General Description

The AO4485 uses advanced trench technology to provide excellent $R_{DS(ON)}$ with low gate charge. This device is suitable for use as a DC-DC converter application.

Features

$$V_{DS}(V) = -40V$$

 $I_D = -10A$ $(V_{GS} = -10V)$

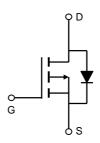
 $R_{DS(ON)} < 15m\Omega$ (V_{GS} = -10V)

 $R_{DS(ON)} < 20 \text{m}\Omega$ (V_{GS} = -4.5V)



SOIC-8





Absolute Maximum Ratings T _J =25℃ unless otherwise noted							
Parameter		Symbol	10 Sec	Steady State	Units		
Drain-Source Voltage		V_{DS}	-40		V		
Gate-Source Voltage		V_{GS}	±20		V		
Continuous Drain	T _A =25℃		-12	-10			
Current ^A	T _A =70℃	I _D	-9	-8	۸		
Pulsed Drain Current ^B		I _{DM}	-120		A		
Avalanche Current ^G		I_{AR}	-28				
Repetitive avalanche energy L=0.3mH ^G		E _{AR}	118		mJ		
Power Dissipation ^A	T _A =25℃	—P _D	3.1	1.7	W		
	T _A =70℃	' D	2.0	1.1	V V		
Junction and Storage Temperature Range		T_J , T_{STG}	-55 to 150		C		

Thermal Characteristics							
Parameter	Symbol	Тур	Max	Units			
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient A	t ≤ 10s		31	40	℃/W		
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient A	Steady State	$R_{\theta JA}$	59	75	C/W		
Maximum Junction-to-Lead ^C	Steady State	$R_{ hetaJL}$	16	24	C\M		



Electrical Characteristics (T_J=25℃ unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions		Тур	Max	Units			
STATIC PARAMETERS									
BV _{DSS}	Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	$I_D = -250 \mu A, V_{GS} = 0 V$	-40			V			
I _{DSS}	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	$V_{DS} = -40V, V_{GS} = 0V$			-1				
		T _J = 55℃			-5	μΑ			
I_{GSS}	Gate-Body leakage current	$V_{DS} = 0V, V_{GS} = \pm 20V$			±100	nA			
$V_{GS(th)}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	$V_{DS} = V_{GS} I_D = -250\mu A$	-1.7	-1.9	-2.5	V			
$I_{D(ON)}$	On state drain current	$V_{GS} = -10V, V_{DS} = -5V$	-120			Α			
R _{DS(ON)}	Static Drain-Source On-Resistance	$V_{GS} = -10V, I_D = -10A$		12.5	15				
		T _J =125℃		19	23	$m\Omega$			
		$V_{GS} = -4.5V, I_D = -8A$		16	20				
g _{FS}	Forward Transconductance	$V_{DS} = -5V, I_{D} = -10A$		25		S			
V_{SD}	Diode Forward Voltage	$I_S = -1A, V_{GS} = 0V$		-0.7	-1	V			
Is	Maximum Body-Diode Continuous Current				-3	Α			
DYNAMIC	PARAMETERS								
C _{iss}	Input Capacitance			2500	3000	pF			
C _{oss}	Output Capacitance	V_{GS} =0V, V_{DS} =-20V, f=1MHz		260		pF			
C_{rss}	Reverse Transfer Capacitance			180		pF			
R_g	Gate resistance	V_{GS} =0V, V_{DS} =0V, f=1MHz	2.5	4	6	Ω			
SWITCHI	NG PARAMETERS								
Q _g (10V)	Total Gate Charge			42	55	nC			
Q _g (4.5V)	Total Gate Charge	V _{GS} =-10V, V _{DS} =-20V, I _D =-10A		18.6		nC			
Q_{gs}	Gate Source Charge	Vgg= 10 V, Vbg= 20 V, 1b= 10 / V		7		nC			
Q_{gd}	Gate Drain Charge			8.6		nC			
t _{D(on)}	Turn-On DelayTime			9.4		ns			
t _r	Turn-On Rise Time	V _{GS} =-10V, V _{DS} =-20V,		20		ns			
$t_{D(off)}$	Turn-Off DelayTime	$R_L=2\Omega$, $R_{GEN}=3\Omega$		55		ns			
t _f	Turn-Off Fall Time			30		ns			
t _{rr}	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Time	I _F =-10A, dI/dt=100A/μs		38	49	ns			
Q_{rr}	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Charge	I _F =-10A, dI/dt=100A/μs		47		nC			

A: The value of R $_{\theta JA}$ is measured with the device mounted on 1in^2 FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with T_A = 25°C. The value in any given application depends on the user's specific board design.

