

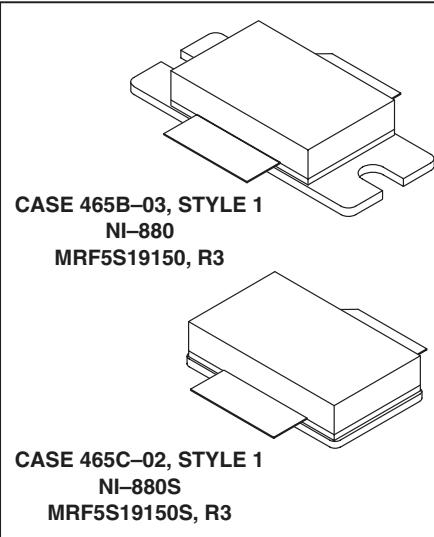
The RF Sub-Micron MOSFET Line RF Power Field Effect Transistors N-Channel Enhancement-Mode Lateral MOSFETs

Designed for PCN and PCS base station applications at frequencies from 1.9 to 2.0 GHz. Suitable for TDMA, CDMA and multicarrier amplifier applications.

- Typical 2-Carrier N-CDMA Performance for $V_{DD} = 28$ Volts,
 $P_{out} = 32$ Watts, $I_{DQ} = 1400$ mA, $f_1 = 1958.75$ MHz, $f_2 = 1961.25$ MHz
IS-95 CDMA (Pilot, Sync, Paging, Traffic Codes 8 Through 13)
1.2288 MHz Channel Bandwidth Carrier. Adjacent Channels Measured over a 30 kHz Bandwidth at $f_1 - 885$ kHz and $f_2 + 885$ kHz. Distortion Products Measured over 1.2288 MHz Bandwidth at $f_1 - 2.5$ MHz and $f_2 + 2.5$ MHz. Peak/Avg. = 9.8 dB @ 0.01% Probability on CCDF.
Output Power — 32 Watts Avg.
Power Gain — 14 dB
Efficiency — 26%
ACPR — -50 dB
IM3 — -36.5 dBc
- Internally Matched, Controlled Q, for Ease of Use
- High Gain, High Efficiency and High Linearity
- Integrated ESD Protection
- Designed for Maximum Gain and Insertion Phase Flatness
- Capable of Handling 5:1 VSWR, @ 28 Vdc, $f_1 = 1960$ MHz, 100 Watts CW Output Power
- Excellent Thermal Stability
- Qualified Up to a Maximum of 32 V Operation
- Available in Tape and Reel. R3 Suffix = 250 Units per 56 mm, 13 inch Reel.

MRF5S19150
MRF5S19150R3
MRF5S19150S
MRF5S19150SR3

1990 MHz, 32 W, 28 V
LATERAL N-CHANNEL
RF POWER MOSFETs



MAXIMUM RATINGS

Rating	Symbol	Value	Unit
Drain-Source Voltage	V_{DSS}	65	Vdc
Gate-Source Voltage	V_{GS}	-0.5, +15	Vdc
Total Device Dissipation @ $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ Derate above 25°C	P_D	357 2	Watts W/ $^\circ\text{C}$
Storage Temperature Range	T_{stg}	-65 to +150	$^\circ\text{C}$
Operating Junction Temperature	T_J	200	$^\circ\text{C}$
CW Operation	CW	100	Watts

THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

Characteristic	Symbol	Max	Unit
Thermal Resistance, Junction to Case Case Temperature 80°C, 100 W CW Case Temperature 80°C, 32 W CW	$R_{\theta JC}$	0.49 0.53	$^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$

NOTE – **CAUTION** – MOS devices are susceptible to damage from electrostatic charge. Reasonable precautions in handling and packaging MOS devices should be observed.

ESD PROTECTION CHARACTERISTICS

Test Conditions	Class
Human Body Model	1 (Minimum)
Machine Model	M3 (Minimum)
Charge Device Model	C7 (Minimum)

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ($T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted)

