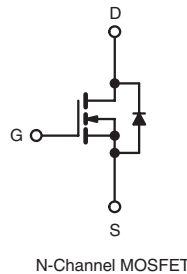
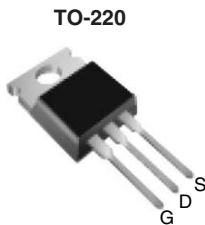




KERSEMI

Power MOSFET

PRODUCT SUMMARY	
V _{DS} (V)	500
R _{DS(on)} (Ω)	V _{GS} = 10 V 0.450
Q _g (Max.) (nC)	81
Q _{gs} (nC)	20
Q _{gd} (nC)	36
Configuration	Single



FEATURES

- Lower Gate Charge Q_g Results in Simpler Drive Requirements
- Improved Gate, Avalanche and Dynamic dV/dt Ruggedness
- Fully Characterized Capacitance and Avalanche Voltage
- Lead (Pb)-free Available



RoHS*
COMPLIANT

APPLICATIONS

- Switch Mode Power Supply (SMPS)
- Uninterruptible Power Supplies
- High Speed Power Switching


ORDERING INFORMATION	
Package	TO-220
Lead (Pb)-free	IRFB13N50APbF
	SiHFB13N50A-E3
SnPb	IRFB13N50A
	SiHFB13N50A

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS T _C = 25 °C, unless otherwise noted				
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	LIMIT	UNIT	
Drain-Source Voltage	V _{DS}	500	V	
Gate-Source Voltage	V _{GS}	± 30		
Continuous Drain Current	V _{GS} at 10 V	T _C = 25 °C	A	
		T _C = 100 °C		9.1
Pulsed Drain Current ^a	I _{DM}	56		
Linear Derating Factor		2.0	W/°C	
Single Pulse Avalanche Energy ^b	E _{AS}	560	mJ	
Avalanche Current ^a	I _{AR}	14	A	
Repetitive Avalanche Energy ^a	E _{AR}	25	mJ	
Maximum Power Dissipation	T _C = 25 °C	P _D	250	W
Peak Diode Recovery dV/dt ^c	dV/dt	9.2	V/ns	
Operating Junction and Storage Temperature Range	T _J , T _{stg}	- 55 to + 150	°C	
Soldering Recommendations (Peak Temperature)	for 10 s	300 ^d		
Mounting Torque	6-32 or M3 screw	10		lbf · in
		1.1	N · m	

Notes

- Repetitive rating; pulse width limited by maximum junction temperature (see fig. 11).
- Starting T_J = 25 °C, L = 5.7 mH, R_G = 25 Ω, I_{AS} = 14 A, dV/dt = 7.6 V/ns (see fig. 12a).
- I_{SD} ≤ 14 A, dI/dt ≤ 250 A/μs, V_{DD} ≤ V_{DS}, T_J ≤ 150 °C.
- 1.6 mm from case.

THERMAL RESISTANCE RATINGS				
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient	R_{thJA}	-	62	°C/W
Case-to-Sink, Flat, Greasd Surface	R_{thCS}	0.50	-	
Maximum Junction-to-Case (Drain)	R_{thJC}	-	0.50	

