Product data sheet

1. General description

The BGA3031 is an upstream amplifier meeting the Data Over Cable Service Interface Specifications (DOCSIS 3.0). It is designed for cable modem, CATV set top box and VoIP modem applications. The device operates from 5 MHz to 85 MHz. The BGA3031 provides 58 dB gain control range in 1 dB increments with high incremental accuracy. Its maximum gain setting delivers 34 dB voltage gain and a superior linear performance. It supports high output levels up to 67 dBmV while minimizing distortion and output noise levels.

The BGA3031 operates at 5 V supply. The gain is controlled via a 3-wire serial interface. The current consumption can be reduced in 4 steps via the serial interface. This enables the user to optimize between DC power efficiency and linearity. In addition the current is automatically reduced at lower gain settings while preserving the linearity performance. In disable mode the device draws typical 6 mA while it still can be programmed to new gain and current settings.

The BGA3031 is housed in 20 pins 5 mm \times 5 mm leadless HVQFN package.

2. Features and benefits

- 58 dB gain control range in 1 dB steps using a 3-wire serial interface
- 5 MHz to 85 MHz frequency operating range
- ± 0.2 dB incremental gain step accuracy
- Maximum voltage gain 34 dB
- Excellent IMD3 of -70 dBc at 64 dBmV output power
- Excellent second harmonic level of -80 dBc at 64 dBmV output power
- Excellent third harmonic level of –67 dBc at 64 dBmV output power
- Excellent noise figure of 3.5 dB at maximum gain
- 5 V single supply operation
- Excellent ESD protection at all pins
- Unconditionally stable
- Compliant to Directive 2002/95/EC, regarding Restriction of Hazardous Substances (RoHS)

3. Applications

- DOCSIS 3.0 cable modems
- VoIP modems
- Set-top boxes



DOCSIS 3.0 upstream amplifier

4. Quick reference data

Table 1. Quick reference data

Typical values at $V_{CC} = 5 \text{ V}$; current setting = 3; $T_{case} = 25 \text{ °C}$; $Z_i = 200 \Omega$: $Z_0 = 75 \Omega$, unless otherwise specified.

| Symbol | Parameter | Conditions | | Min | Тур | Max | Unit |
|---------------------|--|--|--------|-----|-----|-----|------|
| I_{CC} | supply current | transmit-enable mode; TX_EN = HIGH | | - | 325 | - | mA |
| | | transmit-disable mode; TX_EN = LOW | | - | 6.0 | - | mΑ |
| G_{v} | voltage gain | gain code = 111111 | [1][2] | - | 34 | - | dB |
| NF | noise figure | transmit-enable mode; gain code = 111111 | | - | 3.5 | - | dB |
| α_{2H} | second harmonic level | P_i = 30 dBmV; P_L = 64 dBmV into 75 Ω differential impedance | | - | -80 | - | dBc |
| α_{3H} | third harmonic level | P_i = 30 dBmV; P_L = 64 dBmV into 75 Ω differential impedance | | - | -67 | - | dBc |
| IMD3 | third-order intermodulation distortion | P_i = 27 dBmV per tone; P_L = 61 dBmV per tone into 75 Ω differential impedance | | - | -70 | - | dBc |
| P _{L(1dB)} | output power at 1 dB gain compression | signal | | - | 74 | - | dBmV |

^[1] Voltage gain does not include loss due to input and output transformers.

5. Ordering information

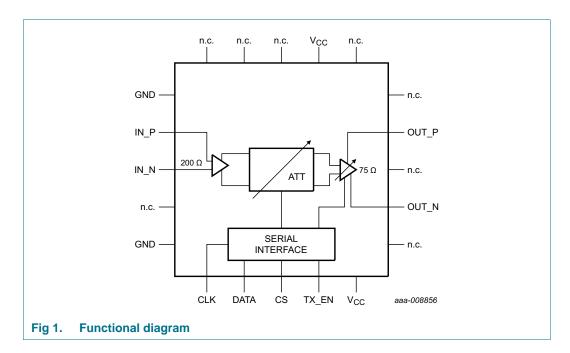
Table 2. Ordering information

| Type number | Package | | | | | | |
|-------------|---------|--|----------|--|--|--|--|
| | Name | Description | Version | | | | |
| BGA3031 | HVQFN20 | plastic thermal enhanced very thin quad flat package; no leads; 20 terminals; body 5 \times 5 \times 0.85 mm | SOT662-1 | | | | |