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B: Repetitive rating, pulse width limited by junction temperature.

C. The R $_{\theta JA}$ is the sum of the thermal impedence from junction to lead R $_{\theta JL}$ and lead to ambient.

D. The static characteristics in Figures 1 to 6 are obtained using t \le 300 μ s pulses, duty cycle 0.5% max.

E. These tests are performed with the device mounted on 1 in² FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with T_A=25℃. The SOA curve provides a single pulse rating.

F. The current rating is based on the $t \leqslant 10 s$ thermal resistance rating.

G. E_{AR} and I_{AR} ratings are based on low frequency and duty cycles to keep T_j=25C.

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

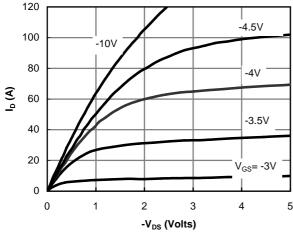


Figure 1: On-Region Characteristics

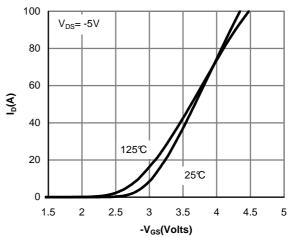


Figure 2: Transfer Characteristics

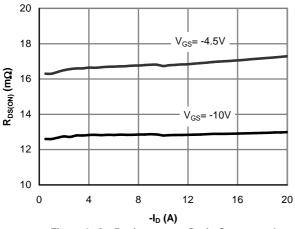


Figure 3: On-Resistance vs. Drain Current and Gate Voltage

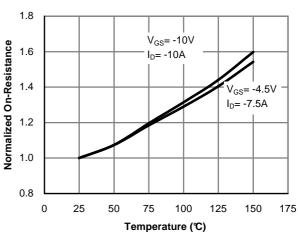


Figure 4: On-Resistance vs. Junction Temperature

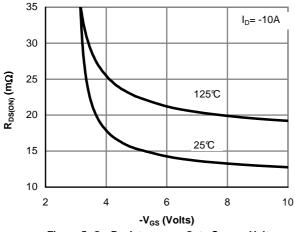


Figure 5: On-Resistance vs. Gate-Source Voltage

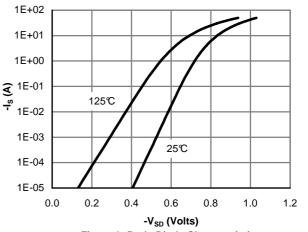


Figure 6: Body-Diode Characteristics



TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

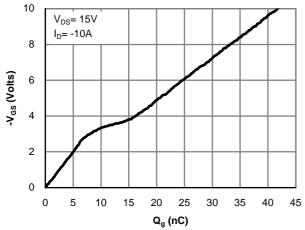


Figure 7: Gate-Charge Characteristics

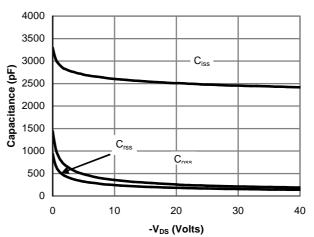


Figure 8: Capacitance Characteristics

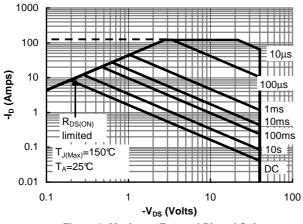


Figure 9: Maximum Forward Biased Safe Operating Area (Note E)

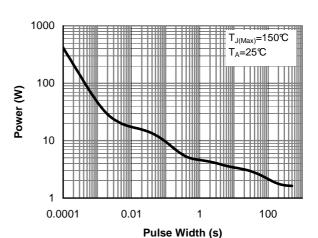


Figure 10: Single Pulse Power Rating Junctionto-Ambient (Note E)

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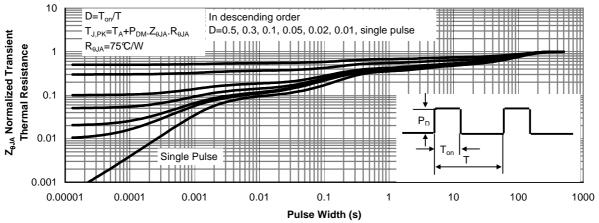


Figure 11: Normalized Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance(Note E)