SPECIFICATIONS $T_J = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise noted						
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
Static						
Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	V_{DS}	$V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}, I_D = 250\text{ }\mu\text{A}$	500	-	-	V
V_{DS} Temperature Coefficient	$\Delta V_{DS}/T_J$	Reference to $25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}, I_D = 1\text{ mA}$	-	0.55	-	V/°C
Gate-Source Threshold Voltage	$V_{GS(th)}$	$V_{DS} = V_{GS}, I_D = 250\text{ }\mu\text{A}$	2.0	-	4.0	V
Gate-Source Leakage	I_{GSS}	$V_{GS} = \pm 30\text{ V}$	-	-	± 100	nA
Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	I_{DSS}	$V_{DS} = 500\text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}$	-	-	25	μA
		$V_{DS} = 400\text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}, T_J = 125\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	-	-	250	
Drain-Source On-State Resistance	$R_{DS(on)}$	$V_{GS} = 10\text{ V}, I_D = 8.4\text{ A}^b$	-	-	0.450	Ω
Forward Transconductance	g_{fs}	$V_{DS} = 50\text{ V}, I_D = 8.4\text{ A}$	8.1	-	-	S
Dynamic						
Input Capacitance	C_{iss}	$V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}, V_{DS} = 25\text{ V}, f = 1.0\text{ MHz}, \text{ see fig. 5}$	-	1910	-	pF
Output Capacitance	C_{oss}		-	290	-	
Reverse Transfer Capacitance	C_{riss}		-	11	-	
Output Capacitance	C_{oss}	$V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}$	$V_{DS} = 1.0\text{ V}, f = 1.0\text{ MHz}$	-	2730	-
			$V_{DS} = 400\text{ V}, f = 1.0\text{ MHz}$	-	82	-
Effective Output Capacitance	$C_{oss\text{ eff.}}$	$V_{DS} = 0\text{ V to } 400\text{ V}^c$	-	160	-	
Total Gate Charge	Q_g	$V_{GS} = 10\text{ V}, I_D = 14\text{ A}, V_{DS} = 400\text{ V}, \text{ see fig. 6 and 13}^b$	-	-	81	nC
Gate-Source Charge	Q_{gs}		-	-	20	
Gate-Drain Charge	Q_{gd}		-	-	36	
Turn-On Delay Time	$t_{d(on)}$	$V_{DD} = 250\text{ V}, I_D = 14\text{ A}, R_G = 7.5\text{ }\Omega, \text{ see fig. 10}^b$	-	15	-	ns
Rise Time	t_r		-	39	-	
Turn-Off Delay Time	$t_{d(off)}$		-	39	-	
Fall Time	t_f		-	31	-	
Drain-Source Body Diode Characteristics						
Continuous Source-Drain Diode Current	I_S	MOSFET symbol showing the integral reverse p - n junction diode 	-	-	14	A
Pulsed Diode Forward Current ^a	I_{SM}		-	-	56	
Body Diode Voltage	V_{SD}	$T_J = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}, I_S = 14\text{ A}, V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}^b$	-	-	1.5	V
Body Diode Reverse Recovery Time	t_{rr}	$T_J = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}, I_F = 14\text{ A}, T_J = 125\text{ }^\circ\text{C}, di/dt = 100\text{ A}/\mu\text{s}^b$	-	370	550	ns
Body Diode Reverse Recovery Charge	Q_{rr}		-	4.4	6.5	μC
Body Diode Reverse Recovery Current	I_{RRM}		-	21	31	A
Forward Turn-On Time	t_{on}	Intrinsic turn-on time is negligible (turn-on is dominated by L_S and L_D)				

Notes

- Repetitive rating; pulse width limited by maximum junction temperature (see fig. 11).
- Pulse width $\leq 300\text{ }\mu\text{s}$; duty cycle $\leq 2\%$.
- $C_{oss\text{ eff.}}$ is a fixed capacitance that gives the same charging time as C_{oss} while V_{DS} is rising from 0 to 80 % V_{DS} .

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS 25 °C, unless otherwise noted

