>	5F <sub>HEX</sub> (95 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ )							

#### WARNING TEMPERATURE

BIT	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
<b>NAME</b>	<b>DTS Warning</b> Warning Temperature Value. The format of Temperature is 8-bit 2's complement and the range is $-128^{\circ}\text{C}$ ~ $127^{\circ}\text{C}$ .							
<b>VALUE</b>	SIGN	64	32	16	8	4	2	1

DEFAULT	55 <sub>HEX</sub> (85 °C)
---------	---------------------------

#### WARNING TEMPERATURE HYSTERISIS

BIT	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
NAME	<b>DTS Warning Hysteresis</b> Warning Temperature Hysteresis Value. The format of Temperature is 8-bit 2's complement and the range is -128°C~127°C.							
VALUE	SIGN	64	32	16	8	4	2	1
DEFAULT	50 <sub>HEX</sub> (80 °C)							

#### 8.10.1.4. FANIN Count Limitation Registers

The **FANIN\_HL** and **FHL\_LSB** are combined to 12-bit FANIN limit. It sets up the limit range for the FANIN count values. If the counter counts value larger than what the registers indicate, the W83795G/ADG will show alert in the real-time status and may take further actions based on user setups.

Location:

**FANIN1\_HL** - Bank 0 Address B6<sub>HEX</sub>  
**FANIN2\_HL** - Bank 0 Address B7<sub>HEX</sub>  
**FANIN3\_HL** - Bank 0 Address B8<sub>HEX</sub>  
**FANIN4\_HL** - Bank 0 Address B9<sub>HEX</sub>  
**FANIN5\_HL** - Bank 0 Address BA<sub>HEX</sub>  
**FANIN6\_HL** - Bank 0 Address BB<sub>HEX</sub>  
**FANIN7\_HL** - Bank 0 Address BC<sub>HEX</sub>  
**FANIN8\_HL** - Bank 0 Address BD<sub>HEX</sub>  
**FANIN9\_HL** - Bank 0 Address BE<sub>HEX</sub>  
**FANIN10\_HL** - Bank 0 Address BF<sub>HEX</sub>  
**FANIN11\_HL** - Bank 0 Address C0<sub>HEX</sub>  
**FANIN12\_HL** - Bank 0 Address C1<sub>HEX</sub>  
**FANIN13\_HL** - Bank 0 Address C2<sub>HEX</sub>  
**FANIN14\_HL** - Bank 0 Address C3<sub>HEX</sub>  
**FHL1\_LSB** - Bank 0 Address C4<sub>HEX</sub>  
**FHL2\_LSB** - Bank 0 Address C5<sub>HEX</sub>  
**FHL3\_LSB** - Bank 0 Address C6<sub>HEX</sub>  
**FHL4\_LSB** - Bank 0 Address C7<sub>HEX</sub>  
**FHL5\_LSB** - Bank 0 Address C8<sub>HEX</sub>  
**FHL6\_LSB** - Bank 0 Address C9<sub>HEX</sub>  
**FHL7\_LSB** - Bank 0 Address CA<sub>HEX</sub>

Reset: 3VSB Rising.  
Init Reset (CR01.Bit7) is set,



3VDD Rising @ RST\_VDD\_MD (CR01.Bit5) set,  
 SYSRSTIN# Falling @ SYSRST\_MD (CR01.Bit6) set.

#### FANIN1\_HL ~ FANIN14\_HL

BIT	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
NAME	<b>FANIN1_HL ~ FANIN14_HL</b> FANIN tachometer count limit (high byte). The real FANIN RPM count limit value calculation is referred to FANIN COUNT CACLULATION description. 12-bitCount Value bit[11:4]							
DEFAULT	FF <sub>HEX</sub>							

#### FHL1\_LSB

BIT	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
NAME	<b>FANIN2_HL_LSB</b>				<b>FANIN1_HL_LSB</b>			
	FANIN1 and FANIN2 tachometer count limit (lowe byte). 12-bitCount Value bit [3:0]							
DEFAULT	EE <sub>HEX</sub>							

#### FHL2\_LSB

BIT	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
NAME	<b>FANIN4_HL_LSB</b>				<b>FANIN3_HL_LSB</b>			
	FANIN3 and FANIN4 tachometer count limit (lowe byte). 12-bitCount Value bit [3:0]							
DEFAULT	EE <sub>HEX</sub>							

#### FHL3\_LSB

BIT	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
NAME	<b>FANIN6_HL_LSB</b>				<b>FANIN5_HL_LSB</b>			
	FANIN5 and FANIN6 tachometer count limit (lowe byte). 12-bitCount Value bit [3:0]							
DEFAULT	EE <sub>HEX</sub>							

#### FHL4\_LSB

BIT	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0

NAME	FANIN8_HL_LSB				FANIN7_HL_LSB			
	FANIN7 and FANIN8 tachometer count limit (lowe byte). 12-bitCount Value bit [3:0]							
DEFAULT	EE <sub>HEX</sub>							

## FHL5\_LSB

BIT	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
NAME	FANIN10_HL_LSB				FANIN9_HL_LSB			
	FANIN9 and FANIN10 tachometer count limit (lowe byte). 12-bitCount Value bit [3:0]							
DEFAULT	EE <sub>HEX</sub>							

## FHL6\_LSB

BIT	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
NAME	FANIN12_HL_LSB				FANIN11_HL_LSB			
	FANIN11 and FANIN12 tachometer count limit (lowe byte). 12-bitCount Value bit [3:0]							
DEFAULT	EE <sub>HEX</sub>							

## FHL7\_LSB

BIT	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
NAME	FANIN14_HL_LSB				FANIN13_HL_LSB			
	FANIN13 and FANIN14 tachometer count limit (lowe byte). 12-bitCount Value bit [3:0]							
DEFAULT	EE <sub>HEX</sub>							

## 8.11 Temperature Sensors Offset Registers

### 8.11.1.1. Temperature Offset Register



Each temperature channel has a corresponding offset register. In some situations, the customer may want to shift the offset. The default is 00<sub>HEX</sub>.

Location:

**TD1 Offset** - Bank 0 Address D0<sub>HEX</sub>

**TD2 Offset** - Bank 0 Address D1<sub>HEX</sub>

**TD3 Offset** - Bank 0 Address D2<sub>HEX</sub>

**TD4 Offset** - Bank 0 Address D3<sub>HEX</sub>

**TR5/6 Offset** - Bank 0 Address D4<sub>HEX</sub>

Reset: 3VSB Rising.

Init Reset (CR01.Bit7) is set,

3VDD Rising @ RST\_VDD\_MD (CR01.Bit5) set,

SYSRSTIN# Falling @ SYSRST\_MD (CR01.Bit6) set.

#### TD1-TD4 OFFSET TEMPERATURE

BIT	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
<b>NAME</b>	<b>TD1, TD2, TD3, TD4 Offset</b> Offset Temperature Value. The format of Temperature is 6-bit 2's complement and the range is -32°C~31°C.							
<b>VALUE</b>	Reserved		SIGN	16	8	4	2	1
<b>DEFAULT</b>	00 <sub>HEX</sub> (0°C)							

#### TR1/2 OFFSET TEMPERATURE

BIT	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
<b>NAME</b>	<b>TR6 Offset</b>				<b>TR5 Offset</b>			
	Offset Temperature Value. The format of Temperature is 4-bit 2's complement and the range is -8°C~7°C.							
<b>VALUE</b>	SIGN	4	2	1	SIGN	4	2	1
<b>DEFAULT</b>	00 <sub>HEX</sub> (0°C)							

## 9. REGISTER SUMMARY – BANK1

NNEMONIC	ADD (Hex)	POR (Hex)	TYPE	Description
UDIDDevCap	20	C1	RO	UDID Device Capability.
UDIDVersion	21	08	RO	UDID Version Number
UDIDVendor	22/23	10/50	RO	UDID Vendor ID
UDIDDev	24/25	79/5A	RW	UDID Device ID
UDIDIF	26/27	00/24	RW	UDID Interface
UDIDSubVen	28/29	00/00	RW	UDID Subsystem Vendor ID
UDIDSubDev	2A/2B	00/00	RW	UDID Subsystem Device ID
UDIDSpecID	2C-2F	*	RW	UDID Vendor-Specific ID
RNG	30-33	*	RO	Random Number Generator
ASFAdd	3F	00	RO	ASF Assigned Address
ENTY	40-72	*	RW	ASF Entity
ENTINS	80-A3	*	RW	ASF Entity Instance
PwrOnOption	B0	00	RW	Power On Control Option
PwrOnCmd	B1	11	RW	Power On Command
PwrDnCmd	B2	12	RW	Power Down Command
RstCmd	B3	10	RW	Remote Reset Command
ASFTM	B4	FF	WO	ASF Test Mode

\*: See registers description

### 9.1 ASF Control Registers

ASF or Alert Standard Format provides remote system abilities to monitor, discover and manage the local platform. All ASF control registers are located in Bank 1\*.

\*About the Bank Selection, please refer to the Bank Select register located at address 00<sub>Hex</sub>.

#### 9.1.1.1. SMBus ARP UDID Control Registers

Before activating ASF, the user must go through the ARP (Address Resolution Protocol) to dynamically obtain a valid address to manipulate ASF commands. In ARP, it is very important that UDID (Unique Device Identifier) is defined to distinguish different devices. Registers in this section are used to set up UDID.

For detailed operation of ARP and UDID, please refer to SMBus Specification version 2.0 (<http://www.smbus.org/specs/smbus20.pdf>) section 5.6 in page 34.



### 9.1.1.2. [ASF Sensor Entity Definition Registers](#)

In ASF Sensor, each sensor channel has 2 parameters, entity Instance and entity ID, to tell the ASF host its related location information on the platform. If the user uses the temperature sensor in locations different from the default, the W83795G/ADG provides all channel parameters that can be programmed to fit customers' application.

For details of entity ID, please refer to [Platform Event Trap Format Specification](#) Version 1.0 Table 6 in page 13.

Entity Instance is a sequential number which helps identify the sensor's location. The customer can set preferable sequence orders.

The summary of Entity and Entity Instance is in the following table.

Note that all channels can be disabled by multi-function pin selection or control registers.

VSEN9-VSEN11 functions are not for W83795ADG, they are reserved registers.

Sensor in W83795G/ADG	Event Status Index	Event Sensor Type	Event Number	Entity ID (Programmable)	Entity Instance (Programmable)
VSEN1	00h	02h (Voltage)	01h	03h (Processor)	01h
VSEN2	01h		02h		02h
VTT	02h		03h		03h
DTS1	03h	01h (Temperature)	04h		01h
DTS2	04h		05h		02h
DTS3	05h		06h		03h
DTS4	06h		07h		04h
DTS5	07h		08h		05h
DTS6	08h		09h		06h
DTS7	09h		0Ah		07h
DTS8	0Ah		0Bh		08h
TD1/TR1	0Bh	01h (Temperature)	0Ch	07h (System Board)	01h
TD2/TR2	0Ch		0Dh		02h
TD3/TR3	0Dh		0Eh		03h
TD4/TR4	0Eh		0Fh		04h
TR5	0Fh		10h		05h
TR6	10h		11h		06h
Reserved	11h		12h		07h
3VDD	12h	02h (Voltage)	13h		01h
3VSB	13h		14h		02h
VBAT	14h		15h		03h
VSEN3	15h		16h		04h
VSEN4	16h		17h	05h	

Sensor in W83795G/ADG	Event Status Index	Event Sensor Type	Event Number	Entity ID (Programmable)	Entity Instance (Programmable)	
VSEN5	17h		18h		06h	
VSEN6	18h		19h		07h	
VSEN7	19h		1Ah		08h	
VSEN8	1Ah		1Bh		09h	
VSEN9	1Bh		1Ch		0Ah	
VSEN10	1Ch		1Dh		0Bh	
VSEN11	1Dh		1Eh		0Ch	
VSEN12	1Eh		1Fh		0Dh	
VSEN13	1Fh		20h		0Eh	
VDSEN14	20h		21h		0Fh	
VDSEN15	21h		22h		10h	
VDSEN16	22h		23h		11h	
VDSEN17	23h		24h		12h	
FANIN1	24h		04h (Fan)		25h	01h
FANIN2	25h				26h	02h
FANIN3	26h				27h	03h
FANIN4	27h				28h	04h
FANIN5	28h	29h		05h		
FANIN6	29h	2Ah		06h		
FANIN7	2Ah	2Bh		07h		
FANIN8	2Bh	2Ch		08h		
FANIN9	2Ch	2Dh		09h		
FANIN10	2Dh	2Eh		0Ah		
FANIN11	2Eh	2Fh		0Bh		
FANIN12	2Fh	30h		0Ch		
FANIN13	30h	31h		0Dh		
FANIN14	31h	32h		0Eh		
Case OPEN / Intrusion	32h	05h (Physical Security)	33h	23h (System Chassis)	01h	



The channels in light-green can be disabled by multi-function pin selection or control registers.  
The channels are described in the following terms according to the status of each channel.

Description	Status	Event Sensor Type	Event Type	Event Offset	Event Severity
<b>TEMPERATURE SENSORS</b>					
Upper-Critical Going High	Going	01h Temperature	01h Threshold-Based	09h	10h Critical
Upper-Critical Going Low	Going			08h	
Upper-Non-critical Going High	3h Assert			07h	08h Non-critical
Upper-Non-critical Going Low				06h	
Lower-Non-critical Going High	2h Deassert			01h	01h Monitor
Lower-Non-critical Going Low				00h	
<b>VOLTAGE SENSORS</b>					
Generic Over Voltage Problem	3h	02h Voltage	07h Generic-Severity	02h	10h
Normal Voltage	2h			07h	01h
Generic Under Voltage Problem	3h			02h	10h
<b>FAN SENSORS</b>					
Normal FAN Speed	2h	04h Fan	07h	07h	01h
Generic FAN Failure	3h			02h	10h
<b>CASEOPEN/ CASE INTRUSION</b>					
Case Intruded	3h	05h Physical Security	6Fh Sensor Specific	00h	10h
Case Normal	2h			80h	01h

### 9.1.1.3. ASF Remote Control Definition Registers

ASF function in the W83795G/ADG also supports Remote Control. This function enables Management Information System (MIS) to remotely power on, power down, or reset the client's computer when there is abnormal operation.

The Remote Control function in the W83795G/ADG enables MIS to use side-band of Network Interface Controller to send ASF commands with SMBus. The format looks like

1	7	1	1	8	1	8	1	8	1	1
S	Slave Address	Wr	A	Command	A	Write Data	A	PEC	A	P
	Control Device Address	0	0	Control Command	0	Control Data Value	0	CRC Checksum	0	

"S" represents "Start" Cycle of SMBus transaction; "Wr" means "Write" Flag; "A" means "Acknowledge" from the W83795G/ADG, and "P" indicates a "Stop" Cycle. Letters in shadow mean responses from the W83795G/ADG. Otherwise, it is a host transmitted signal.

The last row above shows the meaning of each data. Control Device Address is the address assigned in the ARP process; Control Command is specified in the above registers. Control Data option is not supported in the W83795G/ADG. Thus with any value in this field, the W83795G/ADG will perform the same action.

Please refer to Section 5.4 in page 76 and Section 3.2.4.1 in page 33 in [Alert Standard Format Specification v2.0](#) for more details.

## 9.1.2 ASF Register Details

### 9.1.2.1. UDID Device Capability Register (UDIDDevCap)

SMBus Specification Working Group intends to use device capability to distinguish the arbitration priority of GeneralGetUDID() first. Thus the very first byte of the UDID is device capability, because SMBus is a MSB first serial protocol and if the client was pulled low, it wins the arbitration. It is set as C1<sub>HEX</sub>.

Location: **UDIDDevCap** - Bank 1 Address 20<sub>HEX</sub>

Type: Read Only

Reset: No Reset.

Default Value: C1<sub>HEX</sub>

BIT	DESCRIPTION
7-6	<b>Address Type.</b> 00 <sub>BIN</sub> = Fixed address device. It's the highest priority device. 01 <sub>BIN</sub> = Dynamic and persistent address device. 10 <sub>BIN</sub> = Dynamic and volatile address device. If powered-down, the address needs to be reassigned at next power on. The W83795G/ADG ASF address will be lost if 3VSB does not exist. 11 <sub>BIN</sub> = Random number device. (Default)
5-1	<b>Reserved.</b>
0	<b>PEC – PEC Support</b> 0 = PEC (Packet Error Code) is not supported on this device. 1 = PEC is supported on this device.

### 9.1.2.2. UDID Version Number Register (UDIDVersion)

This field defines the version of UDID and Silicon for the W83795G/ADG. The default is 08<sub>HEX</sub>.

Location: **UDIDVersion** - Bank 1 Address 21<sub>HEX</sub>

Type: Read Only

Reset: No Reset

Default Value: 08<sub>HEX</sub>

BIT	DESCRIPTION
7-6	<b>Reserved.</b>
5-3	<b>UDID Version.</b> 000 <sub>BIN</sub> = Reserved. 001 <sub>BIN</sub> = UDID version 1. (Default) 010 <sub>BIN</sub> -111 <sub>BIN</sub> = Reserved for future use.
2-0	<b>Silicon Version.</b> For the identification of the W83795G/ADG silicon version. 000 <sub>BIN</sub> stands for Version A/B.



### 9.1.2.3. UDID Vendor ID High/Low Byte Register (UDIDVendor)

This field defines Nuvoton vendor ID. The default is 1050<sub>HEX</sub>.

Location: **UDIDVendorH** - Bank 1 Address 22<sub>HEX</sub>  
**UDIDVendorL** - Bank 1 Address 23<sub>HEX</sub>

Type: Read Only

Reset: No Reset

**UDIDVendorH**

BIT	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
NAME	Vendor ID High Byte							
VALUE	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0

**UDIDVendorL**

BIT	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
NAME	Vendor ID Low Byte							
VALUE	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0

### 9.1.2.4. UDID Device ID High/Low Byte Register (UDIDDev)

This field defines Nuvoton device ID. The default is 795A<sub>HEX</sub>.

Location:

**UDIDDevH** - Bank 1 Address 24<sub>HEX</sub>

**UDIDDevL** - Bank 1 Address 25<sub>HEX</sub>

Type: Read / Write

Reset: 3VSB Rising.

Init Reset (CR01.Bit7) is set,

3VDD Rising @ RST\_VDD\_MD (CR01.Bit5) set,

SYSRSTIN# Falling @ SYSRST\_MD (CR01.Bit6) set.

**UDIDDevH**

BIT	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
NAME	Device ID High Byte							
VALUE	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	1

**UDIDDevL**

BIT	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
NAME	Device ID Low Byte							
VALUE	0	1	0	1	1	0	1	0

### 9.1.2.5. UDID Interface High/Low Byte Register (UDIDIF)

This field defines SMBus version and the supported protocol. It is reset to 0024<sub>HEX</sub>.

Location:

**UDIDIFH** - Bank 1 Address 26<sub>HEX</sub>

**UDIDIFL** - Bank 1 Address 27<sub>HEX</sub>

Type: Read Write

Reset: 3VSB Rising.

Init Reset (CR01.Bit7) is set,

3VDD Rising @ RST\_VDD\_MD (CR01.Bit5) set,

SYSRSTIN# Falling @ SYSRST\_MD (CR01.Bit6) set.

**UDIDIFH**

BIT	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
NAME	Reserved							
VALUE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

**UDIDIFL**

BIT	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
NAME	Reserved	IPMI	ASF	OEM	SMBus Version			
VALUE	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0

BIT	DESCRIPTION
15-7	<b>Reserved.</b>
6	<b>IPMI.</b> This device supports additional interface access capability per IPMI specification. 0 = Not supported. (Default) 1 = Supported.
5	<b>ASF.</b> This device supports additional interface access capability per ASF specification. 0 = Not supported. 1 = Supported. (Default)
4	<b>OEM.</b> Device supports vendor specific access capability per <a href="#">Subsystem Vendor ID</a> and <a href="#">Subsystem Device ID</a> . 0 = Not supported. (Default) 1 = Supported.
3-0	<b>SMBus Version.</b> 0 <sub>HEX</sub> = SMBus 1.0, not ARP available. 1 <sub>HEX</sub> = SMBus 1.1, not ARP available. 4 <sub>HEX</sub> = SMBus 2.0. (Default)

### 9.1.2.6. UDID Subsystem Vendor ID High/Low Byte Register (UDIDSubVen)

This field defines UDID support for Subsystems. If no subsystem is supported, it must be written with 0000<sub>HEX</sub>. It is reset to 0000<sub>HEX</sub>.

