

STRUCTURE Silicon Monolithic Integrated Circuit

PRODUCT NAME Overvoltage Protection Controller with Internal FET

MODEL NAME BD6046GUL

FEATURES Overvoltage Protection up to 28V

Negative Voltage Protection Internal Low Ron ($250m\Omega$) FET Over voltage Lockout (OVLO) Under voltage Lockout(UVLO) Internal 2.5msec Startup Delay

Over Current Protect Thermal Shut Down

Small package: VCSP50L2(2.5mm x 2.5mm, height=0.55mm)

Absolute maximum ratings (Ta=25)

Contents	Symbol	Rating	Unit	Conditions
Input supply voltage 1	Vmax1	-30 ~ 30	V	IN
Input supply voltage 2	Vmax2	-0.3 ~ 7	V	other
Power dissipation	Pd	975	mW	
Operating temperature range	Topr	-40 ~ +85		
Storage temperature range	Tstr	-55 ~ +150		

¹ When using more than at Ta=25 $\,$, it is reduced $\,$ 7.8mW per 1 $\,$. ROHM specification board 50mm \varkappa $\,$ 58mm mounting.

Operating range (Ta=-40 \sim +85)

Parameter	Symbol	Range	Unit	Usage
Input voltage range	V _{in}	2.2 ~ 28	V	

This product is not especially designed to be protected from radioactivity.

Status of this document.

The Japanese version of this document is the formal specification.

A customer may use this translation version only for reference to help reading the formal version.

If there are any differences in translation version of this document, formal version takes priority.



Electrical Characteristics

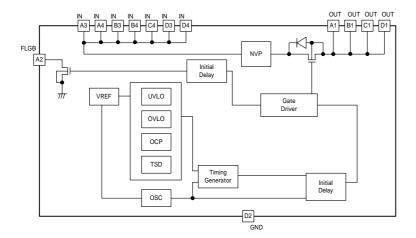
(Unless otherwise noted, $Ta = 25^{\circ}C$, IN=5V)

Parameter	Symbol	Rating			Unit	Conditions
		Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Conditions
ELECTRICAL						
Input Voltage Range	VIN	-	-	28	V	
Supply Quiescent Current 1	ICC		35	70	μA	
Supply Quiescent Current 2	UVLO	3.42	3.6	3.78	V	IN=decreasing
Under Voltage Lockout	UVL0h	50	100	150	mV	IN=increasing
Under Voltage Lockout Hysteresis	0VL0	6.5	6.7	6.9	V	IN=increasing
Over Voltage Lockout	0VL0h	50	100	150	mV	IN=decreasing
Current limit	ILM	1.2	-	-	Α	
Vin vs. Vout Res.	RON	-	250	300	m	
FLGB Output Low Voltage	FLGBVO	-	-	400	mV	SINK=1mA
FLGB Leakage Current	FLGBleak	-	-	1	μA	
TIMINGS (FLGB pull up resistance 100k)						
Start Up Delay	Ton	-	2.5	5	msec	
Output Turn Off Time	Toff	-	2	10	μ sec	
Alert Delay	Tovp	-	1.5	10	μ sec	

^{*} This product is not especially designed to be protected from radioactivity.



Block Diagram



PIN number/PIN name

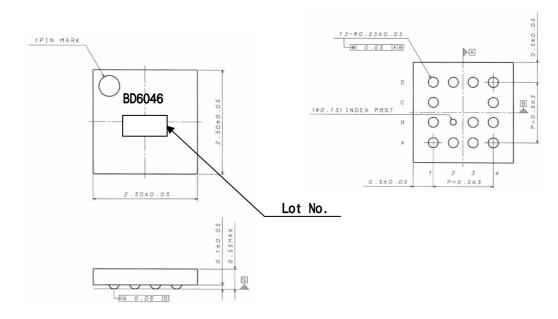
Pin number	Pin name
A3, A4, B3, B4, C4, D3, D4	IN
A1, B1, C1, D1	OUT
D2	GND
A2	FLGB

Figure 5. Block Diagram

PIN DESCRIPTIONS

PIN	NAME	FUNCTION
A3, A4, B3, B4, C4, D3, D4	IN	Input voltage Pin. A 1µF low ESR capacitor, or larger must be connected between this pin and GND
A1, B1, C1, D1	OUT	Output Voltage Pin
A2	FLGB	Open-drain output pin that turns low when any protection event occurs. (overvoltage protection, thermal shut down)
D2	GND	Ground Pin

Package Dimensions (VCSP50L2)





Use-related Cautions

(1) Absolute maximum ratings

If applied voltage (VDD, VIN), operating temperature range (Topr), or other absolute maximum ratings are exceeded, there is a risk of damage. Since it is not possible to identify short, open, or other damage modes, if special modes in which absolute maximum ratings are exceeded are assumed, consider applying fuses or other physical safety measures.