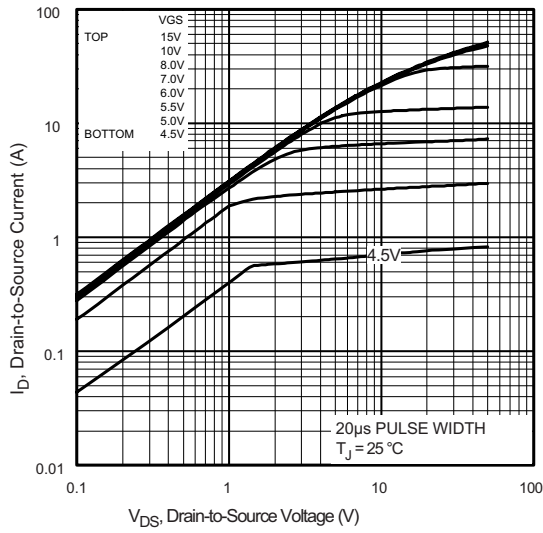


Fig. 1 - Typical Output Characteristics

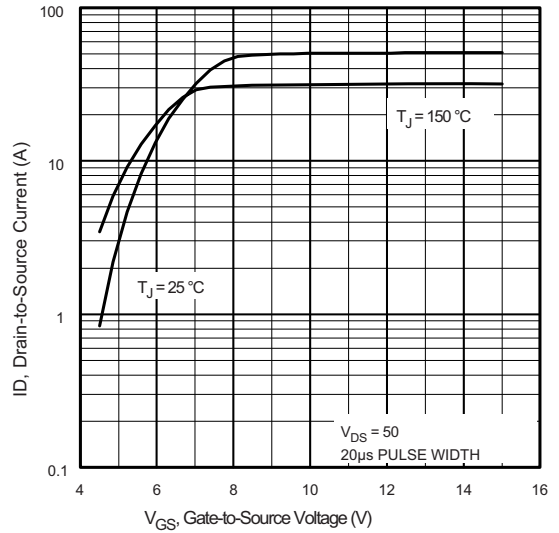


Fig. 3 - Typical Transfer Characteristics

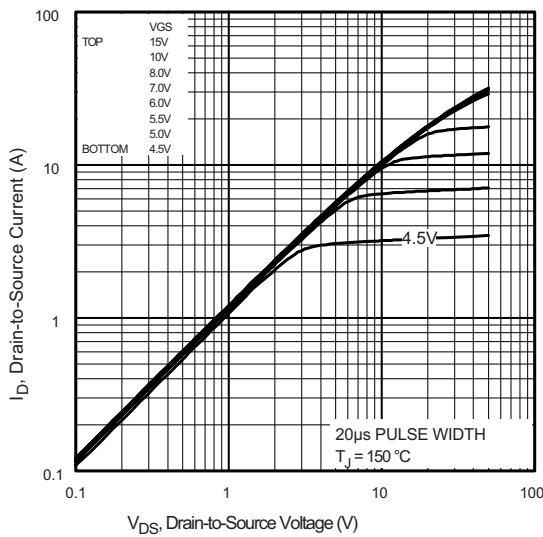


Fig. 2 - Typical Output Characteristics

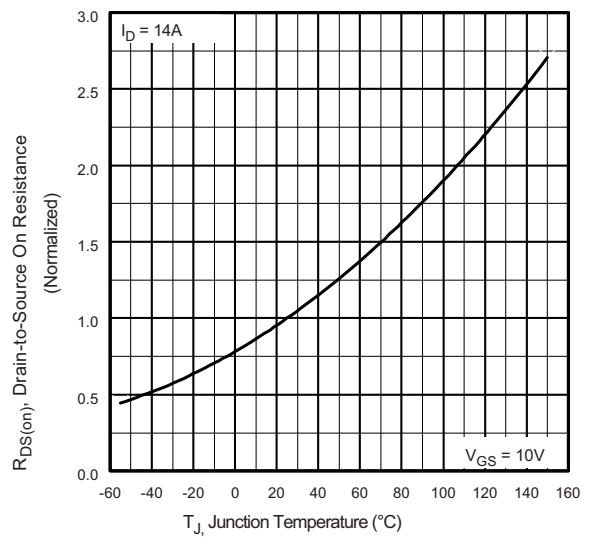


Fig. 4 - Normalized On-Resistance vs. Temperature

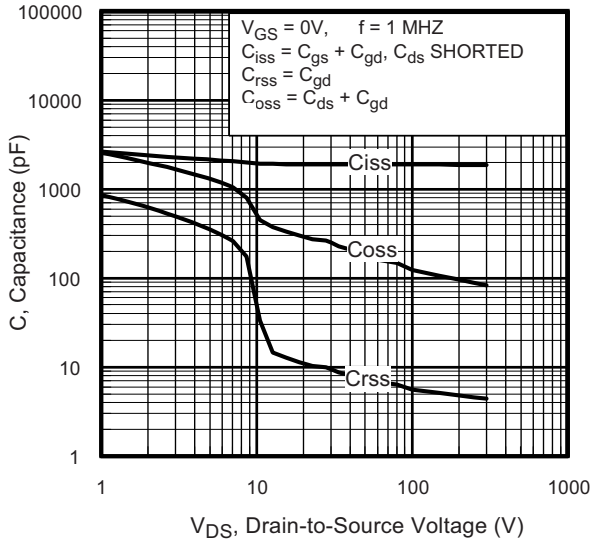


Fig. 5 - Typical Capacitance vs. Drain-to-Source Voltage