Location: **UDIDSubVenH** - Bank 1 Address 28<sub>HEX</sub>

**UDIDSubVenL** - Bank 1 Address 29<sub>HEX</sub>

Type: Read / Write

Reset: 3VSB Rising.

Init Reset (CR01.Bit7) is set,

3VDD Rising @ RST\_VDD\_MD (CR01.Bit5) set,

SYSRSTIN# Falling @ SYSRST\_MD (CR01.Bit6) set.

**UDIDSubVenH**

BIT	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
NAME	UDID Subsystem Vendor ID High Byte							
VALUE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

**UDIDSubVenL**

BIT	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
NAME	UDID Subsystem Vendor ID Low Byte							
VALUE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

### 9.1.2.7. UDID Subsystem Device ID High/Low Byte Register (UDIDSubDev)

This field defines UDID support for Subsystems. If no subsystem is supported, it must be written with 0000<sub>HEX</sub>. It is reset to 0000<sub>HEX</sub>.

Location: **UDIDSubDevH** - Bank 1 Address 2A<sub>HEX</sub>

**UDIDSubDevL** - Bank 1 Address 2B<sub>HEX</sub>

Type: Read / Write

Reset: 3VSB Rising.

Init Reset (CR01.Bit7) is set,

3VDD Rising @ RST\_VDD\_MD (CR01.Bit5) set,

SYSRSTIN# Falling @ SYSRST\_MD (CR01.Bit6) set.

**UDIDSubDevH**

BIT	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
NAME	UDID Subsystem Device ID High Byte							
VALUE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0



UDIDSubDevL

BIT	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
NAME	UDID Subsystem Device ID Low Byte							
VALUE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

#### 9.1.2.8. UDID Vendor-Specific ID Register (UDIDSpecID)

This field defines unique Vendor-Specific ID for different versions of the W83795G/ADG. With this field, different W83795G/ADG will be identified on the same SMBus interface. This register will be loaded with a random number when receiving the reset signal.

Location:

**UDIDSpecID4** - Bank 1 Address 2C<sub>HEX</sub>

**UDIDSpecID3** - Bank 1 Address 2D<sub>HEX</sub>

**UDIDSpecID2** - Bank 1 Address 2E<sub>HEX</sub>

**UDIDSpecID1** - Bank 1 Address 2F<sub>HEX</sub>

Type: Read Write

Reset: 3VSB Rising.

Init Reset (CR01.Bit7) is set,

3VDD Rising @ RST\_VDD\_MD (CR01.Bit5) set,

SYSRSTIN# Falling @ SYSRST\_MD (CR01.Bit6) set.

ARP ResetDevice Command.

UDIDSpecID4 – UDIDSpecID1

BIT	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
NAME	UDID Specific Vendor ID							
VALUE	default value is load from RNG							

#### 9.1.2.9. Random Number Generator Register (RNG)

The W83795G/ADG internally generates pseudo random numbers by using CRC generator and internal clock. Due to the deviations of the internal clock, different IC and different power-on time will affect the results of the random numbers. It is reset to FFFF<sub>HEX</sub>.

Location:

**RNG4** - Bank 1 Address 30<sub>HEX</sub>

**RNG3** - Bank 1 Address 31<sub>HEX</sub>

**RNG2** - Bank 1 Address 32<sub>HEX</sub>

**RNG1** - Bank 1 Address 33<sub>HEX</sub>

Type: Read Only

Reset: None.

## RNG4 – RNG1

BIT	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
NAME	Random Number Code							
VALUE	random number							

**9.1.2.10. ASF Assigned Address Register (ASFAdd)**

After the ARP host obtains related device UDID, it will start to assign each device for later use. The W83795G/ADG will record this assigned address and set it as the default address for ASF transactions. It is reset to 00<sub>HEX</sub>.

Location: **ASFAdd** - Bank 1 Address 3F<sub>HEX</sub>

Type: Read Only

Reset: 3VSB Rising,  
Init Reset (CR01.Bit7) is set.

## ASFAdd

BIT	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
NAME	<b>ASF Address</b> This register will be assigned while ARP AssignAddress command issued.							
VALUE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

**9.1.2.11. ASF Entity/Instance Registers (ENTY/ENTINS)**

The W83795G/ADG supports various channels which can be reported to the host through ASF protocol. Each sensor channel is associated with an entity (or location on the motherboard) and entity instance. The [Table](#) provides an overall look for these registers. The registers are located in Bank 1\*.

\*About the Bank Selection, please refer to the Bank Select register located at address 00<sub>Hex</sub>.

Type: Read / Write

Reset: 3VSB Rising.

Init Reset (CR01.Bit7) is set,  
3VDD Rising @ RST\_VDD\_MD (CR01.Bit5) set,  
SYSRSTIN# Falling @ SYSRST\_MD (CR01.Bit6) set.

**Entity Registers:** Entity of each sensor channel. For other entity types, please refer to PET Spec.

03<sub>HEX</sub>: Processor

07<sub>HEX</sub>: System Board.

23<sub>HEX</sub>: Chassis Back Panel Board.

NNEMONIC	ADD (Hex)	VALUE (Hex)	DESCRIPTION
VSEN1_ENTY	40	03	VSEN1 Entity ID
VSEN2_ENTY	41	03	VSEN2 Entity ID
VSEN3_ENTY -	42-4C	07	VSEN3 - VSEN13 Entity ID

NNEMONIC	ADD (Hex)	VALUE (Hex)	DESCRIPTION
VSEN13_ENTY			
VDSEN14_ENTY - VDSEN17_ENTY	4D-50	07	VDSEN14 - VDSEN17 Entity ID
VTT_ENTY	51	03	VTT Entity ID
3VDD_ENTY	52	07	3VDD Entity ID
3VSB_ENTY	53	07	3VDD Entity ID
VBAT	54	07	VBAT Entity ID
FANIN1_ENTY - FANIN14_ENTY	55-62	07	FANIN1 – FANIN14 Entity ID
TD1_ENTY - TD4_ENTY	63-66	07	TD1 – TD4 Entity ID
TR1_ENTY - TR2_ENTY	67-68	07	TR1 – TR2 Entity ID
DTS1_ENTY - DTS8_ENTY	69-70	03	DTS1 – DTS8 Entity ID
Reserved	71		
CHS_ENTY	72	23	Chassis Entity ID

**Entity Instance Registers:**

NNEMONIC	ADD (Hex)	VALUE (Hex)	DESCRIPTION
VSEN1_ENTINS	80	01	Bit[4:0] is VSEN1 Entity instance
VSEN2_ENTINS	81	02	Bit[4:0] is VSEN2 Entity instance
VSEN3_ENTINS - VSEN13_ENTINS	82-8C	04-0E	Bit[4:0] is VSEN3 – VSEN13 Entity instance VSEN9-VSEN11 Entity functions are not for W83795ADG.
VDSEN14_ENTINS - VDSEN17_ENTINS	8D-90	0F-12	Bit[4:0] is VDSEN14 – VDSEN17 Entity instance
VTT_ENTINS	91	03	Bit[4:0] is VTT Entity instance
3VDD_ENTINS	92	01	Bit[4:0] is 3VDD Entity instance
3VSB_ENTINS	93	02	Bit[4:0] is 3VSB Entity instance
VBAT_ENTINS	94	03	Bit[4:0] is VBAT Entity instance
FANIN1_ENTINS - FANIN2_ENTINS	95	21	Bit[7:4] is FANIN2 Entity instance. Bit[3:0] is FANIN1 Entity instance.
FANIN3_ENTINS - FANIN4_ENTINS	96	43	Bit[7:4] is FANIN4 Entity instance. Bit[3:0] is FANIN3 Entity instance.

NNEMONIC	ADD (Hex)	VALUE (Hex)	DESCRIPTION
FANIN5_ENTINS - FANIN6_ENTINS	97	65	Bit[7:4] is FANIN6 Entity instance. Bit[3:0] is FANIN5 Entity instance.
FANIN7_ENTINS - FANIN8_ENTINS	98	87	Bit[7:4] is FANIN8 Entity instance. Bit[3:0] is FANIN7 Entity instance.
FANIN9_ENTINS - FANIN10_ENTINS	99	A9	Bit[7:4] is FANIN10 Entity instance. Bit[3:0] is FANIN9 Entity instance.
FANIN11_ENTINS - FANIN12_ENTINS	9A	CB	Bit[7:4] is FANIN12 Entity instance. Bit[3:0] is FANIN11 Entity instance.
FANIN13_ENTINS - FANIN14_ENTINS	9B	ED	Bit[7:4] is FANIN14 Entity instance. Bit[3:0] is FANIN13 Entity instance.
TD1_ENTINS - TD2_ENTINS	9C	21	Bit[7:4] is TD2 Entity instance. Bit[3:0] is TD1 Entity instance.
TD3_ENTINS - TD4_ENTINS	9D	43	Bit[7:4] is TD4 Entity instance. Bit[3:0] is TD3 Entity instance.
TR1_ENTINS - TR2_ENTINS	9E	65	Bit[7:4] is TR2 Entity instance. Bit[3:0] is TR1 Entity instance.
DTS1_ENTINS - DTS2_ENTINS	9F	21	Bit[7:4] is DTS2 Entity instance. Bit[3:0] is DTS1 Entity instance.
DTS3_ENTINS - DTS4_ENTINS	A0	43	Bit[7:4] is DTS4 Entity instance. Bit[3:0] is DTS3 Entity instance.
DTS5_ENTINS - DTS6_ENTINS	A1	65	Bit[7:4] is DTS6 Entity instance. Bit[3:0] is DTS5 Entity instance.
DTS7_ENTINS - DTS8_ENTINS	A2	87	Bit[7:4] is DTS8 Entity instance. Bit[3:0] is DTS7 Entity instance.
CHS_ENTY	A3	17	Bit[7:4] is Chassis Entity instance. Bit[3:0] is Reserved.

#### 9.1.2.12. Power on Control Option Register (PwrOnOption)

The W83795G/ADG supports 2 ways to power the system. One is to power the system only one time, no matter 3VDD rises or not. The other is the W83795G/ADG continues to issues power-on cycles until it detects 3VDD is already powered on.

Location: **PwrOnOption** - Bank 1 Address B0<sub>HEX</sub>

Type: Read / Write

Reset: 3VSB Rising.

Init Reset (CR01.Bit7) is set,

3VDD Rising @ RST\_VDD\_MD (CR01.Bit5) set,

SYSRSTIN# Falling @ SYSRST\_MD (CR01.Bit6) set.

#### PwrOnOption

BIT	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
NAME	Nuvoton Test Modes							PWR1T
VALUE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

BIT	DESCRIPTION
7-0	<b>Nuvoton Test Modes.</b> Test modes for production. Nuvoton strongly suggests the customer not use these registers to avoid system malfunction.
0	<b>PWR1T</b> – Power on One Time. 0 = Continues to issue power-on cycles, PWRBTN# assert 0.1sec every 1sec until 3VDD is powered-on.

#### 9.1.2.13. Power on Command Register (PwrOnCmd)

ASF Remote Control Command supports Remote Power on features. Here defines the Power on commands supported by the W83795G/ADG.

Location: **PwrOnCmd** - Bank 1 Address B1<sub>HEX</sub>

Type: Read / Write

Reset: 3VSB Rising.

Init Reset (CR01.Bit7) is set,

3VDD Rising @ RST\_VDD\_MD (CR01.Bit5) set,

SYSRSTIN# Falling @ SYSRST\_MD (CR01.Bit6) set.

#### PwrOnCmd

BIT	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
NAME	Remote Power On Command							
VALUE	11 <sub>HEX</sub>							

#### 9.1.2.14. Power down Command Register (PwrDnCmd)

ASF Remote Control Command supports Remote Power Down features. Here defines the Power off commands supported by the W83795G/ADG.

Location: **PwrDnCmd** - Bank 1 Address B2<sub>HEX</sub>

Type: Read / Write

Reset: 3VSB Rising.

Init Reset (CR01.Bit7) is set,

3VDD Rising @ RST\_VDD\_MD (CR01.Bit5) set,

SYSRSTIN# Falling @ SYSRST\_MD (CR01.Bit6) set.

#### PwrOffCmd

Bit	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Name	<b>Remote Power Down Command</b>							
Reset	12 <sub>HEX</sub>							

#### 9.1.2.15. Remote Reset Command Register (RstCmd)

ASF Remote Control Command supports Remote Reset features. Here defines the Reset commands supported by the W83795G/ADG.

Location: **RstCmd** - Bank 1 Address B3<sub>HEX</sub>

Type: Read / Write

Reset: 3VSB Rising.

Init Reset (CR01.Bit7) is set,

3VDD Rising @ RST\_VDD\_MD (CR01.Bit5) set,

SYSRSTIN# Falling @ SYSRST\_MD (CR01.Bit6) set.

#### RstCmd

Bit	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Name	<b>Remote Reset Command</b>							
Reset	10 <sub>HEX</sub>							

#### 9.1.2.16. ASF Test Mode (ASFTM)

Location: **ASFTM** - Bank 1 Address B4<sub>HEX</sub>

Type: Write Only

Reset: 3VSB Rising.

Init Reset (CR01.Bit7) is set,

3VDD Rising @ RST\_VDD\_MD (CR01.Bit5) set,

SYSRSTIN# Falling @ SYSRST\_MD (CR01.Bit6) set.

#### ASFTM

Bit	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Name	<b>ASFTM - ASF Test Mode</b> Test modes for production. Nuvoton strongly suggests the customer not use these registers to avoid system malfunction.							
Reset	FF <sub>HEX</sub>							

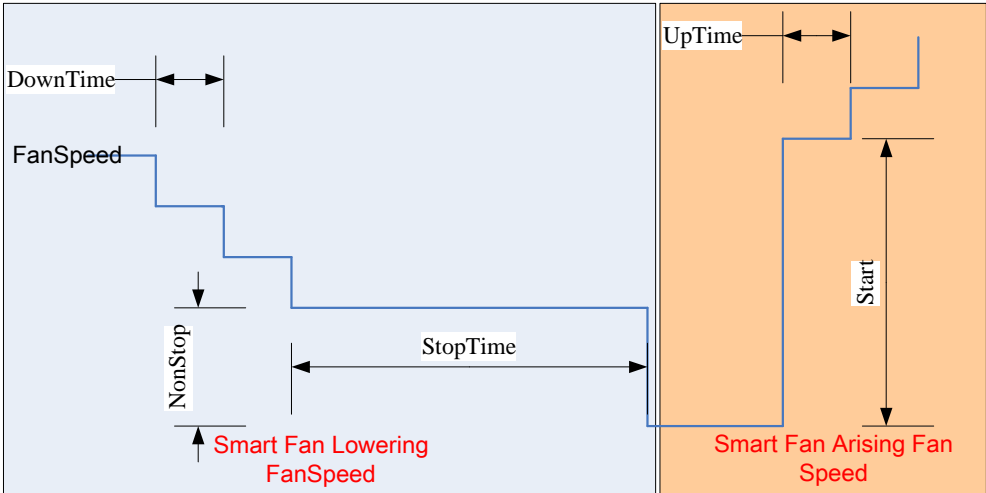
## 10. REGISTER SUMMARY – BANK2

NNEMONIC	ADD (Hex)	POR (Hex)	TYPE	Description
FCMS	01/08	00/00	RW	Fan Control Mode Selection
TFMR	02-07	00	RW	Temperature to Fan mapping Relationships
TSS	09-0B	00	RW	Temperature Source Selection
DFSP	0C	4D	RW	Default Fan Speed at Power-on
SFOSUT	0D	80	RW	SmartFan Output Step Up Time
SFOSDT	0E	80	RW	SmartFan Output Step Down Time
FOMC	0F	*	RW	Fan Output Mode Control
FOV	10-17	4D	RW or RO	Fan Output Value
FOPFP	18-1F	84	RW	Fan Output PWM Frequency Prescaler
FOSV	20-27	30	RW	Fan Output Start-up Value
FONV	28-2F	10	RW	Fan Output Nonstop Value
FOST	30-37	FF	RW	Fan Output Stop Time
FOPPC	38	FF	RW	Fan Output PWM Polarity Control
FTS	40-4F	*	RW	FANIN Target Speed
TFTS	50	10	RW	Tolerance of FANIN Target Speed
TTTI	60-65	28	RW	Target Temperature of Temperature Inputs
CTFS	68-6D	50	RW	Critical Temperature to Full Speed all fan
HT	70-75	53	RW	Hystersis of Temperature
SFIV	80-DE	*	RW	SMART FAN™ IV Temperature and DC/PWM Registers
CRPE	E0/E1	00	RW	Configure Register of PECl Error
FOMV	E2-E9	80	RW	Fan Output Min Value when PECl Error

\*: See registers description

### 10.1.1.1. Smart Fan Setup/Status registers

In SmartFan Mode, a specific temperature will be defined in **Critical Temperature to Full Speed all fan (CTFS)** Bank2 Address 68<sub>HEX</sub> – 6D<sub>HEX</sub>. If any temperature input detected is higher than this, all fans will operate at full speed simultaneously. The definitions of the control parameters in normal use are shown in the following graph.



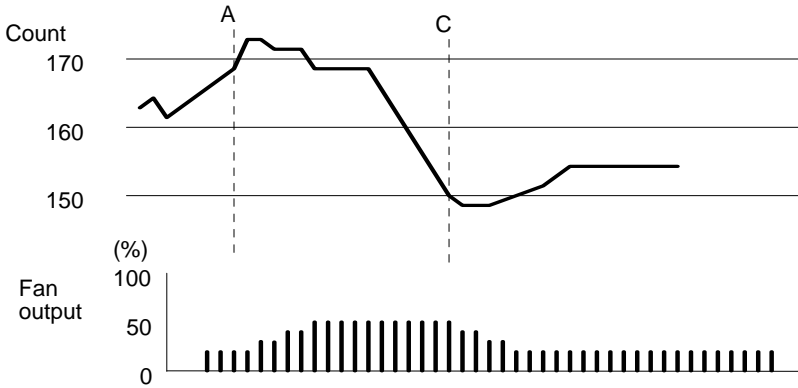
Smart Fan Control Parameters Figure

10.1.1.2. Speed Cruise Mode

Eight pairs of fan input sensors (FANIN8-FANIN1) and fan outputs (FANCTL8-FANCTL1) in Fan Speed Cruise mode. FANCTL8-FANCTL1 and FANIN8-FANIN1 mapping are one-by-one relationship. FANCTL8 is applies to FANIN8. FANCTL7 is applies to FANIN7...etc. FANCTL3-FANCTL8 functions are not for W83795ADG.

- Set the fan output (FANCTL1 – FANCTL8) controlled mode by **Fan Control Mode Selection Registers (FCMS)** Bank2 Address 01<sub>HEX</sub> and 08<sub>HEX</sub>
- Set **FANIN Target Speed (FTS)** Bank2 Address 40<sub>HEX</sub> – 4F<sub>HEX</sub>
- Set **Tolerance of FANIN Target Speed (TFTS)** Bank2 Address 50<sub>HEX</sub>

Fan Speed Cruise mode keeps the fan speed in a specified range. First, this range is defined in BIOS by a fan speed count (the amount of time between clock input signals, not the number of clock input signals in a period of time) and an interval (e.g., 160 ± 10). As long as the fan speed count is in the specified range, fan output remains the same. If the fan speed count is higher than the high end (e.g., 170), fan output increases to make the count lower. If the fan speed count is lower than the low end (e.g., 150), fan output decreases to make the count higher. One example is illustrated in this figure.



Mechanism of Fan Speed Cruise™ Mode



### 10.1.1.3. Thermal Cruise Mode

Thermal Cruise mode is an algorithm to control the fan speed to keep the temperature source around the **TTTI** (Target Temperature of Temperature Inputs). If the temperature source detects temperatures higher or lower than the target temperatures with **HT** (Hysteresis of Temperature), Smart Fan Control will take actions to speed up or slow down the fan to keep the temperature within the tolerance range.

FANCTL3-FANCTL8 functions are not for W83795ADG.