Characteristic	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
OFF CHARACTERISTICS					
Zero Gate Voltage Drain Leakage Current ($V_{DS} = 65 \text{ Vdc}$, $V_{GS} = 0 \text{ Vdc}$)	I_{DSS}	—	—	10	$\mu\text{A dc}$
Zero Gate Voltage Drain Leakage Current ($V_{DS} = 28 \text{ Vdc}$, $V_{GS} = 0 \text{ Vdc}$)	I_{DSS}	—	—	1	$\mu\text{A dc}$
Gate-Source Leakage Current ($V_{GS} = 5 \text{ Vdc}$, $V_{DS} = 0 \text{ Vdc}$)	I_{GSS}	—	—	1	$\mu\text{A dc}$
ON CHARACTERISTICS					
Gate Threshold Voltage ($V_{DS} = 10 \text{ Vdc}$, $I_D = 360 \mu\text{A dc}$)	$V_{GS(\text{th})}$	2.5	2.8	3.5	Vdc
Gate Quiescent Voltage ($V_{DS} = 28 \text{ Vdc}$, $I_D = 1400 \text{ mA dc}$)	$V_{GS(Q)}$	—	3.8	—	Vdc
Drain-Source On-Voltage ($V_{GS} = 10 \text{ Vdc}$, $I_D = 3.6 \text{ Adc}$)	$V_{DS(\text{on})}$	—	0.24	—	Vdc
Forward Transconductance ($V_{DS} = 10 \text{ Vdc}$, $I_D = 3.6 \text{ Adc}$)	g_{fs}	—	9	—	S
DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS					
Reverse Transfer Capacitance (1) ($V_{DS} = 28 \text{ Vdc}$, $V_{GS} = 0$, $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$)	C_{rss}	—	3.1	—	pF

FUNCTIONAL TESTS (In Motorola Test Fixture, 50 ohm system) 2-Carrier N-CDMA, 1.2288 MHz Channel Bandwidth Carriers.
Peak/Avg = 9.8 dB @ 0.01% Probability on CCDF.

Common-Source Amplifier Power Gain ($V_{DD} = 28 \text{ Vdc}$, $P_{out} = 32 \text{ W Avg}$, $I_{DQ} = 1400 \text{ mA}$, $f_1 = 1930 \text{ MHz}$, $f_2 = 1932.5 \text{ MHz}$ and $f_1 = 1987.5 \text{ MHz}$, $f_2 = 1990 \text{ MHz}$)	Gps	13	14	—	dB
Drain Efficiency ($V_{DD} = 28 \text{ Vdc}$, $P_{out} = 32 \text{ W Avg}$, $I_{DQ} = 1400 \text{ mA}$, $f_1 = 1930 \text{ MHz}$, $f_2 = 1932.5 \text{ MHz}$ and $f_1 = 1987.5 \text{ MHz}$, $f_2 = 1990 \text{ MHz}$)	η	24	26	—	%
Third Order Intermodulation Distortion ($V_{DD} = 28 \text{ Vdc}$, $P_{out} = 32 \text{ W Avg}$, $I_{DQ} = 1400 \text{ mA}$, $f_1 = 1930 \text{ MHz}$, $f_2 = 1932.5 \text{ MHz}$ and $f_1 = 1987.5 \text{ MHz}$, $f_2 = 1990 \text{ MHz}$; IM3 measured over 1.2288 MHz Bandwidth at $f_1 - 2.5 \text{ MHz}$ and $f_2 + 2.5 \text{ MHz}$ referenced to carrier channel power.)	IM3	—	-36.5	-35	dBc
Adjacent Channel Power Ratio ($V_{DD} = 28 \text{ Vdc}$, $P_{out} = 32 \text{ W Avg}$, $I_{DQ} = 1400 \text{ mA}$, $f_1 = 1930 \text{ MHz}$, $f_2 = 1932.5 \text{ MHz}$ and $f_1 = 1987.5 \text{ MHz}$, $f_2 = 1990 \text{ MHz}$; ACPR measured over 30 kHz Bandwidth at $f_1 - 885 \text{ MHz}$ and $f_2 + 885 \text{ MHz}$)	ACPR	—	-50	-48	dBc
Input Return Loss ($V_{DD} = 28 \text{ Vdc}$, $P_{out} = 32 \text{ W Avg}$, $I_{DQ} = 1400 \text{ mA}$, $f_1 = 1930 \text{ MHz}$, $f_2 = 1932.5 \text{ MHz}$ and $f_1 = 1987.5 \text{ MHz}$, $f_2 = 1990 \text{ MHz}$)	IRL	—	-17	-9	dB

(1) Part is internally matched both on input and output.

