

# POWER MOSFET TRANSISTORS

500 Volt, 0.85 Ohm  
N-Channel

UFN440  
UFN441  
UFN442  
UFN443

## FEATURES

- Fast Switching
- Low Drive Current
- Ease of Paralleling
- No Second Breakdown
- Excellent Temperature Stability

## DESCRIPTION

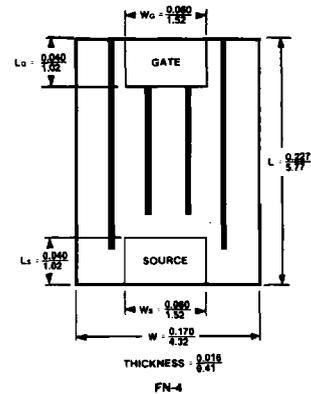
The Unitrode power MOSFET design utilizes the most advanced technology available. This efficient design achieves a very low  $R_{DS(on)}$  and a high transconductance.

The Unitrode power MOSFET features all of the advantages of MOS technology such as voltage control, freedom from second breakdown, very fast switching speeds, and thermal stability.

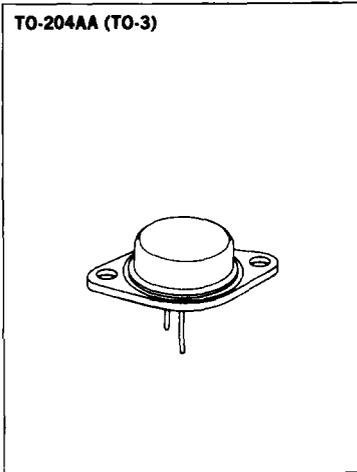
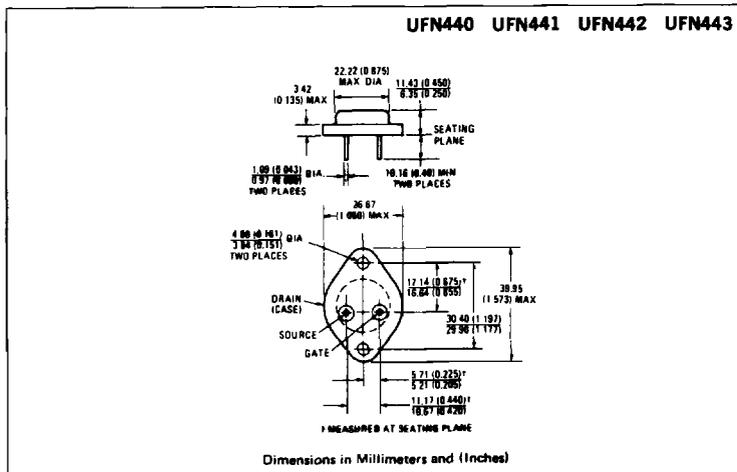
These power MOSFETs are ideally suited for many high-speed, high-power switching applications such as switching power supplies, motor controls, and wide-band and audio amplifiers.

## PRODUCT SUMMARY

Part Number	$V_{DS}$	$R_{DS(on)}$	$I_D$
UFN440	500V	0.85Ω	8.0A
UFN441	450V	0.85Ω	8.0A
UFN442	500V	1.10Ω	7.0A
UFN443	450V	1.10Ω	7.0A



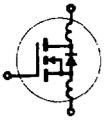
## MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS



**ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS**

Parameter	UFN440	UFN441	UFN442	UFN443	Units
V <sub>DS</sub> Drain - Source Voltage ①	500	450	500	450	V
V <sub>DGR</sub> Drain - Gate Voltage (R <sub>GS</sub> = 1 MΩ) ①	500	450	500	450	V
I <sub>D</sub> @ T <sub>C</sub> = 25°C Continuous Drain Current	8.0	8.0	7.0	7.0	A
I <sub>D</sub> @ T <sub>C</sub> = 100°C Continuous Drain Current	5.0	5.0	4.0	4.0	A
I <sub>DM</sub> Pulsed Drain Current ③	32	32	28	28	A
V <sub>GS</sub> Gate - Source Voltage	± 20				V
P <sub>D</sub> @ T <sub>C</sub> = 25°C Max. Power Dissipation	125 (See Fig. 14)				W
Linear Derating Factor	1.0 (See Fig. 14)				W/K
I <sub>LM</sub> Inductive Current, Clamped	(See Fig. 15 and 16) L = 100μH				A
	32	32	28	28	
T <sub>J</sub> Operating Junction and Storage Temperature Range	-55 to 150				°C
T <sub>stg</sub> Lead Temperature	300 (0.063 in. (1.6mm) from case for 10s)				°C