- The temperature sensor selected by **Temperature Source Selection Register (TSS)** Bank 2 Address  $09_{\text{HEX}} - 0B_{\text{HEX}}$
- The fan output (FANCTL1 – FANCTL8) selected by **Temperature to Fan mapping Relationships Register (TFMR)** Bank2 Address  $09_{\text{HEX}} - 0B_{\text{HEX}}$
- Set the fan output (FANCTL1 – FANCTL8) controlled mode by **Fan Control Mode Selection Registers (FCMS)** Bank2 Address  $01_{\text{HEX}}$  and  $08_{\text{HEX}}$
- Set **Critical Temperature to Full Speed all fan (CTFS)** Bank2 Address  $68_{\text{HEX}} - 6D_{\text{HEX}}$
- Set **Target Temperature of Temperature Inputs (TTTI)** Bank2 Address  $60_{\text{HEX}} - 65_{\text{HEX}}$
- Set **Hysteresis of Temperature (HT)** Bank2 Address  $70_{\text{HEX}} - 75_{\text{HEX}}$

Thermal Cruise mode controls the fan speed to keep the temperature in a specified range. First, this range is defined in BIOS by a temperature and the interval (e.g.,  $55\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C} \pm 3\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ ). As long as the current temperature remains below the low end of this range (i.e.,  $52\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ ), the fan is off. Once the temperature exceeds the low end, the fan turns on at a speed defined in BIOS (e.g., 20% output). Thermal Cruise mode then controls the fan output according to the current temperature. Three conditions may occur:

- (1) If the temperature still exceeds the high end, fan output increases slowly. If the fan is operating at full speed but the temperature still exceeds the high end, a warning message is issued to protect the system.
- (2) If the temperature falls below the high end (e.g.,  $58\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ ) but remains above the low end (e.g.,  $52\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ ), fan output remains the same.
- (3) If the temperature falls below the low end (e.g.,  $52\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ ), fan output decreases slowly to zero or to a specified "stop value". This stop value is enabled by Bank0 Index12h, bits 3 ~ 5, and the value itself is specified in Bank0 Index08h, Index09h, Index15h and Index 64h. The fan remains at the stop value for the period of time defined in Bank0 Index0Ch, Index0Dh, Index17h and Index 66h.

In general, Thermal Cruise mode means

- if the current temperature is higher than the high end, increase the fan speed;
- if the current temperature is lower than the low end, decrease the fan speed;
- otherwise, keep the fan speed the same.

The following figures illustrate two examples of Thermal Cruise mode.

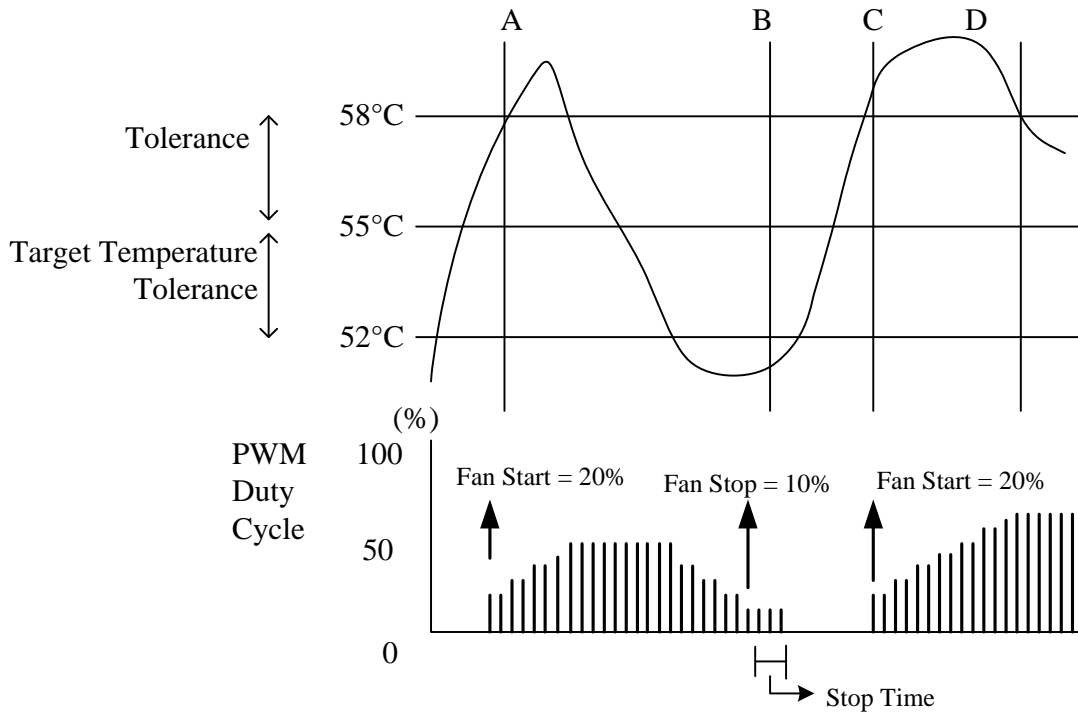


Figure 10-1 Mechanism of Thermal Cruise™ Mode (PWM Duty Cycle)

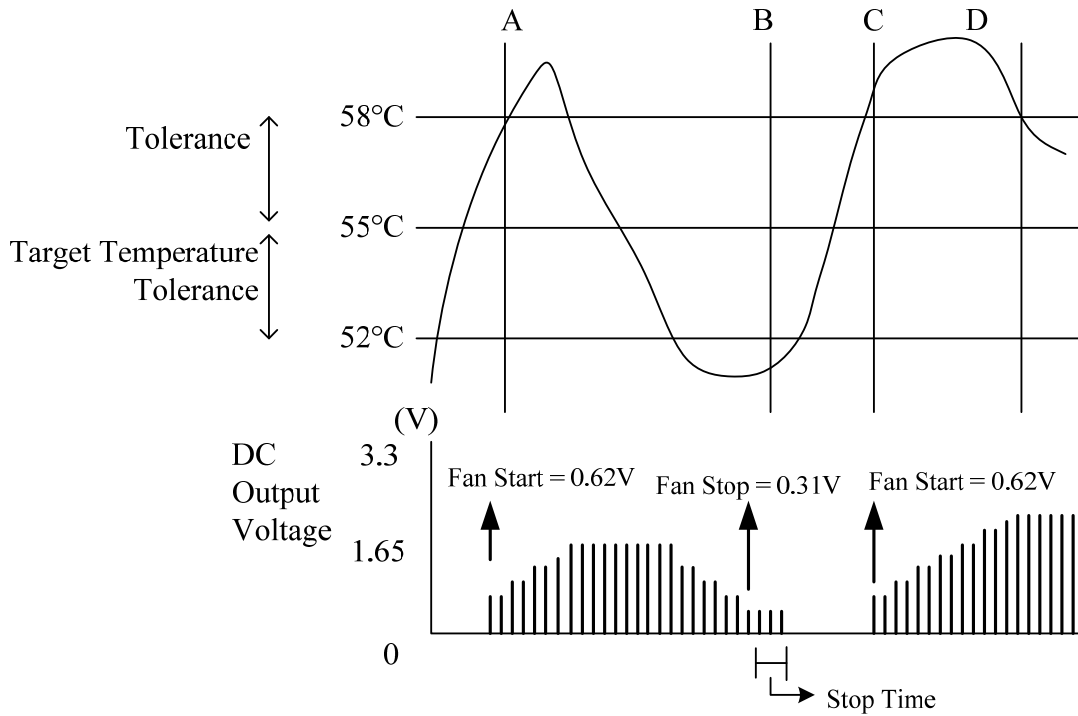


Figure 10-2 Mechanism of Thermal Cruise™ Mode (DC Output Voltage)



10.1.1.4. SMART FAN™ IV

SMART FAN™ IV offers 6 slopes to control the fan speed. There are eight fan outputs and six temperature sensors in SMART FAN™ IV mode.

FANCTL3-FANCTL8 functions are not for W83795ADG.

- The temperature sensor selected by **Temperature Source Selection Register (TSS)** Bank 2 Address 09<sub>HEX</sub> – 0B<sub>HEX</sub>
- The fan output (FANCTL1 – FANCTL8) selected by **Temperature to Fan mapping Relationships Register (TFMR)** Bank2 Address 09<sub>HEX</sub> – 0B<sub>HEX</sub>
- Set the fan output (FANCTL1 – FANCTL8) controlled mode by **Fan Control Mode Selection Registers (FCMS)** Bank2 Address 01<sub>HEX</sub> and 08<sub>HEX</sub>
- Set **Critical Temperature to Full Speed all fan (CTFS)** Bank2 Address 68<sub>HEX</sub> – 6D<sub>HEX</sub>
- Set the **Relative Register-at SMART FAN™ IV Control Mode Table**
- Set **Hystersis of Temperature (HT)** Bank2 Address 70<sub>HEX</sub> – 75<sub>HEX</sub>

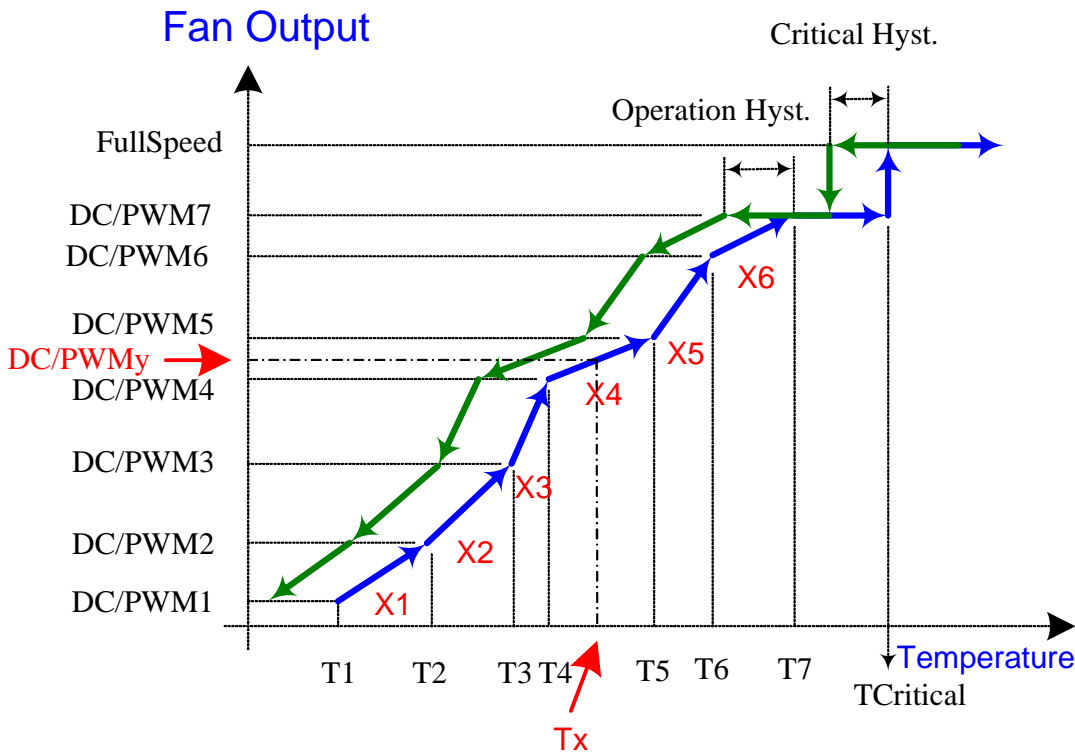
The 6 slopes can be obtained by setting DC/PWM1~DC/PWM7 and T1~T7 through the registers. When the temperature rises, FAN Output will calculate the DC/PWM output based on the current slope. For example, in the following figure, T1~T7 are the temperature set and DC/PWM1 ~ DC/PWM7 are the fan output set. Assume Tx is the current temperature and DC/PWMy is the fan output, then

The slope:

$$X4 = \frac{(DC/PWM5) - (DC/PWM4)}{(T5 - T4)}$$

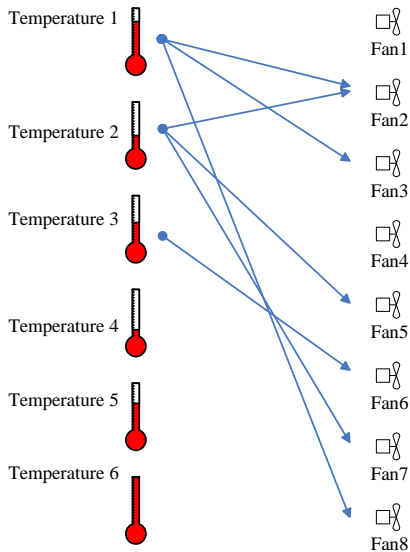
Fan Output:

$$DC/PWMy = (DC/PWM4) + (Tx - T4) \cdot X4$$



SMART FAN™ IV Mechanism

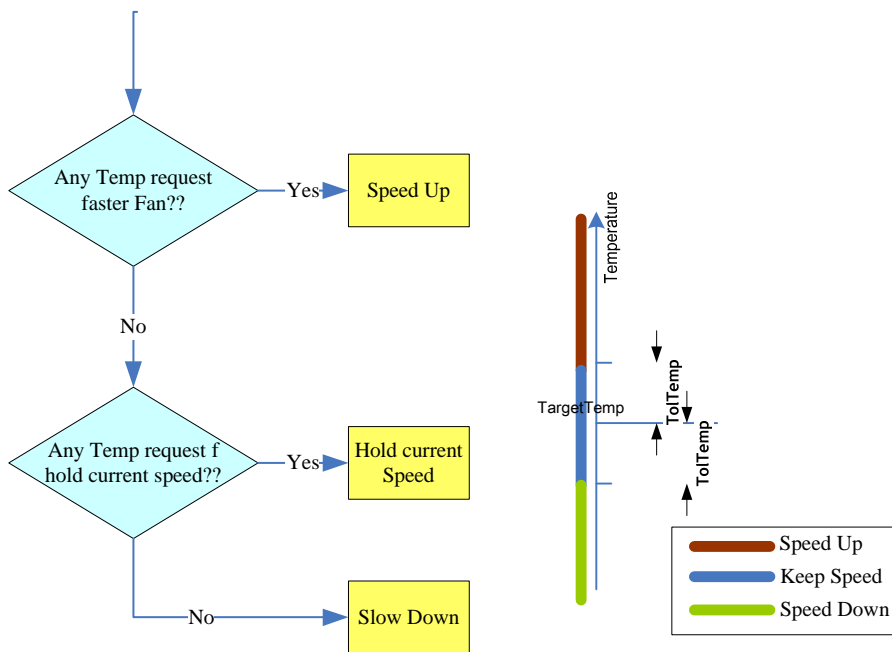
In addition, SMART FAN™ IV can also set up Critical Temperature and Hysteresis. If the current temperature exceeds Critical Temperature, Fan Output outputs DC/PWM7 value, no matter what the slope is. Once the temperature exceeds Critical Temperature, Fan Output value will be determined in accordance to the slope only when the temperature falls below ( $T_{Critical} - Criticl\ Hyst.$ )



The right graph gives a picture of how the mapping relationship is made by this setting.

In this example, Fan2 retrieves information from Temperature 1 and Temperature 2, and decides the next fan output value applied to Fan2. To speed up or to slow down the fan is based on the analysis of the W83795G/ADG. Basically, the W83795G/ADG sorts and analyzes the information from each temperature sensor and SmartFan Controls. The analysis may be like, "Temperature 1 needs to speed up the fan"; "Temperautre 2 does not need so fast fan speed"; "Temperuatre 1 does not need fast fans any more", and "Temperautre 2 hopes to keep the current fan speed". Then, the algorithm will make a decision to control the fan by the following simple rule.

If Temperautre 1 says, "I need a faster fan", and Temperuatre 2 says, "No fast fan needed". The W83795G/ADG will take request of TD1 and start to speed up the fan. In short, the W83795G/ADG always takes the most critical request and applies it to the related fan.



The concept is quite simple. When the temperature is higher than **TargetTemp+ Hystersis Temp**, the fan will be speeded up. When the temperature is lower than **TargetTemp- Hystersis Temp**, the fan will be slowed down. Otherwise, the fan keeps its current speed.

## 10.1.2 Fan Register Details

### 10.1.2.1. Fan Control Mode Selection Registers (FCMS)

Once the SmartFan function is enabled, the W83795G/ADG supports three SmartFan modes, Speed Cruise™, Thermal Cruise™ and SMART FAN™IV mode

Location:

Location: **FCMS1** - Bank 2 Address 01<sub>HEX</sub>

Location: **FCMS2** - Bank 2 Address 08<sub>HEX</sub>

Type: Read / Write

Reset: 3VSB Rising,

Init Reset (CR01.Bit7) is set,

3VDD Rising @ RST\_VDD\_MD (CR01.Bit5) set,

SYSRSTIN# Falling @ SYSRST\_MD (CR01.Bit6) set.

**FCMS1**

BIT	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
NAME	<b>F8SC</b>	<b>F7SC</b>	<b>F6SC</b>	<b>F5SC</b>	<b>F4SC</b>	<b>F3SC</b>	<b>F2SC</b>	<b>F1SC</b>
DEFAULT	00 <sub>HEX</sub>							

BIT	DESCRIPTION
7-0	<b>F8SC – F1SC:</b> Enable FANCTL8 – FANCTL1 Speed Cruise™ mode. 0 = FANCTL8 –FANCTL1 is applies fan control by <b>FCMS2</b> register. (Default) 1 = FANCTL8 – FANCTL1 is applies Speed Cruise™ control for FANIN8-FANIN1 speed inputs respectively. FANCTL3-FANCTL8 functions are not for W83795ADG.

**FCMS2**

BIT	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
NAME	<b>Reserved</b>		<b>T6FC</b>	<b>T5FC</b>	<b>T4FC</b>	<b>T3FC</b>	<b>T2FC</b>	<b>T1FC</b>
DEFAULT	00 <sub>HEX</sub>							

BIT	DESCRIPTION
7-6	<b>Reserved.</b>
5-0	<b>T6FC – T1FC:</b> Select Temp6 – Temp1 for Smart Fan mode. 0 = Thermal Cruise™ Mode. 1 = SMART FAN™IV Mode. NOTE: See also <b>TFMR</b> (Temperature to Fan mapping Relationships) register.

### 10.1.2.2. Temperature to Fan mapping Relationships Register (TFMR)

**T1FMR – T6FMR** is six temperature (temp1-temp6) sources to deal with the fan relationship. While reset it is cleared (00<sub>HEX</sub>).

Location:

**T1FMR** - Bank 2 Address 02<sub>HEX</sub>

**T2FMR** - Bank 2 Address 03<sub>HEX</sub>

**T3FMR** - Bank 2 Address 04<sub>HEX</sub>

**T4FMR** - Bank 2 Address 05<sub>HEX</sub>

**T5FMR** - Bank 2 Address 06<sub>HEX</sub>

**T6FMR** - Bank 2 Address 07<sub>HEX</sub>

Type: Read / Write

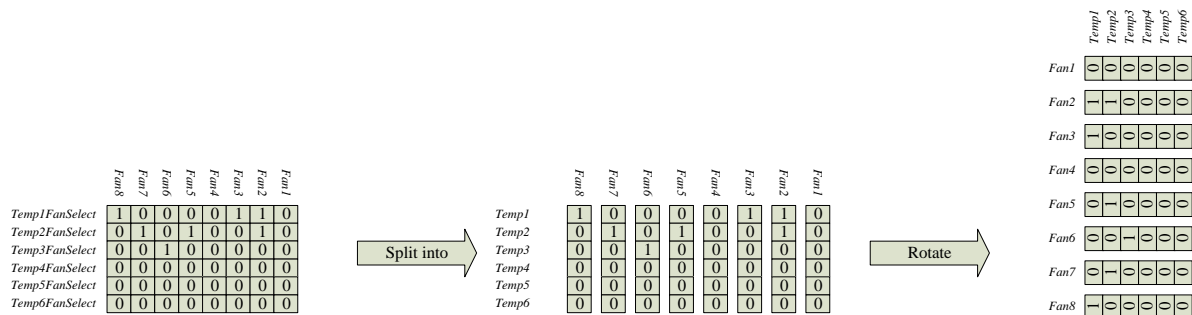
Reset: 3VSB Rising,  
Init Reset (CR01.Bit7) is set,  
3VDD Rising @ RST\_VDD\_MD (CR01.Bit5) set,  
SYSRSTIN# Falling @ SYSRST\_MD (CR01.Bit6) set.