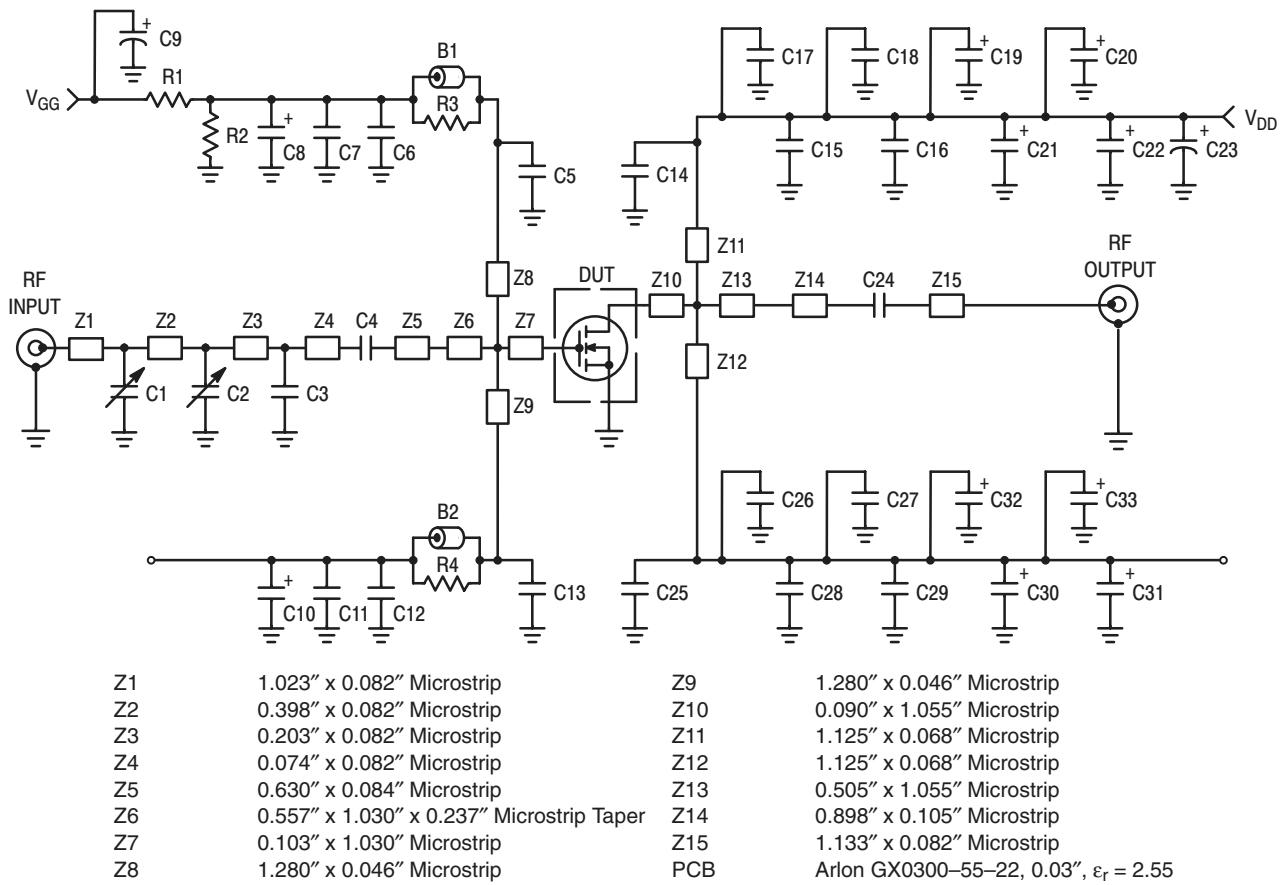


Figure 1. MRF5S19150 Test Circuit Schematic

Table 1. MRF5S19150 Test Circuit Component Designations and Values

Part	Description
B1, B2	Short RF Beads
C1, C2	0.6 – 4.5 Variable Capacitors, Gigatrim
C3	0.8 pF Chip Capacitor, B Case
C4, C5, C13, C14, C24, C25	9.1 pF Chip Capacitors, B Case
C8, C10	1.0 μ F, 50 V SMT Tantalum Capacitors
C6, C12, C16, C17, C18, C27, C28, C29	0.1 μ F Chip Capacitors, B Case
C7, C11, C15, C26	1000 pF Chip Capacitors, B Case
C9	100 μ F, 50 V Electrolytic Capacitor
C23	470 μ F, 63 V Electrolytic Capacitor
C19, C20, C21, C22, C30, C31, C32, C33	22 μ F, 35 V Tantalum Capacitors
R1	1 k Ω Chip Resistor
R2	560 k Ω Chip Resistor
R3, R4	12 Ω Chip Resistors