**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS @ T<sub>C</sub> = 25°C (Unless otherwise specified)**

Parameter	Type	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Test Conditions	
BV <sub>DSS</sub> Drain - Source Breakdown Voltage	UFN440 UFN442	500	—	—	V	V <sub>GS</sub> = 0V I <sub>D</sub> = 250μA	
	UFN441 UFN443	450	—	—	V		
V <sub>GS(th)</sub> Gate Threshold Voltage	ALL	2.0	—	4.0	V	V <sub>DS</sub> = V <sub>GS</sub> , I <sub>D</sub> = 250μA	
I <sub>GSS</sub> Gate-Source Leakage Forward	ALL	—	—	100	nA	V <sub>GS</sub> = 20V	
I <sub>GSS</sub> Gate-Source Leakage Reverse	ALL	—	—	-100	nA	V <sub>GS</sub> = -20V	
I <sub>DSS</sub> Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	ALL	—	—	250	μA	V <sub>DS</sub> = Max. Rating, V <sub>GS</sub> = 0V	
		—	—	1000	μA	V <sub>DS</sub> = Max. Rating x 0.8, V <sub>GS</sub> = 0V, T <sub>C</sub> = 125°C	
I <sub>D(on)</sub> On-State Drain Current ②	UFN440 UFN441	8.0	—	—	A	V <sub>DS</sub> > I <sub>D(on)</sub> × R <sub>DS(on)</sub> max., V <sub>GS</sub> = 10V	
	UFN442 UFN443	7.0	—	—	A		
R <sub>DS(on)</sub> Static Drain-Source On-State Resistance ②	UFN440 UFN441	—	0.8	0.85	Ω	V <sub>GS</sub> = 10V, I <sub>D</sub> = 4.0A	
	UFN442 UFN443	—	1.0	1.1	Ω		
g <sub>fs</sub> Forward Transconductance ②	ALL	4.0	6.5	—	S(Ω)	V <sub>DS</sub> > I <sub>D(on)</sub> × R <sub>DS(on)</sub> max., I <sub>D</sub> = 4.0A	
C <sub>iss</sub> Input Capacitance	ALL	—	1225	1600	pF	V <sub>GS</sub> = 0V, V <sub>DS</sub> = 25V, f = 1.0 MHz	
C <sub>oss</sub> Output Capacitance	ALL	—	200	350	pF	See Fig. 10	
C <sub>rss</sub> Reverse Transfer Capacitance	ALL	—	85	150	pF		
t <sub>d(on)</sub> Turn-On Delay Time	ALL	—	17	35	ns	V <sub>DD</sub> = 200V, I <sub>D</sub> = 4.0A, Z <sub>0</sub> = 4.7Ω See Fig. 17 (MOSFET switching times are essentially independent of operating temperature.)	
t <sub>r</sub> Rise Time	ALL	—	5	15	ns		
t <sub>d(off)</sub> Turn-Off Delay Time	ALL	—	42	90	ns		
t <sub>f</sub> Fall Time	ALL	—	14	30	ns		
Q <sub>g</sub> Total Gate Charge (Gate-Source Plus Gate-Drain)	ALL	—	42	60	nC	V <sub>GS</sub> = 10V, I <sub>D</sub> = 10A, V <sub>DS</sub> = 0.8 Max. Rating. See Fig. 18 for test circuit. (Gate charge is essentially independent of operating temperature.)	
Q <sub>gs</sub> Gate-Source Charge	ALL	—	20	—	nC		
Q <sub>gd</sub> Gate-Drain ("Miller") Charge	ALL	—	22	—	nC		
L <sub>D</sub> Internal Drain Inductance	ALL	—	5.0	—	nH	Measured between the contact screw on header that is closer to source and gate pins and center of die.	Modified MOSFET symbol showing the internal device inductances. 
L <sub>S</sub> Internal Source Inductance	ALL	—	12.5	—	nH	Measured from the source pin, 6 mm (0.25 in.) from header and source bonding pad.	