^[2] $P_i = 30 \text{ dBmV}.$

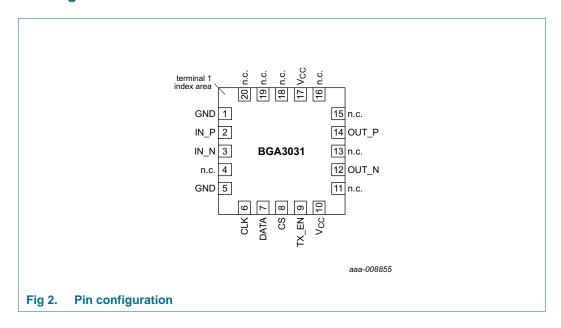
DOCSIS 3.0 upstream amplifier

6. Functional diagram



7. Pinning information

7.1 Pinning



DOCSIS 3.0 upstream amplifier

7.2 Pin description

Table 3. Pin description

| Table 3. | Fill description | |
|-----------------|------------------|--|
| Symbol | Pin | Description |
| GND | 1 | ground |
| IN_P | 2 | amplifier input + |
| IN_N | 3 | amplifier input – |
| n.c. | 4 | not connected |
| GND | 5 | ground |
| CLK | 6 | clock |
| DATA | 7 | data |
| CS | 8 | chip select |
| TX_EN | 9 | transmit enable |
| V_{CC} | 10 | supply voltage for serial interface |
| n.c. | 11 | not connected |
| OUT_N | 12 | amplifier output – |
| n.c. | 13 | not connected |
| OUT_P | 14 | amplifier output + |
| n.c. | 15 | not connected |
| n.c. | 16 | not connected |
| V _{CC} | 17 | supply voltage for Variable Gain Amplifier (VGA) |
| n.c. | 18 | not connected |
| n.c. | 19 | not connected |
| n.c. | 20 | not connected |
| Paddle | | ground |
| | | |

8. Functional description

8.1 Logic programming

The programming word is set through a shift register via the data, clock and chip select lines. The data is entered in order with the Most Significant Bit (MSB) first and the Least Significant Bit (LSB) last. The chip select line must be LOW for the duration of the data entry, then set HIGH to latch the shift register. The rising edge of the clock pulse shifts each data value into the register.

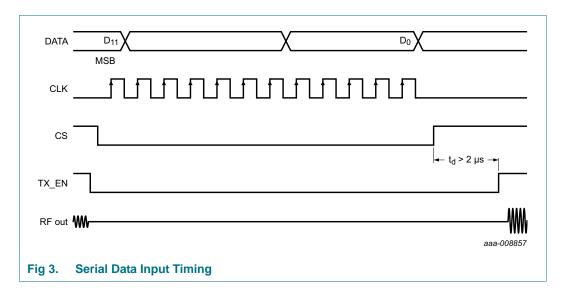
Table 4. Programming register

| Data bit | 11 | 10 | 9 | 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
|---------------------------|----|----|--|---|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| Function Register address | | | Current setting [1] attenuation (gain) setting [2] | | | | | | | | | |
| Initialize | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Set gain | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | C[1] | C[0] | G[5] | G[4] | G[3] | G[2] | G[1] | G[0] |

^[1] For current bit settings see <u>Table 6</u>.

^[2] For gain bit settings see <u>Table 5</u>.

DOCSIS 3.0 upstream amplifier



8.2 Register settings

8.2.1 Register address

Only addresses 0000 and 0001 are used. Using any other addresses will not affect the VGA.

8.2.2 Gain/attenuator setting

The gain shall be controlled via the 3-wire bus. Data bits D0 through D5 set the gain/attenuator level, with 111111 being the min attenuation setting, and 000101 being the max attenuation setting. A new gain/attenuator setting can be loaded while the VGA is on (transmit-enable), but shall not take effect until transmit-enable transitions from LOW to HIGH.

Table 5. Gain settings

| Gain setting G[5:0] | Typical gain | |
|---------------------|------------------|------|
| binary notation | decimal notation | (dB) |
| 000000 to 000101 | 0 to 5 | -24 |
| 000110 [1] | 6 [1] | -23 |
| 111110 🗓 | 62 [1] | 33 |
| 111111 [1] | 63 [1] | 34 |

^[1] With every increment of the gain setting between 000110 (6) and 111111 (63) the typical gain will increase accordingly.

8.2.3 Output stage current setting

The current (of the output stage) shall be controlled via the 3-wire bus. Data bits D6 and D7 set the current. Setting 11 will set the maximum current for maximum linearity. The current can be lowered for improved efficiency at lower output power levels, or lower linearity requirements. Setting 00 will set the minimum current. A new current setting can be loaded while the VGA is on (transmit-enable), but shall not take effect until transmit-enable transitions from LOW to HIGH.

DOCSIS 3.0 upstream amplifier

Table 6. Supply current settings

At gain setting 63.

| Current setting C[1:0] | | Typical supply current |
|------------------------|------------------|------------------------|
| binary notation | decimal notation | (mA) |
| 00 | 0 | 215 |
| 01 | 1 | 260 |
| 10 | 2 | 290 |
| 11 | 3 | 325 |

The current is automatically reduced at lower gain settings while preserving the linearity performance.

Table 7. Supply current versus gain setting

| Gain setti | ng G[5:0] | Typical current (mA) | | | | | | | |
|------------|-----------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| binary | decimal | Current setting C[1:0] | Current setting C[1:0] | Current setting C[1:0] | Current setting C[1:0] | | | | |
| notation | notation | 00 (decimal = 0) | 01 (decimal = 1) | 10 (decimal = 2) | 11 (decimal =3) | | | | |
| 111111 | 63 | 215 | 260 | 290 | 325 | | | | |
| 110111 | 55 | 215 | 260 | 290 | 325 | | | | |
| 110110 | 54 | 165 | 190 | 200 | 215 | | | | |
| 110001 | 49 | 165 | 190 | 200 | 215 | | | | |
| 110000 | 48 | 135 | 150 | 160 | 160 | | | | |
| 101000 | 40 | 135 | 150 | 160 | 160 | | | | |
| 100111 | 39 | 120 | 125 | 125 | 125 | | | | |
| 000101 | 5 | 120 | 125 | 125 | 125 | | | | |

8.3 Tx enable / Tx disable

The amplifier can be disabled or enabled by making TX_EN (pin 9) LOW or HIGH. A LOW to HIGH Tx enable transition will activate new programed settings. If no new settings are programmed the last programmed setting will be re-activated.