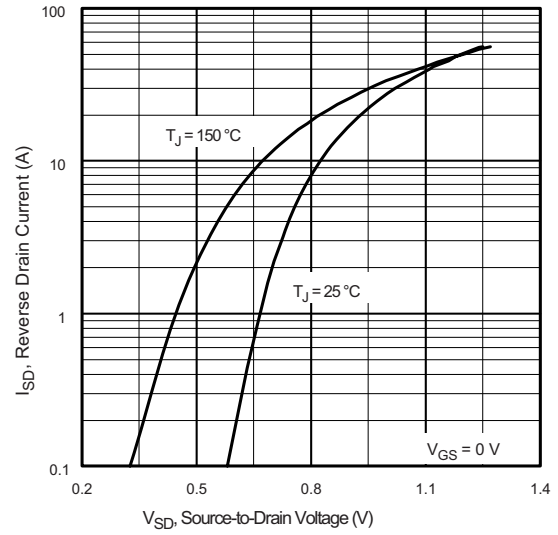


Fig. 7 - Typical Source-Drain Diode Forward Voltage

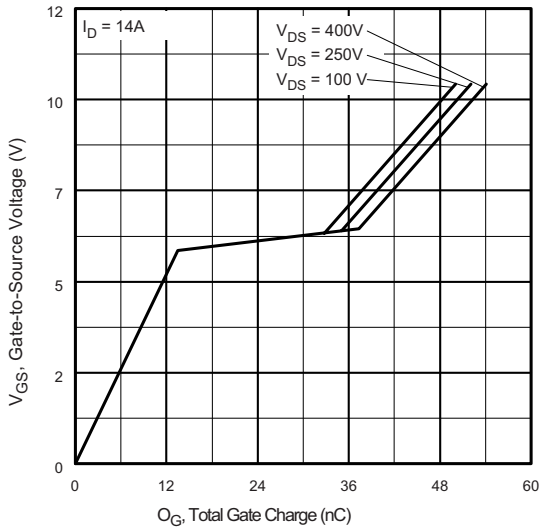


Fig. 6 - Typical Gate Charge vs. Gate-to-Source Voltage

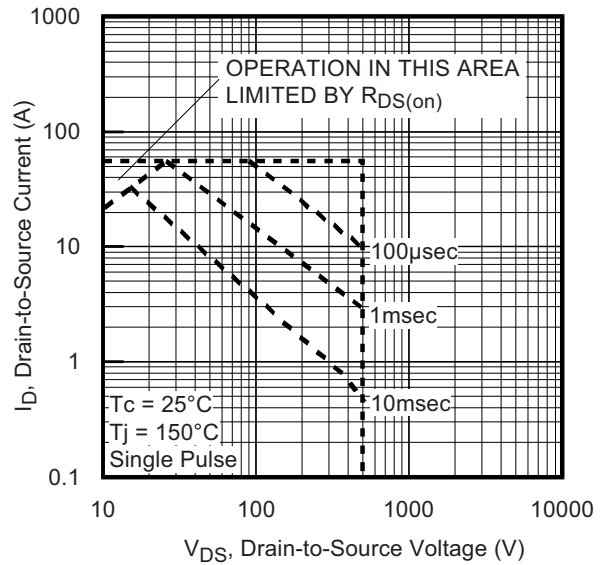


Fig. 8 - Maximum Safe Operating Area

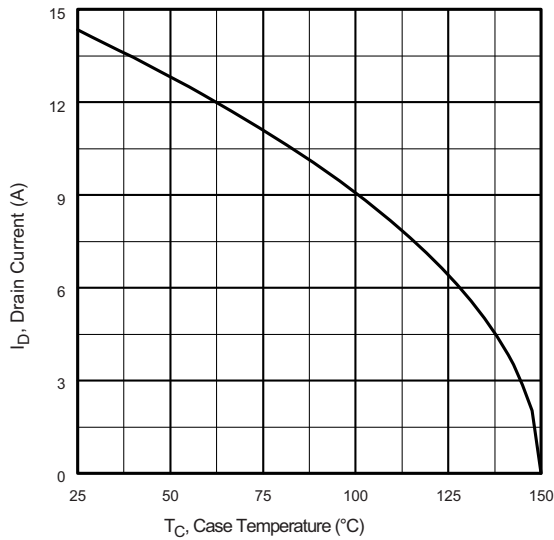


Fig. 9 - Maximum Drain Current vs. Case Temperature