**THERMAL RESISTANCE**

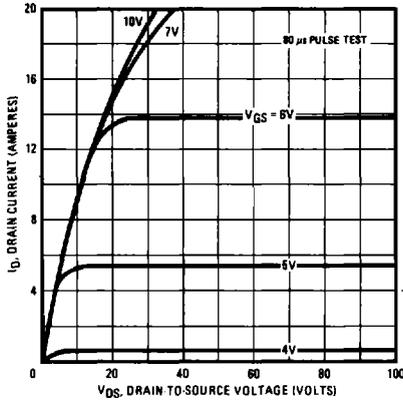
R <sub>thJC</sub> Junction-to-Case	ALL	—	—	1.0	K/W	
R <sub>thCS</sub> Case-to-Sink	ALL	—	0.1	—	K/W	Mounting surface flat, smooth, and greased.
R <sub>thJA</sub> Junction-to-Ambient	ALL	—	—	30	K/W	Free Air Operation

**SOURCE-DRAIN DIODE RATINGS AND CHARACTERISTICS**

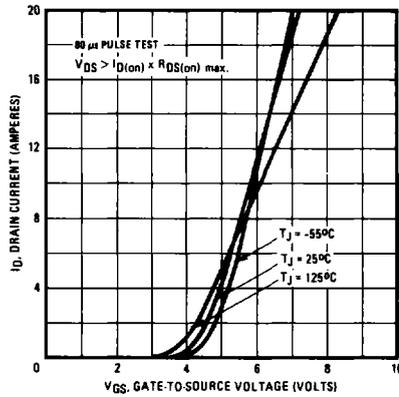
$I_S$	Continuous Source Current (Body Diode)	UFN440 UFN441	-	-	8.0	A	Modified MOSFET symbol showing the integral reverse P-N junction rectifier.
		UFN442 UFN443	-	-	7.0	A	
$I_{SM}$	Pulse Source Current (Body Diode) ③	UFN440 UFN441	-	-	32	A	
		UFN442 UFN443	-	-	28	A	
$V_{SD}$	Diode Forward Voltage ②	UFN440 UFN441	-	-	2.0	V	$T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}, I_S = 8.0\text{A}, V_{GS} = 0\text{V}$
		UFN442 UFN443	-	-	1.9	V	
$t_{rr}$	Reverse Recovery Time	ALL	-	1100	-	ns	$T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}, I_F = 8.0\text{A}, dI_F/dt = 100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$
$Q_{RR}$	Reverse Recovered Charge	ALL	-	6.4	-	$\mu\text{C}$	$T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}, I_F = 8.0\text{A}, dI_F/dt = 100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$
$t_{on}$	Forward Turn-on Time	ALL	Intrinsic turn-on time is negligible. Turn-on speed is substantially controlled by $L_S + L_D$ .				

- ①  $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$  to  $150^\circ\text{C}$ .
- ② Pulse Test: Pulse width  $\leq 300\mu\text{s}$ . Duty Cycle  $\leq 2\%$ .
- ③ Repetitive Rating: Pulse width limited by max. junction temperature. See Transient Thermal Impedance Curve (Fig. 5).

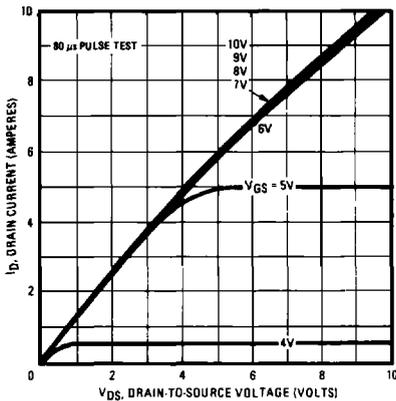
**Fig. 1 – Typical Output Characteristics**