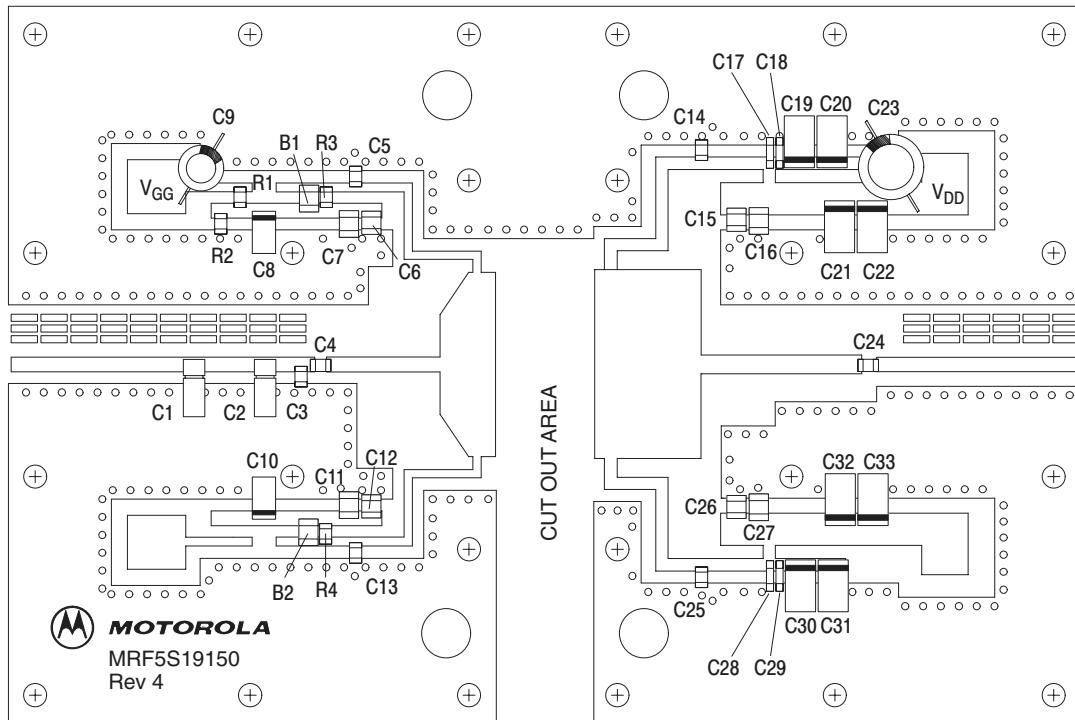


Figure 2. MRF5S19150 Test Circuit Component Layout

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

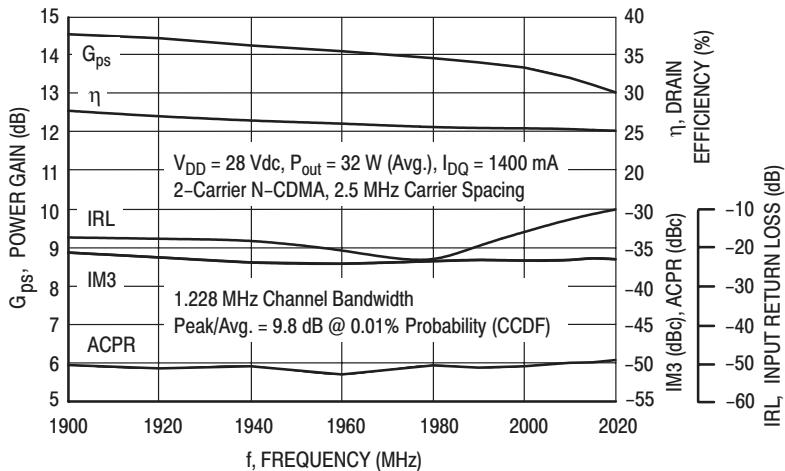


Figure 3. 2-Carrier N-CDMA Broadband Performance

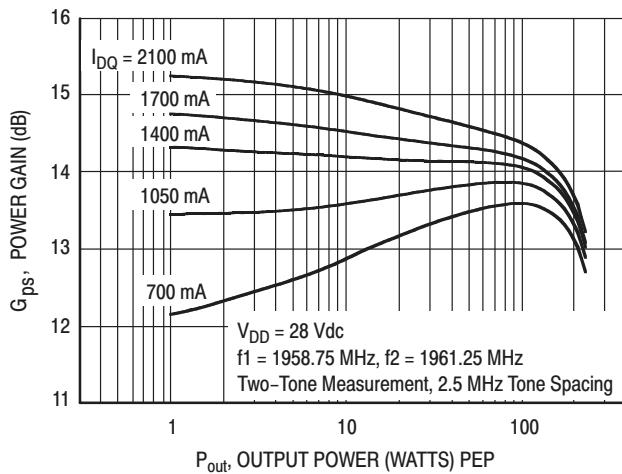


Figure 4. Two-Tone Power Gain versus Output Power

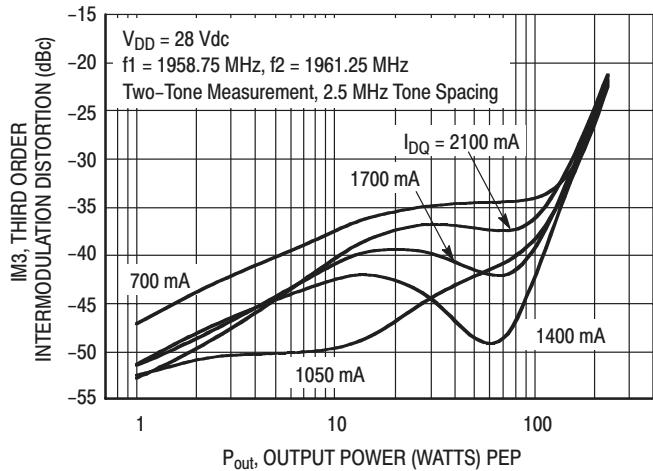


Figure 5. Third Order Intermodulation versus Output Power