**T1FMR – T6FMR**

BIT	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
NAME	F8SF	F7SF	F6SF	F5SF	F4SF	F3SF	F2SF	F1SF
DEFAULT	00 <sub>HEX</sub>							

BIT	DESCRIPTION
7-0	<p><b>F8SF – F1SF:</b> Enable FANCTL8 – FANCTL1 Smart Fan.                      0 = FANCTL has no relation with this temperature source. FANCTL is controlled by manual mode. (Default)                      1 = Applies SmartFan control for Thermal Cruise™ or SMART FAN™IV on FANCTL and this temperature.                      FANCTL3-FANCTL8 functions are not for W83795ADG.</p>

The following example explains the concept of **T1FMR – T6FMR** Mapping. In this case, **T1FMR** is set to 86<sub>HEX</sub>; **T2FMR** is set to 52<sub>HEX</sub>; **T3FMR** is set 20<sub>HEX</sub>, and the other 3 are left unset.



Splitting and rotating the six registers bit by bit as the figure above helps to understand the relationship better. For the rows of Fan1 and Fan4, all of the temperatures are de-asserted, which means Fan1/Fan4 and the temperature are irrelevant. Thus they are in the manual mode under this setting. For Fan2, it is clear that it is relative to temperature 1 and 2, so it will activate SmartFan control with temperature 1/2 as its input.



### 10.1.2.3. Temperature Source Selection Register (TSS)

W83795G/ADG has six temperature sources (Temp1-Temp6) to control SmartFan Mode, user can select Thermal Cruise mode or SMART FAN™ IV.

Location:

**T12TSS** - Bank 2 Address 09<sub>HEX</sub>

**T34TSS** - Bank 2 Address 0A<sub>HEX</sub>

**T56TSS** - Bank 2 Address 0B<sub>HEX</sub>

Type: Read / Write

Reset: 3VSB Rising,

Init Reset (CR01.Bit7) is set,

3VDD Rising @ RST\_VDD\_MD (CR01.Bit5) set,

SYSRSTIN# Falling @ SYSRST\_MD (CR01.Bit6) set.

#### T12TSS

BIT	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
<b>NAME</b>	Temp2 temperature source selection BIT [3-0] Refer the <a href="#">Temperature Source Selection Table</a> to select temperature source.				Temp1 temperature source selection BIT [3-0] Refer the <a href="#">Temperature Source Selection Table</a> to select temperature source.			
<b>DEFAULT</b>	00 <sub>HEX</sub>							

#### T34TSS

BIT	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
<b>NAME</b>	Temp4 temperature source selection BIT [3-0] Refer the <a href="#">Temperature Source Selection Table</a> to select temperature source.				Temp3 temperature source selection BIT [3-0] Refer the <a href="#">Temperature Source Selection Table</a> to select temperature source.			
<b>DEFAULT</b>	00 <sub>HEX</sub>							

#### T56TSS

BIT	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
<b>NAME</b>	Temp6 temperature source selection BIT [3-0]. Refer the <a href="#">Temperature Source Selection Table</a> to select temperature source.				Temp5 temperature source selection BIT [3-0] Refer the <a href="#">Temperature Source Selection Table</a> to select temperature source.			
<b>DEFAULT</b>	00 <sub>HEX</sub>							

[Temperature Source Selection Table:](#)

BIT [3-0]	Temperature Source					
	Temp1	Temp2	Temp3	Temp4	Temp5	Temp6
0000 <sub>BIN</sub>	TD1/TR1	TD2/TR2	TD3/TR3	TD4/TR4	TR5	TR6
0001 <sub>BIN</sub>	DTS1	DTS2	DTS3	DTS4	TD1/TR1	TD2/TR2
0010 <sub>BIN</sub>	DTS5	DTS6	DTS7	DTS8	TD3/TR3	TD4/TR4
0011 <sub>BIN</sub>	TR5	TR6	TR5	TR6	Reserved	Reserved
0100 <sub>BIN</sub> -1111 <sub>BIN</sub>	127°C	127°C	127°C	127°C	127°C	127°C



#### 10.1.2.4. Default Fan Speed at Power-on (DFSP)

**DFSP** (default fan speed at power-on) sets the initial speed of every fan. When the system is turned on, a default will be given to all fan outputs according to the register content. This register is specially designed to be reset by VSB only, so at the second system power on, the system will use the last setup speed to turn on all of the fans.

Location: **DFSP** - Bank 2 Address 0C<sub>HEX</sub>

Type: Read / Write

Reset: 3VSB Rising,

**DFSP**

BIT	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
<b>NAME</b>	<b>DefaultSpeed</b> (Default Fan Speed at Power-on). Specifies the fan duty at next power on.							
<b>DEFAULT</b>	4D <sub>HEX</sub>							

#### 10.1.2.5. SmartFan Output Step Up Time (SFOSUT)

**SFOSUT** adjusts the time interval of the fan speed up by a unit. The default setting is 12.8sec.

Location: **SFOSUT** - Bank 2 Address 0D<sub>HEX</sub>

Type: Read / Write

Reset: 3VSB Rising,

Init Reset (CR01.Bit7) is set,

3VDD Rising @ RST\_VDD\_MD (CR01.Bit5) set,

SYSRSTIN# Falling @ SYSRST\_MD (CR01.Bit6) set.

**SFOSUT**

BIT	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
<b>NAME</b>	<b>UpTime</b> (SmartFan Step Up Time). Unit in 0.1sec. Programmed as the interval of continuous Fan ramping up.							
<b>DEFAULT</b>	80 <sub>HEX</sub>							

SmartFan is designed for the smooth operation of the fan. The fan duty is seldom suddenly increased or decreased. Instead, most often the duty is increased or decreased by 1 LSB. The Up Time / Down Time register defines the time interval between successive duty increases or decreases. If this value is set too small, the fan will not have enough time to speed up after tuning the duty and sometimes may result in unstable fan speed. On the other hand, if Up Time / Down Time is set too large, the fan may not work fast enough to dissipate the heat. This register should never be set to 0. Otherwise, the fan duty will be abnormal.

Only in the following cases will the fan duty soar or plummet.

→3VDD Power – on/off

→Fan Turn off state to Start

→Fan at **FONV** (Fan Output Nonstop Value) to turn off state

#### 10.1.2.6. SmartFan Output Step Down Time (SFOSDT)

Down Time reduces the time interval of the fastest fan speed by a unit. The default setting is 12.8sec.

Location: **SFOSDT** - Bank 2 Address 0E<sub>HEX</sub>

Type: Read / Write

Reset: 3VSB Rising,

Init Reset (CR01.Bit7) is set,

3VDD Rising @ RST\_VDD\_MD (CR01.Bit5) set,

SYSRSTIN# Falling @ SYSRST\_MD (CR01.Bit6) set.

#### SFOSUT

BIT	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
NAME	<b>DownTime</b> (SmartFan Step Down Time). Unit in 0.1sec. Programmed as the interval of continuous Fan ramping Down.							
DEFAULT	80 <sub>HEX</sub>							

**This register should never be set to 0.** Otherwise, the fan duty will be abnormal.

#### 10.1.2.7. Fan Output Mode Control (FOMC)

Location:

**FOMC** - Bank 2 Address 0F<sub>HEX</sub>

Type: Read / Write

Reset: 3VSB Rising,

Init Reset (CR01.Bit7) is set,

3VDD Rising @ RST\_VDD\_MD (CR01.Bit5) set,

SYSRSTIN# Falling @ SYSRST\_MD (CR01.Bit6) set.

#### FOMC

BIT	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
NAME	<b>F8OMC</b>	<b>F7OMC</b>	<b>F6OMC</b>	<b>F5OMC</b>	<b>F4OMC</b>	<b>F3OMC</b>	<b>F2OMC</b>	<b>F1OMC</b>
DEFAULT	W83795G default value is 00 <sub>HEX</sub> W83795ADG default value is 02 <sub>HEX</sub>							

BIT	DESCRIPTION
7-0	<b>F8OMC – F1OMC:</b> FANCTL8 – FANCTL1 output mode control. 0 = PWM output duty cycle. (Default) 1 = DC output. FANCTL3-FANCTL8 functions are not for W83795ADG.

#### 10.1.2.8. Fan Output Value (FOV)

**F10V – F80V** is FANCTL1-FANCTL8 current fan output. In the manual mode, the user can set preferred fan output value. However, in the Smart Fan mode, it is read-only.

Fans that are not set to be in Speed Cruise™, Thermal Cruise™ or SMART FAN™IV are in Manual Mode.

Location:

**F10V** - Bank 2 Address 10<sub>HEX</sub>

**F20V** - Bank 2 Address 11<sub>HEX</sub>

**F30V** - Bank 2 Address 12<sub>HEX</sub>

**F40V** - Bank 2 Address 13<sub>HEX</sub>

**F50V** - Bank 2 Address 14<sub>HEX</sub>

**F60V** - Bank 2 Address 15<sub>HEX</sub>

**F70V** - Bank 2 Address 16<sub>HEX</sub>

**F80V** - Bank 2 Address 17<sub>HEX</sub>

Type: Read / Write (in Manual Mode)  
Read Only (in the Smart Fan mode)

Reset: 3VSB Rising,  
Init Reset (CR01.Bit7) is set,  
3VDD Rising @ RST\_VDD\_MD (CR01.Bit5) set,  
SYSRSTIN# Falling @ SYSRST\_MD (CR01.Bit6) set.

#### F10V – F80V

BIT	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
NAME	Output Value							
DEFAULT	Depend on <a href="#">DefaultSpeed</a> . 4D <sub>HEX</sub> .							

BIT	DESCRIPTION
7-0	<b>Output Value</b> – Current fan output value. Specifies the current fan output value of the fan (FANCTL8-FANCTL1). If 3VDD is low, this register is set to zero by the hardware. FANCTL3-FANCTL8 functions are not for W83795ADG.

**F10V – F80V** also has a special characteristic- sequential power-on respectively. This function is used to avoid over loads of the system current when the system is powered-on and all fans start to spin. The W83795G/ADG takes 0.1 second (12.5ms intervals for 8 fans) to turn on all of the fans one by one.

#### 10.1.2.9. Fan Output PWM Frequency Prescaler (FOPFP)

**F10PFP – F80PFP** control the FANCTL1-FANCTL8 fan output frequency in the PWM mode. A wide range of clocks can be selected to satisfy customer needs. The default output frequency is 26 KHz.

FANCTL3-FANCTL8 functions are not for W83795ADG.

Location:



**F1OPFP** - Bank 2 Address 18<sub>HEX</sub>  
**F2OPFP** - Bank 2 Address 19<sub>HEX</sub>  
**F3OPFP** - Bank 2 Address 1A<sub>HEX</sub>  
**F4OPFP** - Bank 2 Address 1B<sub>HEX</sub>

**F5OPFP** - Bank 2 Address 1C<sub>HEX</sub>  
**F6OPFP** - Bank 2 Address 1D<sub>HEX</sub>  
**F7OPFP** - Bank 2 Address 1E<sub>HEX</sub>  
**F8OPFP** - Bank 2 Address 1F<sub>HEX</sub>

Type: Read / Write

Reset: 3VSB Rising,

Init Reset (CR01.Bit7) is set,

3VDD Rising @ RST\_VDD\_MD (CR01.Bit5) set,

SYSRSTIN# Falling @ SYSRST\_MD (CR01.Bit6) set.

**F1OPFP – F8OPFP**

BIT	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
NAME	<b>CKSEL</b>	<b>Divisor</b>						
DEFAULT	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0

\* The default value of B version W83795G/ADG is 85h.

BIT	DESCRIPTION															
7	<b>CKSEL</b> – Clock source select.  <div style="text-align: center;">CLKIN Frequency</div> <table style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td style="width: 15%;">CLKSEL</td> <td style="width: 20%;">14.318MHz</td> <td style="width: 20%;">24MHz</td> <td style="width: 20%;">33MHz</td> <td style="width: 25%;">48MHz</td> </tr> <tr> <td>0</td> <td>1.024KHz</td> <td>1.024KHz</td> <td>1.024KHz</td> <td>1KHz</td> </tr> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>55.93Kz</td> <td>93.75KHz</td> <td>130.21KHz</td> <td>125KHz</td> </tr> </table>	CLKSEL	14.318MHz	24MHz	33MHz	48MHz	0	1.024KHz	1.024KHz	1.024KHz	1KHz	1	55.93Kz	93.75KHz	130.21KHz	125KHz
CLKSEL	14.318MHz	24MHz	33MHz	48MHz												
0	1.024KHz	1.024KHz	1.024KHz	1KHz												
1	55.93Kz	93.75KHz	130.21KHz	125KHz												
6-0	<b>Divisor</b> – Clock frequency Divisor.															

The clock source selected by CKSEL will be divided by the divisor and used as a fan PWM output frequency. There are 2 divisors depending on CKSEL.

If CKSEL equals 1, then the output clock is simply equal to 130.21/ (Divisor+1) KHz (@ frequency of CLKIN is 33MHz).

If CKSEL equals 0, the output clock is 1KHz/MappedDivisor. MappedDivisor depends on Divisor[3:0] and is described in the table below.

Divisor[3:0]	Mapped Divisor	Output Frequency	Divisor[3:0]	Mapped Divisor	Output Frequency
0000	1	1024Hz	1000	12	85Hz
0001	2	512Hz	1001	16	64Hz
0010	3	341Hz	1010	32	32Hz
0011	4	256Hz	1011	64	16Hz
0100	5	205Hz	1100	128	8Hz
0101	6	171Hz	1101	256	4Hz
0110	7	146Hz	1110	512	2Hz
0111	8	128Hz	1111	1024	1Hz

**10.1.2.10. Fan Output Start-up Value (FOSV)**

From still to rotate, the fan usually needs a higher fan output value to generate enough torque to conquer the restriction force. Thus the W83795G/ADG includes a **FOSV** (Fan Output Start-up Value) to turn on the fan with the specified output value. (Please refer to **Smart Fan Control Parameters Figure**)

Location:

**F1OSV** - Bank 2 Address 20<sub>HEX</sub>

**F2OSV** - Bank 2 Address 21<sub>HEX</sub>

**F3OSV** - Bank 2 Address 22<sub>HEX</sub>

**F4OSV** - Bank 2 Address 23<sub>HEX</sub>

**F5OSV** - Bank 2 Address 24<sub>HEX</sub>

**F6OSV** - Bank 2 Address 25<sub>HEX</sub>

**F7OSV** - Bank 2 Address 26<sub>HEX</sub>

**F8OSV** - Bank 2 Address 27<sub>HEX</sub>

Type: Read / Write

Reset: 3VSB Rising,

Init Reset (CR01.Bit7) is set,

3VDD Rising @ RST\_VDD\_MD (CR01.Bit5) set,

SYSRSTIN# Falling @ SYSRST\_MD (CR01.Bit6) set.

#### F1OSV – F8OSV

BIT	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
NAME	FanStart							
DEFAULT	30 <sub>HEX</sub>							

BIT	DESCRIPTION
7-0	<b>FanStart</b> –control the FANCTL1-FANCTL8 fan output start-up value. FANCTL3-FANCTL8 functions are not for W83795ADG.

#### 10.1.2.11. Fan Output Nonstop Value (FONV)

It takes some time to bring a fan from still to working state. Therefore, **F1ONV - F8ONV** are designed with a minimum fan output to keep the fan working when the system does not require the fan to help reduce heat but still want to keep the fast response time to speed up the fan. (Please refer to **Smart Fan Control Parameters Figure**)

Location:

**F1ONV** - Bank 2 Address 28<sub>HEX</sub>

**F2ONV** - Bank 2 Address 29<sub>HEX</sub>

**F3ONV** - Bank 2 Address 2A<sub>HEX</sub>

**F4ONV** - Bank 2 Address 2B<sub>HEX</sub>

**F5ONV** - Bank 2 Address 2C<sub>HEX</sub>

**F6ONV** - Bank 2 Address 2D<sub>HEX</sub>

**F7ONV** - Bank 2 Address 2E<sub>HEX</sub>

**F80NV** - Bank 2 Address 2F<sub>HEX</sub>

Reset: 3VSB Rising,  
Init Reset (CR01.Bit7) is set,  
3VDD Rising @ RST\_VDD\_MD (CR01.Bit5) set,  
SYSRSTIN# Falling @ SYSRST\_MD (CR01.Bit6) set.

**F10NV – F80NV**

BIT	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
NAME	FanNonStop							
DEFAULT	10 <sub>HEX</sub>							

BIT	DESCRIPTION
7-0	<b>FanNonStop</b> – control the FANCTL1-FANCTL8 fan output nonstop value. FANCTL3-FANCTL8 functions are not for W83795ADG.

**10.1.2.12. Fan Output Stop Time (FOST)**

A time interval is specified to tell the W83795G/ADG when to turn off the fan if SmartFan continuously requests to slow down the fan which has already reached the **F10NV – F80NV**. The default is 10 sec. (Please refer to **Smart Fan Control Parameters Figure**)

Location:

**F10ST** - Bank 2 Address 30<sub>HEX</sub>

**F20ST** - Bank 2 Address 31<sub>HEX</sub>

**F30ST** - Bank 2 Address 32<sub>HEX</sub>

**F40ST** - Bank 2 Address 33<sub>HEX</sub>

**F50ST** - Bank 2 Address 34<sub>HEX</sub>

**F60ST** - Bank 2 Address 35<sub>HEX</sub>

**F70ST** - Bank 2 Address 36<sub>HEX</sub>

**F80ST** - Bank 2 Address 37<sub>HEX</sub>

Reset: 3VSB Rising,  
Init Reset (CR01.Bit7) is set,  
3VDD Rising @ RST\_VDD\_MD (CR01.Bit5) set,  
SYSRSTIN# Falling @ SYSRST\_MD (CR01.Bit6) set.

**F10ST – F80ST**

BIT	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
NAME	FanStopTime							
DEFAULT	FF <sub>HEX</sub>							

BIT	DESCRIPTION
-----	-------------

7-0	<p><b>FanStopTime</b> – control the FANCTL1-FANCTL8 fan stop time from <b>FONV</b> (Fan Output Nonstop Value) to the off state.</p> <p>Unit in 0.1sec. Ranges from 0.1sec to 25.5sec.</p> <p>If set to 0, the fan will never stop.</p> <p>FANCTL3-FANCTL8 functions are not for W83795ADG.</p>
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#### 10.1.2.13. Fan Output PWM Polarity Control (FOPPC)

Location: **FOPPC** - Bank 2 Address 38<sub>HEX</sub>

Reset: 3VSB Rising,

Init Reset (CR01.Bit7) is set,

3VDD Rising @ RST\_VDD\_MD (CR01.Bit5) set,

SYSRSTIN# Falling @ SYSRST\_MD (CR01.Bit6) set.

#### FOPPC

BIT	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
NAME	F8POL	F7POL	F6POL	F5POL	F4POL	F3POL	F2POL	F1POL
DEFAULT	FF <sub>HEX</sub>							

BIT	DESCRIPTION
7-0	<p><b>F8POL – F1POL:</b> control FANCTL8 - FANCTL1 PWM output polarity.</p> <p>0 = Low active. PWM is controlled by negative duty cycle.</p> <p>1 = High active. (Default). PWM is controlled by positive duty cycle.</p> <p>FANCTL3-FANCTL8 functions are not for W83795ADG.</p>

#### 10.1.2.14. FANIN Target Speed (FTS)

In Fan Speed Cruise™ mode, each FANIN tachometer has to have a target fan speed. The W83795G/ADG will try to tune relative fan output to keep the fan speed of target. The default target speed for FANIN tachometer is 6000h.