9. Limiting values

Table 8. Limiting values

In accordance with the Absolute Maximum Rating System (IEC 60134).

Absolute Maximum Ratings are given as Limiting Values of stress conditions during operation, that must not be exceeded under the worst probable conditions.

| Symbol | Parameter | Conditions | Min | Max | Unit |
|----------|----------------|--|-------------------|---------------|---------------------|
| - | | Conditions | | | |
| V_{CC} | supply voltage | | - | 6.0 | V |
| VI | input voltage | on pin IN_P | -0.5 | +6.0 | V |
| | | on pin IN_N | -0.5 | +6.0 | V |
| | | on pin CLK | [<u>1</u>] -0.5 | +6.0 | V |
| | | on pin DATA | <u>[1]</u> –0.5 | +6.0 | V |
| | | on pin CS | <u>[1]</u> –0.5 | +6.0 | V |
| | | on pin TX_EN | <u>[1]</u> –0.5 | +6.0 | V |
| | | on pin OUT_N | -0.5 | +6.0 | V |
| | | on pin OUT_P | -0.5 | +6.0 | V |
| BGA3031 | | All information provided in this document is subject to legal disclaimers. | © N) | (P B.V. 2013. | All rights reserved |

DOCSIS 3.0 upstream amplifier

 Table 8.
 Limiting values ...continued

In accordance with the Absolute Maximum Rating System (IEC 60134).

Absolute Maximum Ratings are given as Limiting Values of stress conditions during operation, that must not be exceeded under the worst probable conditions.

| Symbol | Parameter | Conditions | Min | Max | Unit |
|------------------|---------------------------------|--|-----|------|------|
| $P_{i(max)}$ | maximum input power | | - | 40 | dBmV |
| T _{stg} | storage temperature | | -65 | +150 | °C |
| Tj | junction temperature | | - | 150 | °C |
| V _{ESD} | electrostatic discharge voltage | Human Body Model (HBM); According JEDEC standard 22-A114E | - | 4000 | V |
| | | Charged Device Model (CDM); According JEDEC standard 22-C101B | - | 2000 | V |

^[1] All digital pins may not exceed V_{CC} as the internal ESD circuit can be damaged. To prevent this it is recommended that control pins are limited to a maximum of 5 mA.

10. Thermal characteristics

Table 9. Thermal characteristics

| Symbol | Parameter | Conditions | Тур | Unit |
|----------------------|---|-------------|-------------------|------|
| $R_{th(j-bop)}$ | thermal resistance from junction to bottom of package | in free air | <u>[1]</u> 14 | K/W |
| R _{th(j-a)} | thermal resistance from junction to ambient | in free air | ^[2] 35 | K/W |

^[1] Simulated using final element method model resembling the device mounted on the application board. See Section 13.

11. Static characteristics

Table 10. Characteristics

Typical values at $V_{CC} = 5 \text{ V}$; current setting = 3; $T_{case} = 25 \text{ °C}$; $Z_i = 200 \Omega$: $Z_o = 75 \Omega$, unless otherwise specified.

| Symbol | Parameter | Conditions | Min | Тур | Max | Unit |
|-----------------|--------------------------|------------------------------------|-------|-------|----------------|------|
| I _{CC} | supply current | transmit-enable mode; TX_EN = HIGH | - | 325 | - | mA |
| | | transmit-disable mode; TX_EN = LOW | - | 6.0 | - | mA |
| V_{IH} | HIGH-level input voltage | | 1 2.0 | - | $V_{CC} + 0.6$ | V |
| V_{IL} | LOW-level input voltage | | [1] 0 | - | 0.8 | V |
| Р | power dissipation | | - | 1.625 | | W |

^[1] Voltage on the control pins.

^[2] Device mounted on application board.

DOCSIS 3.0 upstream amplifier

12. Dynamic characteristics

Table 11. Characteristics

Typical values at $V_{CC} = 5 \text{ V}$; current setting = 3; $Z_i = 200 \Omega$: $Z_0 = 75 \Omega$, $T_{case} = 25 ^{\circ}\text{C}$, unless otherwise specified.