**Fig. 2 – Typical Transfer Characteristics**



**Fig. 3 – Typical Saturation Characteristics**



**Fig. 4 – Maximum Safe Operating Area**

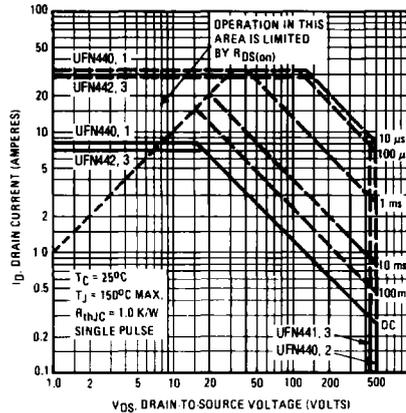


Fig. 5 - Maximum Effective Transient Thermal Impedance, Junction-to-Case Vs. Pulse Duration

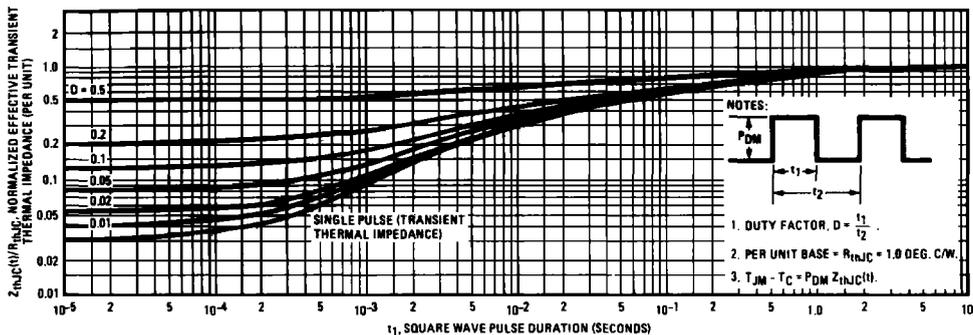


Fig. 6 - Typical Transconductance Vs. Drain Current

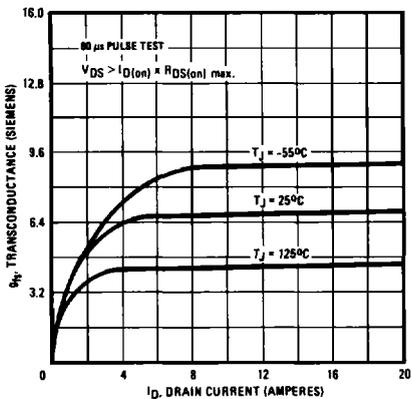


Fig. 7 - Typical Source-Drain Diode Forward Voltage

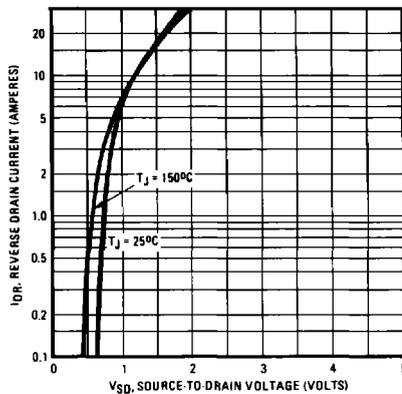


Fig. 8 - Breakdown Voltage Vs. Temperature

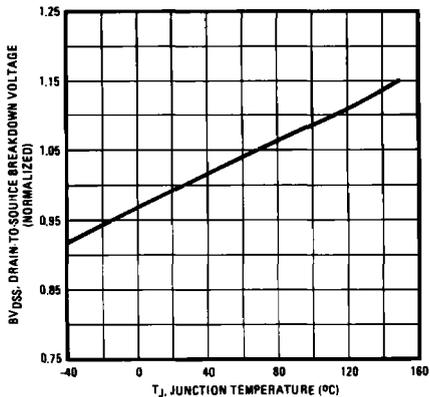


Fig. 9 - Normalized On-Resistance Vs. Temperature

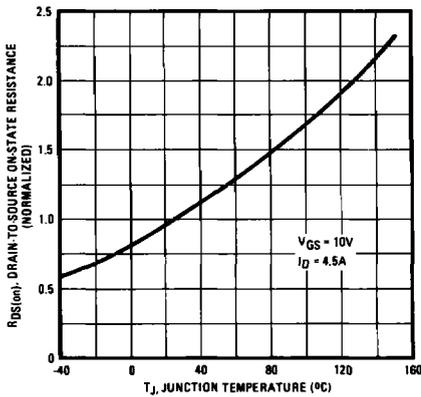