Location:

**F1TSH** - Bank 2 Address 40<sub>HEX</sub>

**F1TSL** - Bank 2 Address 41<sub>HEX</sub>

**F2TSH** - Bank 2 Address 42<sub>HEX</sub>

**F2TSL** - Bank 2 Address 43<sub>HEX</sub>

**F3TSH** - Bank 2 Address 44<sub>HEX</sub>

**F3TSL** - Bank 2 Address 45<sub>HEX</sub>

**F4TSH** - Bank 2 Address 46<sub>HEX</sub>

**F4TSL** - Bank 2 Address 47<sub>HEX</sub>

**F5TSH** - Bank 2 Address 48<sub>HEX</sub>

**F5TSL** - Bank 2 Address 49<sub>HEX</sub>

**F6TSH** - Bank 2 Address 4A<sub>HEX</sub>

**F6TSL** - Bank 2 Address 4B<sub>HEX</sub>

**F7TSH** - Bank 2 Address 4C<sub>HEX</sub>

**F7TSL** - Bank 2 Address 4D<sub>HEX</sub>

**F8TSH** - Bank 2 Address 4E<sub>HEX</sub>

**F8TSL** - Bank 2 Address 4F<sub>HEX</sub>

Type: Read / Write

Reset: 3VSB Rising,

Init Reset (CR01.Bit7) is set,

3VDD Rising @ RST\_VDD\_MD (CR01.Bit5) set,

SYSRSTIN# Falling @ SYSRST\_MD (CR01.Bit6) set.

**F1TSH – F8TSH**

BIT	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
<b>NAME</b>	<b>F1TSH – F8TSH:</b> FANIN1 – FANIN8 tachometer target speed high byte. The real FANIN RPM value calculation is referred to FANIN COUNT CACLULATION description. 12-bitCount Value bit[11:4]							
<b>DEFAULT</b>	60 <sub>HEX</sub>							

**F1TSL – F8TSL**

BIT	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
<b>NAME</b>	<b>F1TSL – F8TSL:</b> FANIN1 – FANIN8 tachometer target speed low byte. 12-bitCount Value bit [3:0]						Reserved.		
<b>DEFAULT</b>	00 <sub>HEX</sub>								

See also: [TFTS and Fan Speed Cruise™](#)**10.1.2.15. Tolerance of FANIN Target Speed (TFTS)**Location: **TFTS** - Bank 2 Address 50<sub>HEX</sub>

Type: Read / Write

Reset: 3VSB Rising,

Init Reset (CR01.Bit7) is set,

3VDD Rising @ RST\_VDD\_MD (CR01.Bit5) set,

SYSRSTIN# Falling @ SYSRST\_MD (CR01.Bit6) set.

**TFTS**

BIT	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
<b>NAME</b>	Reserved		Tolerance of FANIN Target Speed					
<b>DEFAULT</b>	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0

BIT	DESCRIPTION
7-6	Reserved.
5-0	Tolerance of FANIN Target Speed



Tolerance of FANIN1 – FANIN8 tachometer target speed. Tolerance range is 00h~3Fh
--

#### 10.1.2.16. Target Temperature of Temperature Inputs (TTTI)

In Thermal Cruise™ mode, each temperature source has to have a target temperature. The W83795G/ADG will try to tune the fan output to keep the temperature of the target device around the target temperature. The default target temperature is 40°C.

Location:

**T1TTI** - Bank 2 Address 60<sub>HEX</sub>

**T2TTI** - Bank 2 Address 61<sub>HEX</sub>

**T3TTI** - Bank 2 Address 62<sub>HEX</sub>

**T4TTI** - Bank 2 Address 63<sub>HEX</sub>

**T5TTI** - Bank 2 Address 64<sub>HEX</sub>

**T6TTI** - Bank 2 Address 65<sub>HEX</sub>

Type: Read / Write

Reset: 3VSB Rising,

Init Reset (CR01.Bit7) is set,

3VDD Rising @ RST\_VDD\_MD (CR01.Bit5) set,

SYSRSTIN# Falling @ SYSRST\_MD (CR01.Bit6) set.

**T1TTI – T6TTI**

BIT	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
<b>NAME</b>	Reserved	<b>Target Temperature.</b>						
<b>DEFAULT</b>	0	28 <sub>HEX</sub> (40°C)						

BIT	DESCRIPTION
7	<b>Reserved.</b>
6-0	<b>Target Temperature.</b> Temp1 – Temp6 target temperature inputs. Unit in °C

See also: [HT and Thermal Cruise™](#)

#### 10.1.2.17. Critical Temperature to Full Speed all fan (CTFS)

**CTFS** defines a system critical temperature. Temperatures exceeding this threshold may lead to system damage or crash. When the W83795G/ADG detects any temperature input exceeding **CTFS**, it will speed up all of the fans to lower the temperature.

When the temperature exceeds Critical Temperature, all FANOUT influenced by this temperature will have a 100% output duty. The other FANOUT will not have 100% duty.

Location:

**T1CTFS** - Bank 2 Address 68<sub>HEX</sub>

**T2CTFS** - Bank 2 Address 69<sub>HEX</sub>

**T3CTFS** - Bank 2 Address 6A<sub>HEX</sub>

**T4CTFS** - Bank 2 Address 6B<sub>HEX</sub>

**T5CTFS** - Bank 2 Address 6C<sub>HEX</sub>

**T6CTFS** - Bank 2 Address 6D<sub>HEX</sub>

Type: Read / Write

Reset: 3VSB Rising,

Init Reset (CR01.Bit7) is set,

3VDD Rising @ RST\_VDD\_MD (CR01.Bit5) set,

SYSRSTIN# Falling @ SYSRST\_MD (CR01.Bit6) set.

#### T1CTFS – T6CTFS

BIT	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
NAME	Critical Temperature							
DEFAULT	50 <sub>HEX</sub> (80°C)							

BIT	DESCRIPTION
7-0	<p><b>Critical Temperature.</b></p> <p>Temp1 – Temp6 temperature exceed the critical temperature, FANCTL8 – FANCTL1 will work at full speed. Unit in °C . the range is 0°C~127°C .</p> <p>FANCTL3-FANCTL8 functions are not for W83795ADG.</p>

#### 10.1.2.18. Hystersis of Temperature (HT)

In Thermal Cruise and SMART FAN™ IV mode, to prevent unstable temperatures from throttling the fan speed, the W83795G/ADG employs a hysteresis temperature to separate the speed-up/slow-down temperature points.

Location:

**HT1** - Bank 2 Address 70<sub>HEX</sub>

**HT2** - Bank 2 Address 71<sub>HEX</sub>

**HT3** - Bank 2 Address 72<sub>HEX</sub>

**HT4** - Bank 2 Address 73<sub>HEX</sub>

**HT5** - Bank 2 Address 74<sub>HEX</sub>

**HT6** - Bank 2 Address 75<sub>HEX</sub>

Type: Read / Write

Reset: 3VSB Rising,

Init Reset (CR01.Bit7) is set,



3VDD Rising @ RST\_VDD\_MD (CR01.Bit5) set,  
 SYSRSTIN# Falling @ SYSRST\_MD (CR01.Bit6) set.

## HT1 – HT6

BIT	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
NAME	Hysteresis of Critical Temperature				Hysteresis of Operation Temperature			
DEFAULT	5 <sub>HEX</sub> (5°C)				3 <sub>HEX</sub> (3°C)			

BIT	DESCRIPTION
7-5	<b>Hysteresis of Critical Temperature.</b> Hysteresis of critical temperature Temp1-Temp6 temperature. The range is 0°C~15°C
4-0	<b>Hysteresis of Operation Temperature.</b> Hysteresis of operation temperature for SMART FAN™ IV and Thermal Cruise™ Temp1-Temp6 temperature. The range is 0°C~15°C

## 10.1.2.19. SMART FAN™ IV Temperature and DC/PWM Registers (SFIV)

SMART FAN™IV is an algorithm providing a table mapping mechanism to translate the temperature information into output fan duties. The mapping table requires 2 domains for the translation. In the table, a certain temperature corresponds to a certain duty. **T1-T7** (Temperature) and **DC/PWM1-DC/PWM7** (DC/PWM fan output values) are used to define the table. There are totally six tables reside in the W83795G/ADG, one table per temperature channel and 7 entries per table. Therefore, **T1-T7** will have 42 registers, and another 42 registers for **DC/PWM1-DC/PWM7** in this and next section

Location:

Relative Register-at SMART FAN™ IV Control Mode Table

RELATIVE TEMPERAUTRE	NNEMONIC	ADD (Hex)	POR (Hex)	TYPE
Temp1	T1 – T7	80-86	00	RW
	DC/PWM1 – DC/PWM7	88-8E	FF	RW
Temp2	T1 – T7	90-96	00	RW
	DC/PWM1 – DC/PWM7	98-9E	FF	RW
Temp3	T1 – T7	A0-A6	00	RW
	DC/PWM1 – DC/PWM7	A8-AE	FF	RW
Temp4	T1 – T7	B0-B6	FF	RW
	DC/PWM1 – DC/PWM7	B8-BE	FF	RW
Temp5	T1 – T7	C0-C6	FF	RW
	DC/PWM1 – DC/PWM7	C8-CE	FF	RW
Temp6	T1 – T7	D0-D6	FF	RW
	DC/PWM1 – DC/PWM7	D8-DE	FF	RW



Reset: 3VSB Rising,  
 Init Reset (CR01.Bit7) is set,  
 3VDD Rising @ RST\_VDD\_MD (CR01.Bit5) set,  
 SYSRSTIN# Falling @ SYSRST\_MD (CR01.Bit6) set.

## T1 – T7

BIT	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
NAME	SMART FAN™ IV Temperature							
DEFAULT	00 <sub>HEX</sub> (0°C)							

## DC/PWM1 – DC/PWM7

BIT	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
NAME	SMART FAN™ IV DC/PWM							
DEFAULT	FF <sub>HEX</sub> (0°C)							

## 10.1.2.20. Configure Register of PECE Error (CRPE)

Location:

CRPE1 - Bank 2 Address E0<sub>HEX</sub>

CRPE2 - Bank 2 Address E1<sub>HEX</sub>

Type: Read / Write

Reset: 3VSB Rising,  
 Init Reset (CR01.Bit7) is set,  
 3VDD Rising @ RST\_VDD\_MD (CR01.Bit5) set,  
 SYSRSTIN# Falling @ SYSRST\_MD (CR01.Bit6) set.

## CRPE1

BIT	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
NAME	FANCTL4 BIT[1-0]		FANCTL3 BIT[1-0]		FANCTL2 BIT[1-0]		FANCTL1 BIT[1-0]	
	Refer the <a href="#">PECE Error Condition Table</a> to fan output value.							
DEFAULT	00 <sub>HEX</sub>							

## CRPE2

BIT	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
NAME	FANCTL8 BIT[1-0]		FANCTL7 BIT[1-0]		FANCTL6 BIT[1-0]		FANCTL5 BIT[1-0]	
	Refer the <a href="#">PECE Error Condition Table</a> to fan output value.							
DEFAULT	00 <sub>HEX</sub>							

[PECI Error Condition Table:](#)

FANCTL1-FANCTL8 fan output value. FANCTL3-FANCTL8 functions are not for 83795ADG.

BIT [1-0]	PECI Error Condition
00 <sub>BIN</sub>	Fan output value keeps at its current value.
01 <sub>BIN</sub>	Fan output value will be set to <b>FOMV</b> (Fan Output Min Value when PECI Error).
1x <sub>BIN</sub>	Fan output value will be set to the full speed value (FFh).

#### 10.1.2.21. Fan Output Min Value when PECI Error (FOMV)

Location:

**F10MV** - Bank 2 Address E2<sub>HEX</sub>

**F20MV** - Bank 2 Address E3<sub>HEX</sub>

**F30MV** - Bank 2 Address E4<sub>HEX</sub>

**F40MV** - Bank 2 Address E5<sub>HEX</sub>

**F50MV** - Bank 2 Address E6<sub>HEX</sub>

**F60MV** - Bank 2 Address E7<sub>HEX</sub>

**F70MV** - Bank 2 Address E8<sub>HEX</sub>

**F80MV** - Bank 2 Address E9<sub>HEX</sub>

Reset: 3VSB Rising,  
Init Reset (CR01.Bit7) is set,  
3VDD Rising @ RST\_VDD\_MD (CR01.Bit5) set,  
SYSRSTIN# Falling @ SYSRST\_MD (CR01.Bit6) set.

#### F10MV – F80MV

BIT	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
NAME	<b>FanMin</b>							
DEFAULT	80 <sub>HEX</sub>							

BIT	DESCRIPTION
7-0	<b>FanMin</b> – control the FANCTL1-FANCTL8 fan output min value when PECI error condition is occurred. Also see <b>CRPE</b> (Configure Register of PECI Error) FANCTL3-FANCTL8 functions are not for W83795ADG.



11. PECI CONTROL AND SB-TSI FUNCTION

11.1 PECI Control Registers

Intel® new generation CPUs such as Presler begin to support new single wire digital temperature monitoring interface which is called Platform Environment Control Interface or PECI. The W83795G/ADG supports the PECI\* version 2.0 for these new generation CPUs. All PECI control registers are located in Bank 3.

The W83795G/ADG PECI configuration, including the PECI address and number of domains, must match the CPU type. BIOS have to detect which kind of CPU it is and program the correct configuration in the W83795G/ADG.

PECI (Platform Environment Control Interface) is a new digital interface to read the CPU temperature of Intel® CPUs. With a bandwidth ranging from 2 Kbps to 2 Mbps, PECI uses a single wire for self-clocking and data transfer. By interfacing to the Digital Thermal Sensor (DTS) in the Intel® CPU, PECI reports a negative temperature (in counts) relative to the processor’s temperature at which the thermal control circuit (TCC) is activated. At the TCC Activation temperature, the Intel CPU will operate at reduced performance to prevent the device from thermal damage.

PECI is one of the temperature sensing methods that the W83795G/ADG supports. The W83795G/ADG contains a PECI master and reads the CPU PECI temperature. The CPU is a PECI client.

The PECI temperature values returning from the CPU are in “counts” which are approximately linear in relation to changes in temperature in degrees centigrade. However, this linearity is approximate and cannot be guaranteed over the entire range of PECI temperatures. For further information, refer to the PECI specification. All references to “temperature” in this section are in “counts” instead of “°C”.

Figure-1 shows a typical fan speed (PWM duty cycle) and PECI temperature relationship.

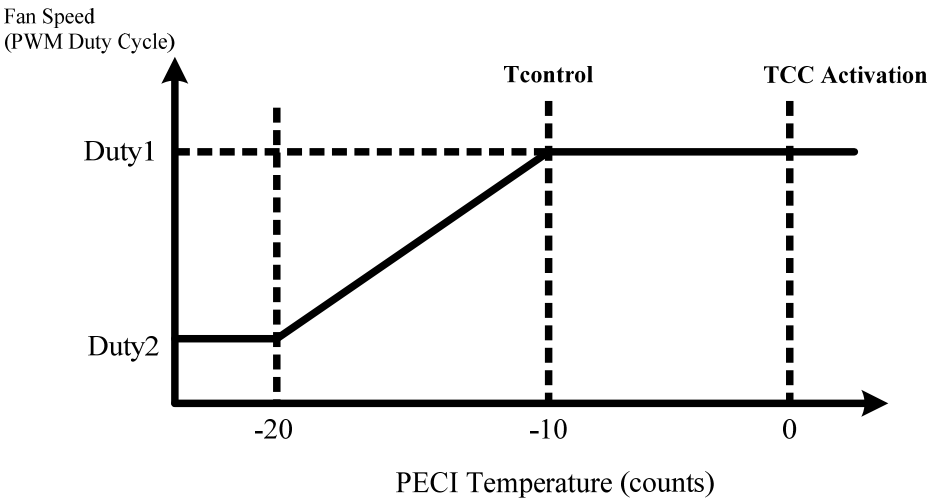


Figure-1 PECI Temperature

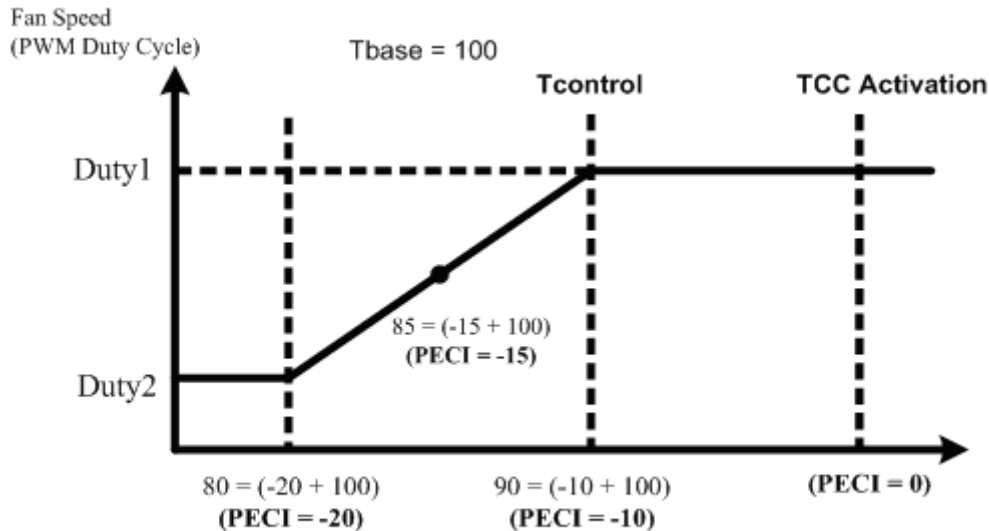
In this illustration, when PECI temperature is -20, the PWM duty cycle for fan control is at Duty2. When CPU is getting hotter and the PECI temperature is -10, the PWM duty cycle is at Duty1.

At TControl PECI temperature, the recommendation from Intel is to operate the CPU fan at full speed. Therefore Duty1 is 100% if this recommendation is followed. The value of TControl can be obtained by reading the related Machine Specific Register (MSR) in the Intel CPU. The TControl MSR address is usually in the BIOS Writer's guide for the CPU family in question. Refer to the relevant CPU documentation from Intel for more information. In this example, TControl is -10.

When the PECI temperature is below -20, the duty cycle is fixed at Duty2 to maintain a minimum (and constant) RPM for the CPU fan.

W83795G/ADG's fan control circuit can only accept positive real-time temperature inputs and limits setting (in Smart Fan™ mode). The device provides offset registers to 'shift' the negative PECI readings to positive values otherwise the fan control circuit will not function properly. The offset registers are the TBase registers located at Logical Device C, CR[E1h]~CR[E4h]. These registers should be programmed with (positive) values so that the resultant value (Tbase + PECI) is always positive. The unit of the TBase register contents is "count" to match that of PECI values. The resultant value (TBase + PECI) should not be interpreted as the "temperature" (whether in count or °C) of the PECI client (CPU).

**Figure-2** shows the temperature/fan speed relationship after Tbase offsets are applied (based on **Figure-1**). This view is from the perspective of the W83795G/ADG fan control circuit.



**Figure-2 Temperature and Fan Speed Relation after TBase Offsets**

Assuming TBase is set to 100 and the PECI temperature is -15, the real-time temperature value to the fan control circuit will be 85 (-15 + 100). The value of 55 (hex) will appear in the relevant real-time temperature register.

While using Smart Fan control function of W83795G/ADG, BIOS/software must include Tbase in determining the thresholds (limits). In this example, assuming TControl is -10 and Tbase is set to 100<sup>(1)</sup>,

the threshold temperature value corresponding to the “100% fan duty cycle” event is 90 (-10+100). The value of 5A (hex) should be written to the relevant threshold register.

*(1) TControl is typically -10 to -20 for PECI-enabled CPUs. Base on that, a value of 85 ~ 100 for Tbase could be set for proper operation of the fan control circuit. This recommendation is applicable for most designs. In general, the concept presented in this section could be used to determine the optimum value of TControl to match the specific application.*

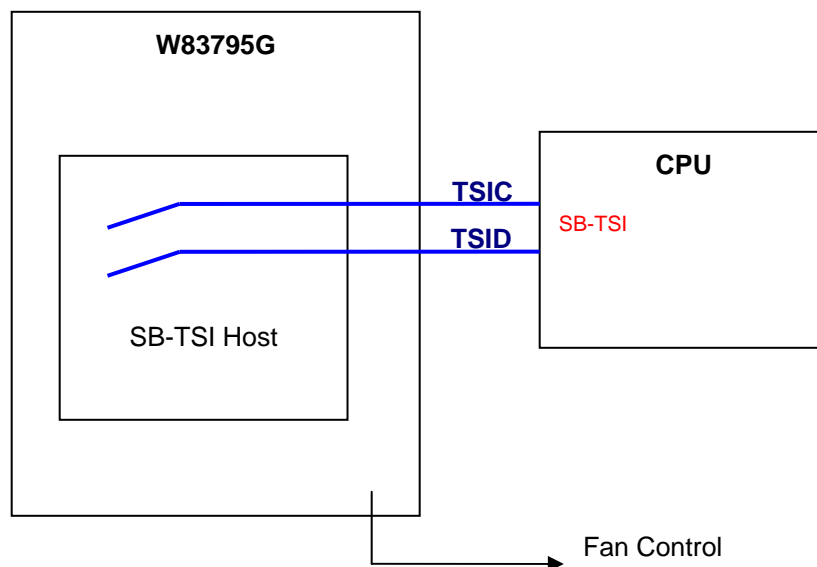


## 11.2 SB Temperature Sensor Interface (SB-TSI)

The W83795G/ADG is equipped with a built-in temperature sensor which uses the SBI Temperature Sensor Interface (SB-TSI) interface. SB-TSI function is not for W83795ADG.