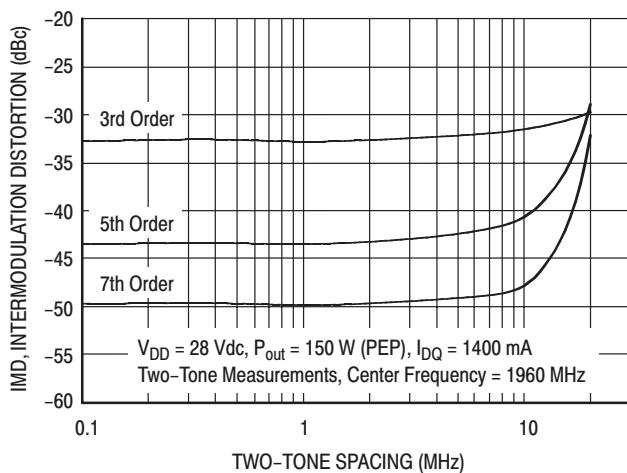


Figure 6. Intermodulation Distortion Products versus Tone Spacing

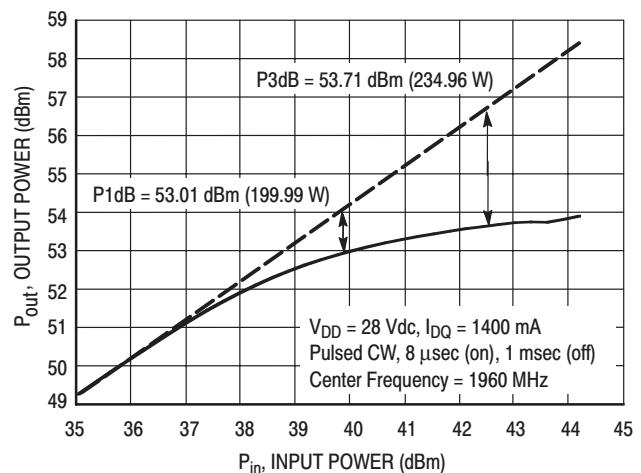


Figure 7. Pulse CW Output Power versus Input Power

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

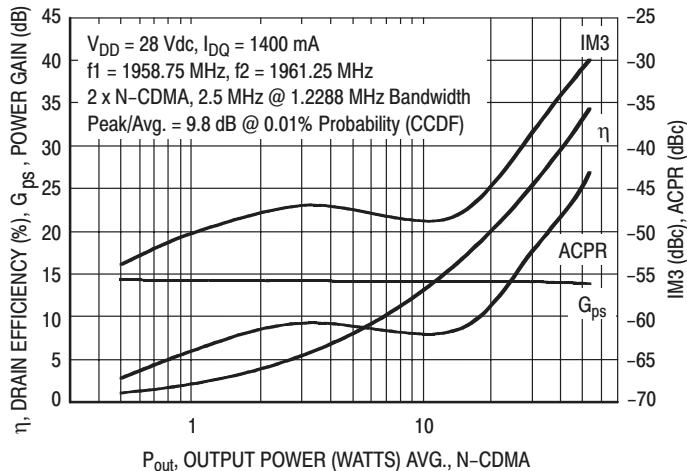


Figure 8. 2-Carrier N-CDMA ACPR, IM3, Power Gain, Drain Efficiency versus Output Power