| Symbol | Parameter | Conditions | | Min | Тур | Max | Unit |
|------------------------|--|--|--------|-----|-------|-----|---------|
| G_{v} | voltage gain | gain code = 111111 | [1][2] | - | 34 | - | dB |
| | | gain code = 000000 | [1][2] | - | -24 | - | dB |
| G _{flat} | gain flatness | f = 5 MHz to 42 MHz | [2] | - | ± 0.4 | - | dB |
| | | f = 5 MHz to 85 MHz | [2] | - | ± 0.6 | - | dB |
| G _{step} | gain step | | [2] | - | 1.0 | - | dB |
| $E_{G(dif)}$ | differential gain error | | [2] | - | ± 0.2 | - | dB |
| $R_{i(dif)}$ | differential input resistance | | | - | 200 | - | Ω |
| R _{o(dif)} | differential output resistance | | | - | 75 | - | Ω |
| f _{range} | frequency range | | | 5 | - | 85 | MHz |
| P _n | noise power | transmit-disable mode; TX_EN = LOW; any bandwidth = 160 kHz from f = 5 MHz to 85 MHz | | - | -69 | - | dBmV |
| α_{isol} | isolation | transmit-disable mode; TX_EN = LOW; f = 85 MHz | | - | -90 | - | dB |
| NF | noise figure | transmit mode; gain code = 111111 | | - | 3.5 | - | dB |
| | | transmit mode; gain code = 101110 | | - | 6.5 | - | dB |
| t _{sw(G)} | gain switch time | transmit-disable/transmit-enable transient duration | | - | 1.8 | - | μS |
| V _{os} | overshoot voltage | transmit-disable/transmit-enable transient step size | | | | | |
| | | 55 dBmV output power | | - | 80 | - | mV(p-p) |
| | | 49 dBmV output power | | - | 50 | - | mV(p-p) |
| | | 43 dBmV output power | | - | 25 | - | mV(p-p) |
| | | 37 dBmV output power | | - | 5 | - | mV(p-p) |
| | | ≤ 31 dBmV output power | | - | 5 | - | mV(p-p) |
| α_{2H} | second harmonic level | P_i = 30 dBmV; P_L = 64 dBmV into 75 Ω differential impedance | | - | -80 | - | dBc |
| αзн | third harmonic level | P_i = 30 dBmV; P_L = 64 dBmV into 75 Ω differential impedance | | - | -67 | - | dBc |
| IMD3 | third-order intermodulation distortion | P_i = 27 dBmV per tone; P_L = 61 dBmV per tone into 75 Ω differential impedance | | - | -70 | - | dBc |
| P _{L(1dB)} | output power at 1 dB gain compression | CW signal | | - | 74 | - | dBmV |

^[1] Voltage gain does not include loss due to input and output transformers.

^[2] $P_i = 30 \text{ dBmV}.$

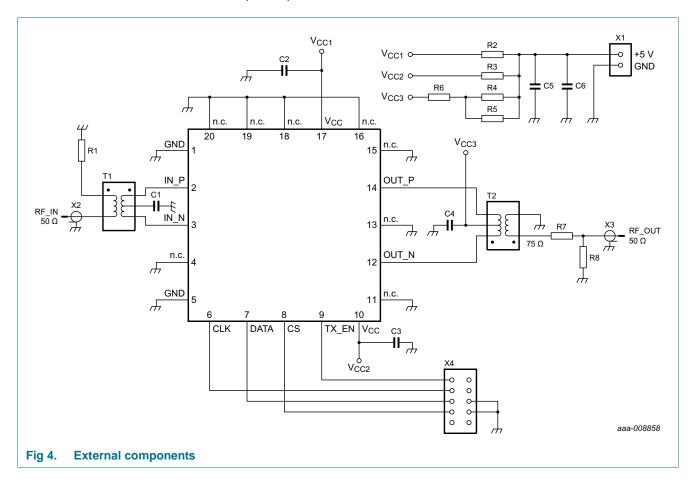
DOCSIS 3.0 upstream amplifier

13. Application information

13.1 External components

Matching the balanced output of the chip to a single-ended 75 Ω load is accomplished using a 1 : 1 ratio transformer. In addition to the balanced to single-ended conversion. For measurements in a 50 Ω system R7 and R8 are added for impedance transformation from 75 Ω to 50 Ω . R7 and R8 are not required in the final application.

The transformer also cancels even mode distortion products and common mode signals, such as the voltage transients that occur while enabling and disabling the amplifiers. External capacitors are needed for the functionality of the circuit, the pins are internal nodes in the output amplifier.



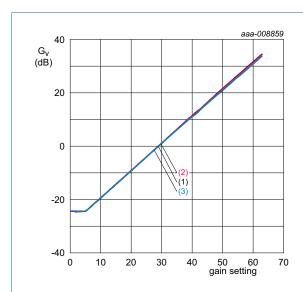
DOCSIS 3.0 upstream amplifier

Table 12. List of components

For application diagram, see Figure 4.

| Component | Description | Value | Size | Supplier: Part No. |
|----------------|---------------|---------------|----------|-----------------------------|
| C1, C2, C3, C4 | capacitor | 10 nF | SMD 0603 | |
| C5 | capacitor | 100 nF | SMD 0603 | |
| C6 | capacitor | 10 μF | SMD 1206 | |
| R1, R6 | resistor | 0 Ω | SMD 0603 | |
| R2, R3 | resistor | 0 Ω | SMD 0805 | |
| R4, R5 | resistor | 4.7Ω | SMD 0603 | |
| R7 | resistor | $43.3~\Omega$ | SMD 0603 | |
| R8 | resistor | 86.6Ω | SMD 0603 | |
| T1 | input balun | - | - | TOKO: #617DB-1714 |
| T2 | output balun | - | - | M/A-COM: MABA-009572-CF18A0 |
| X1 | 2-pin header | - | - | |
| X2, X3 | SMA connector | - | - | |
| X4 | 10-pin header | - | - | FCI: Minitek |

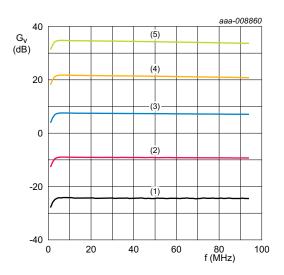
13.2 Graphs



 V_{CC} = 5 V; current setting = 3; T_{case} = 25 °C; P_i = 30 dBmV.