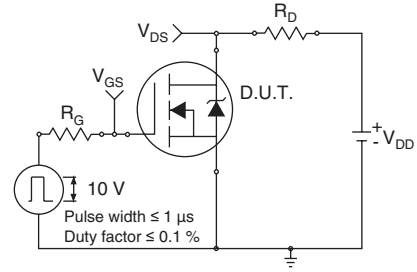


Fig. 10a - Switching Time Test Circuit

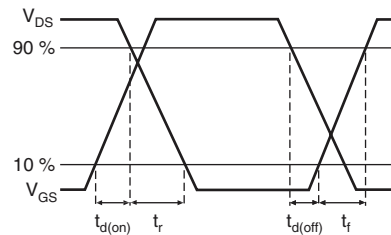


Fig. 10b - Switching Time Waveforms

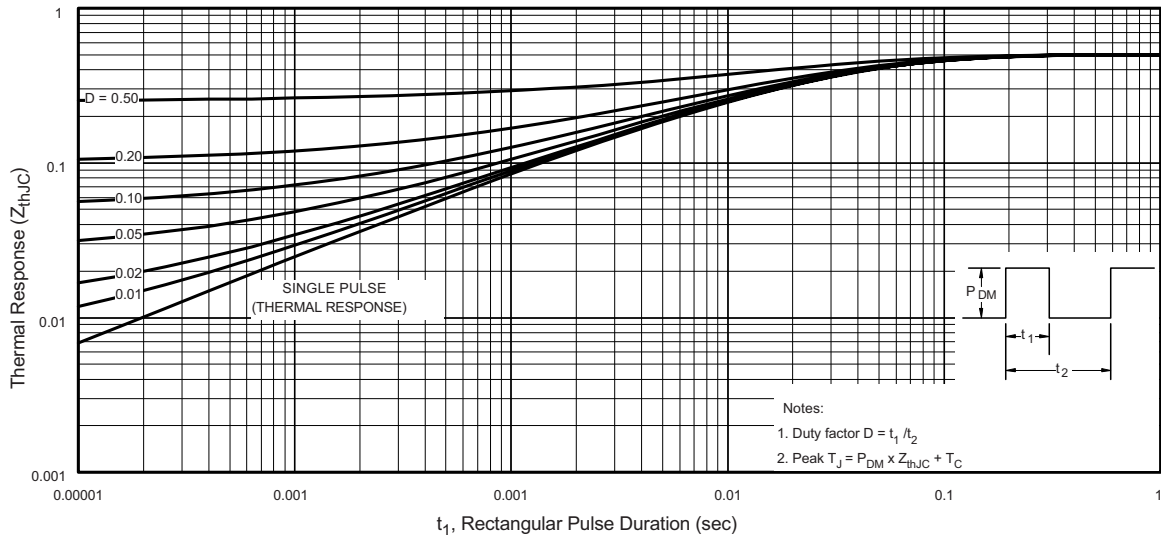


Fig. 11 - Maximum Effective Transient Thermal Impedance, Junction-to-Case

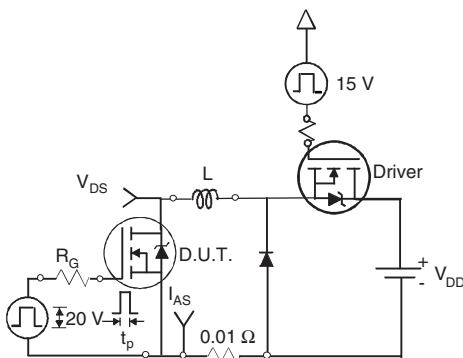


Fig. 12a - Unclamped Inductive Test Circuit

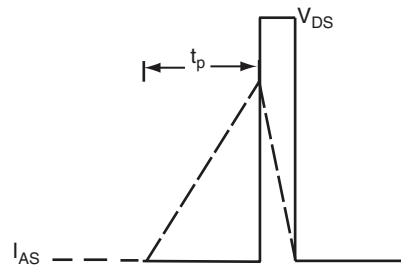


Fig. 12b - Unclamped Inductive Waveforms