The SB-TSI largely follows SMBus v2.0 specification except:

- The statement “An SMBus device must always acknowledge (ACK) its own address “does not apply since a processor may NACK on repeated start conditions even if the address matches its own SMBus address.
- Only 7-bits SMBus addresses are supported.
- SB-TSI implements the Send/Receive Byte and Read/Write Byte protocols.
- SB-TSI registers can only be written using a write byte command.
- Address Resolution Protocol (ARP) is not implemented.
- Packet Error Checking (PEC) is not supported.



**Figure-3 SB-TSI Illustration**

SB-TSI temperature readings and limit registers encode the temperature in increments of one eighth of a degree from 0 to 255.875. The high byte represents the integer portion of the temperature from 0 to 255. One increment in the high byte is equivalent to a step of 1°C. The upper three bits of the low byte represent the decimal portion of the temperature. One increment of these bits is equivalent to a step of 0.125°C.

Table-1 SB-TSI Temperature Encoding Examples

TEMPERATURE	TEMPERATURE HIGH BYTE	TEMPERATURE LOW BYTE
0.000°C	0000_0000b	0000_0000b
1.000°C	0000_0001b	0000_0000b
25.125°C	0001_1001b	0010_0000b
50.500°C	0011_0010b	1000_0000b
127.875°C	0111_1111b	1110_0000b
128.000°C	1000_0000b	0000_0000b
255.875°C	1111_1111b	1110_0000b

## 12. REGISTER SUMMARY – BANK3

NNEMONIC	ADD (Hex)	POR (Hex)	TYPE	Description
DTSC	01	00	RW	Digital Temperature Sensor Configuration
DTSE	02	00	RW	Digital Temperature Sensor Enable
PCR	10	84	RW	PECI Control Register
WATP	13	81	RW	Waiting Available Time for PECI 1.1 only
PAC	16-18	*	RW	PECI Agent Configuration register
PRTS	19-1A	00	RW	PECI Report Temperature Style
PMMC	1B-1D	*	RW	PECI Manual Mode Control registers
PATB	20-27	00	RW	PECI Agent Tbase temperature registers
GDC	30-37	00	RO	GetDIB Command
ACR	38-3A	*	RO	Agent Characteristic Registers
ARTR	40-5F	*	RO	Agent Relative Temperature Registers
ATTR	60-6F	*	RO	Agent Tcontrol Temperature Registers
PCAR	70-73	00	RW	PCI Configuration Address Registers
PCWD	74-77	00	RW	PCI Configuration Write Data
PCRD	78-7B	00	RO	PCI Configuration Read Data
MSC	80-84	00	RW	MbxSend Command
CC	85	00	RO	Completion Code
MGC	86-8A	00	RO	MbxGet Command
STCR	A0	10	RW	SB-TSI Configuration Register
STARP	A1	19	RW	SB-TSI Auto Read Period
STSE	A2	00	RO	SB-TSI Slave Enable
STOSS	A3	00	RW	SB-TSI One Shot Start register
STMMCR	A4-A6	*	RW	SB-TSI Manual Mode Configuration Registers
STRD	A8	00	RO	SB-TSI Read Data

\*: See registers description



## 12.1 Digital Temperature Sensor Configuration (DTSC)

Location:

**DTSC** - Bank 3 Address 01<sub>HEX</sub>

Type: Read / Write

Reset: 3VSB Rising,

Init Reset (CR01.Bit7) is set,

3VDD Rising @ RST\_VDD\_MD (CR01.Bit5) set,

SYSRSTIN# Falling @ SYSRST\_MD (CR01.Bit6) set.

### DTSC

BIT	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
NAME	SR	Reserved						DIS
DEFAULT	00 <sub>HEX</sub>							

BIT	DESCRIPTION
7	Software Reset. <b>(SR)</b> 0 = PWM output duty cycle. (Default) 1 = Software reset INTEL PECL or AMD SB-TSI interface.
6-1	<b>Reserved.</b>
0	DTS Interface Select. <b>(DIS)</b> 0 = Intel PECL. (Default) 1 = AMD SB-TSI.

## 12.2 Digital Temperature Sensor Enable (DTSE)

Location:

**DTSE** - Bank 3 Address 02<sub>HEX</sub>

Type: Read / Write

Reset: 3VSB Rising,

Init Reset (CR01.Bit7) is set,

3VDD Rising @ RST\_VDD\_MD (CR01.Bit5) set,

SYSRSTIN# Falling @ SYSRST\_MD (CR01.Bit6) set.

### DTSE

BIT	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
NAME	D8E	D7E	D6E	D5E	D4E	D3E	D2E	D1E
DEFAULT	00 <sub>HEX</sub>							

BIT	DESCRIPTION
7	DTS8 Enable <b>(D8E)</b>

BIT	DESCRIPTION
	0 = Disable. (Default) 1 = Enable. In Intel PECI, DTS8 device address is 37h. In AMD SB-TSI, DTS8 slave address is 96h.
6	<b>DTS7 Enable (D7E)</b> 0 = Disable. (Default) 1 = Enable. In Intel PECI, DTS7 device address is 36h. In AMD SB-TSI, DTS7 slave address is 94h.
5	<b>DTS6 Enable (D6E)</b> 0 = Disable. (Default) 1 = Enable. In Intel PECI, DTS6 device address is 35h. In AMD SB-TSI, DTS6 slave address is 92h.
4	<b>DTS5 Enable (D5E)</b> 0 = Disable. (Default) 1 = Enable. In Intel PECI, DTS5 device address is 34h. In AMD SB-TSI, DTS5 slave address is 90h.
3	<b>DTS4 Enable (D4E)</b> 0 = Disable. (Default) 1 = Enable. In Intel PECI, DTS4 device address is 33h. In AMD SB-TSI, DTS4 slave address is 9Eh.
2	<b>DTS3 Enable (D3E)</b> 0 = Disable. (Default) 1 = Enable. In Intel PECI, DTS3 device address is 32h. In AMD SB-TSI, DTS3 slave address is 9Ch.
1	<b>DTS2 Enable (D2E)</b> 0 = Disable. (Default) 1 = Enable. In Intel PECI, DTS2 device address is 31h. In AMD SB-TSI, DTS2 slave address is 9Ah.
0	<b>DTS1 Enable (D1E)</b> 0 = Disable. (Default) 1 = Enable. In Intel PECI, DTS1 device address is 30h. In AMD SB-TSI, DTS1 slave address is 98h.

### 12.3 PECE Control Register (PCR)

Location:

**PCR** - Bank 3 Address 10<sub>HEX</sub>

Type: Read / Write

Reset: 3VSB Rising,

Init Reset (CR01.Bit7) is set,

3VDD Rising @ RST\_VDD\_MD (CR01.Bit5) set,

SYSRSTIN# Falling @ SYSRST\_MD (CR01.Bit6) set.

#### PCR

BIT	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
NAME	MMC	ATR		ADJ			EPF	EN_PECI
DEFAULT	84 <sub>HEX</sub>							

BIT	DESCRIPTION																									
7	Manual Mode Command. ( <b>MMC</b> ) 0 = Auto repeat. 1 = Manual Mode Command Only do one time (Default)																									
6-5	Adjust Transaction Tbit Rate. ( <b>ATR</b> ) <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>CLKIN</th> <th>14.318MHz</th> <th>24MHz</th> <th>33MHz</th> <th>48MHz</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>00<sub>BIN</sub></td> <td>Tbit = 1.1us</td> <td>Tbit = 0.67us</td> <td>Tbit = 0.5us</td> <td>Tbit = 0.5us</td> </tr> <tr> <td>01<sub>BIN</sub></td> <td>Tbit = 2.2us</td> <td>Tbit = 1.33us</td> <td>Tbit = 1us</td> <td>Tbit = 1us</td> </tr> <tr> <td>10<sub>BIN</sub></td> <td>Tbit = 4.5us</td> <td>Tbit = 2.67us</td> <td>Tbit = 2us</td> <td>Tbit = 2us</td> </tr> <tr> <td>11<sub>BIN</sub></td> <td>Tbit = 8.9us</td> <td>Tbit = 5.33us</td> <td>Tbit = 4us</td> <td>Tbit = 4us</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	CLKIN	14.318MHz	24MHz	33MHz	48MHz	00 <sub>BIN</sub>	Tbit = 1.1us	Tbit = 0.67us	Tbit = 0.5us	Tbit = 0.5us	01 <sub>BIN</sub>	Tbit = 2.2us	Tbit = 1.33us	Tbit = 1us	Tbit = 1us	10 <sub>BIN</sub>	Tbit = 4.5us	Tbit = 2.67us	Tbit = 2us	Tbit = 2us	11 <sub>BIN</sub>	Tbit = 8.9us	Tbit = 5.33us	Tbit = 4us	Tbit = 4us
CLKIN	14.318MHz	24MHz	33MHz	48MHz																						
00 <sub>BIN</sub>	Tbit = 1.1us	Tbit = 0.67us	Tbit = 0.5us	Tbit = 0.5us																						
01 <sub>BIN</sub>	Tbit = 2.2us	Tbit = 1.33us	Tbit = 1us	Tbit = 1us																						
10 <sub>BIN</sub>	Tbit = 4.5us	Tbit = 2.67us	Tbit = 2us	Tbit = 2us																						
11 <sub>BIN</sub>	Tbit = 8.9us	Tbit = 5.33us	Tbit = 4us	Tbit = 4us																						
4-2	Compensate the effect of rising time on physical bus. ( <b>ADJ</b> ) <b>Adjusting the Tbit counter number to adapt the various agent loading</b> <b>Default is 001<sub>BIN</sub></b> (Ideal timing : 001)																									
1	Enable PECE 1.1a Function. ( <b>EPF</b> ) 0 = Disable PECE1.1a function. 1 = Enable PECE 1.1a function. PECE_REQ# function is enabled. Enable FANIN11/PECE_REQ#/PVID2/GPIO3 multi-function pin for PECE1.1a. VID function is not for W83795ADG.																									
0	Enable PECE Host Function. ( <b>EN_PECI</b> ) Read only. If Enable <b>Digital Temperature Sensor Enable (DTSE) &amp; DTS Interface Select (DIS)</b> bit =0, PECE host function will be enabled and <b>EN_PECI</b> will be set to "1".																									

## 12.4 Waiting Available Time for PECl 1.1 only (WATP)

Location:

**WATP** - Bank 3 Address 13<sub>HEX</sub>

Type: Read / Write

Reset: 3VSB Rising,

Init Reset (CR01.Bit7) is set,

3VDD Rising @ RST\_VDD\_MD (CR01.Bit5) set,

SYSRSTIN# Falling @ SYSRST\_MD (CR01.Bit6) set.

The command will be sent 2ms (default) after PECl\_REQUEST is pulled low. The time interval can be adjusted by setting this register.

**WATP**

BIT	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
NAME	Wait_Ava_Time [7:0]							
DEFAULT	81 <sub>HEX</sub>							

## 12.5 PECl Agent Configuration registers (PAC)

This register commands the PECl host to process related agents and domains. Only the agent or domain specified in this register will process PECl transactions. It is reset to 00<sub>HEX</sub>.

Location:

**PAC1** - Bank 3 Address 16<sub>HEX</sub>

**PAC2** - Bank 3 Address 17<sub>HEX</sub>

**PAC3** - Bank 3 Address 18<sub>HEX</sub>

Type: Read / Write

Reset: 3VSB Rising,

**PAC1** - Bank 3 Address 16<sub>HEX</sub>

BIT	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
NAME	A8D1	A7D1	A6D1	A5D1	A4D1	A3D1	A2D1	A1D1
DEFAULT	FF <sub>HEX</sub>							

BIT	DESCRIPTION
7-0	Agent 8 – Agent1 Domain 1 Enable Bit. (A8D1 – A1D1) 0 = Agent does not have domain 1. 1 = Agent has domain 1. (Default)



**PAC2** - Bank 3 Address 17<sub>HEX</sub>

**PECI host to process related agents version (1.0 or 2.0).**

BIT	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
NAME	A8P2	A7P2	A6P2	A5P2	A4P2	A3P2	A2P2	A1P2
DEFAULT	00 <sub>HEX</sub>							

BIT	DESCRIPTION
7-0	Agent 8 – Agent1 PECI2.0 enable. <b>(A8P2 – A1P2)</b> 0 = Agent does not supply PECI 2.0. (Default) 1 = Agent supplies PECI 2.0.

**PAC3** - Bank 3 Address 18<sub>HEX</sub>

BIT	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
NAME	Reserved				PECI_DC	Manual_Dmn1	Manual_Ver20	
DEFAULT	00 <sub>HEX</sub>							

BIT	DESCRIPTION
7-3	<b>Reserved.</b>
2	Adjust PECI Tbit Duty cycle selection. <b>(PECI_DC)</b> 0 = 75% Tbit high duty cycle time. (Default) 1 = 68% Tbit high duty cycle time.
1	External control of 2domains. <b>(Manual_Dmn1)</b> Enable external control of Domain1 existence 0 = Disable. (Default) 1 = Enable.
0	External control of version 2.0. <b>(Manual_Ver20)</b> Enable external control of PECI 2.0 version 0 = Disable. (Default) 1 = Enable.

## 12.6 PECI Report Temperature Style registers (PRTS)

Location:

**PRTS1** - Bank 3 Address 19<sub>HEX</sub>

**PRTS2** - Bank 3 Address 1A<sub>HEX</sub>

Type: Read / Write





Reset: 3VSB Rising,  
 Init Reset (CR01.Bit7) is set,  
 3VDD Rising @ RST\_VDD\_MD (CR01.Bit5) set,  
 SYSRSTIN# Falling @ SYSRST\_MD (CR01.Bit6) set.

**PRTS1** - Bank 3 Address 19<sub>HEX</sub>

BIT	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
NAME	Reserved						Clamp	RtHigh
DEFAULT	00 <sub>HEX</sub>							

BIT	DESCRIPTION
7-2	<b>Reserved.</b>
1	PECI clamping function to filter the unreasonable DTS value. <b>(Clamp)</b> 0 = DTS values are fully transparent. 1 = DTS values are clamped in -128 ~ 0.
0	Return High Temperature of domain0 or domain1. <b>(RtHigh)</b> Return agent higher temperature between domain0 and domain1 0 = The temperature of each agent is returned from domain 0 or domain 1, which is controlled by <b>PRTS2</b> (Bank 3 Address 1A <sub>HEX</sub> ) 1 = Return the highest temperature in domain 0 and domain 1 of individual Agent.

**PRTS2** - Bank 3 Address 1A<sub>HEX</sub>

BIT	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
NAME	A8RT	A7RT	A6RT	A5RT	A4RT	A3RT	A2RT	A1RT
DEFAULT	00 <sub>HEX</sub>							

BIT	DESCRIPTION
0	Agent 8 – Agent 1 always return the relative Temperature. <b>(A8RT-A1RT)</b> Report specific domain temperature for individual agent. It is only available when <b>RtHigh = 0</b> . 0 = Agent always returns the relative temperature from domain 0. 1 = Agent always returns the relative temperature from domain 1.

## 12.7 PECE Manual Mode Control Registers (PMMC)

Type: Read / Write  
 Reset: 3VSB Rising,  
 Init Reset (CR01.Bit7) is set,



3VDD Rising @ RST\_VDD\_MD (CR01.Bit5) set,  
 SYSRSTIN# Falling @ SYSRST\_MD (CR01.Bit6) set.

#### MM1 (Manual Mode 1) - Bank 3 Address 1B<sub>HEX</sub>

BIT	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
NAME	Reserved	Auto	PBC		MD	MA		
DEFAULT	40 <sub>HEX</sub>							

BIT	DESCRIPTION
7	Reserved.
6	Command Code assignment mode. <b>(Auto)</b> 0 = Disable. 1 = Automatically assign command code for transportation.
5-4	PCIByteCount[1:0] <b>(PBC)</b> Indicate how many data bytes would be delivered or received in PCIConfig command. 00:1 byte, 01: 2 bytes, 10:4 bytes The number of data byte for PCIWr() and PCIRd() commands. 00 <sub>BIN</sub> = one byte. 01 <sub>BIN</sub> = two bytes. 10 <sub>BIN</sub> = four bytes.
3	Manual_Domain. <b>(MD)</b> 0: Manual command execution will target domain0. In other word, 1 for domain1
2-0	Manual_Agent[2:0] <b>(MA)</b> 000 <sub>BIN</sub> = Manual command execution will target agent1 001 <sub>BIN</sub> = Manual command execution will target agent2 010 <sub>BIN</sub> = Manual command execution will target agent3 011 <sub>BIN</sub> = Manual command execution will target agent4 100 <sub>BIN</sub> = Manual command execution will target agent5 101 <sub>BIN</sub> = Manual command execution will target agent6 110 <sub>BIN</sub> = Manual command execution will target agent7 111 <sub>BIN</sub> = Manual command execution will target agent8

#### MM2 (Manual Mode 2) - Bank 3 Address 1C<sub>HEX</sub>

BIT	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
NAME	Reserved	Reserved	PECI2.0_CMD					
DEFAULT	00 <sub>HEX</sub>							

BIT	DESCRIPTION
7	Reserved.

BIT	DESCRIPTION
6	<b>Reserved.</b>
5-0	<p><b>PECI2.0 command Enable. (PECI2.0_CMD)</b></p> <p>W83795G/ADG supports PECI2.0 commands. If manual mode command enable, it will be clear while relative commands are finished.</p> <p>Bit 5 is applies for Ping() command.</p> <p>Bit 4 is applies for GetDIB() command.</p> <p>Bit 3 is applies for GetTemp() command.</p> <p>Bit 2 is applies for PCIWr() command.</p> <p>Bit 1 is applies for PCIRd() command.</p> <p>Bit 0 is applies for MailBox() command.</p> <p>When bit is set 1, the command is enabled.</p>

**UDCC (User Defined Command Code) - Bank 3 Address 1D<sub>HEX</sub>**

BIT	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
<b>NAME</b>	<b>Command_Code[7:0]</b>							
<b>DEFAULT</b>	00 <sub>HEX</sub>							

BIT	DESCRIPTION
7-0	<p><b>Command_Code [7:0]</b></p> <p>If Auto bit is set to 1, user can't define, PECI host will send relative command code.</p> <p>If Auto bit is set to 0, user can define command code to get PECI command. The Client Address, Write Length and Read Length are defined by <b>PECI2.0_CMD</b> (Bank 3 Address 1C<sub>HEX</sub> bit 5-0)</p>

## 12.8 PECI Agent Tbase Temperature registers (PATB)

Location:

**PATB1** - Bank 3 Address 20<sub>HEX</sub>

**PATB2** - Bank 3 Address 21<sub>HEX</sub>

**PATB3** - Bank 3 Address 22<sub>HEX</sub>

**PATB4** - Bank 3 Address 23<sub>HEX</sub>

**PATB5** - Bank 3 Address 24<sub>HEX</sub>

**PATB6** - Bank 3 Address 25<sub>HEX</sub>

**PATB7** - Bank 3 Address 26<sub>HEX</sub>

**PATB8** - Bank 3 Address 27<sub>HEX</sub>

Type: Read / Write



Reset: 3VSB Rising,  
 Init Reset (CR01.Bit7) is set,  
 3VDD Rising @ RST\_VDD\_MD (CR01.Bit5) set,  
 SYSRSTIN# Falling @ SYSRST\_MD (CR01.Bit6) set.