- (1) f = 5 MHz
- (2) f = 42 MHz
- (3) f = 85 MHz

Fig 5. Voltage gain as a function of gain setting; typical values

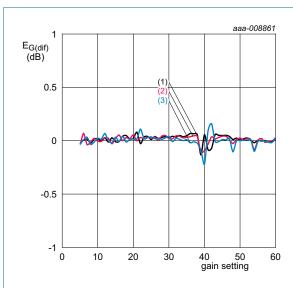


 V_{CC} = 5 V; current setting = 3; T_{case} = 25 °C; P_i = 30 dBmV.

- (1) gain setting = 5
- (2) gain setting = 20
- (3) gain setting = 36
- (4) gain setting = 50
- (5) gain setting = 63

Fig 6. Voltage gain as a function of frequency; typical values

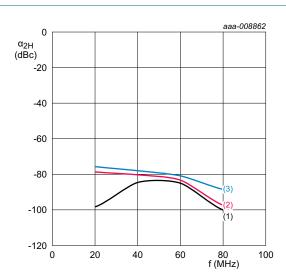
DOCSIS 3.0 upstream amplifier



 V_{CC} = 5 V; current setting = 3; T_{case} = 25 °C; P_i = 30 dBmV.

- (1) f = 5 MHz
- (2) f = 42 MHz
- (3) f = 85 MHz

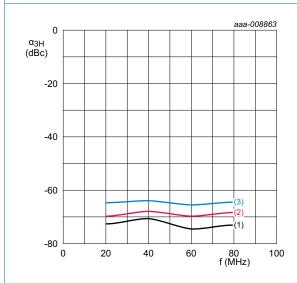
Fig 7. Differential gain error as a function of gain setting; typical values



 $V_{CC} = 5 \text{ V}$; $P_i = 30 \text{ dBmV}$; $P_L = 64 \text{ dBmV}$; current setting = 3; gain setting = 63.

- (1) $T_{case} = -10 \, ^{\circ}C$
- (2) $T_{case} = +25 \, ^{\circ}C$
- (3) $T_{case} = +85 \, ^{\circ}C$

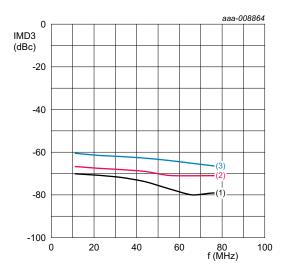
Fig 8. Second harmonic level as a function of frequency; typical values



 V_{CC} = 5 V; P_i = 30 dBmV; P_L = 64 dBmV; current setting = 3; gain setting = 63.

- (1) $T_{case} = -10 \, ^{\circ}C$
- (2) $T_{case} = +25 \, ^{\circ}C$
- (3) T_{case} = +85 °C

Fig 9. Third harmonic level as a function of frequency; typical values

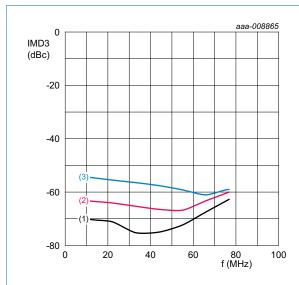


 $V_{CC} = 5 \text{ V}$; $P_i = 27 \text{ dBmV}$ per tone; $P_L = 61 \text{ dBmV}$ per tone; current setting = 3; gain setting = 63.

- (1) $T_{case} = -10 \, ^{\circ}C$
- (2) $T_{case} = +25 \, ^{\circ}C$
- (3) $T_{case} = +85 \, ^{\circ}C$

Fig 10. Third order intermodulation distortion as a function of frequency; typical values

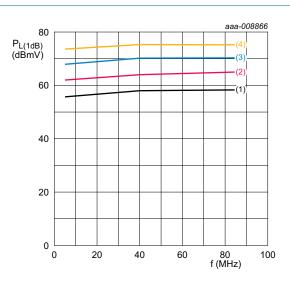
DOCSIS 3.0 upstream amplifier



 $V_{CC} = 5 \text{ V}$; $P_i = 30 \text{ dBmV}$ per tone; $P_L = 64 \text{ dBmV}$ per tone; current setting = 3; gain setting = 63.

- (1) $T_{case} = -10 \, ^{\circ}C$
- (2) T_{case} = +25 °C
- (3) $T_{case} = +85 \, ^{\circ}C$

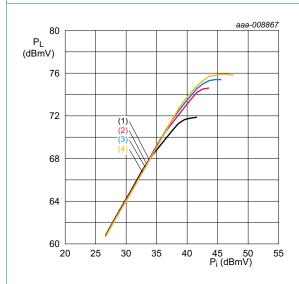
Fig 11. Third order intermodulation distortion as a function of frequency; typical values



 V_{CC} = 5 V; current setting = 3; T_{case} = 25 °C; P_i = 30 dBmV.