(2) Recommended operating range

This is the range within which it is possible to obtain roughly the expected characteristics. For electrical characteristics, it is those that are guaranteed under the conditions for each parameter. Even when these are within the recommended operating range, voltage and temperature characteristics are indicated.

(3) Reverse connection of power supply connector

There is a risk of damaging the LSI by reverse connection of the power supply connector. For protection from reverse connection, take measures such as externally placing a diode between the power supply and the power supply pin of the LSI.

(4) Power supply lines

In the design of the board pattern, make power supply and GND line wiring low impedance.

When doing so, although the digital power supply and analog power supply are the same potential, separate the digital power supply pattern and analog power supply pattern to deter digital noise from entering the analog power supply due to the common impedance of the wiring patterns. Similarly take pattern design into account for GND lines as well.

Furthermore, for all power supply pins of the LSI, in conjunction with inserting capacitors between power supply and GND pins, when using electrolytic capacitors, determine constants upon adequately confirming that capacitance loss occurring at low temperatures is not a problem for various characteristics of the capacitors used.

(5) GND voltage

Make the potential of a GND pin such that it will be the lowest potential even if operating below that. In addition, confirm that there are no pins for which the potential becomes less than a GND by actually including transition phenomena.

(6) Shorts between pins and misinstallation

When installing in the set board, pay adequate attention to orientation and placement discrepancies of the LSI. If it is installed erroneously, there is a risk of LSI damage. There also is a risk of damage if it is shorted by a foreign substance getting between pins or between a pin and a power supply or GND.

(7) Operation in strong magnetic fields

Be careful when using the LSI in a strong magnetic field, since it may malfunction.

(8) Inspection in set board

When inspecting the LSI in the set board, since there is a risk of stress to the LSI when capacitors are connected to low impedance LSI pins, be sure to discharge for each process. Moreover, when getting it on and off of a jig in the inspection process, always connect it after turning off the power supply, perform the inspection, and remove it after turning off the power supply. Furthermore, as countermeasures against static electricity, use grounding in the assembly process and take appropriate care in transport and storage.

(9) Input pins

Parasitic elements inevitably are formed on an LSI structure due to potential relationships. Because parasitic elements operate, they give rise to interference with circuit operation and may be the cause of malfunctions as well as damage. Accordingly, take care not to apply a lower voltage than GND to an input pin or use the LSI in other ways such that parasitic elements operate. Moreover, do not apply a voltage to an input pin when the power supply voltage is not being applied to the LSI. Furthermore, when the power supply voltage is being applied, make each input pin a voltage less than the power supply voltage as well as within the guaranteed values of electrical characteristics.

(10) Ground wiring pattern

When there is a small signal GND and a large current GND, it is recommended that you separate the large current GND pattern and small signal GND pattern and provide single point grounding at the reference point of the set so that voltage variation due to resistance components of the pattern wiring and large currents do not cause the small signal GND voltage to change. Take care that the GND wiring pattern of externally attached components also does not change.

(11) Externally attached capacitors

When using ceramic capacitors for externally attached capacitors, determine constants upon taking into account a lowering of the rated capacitance due to DC bias and capacitance change due to factors such as temperature.

(12) Thermal shutdown circuit (TSD)

When the junction temperature reaches the defined value, the thermal shutdown circuit operates and turns a switch OFF. The thermal shutdown circuit, which is aimed at isolating the LSI from thermal runaway as much as possible, is not aimed at the protection or guarantee of the LSI. Therefore, do not continuously use the LSI with this circuit operating or use the LSI assuming its operation.

(13) Thermal design

Perform thermal design in which there are adequate margins by taking into account the permissible dissipation (Pd) in actual states of use.

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