Fig. 10 – Typical Capacitance Vs. Drain-to-Source Voltage

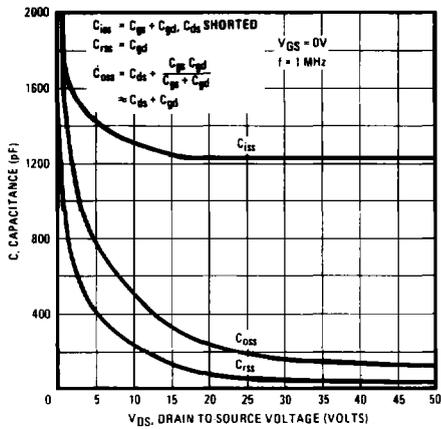


Fig. 11 – Typical Gate Charge Vs. Gate-to-Source Voltage

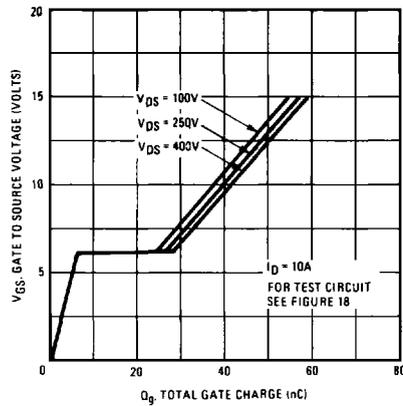


Fig. 12 – Typical On-Resistance Vs. Drain Current

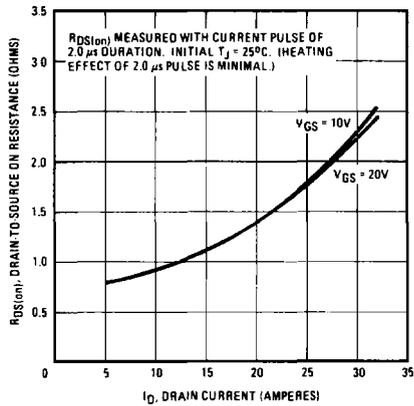


Fig. 13 – Maximum Drain Current Vs. Case Temperature

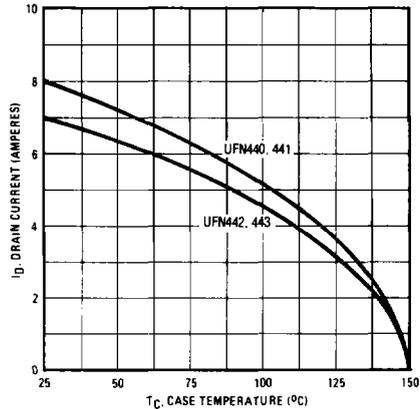


Fig. 14 – Power Vs. Temperature Derating Curve

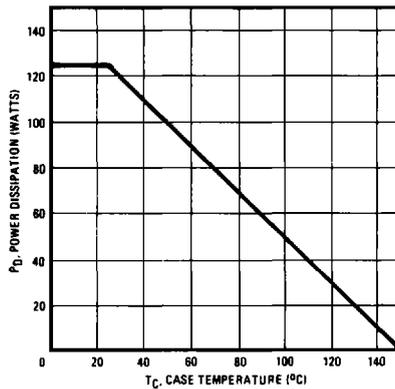


Fig. 15 - Clamped Inductive Test Circuit

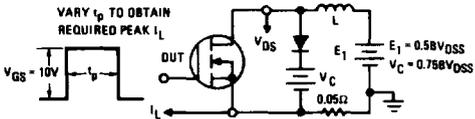


Fig. 16 - Clamped Inductive Waveforms



Fig. 17 - Switching Time Test Circuit

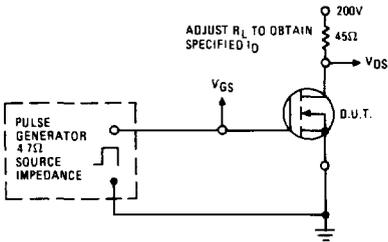


Fig. 18 - Gate Charge Test Circuit