- (1) gain setting = 39
- (2) gain setting = 48
- (3) gain setting = 54
- (4) gain setting = 63

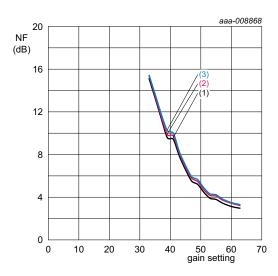
Fig 12. Output power at 1 dB gain compression as a function of frequency; typical values



 $T_{case} = 25 \, ^{\circ}C$; $V_{CC} = 5 \, V$; $f = 85 \, MHz$; gain setting = 63.

- (1) current setting = 0
- (2) current setting = 1
- (3) current setting = 2
- (4) current setting = 3

Fig 13. Output power as a function of input power; typical values



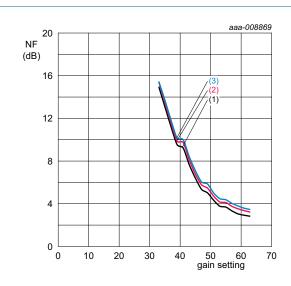
 $T_{case} = 25 \, ^{\circ}C; \, V_{CC} = 5 \, V; \, current \, setting = 3.$

- (1) f = 5 MHz
- (2) f = 42 MHz
- (3) f = 85 MHz

Fig 14. Noise figure as a function of gain setting; typical values

BGA3031

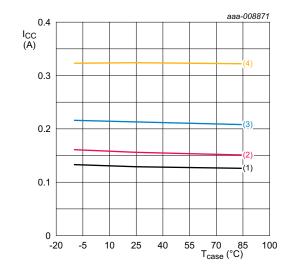
DOCSIS 3.0 upstream amplifier



f = 45 MHz; $V_{CC} = 5 \text{ V}$; current setting = 3.

- (1) $T_{case} = -10 \, ^{\circ}C$
- (2) $T_{case} = +25 \, ^{\circ}C$
- (3) $T_{case} = +85 \, ^{\circ}C$

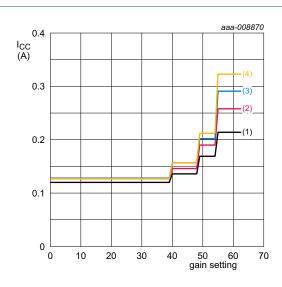
Fig 15. Noise figure as a function of gain setting; typical values



 $T_{case} = 25 \, ^{\circ}C; \, V_{CC} = 5 \, V; \, current \, setting = 3.$

- (1) gain setting = 20
- (2) gain setting = 44
- (3) gain setting = 52
- (4) gain setting = 60

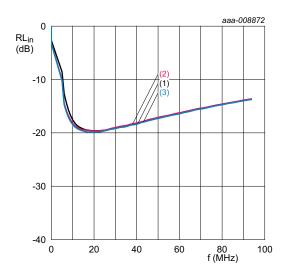
Fig 17. Supply current as a function of case temperature; typical values



 $T_{case} = 25 \, ^{\circ}C; \, V_{CC} = 5 \, V.$

- (1) current setting = 0
- (2) current setting = 1
- (3) current setting = 2
- (4) current setting = 3

Fig 16. Supply current as a function of gain setting; typical values

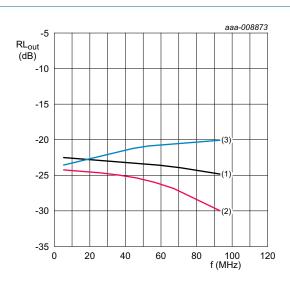


 $T_{case} = 25 \, ^{\circ}C; \, V_{CC} = 5 \, V; \, current \, setting = 3.$

- (1) gain setting = 5
- (2) gain setting = 36
- (3) gain setting = 63

Fig 18. Input return loss as a function of frequency; typical values

DOCSIS 3.0 upstream amplifier



 $T_{case} = 25 \, ^{\circ}C; \, V_{CC} = 5 \, V; \, current \, setting = 3.$

- (1) gain setting = 5
- (2) gain setting = 63
- (3) amplifier disabled (TX_EN LOW)

Fig 19. Output return loss as a function of frequency; typical values

DOCSIS 3.0 upstream amplifier

14. Package outline

HVQFN20: plastic thermal enhanced very thin quad flat package; no leads; 20 terminals; body $5 \times 5 \times 0.85$ mm