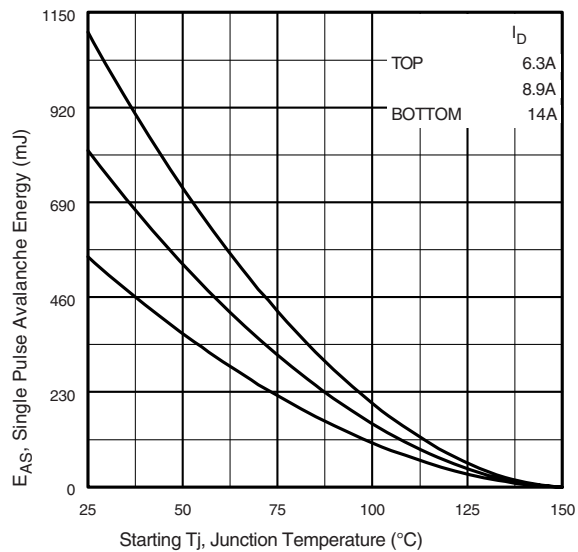


Fig. 12c - Maximum Avalanche Energy vs. Drain Current

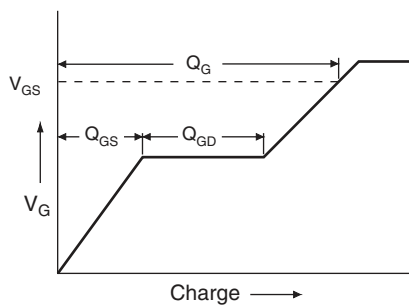


Fig. 13a - Basic Gate Charge Waveform

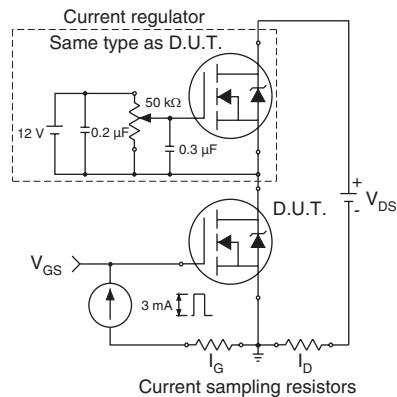


Fig. 13b - Gate Charge Test Circuit

Peak Diode Recovery dV/dt Test Circuit

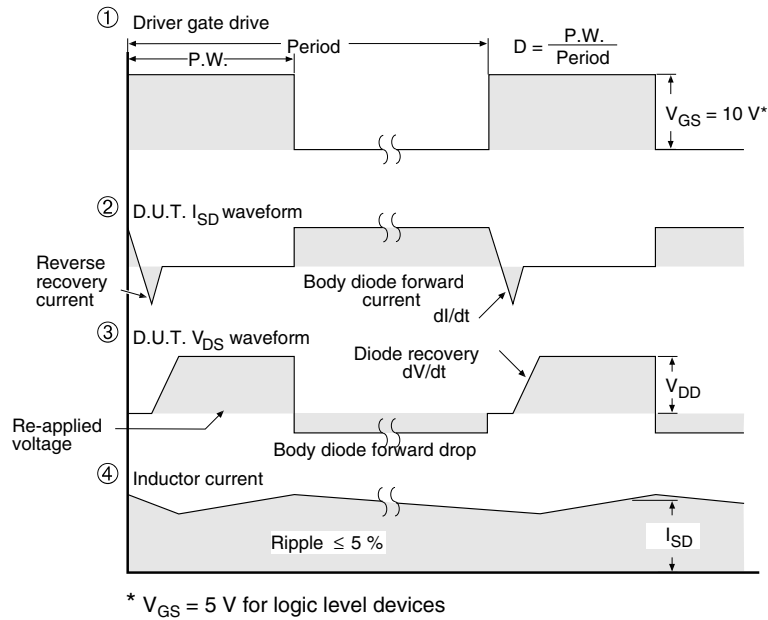
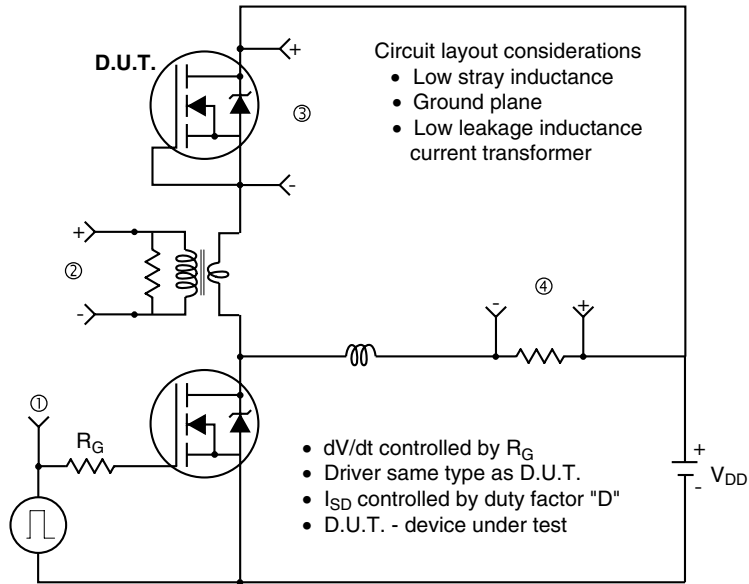


Fig. 14 - For N-Channel