#### PATB1 – PATB8

BIT	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
NAME	Reserved	Agent 1 – Agent 8 Tbase Temperature						
DEFAULT	00 <sub>HEX</sub>							

BIT	DESCRIPTION
7	Reserved.
6-0	<b>Agent 1 – Agent 8 Tbase Temperature.</b> Agent base temperature for calculating agent0 absolute temperature Range:0~127°C (Note 1)

## 12.9 GetDIB Command (GDC)

Location:

**GDC\_DIB7** - Bank 3 Address 30<sub>HEX</sub>

**GDC\_DIB6** - Bank 3 Address 31<sub>HEX</sub>

**GDC\_DIB5** - Bank 3 Address 32<sub>HEX</sub>

**GDC\_DIB4** - Bank 3 Address 33<sub>HEX</sub>

**GDC\_DIB3** - Bank 3 Address 34<sub>HEX</sub>

**GDC\_DIB2** - Bank 3 Address 35<sub>HEX</sub>

**GDC\_DIB1** - Bank 3 Address 36<sub>HEX</sub>

**GDC\_DIB0** - Bank 3 Address 37<sub>HEX</sub>

DIB0 bit2 includes agent's information of the domain number

DIB1 includes agent's information of PECL version

Type: Read Only

Reset: 3VSB Rising,

#### GDC\_DIB7 – GDC\_DIB0

BIT	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
NAME	GetDIB() command read back data							
DEFAULT	00 <sub>HEX</sub>							



## 12.10 Agent Characteristic Registers (ACR)

Location:

**ACR1** - Bank 3 Address 38<sub>HEX</sub>

**ACR2** - Bank 3 Address 39<sub>HEX</sub>

**ACR3** - Bank 3 Address 3A<sub>HEX</sub>

Type: Read Only

Reset: 3VSB Rising,

**Record which agent is able to respond to Ping() command.**

**ACR1**

BIT	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
NAME	Alive_Agt[7:0]							
DEFAULT	FF <sub>HEX</sub>							

BIT	DESCRIPTION
7-0	<p><b>Alive_Agt[7:0]</b> Result of Ping() command.</p> <p>1: Agent is able to respond to Ping() command. Agent is alive.</p> <p>0: Agent isn't able to respond to Ping() command. Agent is not alive.</p>

**ACR2**

BIT	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
NAME	Dmn1_Agt[7:0]							
DEFAULT	00 <sub>HEX</sub>							

BIT	DESCRIPTION
7-0	<p><b>Dmn1_Agt[7:0]</b></p> <p>Result of GetDIB command.</p> <p>PECI host will run according to this information before register AliveDmn1_Agt have been programmed.</p> <p>Indicate that which agent is with domain1.</p> <p>1: Agent with domain1</p> <p>0: Agent without domain1</p>

**ACR3**

BIT	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
NAME	Vern20_Agt[7:0]							

DEFAULT	00 <sub>HEX</sub>
---------	-------------------

BIT	DESCRIPTION
7-0	<p><b>Vern20_Agt[7:0]</b>            Result of GetDIB command.            PECE host will run according to this information before register AliveDmn1_Agt have been programmed.            Indicate which agent supports PECE2.0 version.            1: Support (agent's version is PECE 2.0)            0: Non support (agent's version is PECE 1.0 or PECE 1.1)</p>

### 12.11 Agent Relative Temperature Registers (ARTR)

These registers return the raw data retrieved from PECE GetTemp(). The data may be the error code (range: 8000H~81FFH) or relative temperatures to process the defined **Tbase**. The error code will only be update in **ARTR** and absolute Temperature will not be updated when the error code is received. If the **RtHigh** mechanism is activated, the normal temperature will always be returned first. In case both 2 domains return errors, the return priority will be Overflow Error > Underflow Error > Missing Diode > General Error. The reset value is 8001<sub>HEX</sub>, in that PECE is defaulted to be off. In PECE, 8001<sub>HEX</sub> means the diode is missing.

Location:

**A1D0RTH**- Bank 3 Address 40<sub>HEX</sub>  
**A1D0RTL** - Bank 3 Address 41<sub>HEX</sub>  
**A1D1RTH**- Bank 3 Address 42<sub>HEX</sub>  
**A1D1RTL** - Bank 3 Address 43<sub>HEX</sub>  
**A2D0RTH** - Bank 3 Address 44<sub>HEX</sub>  
**A2D0RTL** - Bank 3 Address 45<sub>HEX</sub>  
**A2D1RTH** - Bank 3 Address 46<sub>HEX</sub>  
**A2D1RTL** - Bank 3 Address 47<sub>HEX</sub>  
**A3D0RTH** - Bank 3 Address 48<sub>HEX</sub>  
**A3D0RTL** - Bank 3 Address 49<sub>HEX</sub>  
**A3D1RTH** - Bank 3 Address 4A<sub>HEX</sub>  
**A3D1RTL** - Bank 3 Address 4B<sub>HEX</sub>  
**A4D0RTH** - Bank 3 Address 4C<sub>HEX</sub>  
**A4D0RTL** - Bank 3 Address 4D<sub>HEX</sub>  
**A4D1RTH** - Bank 3 Address 4E<sub>HEX</sub>  
**A4D1RTL** - Bank 3 Address 4F<sub>HEX</sub>  
**A5D0RTH** - Bank 3 Address 50<sub>HEX</sub>  
**A5D0RTL** - Bank 3 Address 51<sub>HEX</sub>  
**A5D1RTH** - Bank 3 Address 52<sub>HEX</sub>  
**A5D1RTL** - Bank 3 Address 53<sub>HEX</sub>  
**A6D0RTH** - Bank 3 Address 54<sub>HEX</sub>  
**A6D0RTL** - Bank 3 Address 55<sub>HEX</sub>



**A6D1RTH** - Bank 3 Address 56<sub>HEX</sub>  
**A6D1RTL** - Bank 3 Address 57<sub>HEX</sub>  
**A7D0RTH** - Bank 3 Address 58<sub>HEX</sub>  
**A7D0RTL** - Bank 3 Address 59<sub>HEX</sub>  
**A7D1RTH** - Bank 3 Address 5A<sub>HEX</sub>  
**A7D1RTL** - Bank 3 Address 5B<sub>HEX</sub>  
**A8D0RTH** - Bank 3 Address 5C<sub>HEX</sub>  
**A8D0RTL** - Bank 3 Address 5D<sub>HEX</sub>  
**A8D1RTH** - Bank 3 Address 5E<sub>HEX</sub>  
**A8D1RTL** - Bank 3 Address 5F<sub>HEX</sub>

Type: Read Only  
 Reset: 3VSB Rising,

BIT	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8
NAME	<b>A1D0RTH – A8D0RTH</b> : Agent 1- Agent 8 Domain0 Relative Temperature High byte <b>A1D1RTH – A8D1RTH</b> : Agent 1- Agent 8 Domain1 Relative Temperature High byte Refer the <a href="#">PECI Temperature format</a> to calculate temperature data.							
	Sign	Temperature[8:2]						
DEFAULT	F8 <sub>HEX</sub>							

BIT	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
NAME	<b>A1D0RTL – A8D0RTL</b> : Agent 1- Agent 8 Domain0 Relative Temperature Low byte <b>A1D1RTL – A8D1RTL</b> : Agent 1- Agent 8 Domain1 Relative Temperature Low byte Refer the <a href="#">PECI Temperature format</a> to calculate temperature data.							
	Temperature[1:0]	TEMP_2	TEMP_4	TEMP_8	TEMP_16	TEMP_32	TEMP_64	
DEFAULT	80 <sub>HEX</sub>							

[GetTemp\(\)](#) Peci Temperature format:

BIT	DESCRIPTION
15	Sign Bit. ( <b>Sign</b> ) In Peci Protocol, this bit should always be 1 to represent a negative temperature.
14-6	The integer part of the relative temperature. ( <b>Temperature[8:0]</b> )
5	<b>TEMP_2</b> . 0.5°C unit.
4	<b>TEMP_4</b> . 0.25°C unit.
3	<b>TEMP_8</b> . 0.125°C unit.
2	<b>TEMP_16</b> . 0.0625°C unit.
1	<b>TEMP_32</b> . 0.03125°C unit.
0	<b>TEMP_64</b> . 0.015625°C unit.

[GetTemp\(\) Response Definition:](#)

RESPONSE	MEANING
General Sensor Error (GSE)	Thermal scan did not complete in time. Retry is appropriate.
0x0000	Processor is running at its maximum temperature or is currently being reset.
All other data	Valid temperature reading, reported as a negative offset from the TCC activation temperature. The valide temperature reading is referred to <a href="#">GetTemp() PECL Temperature format</a>

On some occasions, PECL will return the abnormal states of the PECL bus in addition to the temperature. All the information will be recorded. In some cases, the W83795G/ADG will also do further processing for the alert mechanism. The following describes these codes and their effects to the W83795G/ADG.

Error Code	Description	W83795G/ADG host operation
8000 <sub>HEX</sub>	General Sensor Error	No further processing.
8001 <sub>HEX</sub>	Sensing Device Missing	
8002 <sub>HEX</sub>	Operational, but the temperature is lower than the sensor operation range.	Compulsorily write 0°C back to the temperature readouts.(Bank 0 Index 1C <sub>HEX</sub> ~ 1F <sub>HEX</sub> )
8003 <sub>HEX</sub>	Operational, but the temperature is higher than the sensor operation range.	compulsorily write 127°C back to the temperature readouts.(Bank 0 Index 1C <sub>HEX</sub> ~ 1F <sub>HEX</sub> )
8004 <sub>HEX</sub>	Reserved.	No further operation.
81FF <sub>HEX</sub>		

Besides error conditions or invalid FCS, the normal temperature will be written back to [Temperature Readouts](#) with the sum of [ARTR](#) value and [Tbase](#) value.

## 12.12 Agent Tcontrol Temperature Registers (ATTR)

Location:

**A1TTH**- Bank 3 Address 60<sub>HEX</sub>

**A1TTL**- Bank 3 Address 61<sub>HEX</sub>

**A2TTH**- Bank 3 Address 62<sub>HEX</sub>

**A2TTL**- Bank 3 Address 63<sub>HEX</sub>

**A3TTH**- Bank 3 Address 64<sub>HEX</sub>

**A3TTL**- Bank 3 Address 65<sub>HEX</sub>

**A4TTH**- Bank 3 Address 66<sub>HEX</sub>

**A4TTL**- Bank 3 Address 67<sub>HEX</sub>

**A5TTH**- Bank 3 Address 68<sub>HEX</sub>

**A5TTL**- Bank 3 Address 69<sub>HEX</sub>

**A6TTH**- Bank 3 Address 6A<sub>HEX</sub>





**A6TTL**- Bank 3 Address 6B<sub>HEX</sub>  
**A7TTH**- Bank 3 Address 6C<sub>HEX</sub>  
**A7TTL**- Bank 3 Address 6D<sub>HEX</sub>  
**A8TTH**- Bank 3 Address 6E<sub>HEX</sub>  
**A8TTL**- Bank 3 Address 6F<sub>HEX</sub>

Type: Read Only  
 Reset: 3VSB Rising,

BIT	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8
NAME	<b>A1TTH – A8TTH</b> : Agent 1- Agent 8 Tcontrol Temperature High byte Refer the <a href="#">PECI Temperature format</a> to calculate temperature data.							
	Sign	Temperature[8:2]						
DEFAULT	FD <sub>HEX</sub>							

BIT	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
NAME	<b>A1TTL – A1TTL</b> : Agent 1- Agent 8 Tcontrol Temperature Low byte Refer the <a href="#">PECI Temperature format</a> to calculate temperature data.							
	Temperature[1:0]	TEMP_2	TEMP_4	TEMP_8	TEMP_16	TEMP_32	TEMP_64	
DEFAULT	80 <sub>HEX</sub>							

### 12.13 PCI Configuration Address Registers (PCAR)

Refer to [PCI Configuration Address defined format](#) to set **PC Address4 – PC Address1** registers value for PCIConfigRd() or PCIConfWr() command.

PCI bus address assignment

Type: Read / Write  
 Reset: 3VSB Rising,  
 Init Reset (CR01.Bit7) is set,  
 3VDD Rising @ RST\_VDD\_MD (CR01.Bit5) set,  
 SYSRSTIN# Falling @ SYSRST\_MD (CR01.Bit6) set.

Location:

**PC Address4** (MSB) - Bank 3 Address 70<sub>HEX</sub>  
**PC Address3** - Bank 3 Address 71<sub>HEX</sub>  
**PC Address2** - Bank 3 Address 72<sub>HEX</sub>  
**PC Address1** (LSB) - Bank 3 Address 73<sub>HEX</sub>

BIT	PCI Configuration Address [31:0]
-----	----------------------------------

NAME	PC Address4	PC Address3	PC Address2	PC Address1
DEFAULT	00 <sub>HEX</sub>	00 <sub>HEX</sub>	00 <sub>HEX</sub>	00 <sub>HEX</sub>

[PCI Configuration Address defined format:](#)

BIT	DESCRIPTION
31-28	Reserved.
27-20	Bus
19-15	Device
14-12	Function
11 - 0	Register

### 12.14 PCI Configuration Write Data (PCWD)

Type: Read / Write

Reset: 3VSB Rising,

Init Reset (CR01.Bit7) is set,

3VDD Rising @ RST\_VDD\_MD (CR01.Bit5) set,

SYSRSTIN# Falling @ SYSRST\_MD (CR01.Bit6) set.

Location:

**PCW Data4** (MSB) - Bank 3 Address 74<sub>HEX</sub>

**PCW Data3** - Bank 3 Address 75<sub>HEX</sub>

**PCW Data2** - Bank 3 Address 76<sub>HEX</sub>

**PCW Data1** (LSB) - Bank 3 Address 77<sub>HEX</sub>

BIT	PCI Configuration Write Data [31:0]			
NAME	PCW Data4	PCW Data3	PCW Data2	PCW Data1
DEFAULT	00 <sub>HEX</sub>	00 <sub>HEX</sub>	00 <sub>HEX</sub>	00 <sub>HEX</sub>

[PCIConfigWr\(\) Response Definition:](#) 'CC' indicates Completion Code.

RESPONSE	MEANING
Bad FCS	Electrical error or Assured Write FCS (AW FCS) failure.
Abort FCS	Illegal command formatting (mismatched RL/WL/Command Code)
CC: 0x40	Command passed, data is valid.
CC: 0x80	Error causing a response timeout. Either due to a rare, internal timing condition or a processor RESET condition or processor S1 state. Retry is appropriate outside of the RESET or S1 states.

### 12.15 PCI Configuration Read Data (PCRD)

Type: Read Only

Reset: 3VSB Rising,

Location:

**PCR Data4** (MSB) - Bank 3 Address 78<sub>HEX</sub>

**PCR Data3** - Bank 3 Address 79<sub>HEX</sub>

**PCR Data2** - Bank 3 Address 7A<sub>HEX</sub>

**PCR Data1** (LSB) - Bank 3 Address 7B<sub>HEX</sub>

BIT	PCI Configuration Read Data [31:0]			
NAME	PCR Data4	PCR Data3	PCR Data2	PCR Data1
DEFAULT	00 <sub>HEX</sub>	00 <sub>HEX</sub>	00 <sub>HEX</sub>	00 <sub>HEX</sub>

[PCIConfigRd\(\) Response Definition](#): 'CC' indicates Completion Code.

RESPONSE	MEANING
Abort FCS	Illegal command formatting (mismatched RL/WL/Command Code)
CC: 0x40	Command passed, data is valid.
CC: 0x80	Error causing a response timeout. Either due to a rare, internal timing condition or a processor RESET condition or processor S1 state. Retry is appropriate outside of the RESET or S1 states.

### 12.16 MbxSend Command (MSC)

Type: Read / Write

Reset: 3VSB Rising,

Init Reset (CR01.Bit7) is set,

3VDD Rising @ RST\_VDD\_MD (CR01.Bit5) set,

SYSRSTIN# Falling @ SYSRST\_MD (CR01.Bit6) set.

Location:

**MbxSend Request Type** - Bank 3 Address 80<sub>HEX</sub>

BIT	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
NAME	MbxSend Request Type							
DEFAULT	00 <sub>HEX</sub>							

Location:

**MbxSend Data4** (MSB) - Bank 3 Address 81<sub>HEX</sub>

**MbxSend Data3** - Bank 3 Address 82<sub>HEX</sub>

**MbxSend Data2** - Bank 3 Address 83<sub>HEX</sub>

**MbxSend Data1** (LSB) - Bank 3 Address 84<sub>HEX</sub>

BIT	MbxSend Data [31:0]			
NAME	MbxSend Data4	MbxSend Data3	MbxSend Data2	MbxSend Data1
DEFAULT	00 <sub>HEX</sub>	00 <sub>HEX</sub>	00 <sub>HEX</sub>	00 <sub>HEX</sub>

[MbxSend\(\) Response Definition](#): 'CC' indicates Completion Code.

RESPONSE	MEANING
Bad FCS	Electrical error.
CC: 0x80	Error causing a response timeout. Either due to a rare, internal timing condition or a processor RESET condition or processor S1 state. Retry is appropriate outside of the RESET or S1 states.
CC: 0x86	Mailbox interface is unavailable or busy.

### 12.17 Completion Code (CC)

Location:

CC- Bank 3 Address 85<sub>HEX</sub>

Type: Read Only

Reset: 3VSB Rising,

BIT	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
NAME	Completion Code							
DEFAULT	00 <sub>HEX</sub>							

### 12.18 MbxGet Command (MGC)

Type: Read Only

Reset: 3VSB Rising,

Location:

**MbxGet Data4 (MSB)** - Bank 3 Address 86<sub>HEX</sub>

**MbxGet Data3** - Bank 3 Address 87<sub>HEX</sub>

**MbxGet Data2** - Bank 3 Address 88<sub>HEX</sub>

**MbxGet Data1 (LSB)** - Bank 3 Address 89<sub>HEX</sub>

BIT	MbxGet Data [31:0]			
NAME	MbxGet Data4	MbxGet Data3	MbxGet Data2	MbxGet Data1
DEFAULT	00 <sub>HEX</sub>	00 <sub>HEX</sub>	00 <sub>HEX</sub>	00 <sub>HEX</sub>

**MbxGet Transaction ID** - Bank 3 Address 8A

BIT	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
-----	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

NAME	Reserved	Transaction ID
DEFAULT	00 <sub>HEX</sub>	

[MbxGet\(\) Response Definition:](#) 'CC' indicates Completion Code.

RESPONSE	MEANING
Abort Write FCS	Response data is not ready. Command retry is appropriate.
CC: 0x40	Command passed, data is valid.
CC: 0x80	Error causing a response timeout. Either due to a rare, internal timing condition or a processor RESET condition or processor S1 state. Retry is appropriate outside of the RESET or S1 states.
CC: 0x81	Thermal configuration data was malformed or exceeded limits.
CC: 0x82	Thermal status mask is illegal.
CC: 0x83	Invalid counter select.
CC: 0x85	Failure due to lack of Mailbox lock or invalid Transaction ID.
CC: 0x86	Mailbox interface is unavailable or busy.

## 12.19 SB-TSI Configuration Register (STCR)

Location:

**STCR** - Bank 3 Address A0<sub>HEX</sub>

Type: Read / Write

Reset: 3VSB Rising,

Init Reset (CR01.Bit7) is set,

3VDD Rising @ RST\_VDD\_MD (CR01.Bit5) set,

SYSRSTIN# Falling @ SYSRST\_MD (CR01.Bit6) set.

### STCR

BIT	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
NAME	Reserved			FSB_TSI[3:0]				STHE
DEFAULT	10 <sub>HEX</sub>							

BIT	DESCRIPTION
7-5	<b>Reserved.</b>
4-1	Set the frequency of SB-TSI SCL ( <b>FSB_TSI[3:0]</b> ) SB-TSI SCL frequency is 225KHz / (FSB_TSI [3:0] +1). Note that FSB_TSI[3:0] can not be set to 000 <sub>BIN</sub> .
0	SB-TSI Host Enable. ( <b>STHE</b> ) If Digital Temperature Sensor Enable ( <b>DTSE</b> ) = 1 & DTS Interface Select ( <b>DIS</b> ) =1, SB-TSI

host function will be enabled and SB-TSI Host Enable ( <b>STHE</b> ) will be set to 1. This bit is Read Only.
--

## 12.20 SB-TSI Auto Read Period (STARP)

Location:

**STARP** - Bank 3 Address A1<sub>HEX</sub>

Type: Read / Write

Reset: 3VSB Rising,

Init Reset (CR01.Bit7) is set,

3VDD Rising @ RST\_VDD\_MD (CR01.Bit5) set,

SYSRSTIN# Falling @ SYSRST\_MD (CR01.Bit6) set.