SOT662-1

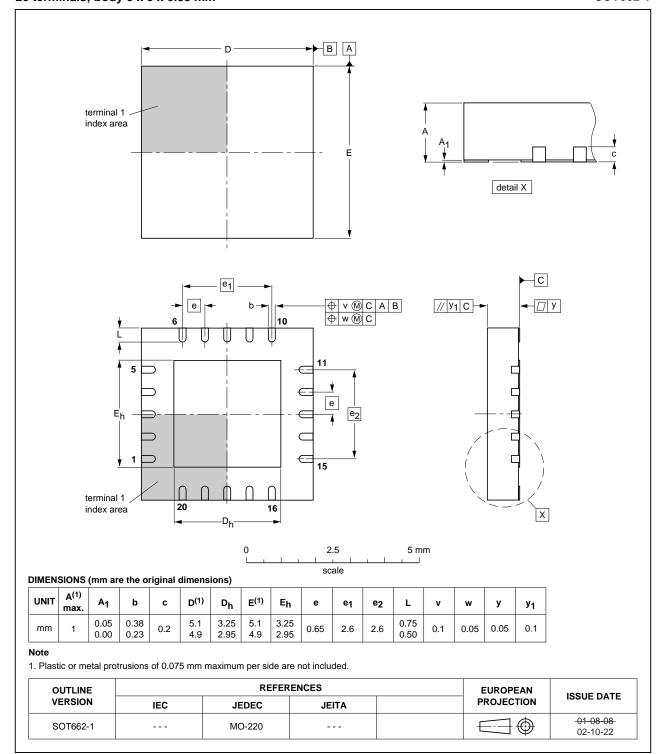


Fig 20. Package outline SOT662-1 (HVQFN20)

A3031 All information provided in this document is subject to legal disclaimers.

© NXP B.V. 2013. All rights reserved.

DOCSIS 3.0 upstream amplifier

15. Handling information

15.1 Moisture sensitivity

Table 13. Moisture sensitivity level

| Test methodology | Class |
|------------------|-------|
| JESD-22-A113 | 1 |

16. Abbreviations

Table 14. Abbreviations

| Acronym | Description | |
|---------|--|--|
| CATV | Community Antenna TeleVision | |
| CW | Continuous Wave | |
| ESD | ElectroStatic Discharge | |
| HVQFN | Heatsink Very thin Quad Flat pack No leads | |
| SMA | SubMiniature version A | |
| SMD | Surface-Mounted Device | |
| Tx | Transmission | |
| VoIP | Voice over Internet Protocol | |
| | | |

17. Revision history

Table 15. Revision history

| Document ID | Release date | Data sheet status | Change notice | Supersedes |
|-------------|--------------|--------------------|---------------|------------|
| BGA3031 v.1 | 20130815 | Product data sheet | - | - |

DOCSIS 3.0 upstream amplifier

18. Legal information

18.1 Data sheet status

| Document status[1][2] | Product status[3] | Definition |
|--------------------------------|-------------------|---|
| Objective [short] data sheet | Development | This document contains data from the objective specification for product development. |
| Preliminary [short] data sheet | Qualification | This document contains data from the preliminary specification. |
| Product [short] data sheet | Production | This document contains the product specification. |

- [1] Please consult the most recently issued document before initiating or completing a design.
- [2] The term 'short data sheet' is explained in section "Definitions"
- [3] The product status of device(s) described in this document may have changed since this document was published and may differ in case of multiple devices. The latest product status information is available on the Internet at URL http://www.nxp.com.

18.2 Definitions

Draft — The document is a draft version only. The content is still under internal review and subject to formal approval, which may result in modifications or additions. NXP Semiconductors does not give any representations or warranties as to the accuracy or completeness of information included herein and shall have no liability for the consequences of use of such information.

Short data sheet — A short data sheet is an extract from a full data sheet with the same product type number(s) and title. A short data sheet is intended for quick reference only and should not be relied upon to contain detailed and full information. For detailed and full information see the relevant full data sheet, which is available on request via the local NXP Semiconductors sales office. In case of any inconsistency or conflict with the short data sheet, the full data sheet shall prevail.

Product specification — The information and data provided in a Product data sheet shall define the specification of the product as agreed between NXP Semiconductors and its customer, unless NXP Semiconductors and customer have explicitly agreed otherwise in writing. In no event however, shall an agreement be valid in which the NXP Semiconductors product is deemed to offer functions and qualities beyond those described in the Product data sheet.

18.3 Disclaimers

Limited warranty and liability — Information in this document is believed to be accurate and reliable. However, NXP Semiconductors does not give any representations or warranties, expressed or implied, as to the accuracy or completeness of such information and shall have no liability for the consequences of use of such information. NXP Semiconductors takes no responsibility for the content in this document if provided by an information source outside of NXP Semiconductors.

In no event shall NXP Semiconductors be liable for any indirect, incidental, punitive, special or consequential damages (including - without limitation - lost profits, lost savings, business interruption, costs related to the removal or replacement of any products or rework charges) whether or not such damages are based on tort (including negligence), warranty, breach of contract or any other legal theory.

Notwithstanding any damages that customer might incur for any reason whatsoever, NXP Semiconductors' aggregate and cumulative liability towards customer for the products described herein shall be limited in accordance with the *Terms and conditions of commercial sale* of NXP Semiconductors.

Right to make changes — NXP Semiconductors reserves the right to make changes to information published in this document, including without limitation specifications and product descriptions, at any time and without notice. This document supersedes and replaces all information supplied prior to the publication hereof.