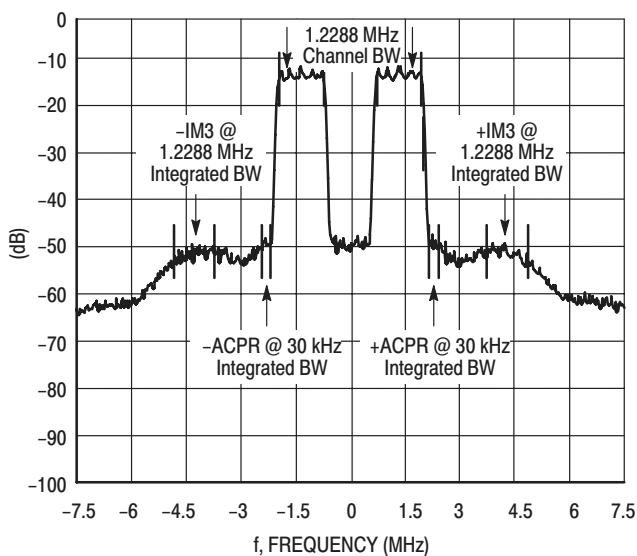
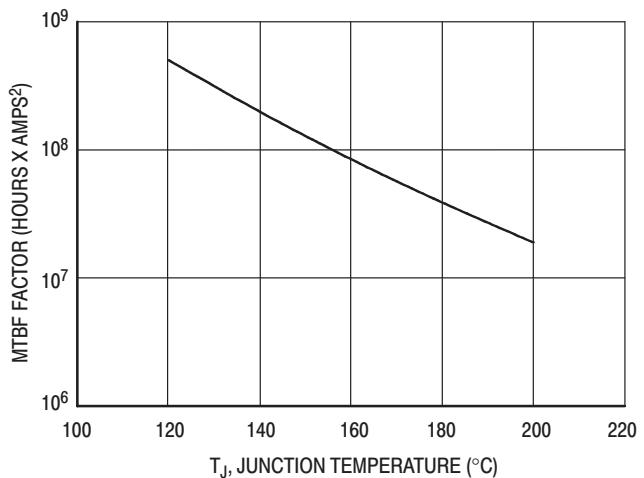
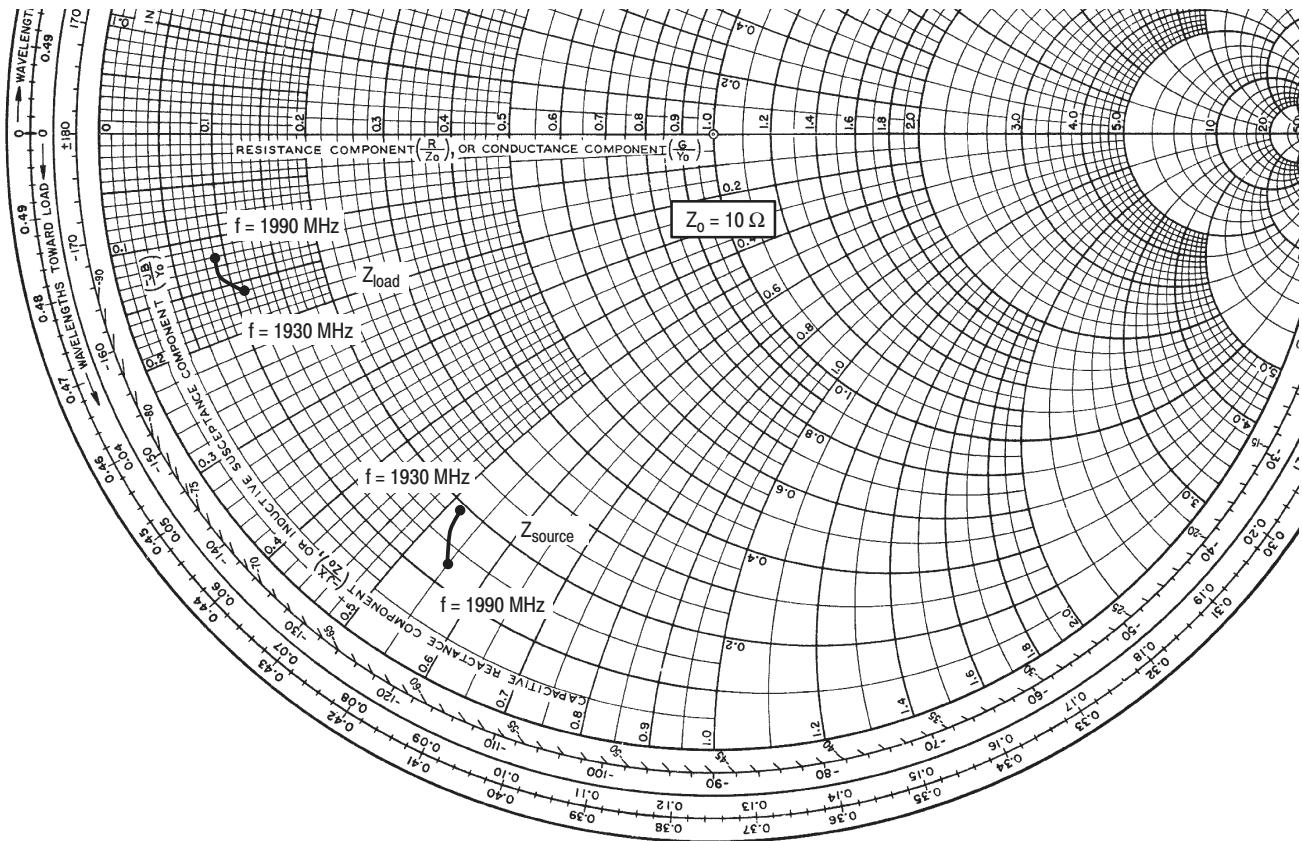