**STARP**

BIT	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
NAME	TSIAutoReadCycle[7:0]							
DEFAULT	19 <sub>HEX</sub>							

BIT	DESCRIPTION
7-0	SB-TSI Auto Read Cycle ( <b>TSIAutoReadCycle[7:0]</b> ) Tp = 1ms * TSIAutoReadCycle[7:0] SB-TSI host will read one slave's temperature in Tp time. Note that TSIAutoReadCycle[7:0] can not set to 00 <sub>HEX</sub>

## 12.21 SB-TSI Slave Enable (STSE)

Location:

**STSE** - Bank 3 Address A2<sub>HEX</sub>

Type: Read Only

Reset: 3VSB Rising,

**STSE**

BIT	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
NAME	STSE8	STSE7	STSE6	STSE5	STSE4	STSE3	STSE2	STSE1
DEFAULT	00 <sub>HEX</sub>							

BIT	DESCRIPTION
7-0	SB-TSI DTS8 – DTS1 Enable ( <b>STSE8-STSE1</b> )

BIT	DESCRIPTION
	0 = Disable. (Default) 1 = Enable. If Digital Temperature Sensor Enable ( <b>DTSE</b> ) = 1 & DTS Interface Select ( <b>DIS</b> ) =1, SB-TSI slave address will be enabled and SB-TSI DTS8 – DTS1 Enable ( <b>STSE8-STSE1</b> ) will be set to 1. In AMD SB-TSI, DTS1 slave address is 98h. DTS2 slave address is 9Ah. DTS3 slave address is 9Ch. DTS4 slave address is 9Eh. DTS5 slave address is 90h. DTS6 slave address is 92h. DTS7 slave address is 94h. DTS8 slave address is 96h. This register is Read Only.

## 12.22 SB-TSI One Shot Start register (STOSS)

Location:

**STOSS** - Bank 3 Address A3<sub>HEX</sub>

Type: Read / Write

Reset: 3VSB Rising,

Init Reset (CR01.Bit7) is set,

3VDD Rising @ RST\_VDD\_MD (CR01.Bit5) set,

SYSRSTIN# Falling @ SYSRST\_MD (CR01.Bit6) set.

### STOSS

BIT	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
NAME	Reserved							OneShot
DEFAULT	00 <sub>HEX</sub>							

BIT	DESCRIPTION
7-1	<b>Reserved.</b>
0	SB-TSI One Shot Start ( <b>OneShot</b> ). 0 = This bit will return 0 when SB-TSI host finished one shot start SB-TSI command. 1 = Writing a 1 to this bit, SB-TSI host will one shot start SB-TSI command.

## 12.23 SB-TSI Manual Mode Configuration Registers (STMMCR)

Type: Read / Write



Reset: 3VSB Rising,  
3VDD Rising @ RST\_VDD\_MD (CR01.Bit5) set.

**STMMCR1 - Bank 3 Address A4<sub>HEX</sub>**

BIT	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
NAME	MME	OSE	Reserved					RWC
DEFAULT	01 <sub>HEX</sub>							

BIT	DESCRIPTION
7	SB-TSI Manual Mode Enable. ( <b>MME</b> ) 0 = Disable. (Default) 1 = Enable.
6	SB-TSI One Shot Enable. ( <b>OSE</b> ) 0 = Disable. (Default) 1 = Enable.
5-1	<b>Reserved.</b>
0	Set SB-TSI Read / Write Command ( <b>RWC</b> ) 0 = Write Command. 1 = Read Command. (Default)

BIT[7:6]		MEANING
MME	OSE	
0	0	SB-TSI host always read SB-TSI 01h and SB-TSI 10h command code data continually and stored in the <b>Bank0 DTS1~8 and VR LSB</b> registers.
0	1	After writing a 1 to SB-TSI One Shot Start ( <b>OneShot</b> ), SB-TSI host read one time SB-TSI 01h and SB-TSI 10h command code data and stored in the <b>Bank0 DTS1~8 and VR LSB</b> registers.
1	0	After writing a 1 to SB-TSI One Shot Start ( <b>OneShot</b> ), SB-TSI host read or write one time the data and stored in the SB-TSI Read Data High Byte ( <b>STRD</b> ) register. The data command code will depend on SB-TSI Command Code ( <b>STCC</b> ) register.

**STMMCR2 - Bank 3 Address A5<sub>HEX</sub>**

BIT	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
NAME	STCC							
DEFAULT	01 <sub>HEX</sub>							

BIT	DESCRIPTION
-----	-------------



BIT	DESCRIPTION
7-0	SB-TSI Command Code. ( <b>STCC</b> ) Refer the AMD SB-TSI specification to set command code. 01 <sub>HEX</sub> = CPU Temperature High Byte Register. 02 <sub>HEX</sub> = SB-TSI Status Register. 03 <sub>HEX</sub> = SB-TSI Configuration Register. 04 <sub>HEX</sub> = Update Rate Register. 07 <sub>HEX</sub> = High Temperature Threshold High Byte Register. 08 <sub>HEX</sub> = Low Temperature Threshold High Byte Register. 09 <sub>HEX</sub> = SB-TSI Configuration Register. 10 <sub>HEX</sub> = CPU Temperature Low Byte Register. 11 <sub>HEX</sub> = CPU Temperature Offset High Byte Register. 12 <sub>HEX</sub> = CPU Temperature Offset Low Byte Register. 13 <sub>HEX</sub> = High Temperature Threshold Low Byte Register. 14 <sub>HEX</sub> = Low Temperature Threshold Low Byte Register. 22 <sub>HEX</sub> = Timeout Configuration Register. 32 <sub>HEX</sub> = Alert Threshold Register. BF <sub>HEX</sub> = Alert Configuration Register. FE <sub>HEX</sub> = Manufacture ID Register. FF <sub>HEX</sub> = SB-TSI Revision Register.

**STMMCR3 - Bank 3 Address A6<sub>HEX</sub>**

BIT	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
NAME	<b>SB-TSI Write Data</b>							
DEFAULT	00 <sub>HEX</sub>							

**12.24 SB-TSI Read Data (STRD)**

Location:

**STRD** - Bank 3 Address A8<sub>HEX</sub>

Type: Read Only

Reset: 3VSB Rising,

**STRD**

BIT	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
NAME	SB-TSI Read Data Byte of Manual Mode. If read data are indicated to temperature, refer the <a href="#">Table-1 SB-TSI Temperature Encoding Example</a> to calculate temperature data.							
DEFAULT	00 <sub>HEX</sub>							

## 13. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

### 13.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

PARAMETER	RATING	UNIT
Power Supply Voltage	-0.3 to +3.6	V
Input Voltage	-0.3 to +3.6	V
Operating Temperature	0 to +70	°C
Storage Temperature	-55 to +150	°C

### 13.2 DC Characteristics

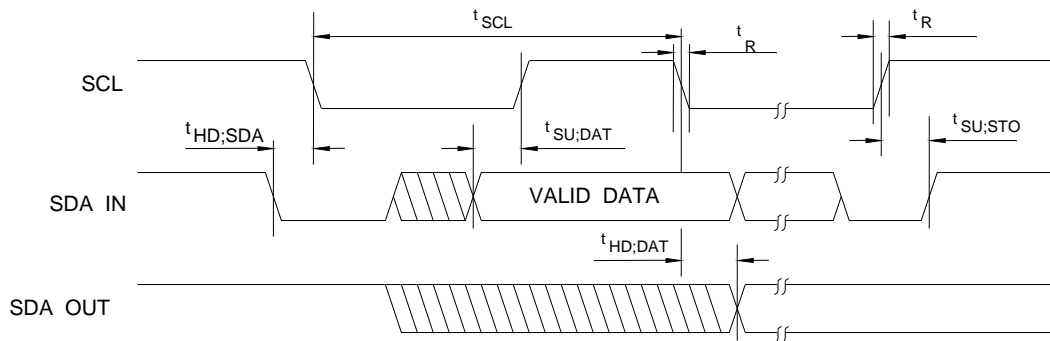
( $T_a = 0^\circ\text{C}$  to  $70^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $3V_{DD} = 3.3V \pm 10\%$ ,  $3V_{SB} = 3.3V \pm 10\%$ ,  $GND = 0V$ )

PARAMETER	SYM.	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	CONDITIONS
OD <sub>12</sub> – Open-drain output pin with source-sink capability of 12 mA						
Output Low Voltage	V <sub>OL</sub>			0.4	V	I <sub>OL</sub> = 12 mA
OUT <sub>12</sub> - Output buffer pin with source-sink capability of 12 mA						
Output Low Voltage	V <sub>OL</sub>			0.4	V	I <sub>OL</sub> = 12 mA
Output High Voltage	V <sub>OH</sub>	2.4			V	I <sub>OH</sub> = -12 mA
V1 - VID input pin for INTEL™ VRM design						
Input Low Voltage	V <sub>IL</sub>			0.4	V	
Input High Voltage	V <sub>IH</sub>	0.6			V	
V2 - VID input pin for AMD™ VRM design						
Input Low Voltage	V <sub>IL</sub>			0.8	V	
Input High Voltage	V <sub>IH</sub>	1.4			V	
V3 –Bi-direction pin for AMD™ SVID design						
Input Low Voltage	V <sub>IL</sub>		0.6		V	

PARAMETER	SYM.	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	CONDITIONS
Input High Voltage	$V_{IH}$		1		V	
Output Low Voltage	$V_{OL}$			0.285	V	
V4 – Bi-direction pin for INTEL™ PECl						
Input Low Voltage	$V_{IL}$	$0.275V_{tt}$		$0.5V_{tt}$	V	
Input High Voltage	$V_{IH}$	$0.55V_{tt}$		$0.725V_{tt}$	V	
Output Low Voltage	$V_{OL}$			$0.25V_{tt}$	V	
Output High Voltage	$V_{OH}$	$0.75V_{tt}$			V	
Hysterisis	$V_{Hys}$	$0.1V_{tt}$			V	
V5 – Bi-direction pin for PROCHOT						
Input Low Voltage	$V_{IL}$			0.4	V	
Input High Voltage	$V_{IH}$	0.8			V	
Output Low Voltage	$V_{OL}$			0.2	V	
IN <sub>ts</sub> - TTL level Schmitt-triggered input pin						
Input Low Voltage	$V_{IL}$			0.8	V	3VSB = 3.3V
Input High Voltage	$V_{IH}$	2.0			V	3VSB = 3.3V
Input High Leakage	$I_{LIH}$			+10	μA	VIN=3.3V
Input Low Leakage	$I_{LIL}$			-10	μA	VIN=0V
AIN - Analog input pin						
Input High Leakage	$I_{LIH}$			+1	μA	VIN=3.3V
Input Low Leakage	$I_{LIL}$			-1	μA	VIN=0V

### 13.3 AC Characteristics

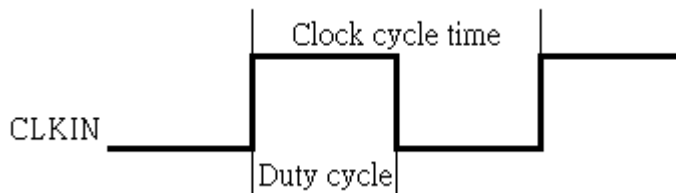
#### SMBus Interface



Serial Bus Timing Diagram

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT
SCL clock period	$t_{SCL}$	10		uS
Start condition hold time	$t_{HD;SDA}$	4.0		uS
Stop condition setup-up time	$t_{SU;STO}$	4.0		uS
DATA to SCL setup time	$t_{SU;DAT}$	150		nS
DATA to SCL hold time	$t_{HD;DAT}$	270		nS
SCL and SDA rise time	$t_R$		1.0	uS
SCL and SDA fall time	$t_F$		300	nS

#### Clock Input Timing

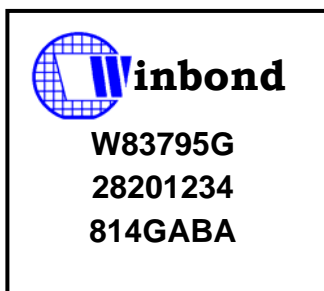


DESCRIPTION	CLKIN		
	MIN	TYP	MAX
Clock cycle time	$(1/CLKIN) \times 0.97$	$1/CLKIN$	$(1/CLKIN) \times 1.03$
Duty cycle	45%		55%

**14. ORDER INFORMATION**

<b>PART NO.</b>	<b>PACKAGE</b>	<b>REMARKS</b>
W83795G	64-pin LQFP	Pb-free Package
W83795ADG	48-pin LQFP	Pb-free Package

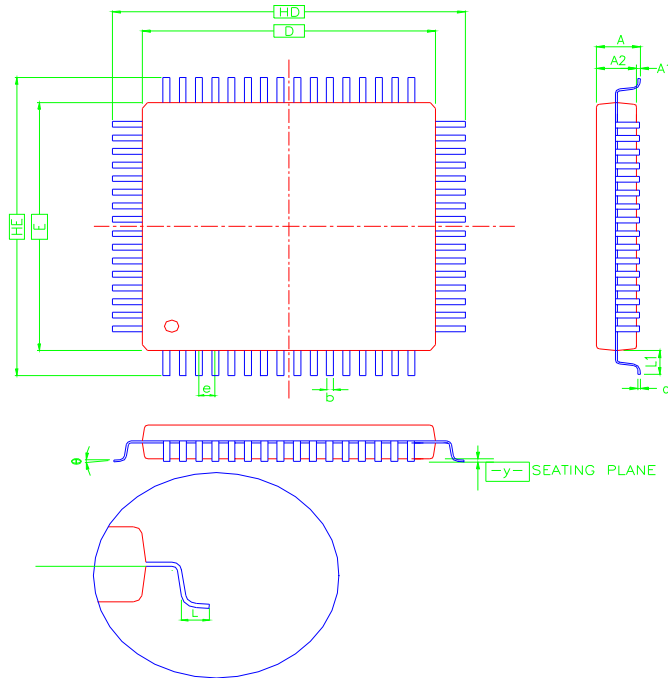
## 15. TOP MARKING SPECIFICATIONS



First Line	Nuvoton Logo, and company name.
Second Line	IC part number: W83795G W83795ADG
Third Line	Serial number
Forth Line	Tracking Code: <u>8</u> <u>14</u> <u>G</u> <u>A</u> <u>BA</u> for Package information 8    Package is made in 200 <u>8</u> 14    Week: <u>14</u> G    Assembly house ID; G means Greatek; A means ASE; O means OSE A    IC version; A means A version; B means B version; C means C version BA    Mask version

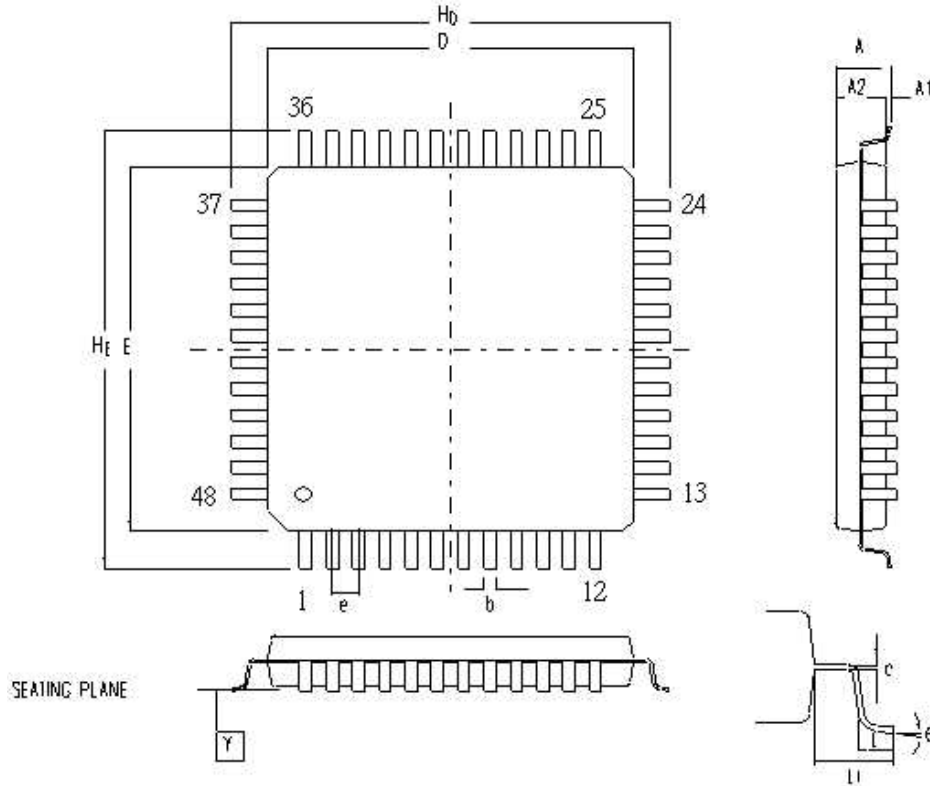
## 16. PACKAGE DRAWING AND DIMENSIONS

W83795G (64-pin LQFP 10X10X1.4mm)



Symbol	Dimension in inch			Dimension in mm		
	Min	Nom	Max	Min	Nom	Max
<b>A</b>	—	—	0.063	—	—	1.60
<b>A<sub>1</sub></b>	0.002	—	0.006	0.05	—	0.15
<b>A<sub>2</sub></b>	0.053	0.055	0.057	1.35	1.40	1.45
<b>b</b>	0.007	0.008	0.011	0.17	0.20	0.27
<b>c</b>	0.004	—	0.008	0.09	—	0.20
<b>D</b>	—	0.393	—	—	10.00	—
<b>E</b>	—	0.393	—	—	10.00	—
<b>e</b>	—	0.020	—	—	0.50	—
<b>H<sub>D</sub></b>	—	0.472	—	—	12.00	—
<b>H<sub>E</sub></b>	—	0.472	—	—	12.00	—
<b>L</b>	0.018	0.024	0.030	0.45	0.60	0.75
<b>L<sub>1</sub></b>	—	0.039	—	—	1.00	—
<b>y</b>	—	0.004	—	—	0.10	—
<b>θ</b>	0°	3.5°	7°	0°	3.5°	7°

W83795ADG (48-pin LQFP)



Controlling dimension : Millimeters

Symbol	Dimension in Inch			Dimension in mm		
	Min	Nom	Max	Min	Nom	Max
A	—	—	0.063	—	—	1.60
A1	0.002	0.004	0.006	0.05	0.10	0.15
A2	0.063	0.065	0.067	1.35	1.40	1.45
b	0.006	0.008	0.010	0.15	0.20	0.25
c	0.004	0.006	0.008	0.10	0.15	0.20
D	0.272	0.276	0.280	6.90	7.00	7.10
E	0.272	0.276	0.280	6.90	7.00	7.10
e	0.014	0.020	0.026	0.35	0.50	0.65
H0	0.350	0.354	0.358	8.90	9.00	9.10
He	0.350	0.354	0.358	8.90	9.00	9.10
L	0.018	0.024	0.030	0.45	0.60	0.75
L1	—	0.039	—	—	1.00	—
Y	—	—	0.004	—	—	0.10
theta	0°	—	7°	0°	—	7°



## 17. REVISION HISTORY

VERSION	DATE	PAGE	DESCRIPTION
1.0	12/12/2008	N.A.	The Initial Formal Release.
1.1	05/05/2009	147	Added DC characteristic and revised typos.
1.2	06/03/2009	17,25,126,149	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Modified CLKIN pin description.</li> <li>2. Modified PECl ATR register.</li> <li>3. Added CLKIN specification.</li> </ol>
1.3	10/21/2009	32,108,129	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Added C version chip information.</li> <li>2. Modified PWM Fan output prescalar default value.</li> <li>3. Added PECl read value clamping function.</li> <li>4. Revised typos in the document.</li> </ol>
1.4	6/3/2010	61~64,148	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Revised register description of PROCHOT.</li> <li>2. Modified AC Characteristic.</li> <li>3. Revised typos in the document.</li> </ol>
1.41	8/2/2010	51	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Modified the SMI_POL description.</li> </ol>

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