Suitability for use — NXP Semiconductors products are not designed, authorized or warranted to be suitable for use in life support, life-critical or safety-critical systems or equipment, nor in applications where failure or malfunction of an NXP Semiconductors product can reasonably be expected to result in personal injury, death or severe property or environmental damage. NXP Semiconductors and its suppliers accept no liability for inclusion and/or use of NXP Semiconductors products in such equipment or applications and therefore such inclusion and/or use is at the customer's own risk

Applications — Applications that are described herein for any of these products are for illustrative purposes only. NXP Semiconductors makes no representation or warranty that such applications will be suitable for the specified use without further testing or modification.

Customers are responsible for the design and operation of their applications and products using NXP Semiconductors products, and NXP Semiconductors accepts no liability for any assistance with applications or customer product design. It is customer's sole responsibility to determine whether the NXP Semiconductors product is suitable and fit for the customer's applications and products planned, as well as for the planned application and use of customer's third party customer(s). Customers should provide appropriate design and operating safeguards to minimize the risks associated with their applications and products.

NXP Semiconductors does not accept any liability related to any default, damage, costs or problem which is based on any weakness or default in the customer's applications or products, or the application or use by customer's third party customer(s). Customer is responsible for doing all necessary testing for the customer's applications and products using NXP Semiconductors products in order to avoid a default of the applications and the products or of the application or use by customer's third party customer(s). NXP does not accept any liability in this respect.

Limiting values — Stress above one or more limiting values (as defined in the Absolute Maximum Ratings System of IEC 60134) will cause permanent damage to the device. Limiting values are stress ratings only and (proper) operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those given in the Recommended operating conditions section (if present) or the Characteristics sections of this document is not warranted. Constant or repeated exposure to limiting values will permanently and irreversibly affect the quality and reliability of the device.

Terms and conditions of commercial sale — NXP Semiconductors products are sold subject to the general terms and conditions of commercial sale, as published at http://www.nxp.com/profile/terms, unless otherwise agreed in a valid written individual agreement. In case an individual agreement is concluded only the terms and conditions of the respective agreement shall apply. NXP Semiconductors hereby expressly objects to applying the customer's general terms and conditions with regard to the purchase of NXP Semiconductors products by customer.

No offer to sell or license — Nothing in this document may be interpreted or construed as an offer to sell products that is open for acceptance or the grant, conveyance or implication of any license under any copyrights, patents or other industrial or intellectual property rights.

BGA3031

DOCSIS 3.0 upstream amplifier

Export control — This document as well as the item(s) described herein may be subject to export control regulations. Export might require a prior authorization from competent authorities.

Quick reference data — The Quick reference data is an extract of the product data given in the Limiting values and Characteristics sections of this document, and as such is not complete, exhaustive or legally binding.

Non-automotive qualified products — Unless this data sheet expressly states that this specific NXP Semiconductors product is automotive qualified, the product is not suitable for automotive use. It is neither qualified nor tested in accordance with automotive testing or application requirements. NXP Semiconductors accepts no liability for inclusion and/or use of non-automotive qualified products in automotive equipment or applications.

In the event that customer uses the product for design-in and use in automotive applications to automotive specifications and standards, customer (a) shall use the product without NXP Semiconductors' warranty of the

product for such automotive applications, use and specifications, and (b) whenever customer uses the product for automotive applications beyond NXP Semiconductors' specifications such use shall be solely at customer's own risk, and (c) customer fully indemnifies NXP Semiconductors for any liability, damages or failed product claims resulting from customer design and use of the product for automotive applications beyond NXP Semiconductors' standard warranty and NXP Semiconductors' product specifications.

Translations — A non-English (translated) version of a document is for reference only. The English version shall prevail in case of any discrepancy between the translated and English versions.

18.4 Trademarks

Notice: All referenced brands, product names, service names and trademarks are the property of their respective owners.

19. Contact information

For more information, please visit: http://www.nxp.com

For sales office addresses, please send an email to: salesaddresses@nxp.com

BGA3031 NXP Semiconductors

DOCSIS 3.0 upstream amplifier

20. Contents

| 1 | General description 1 |
|-------|------------------------------|
| 2 | Features and benefits |
| 3 | Applications |
| 4 | Quick reference data |
| 5 | Ordering information |
| 6 | Functional diagram 3 |
| 7 | Pinning information |
| 7.1 | Pinning |
| 7.2 | Pin description 4 |
| 8 | Functional description 4 |
| 8.1 | Logic programming 4 |
| 8.2 | Register settings 5 |
| 8.2.1 | Register address 5 |
| 8.2.2 | Gain/attenuator setting |
| 8.2.3 | Output stage current setting |
| 8.3 | Tx enable / Tx disable |
| 9 | Limiting values 6 |
| 10 | Thermal characteristics 7 |
| 11 | Static characteristics 7 |
| 12 | Dynamic characteristics 8 |
| 13 | Application information 9 |
| 13.1 | External components 9 |
| 13.2 | Graphs |
| 14 | Package outline |
| 15 | Handling information 16 |
| 15.1 | Moisture sensitivity |
| 16 | Abbreviations |
| 17 | Revision history 16 |
| 18 | Legal information |
| 18.1 | Data sheet status 17 |
| 18.2 | Definitions |
| 18.3 | Disclaimers |
| 18.4 | Trademarks18 |
| 19 | Contact information 18 |
| 20 | Contonte 10 |

Please be aware that important notices concerning this document and the product(s) described herein, have been included in section 'Legal information'.