Figure 9. 2-Carrier N-CDMA Spectrum



This above graph displays calculated MTBF in hours \times ampere² drain current. Life tests at elevated temperatures have correlated to better than $\pm 10\%$ of the theoretical prediction for metal failure. Divide MTBF factor by I_D^2 for MTBF in a particular application.

Figure 10. MTBF Factor versus Junction Temperature



$V_{DD} = 28 \text{ V}$, $I_{DQ} = 1400 \text{ mA}$, $P_{out} = 32 \text{ W Avg.}$

f MHz	Z_{source} Ω	Z_{load} Ω
1930	$1.89 - j5.24$	$1.06 - j1.58$
1960	$1.64 - j5.29$	$0.88 - j1.37$
1990	$1.3 - j5.49$	$0.90 - j1.21$

Z_{source} = Test circuit impedance as measured from gate to ground.

Z_{load} = Test circuit impedance as measured from drain to ground.

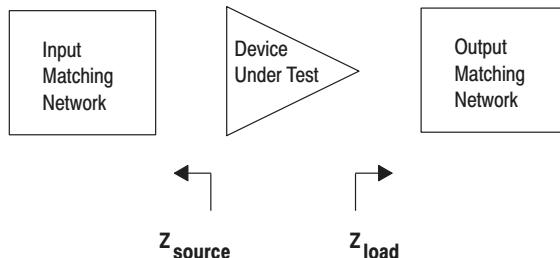


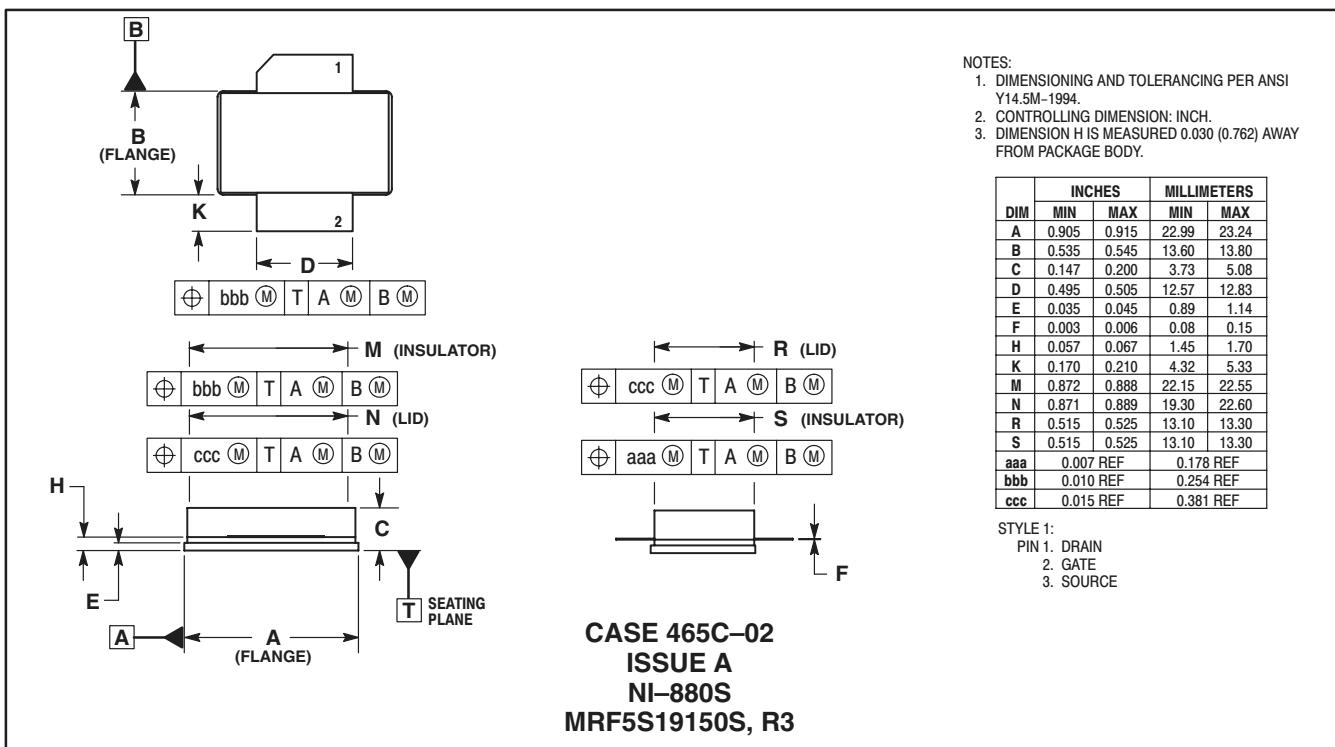
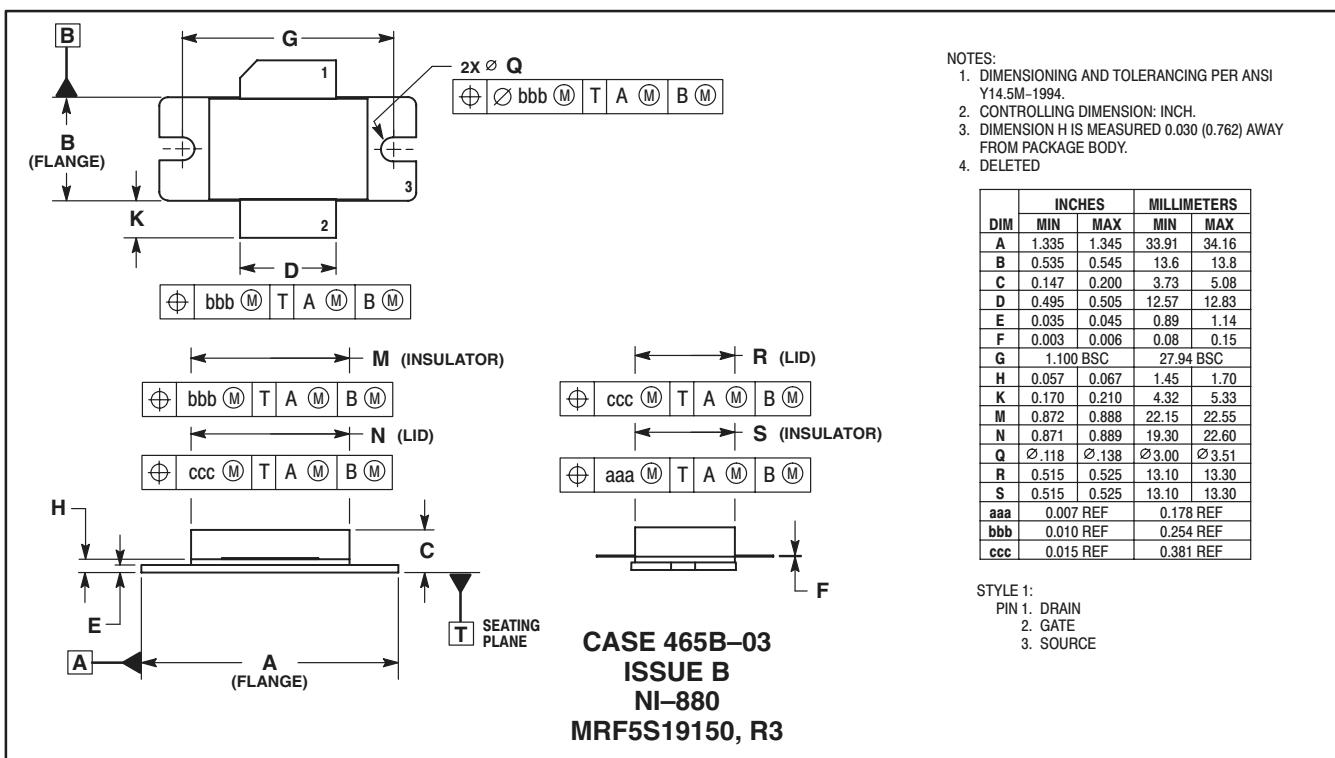
Figure 11. Series Equivalent Input and Output Impedance

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PACKAGE DIMENSIONS



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