

## P-CHANNEL ENHANCEMENT MODE VERTICAL D-MOS TRANSISTOR

P-channel vertical D-MOS transistor in SOT89 envelope and intended for use in relay, high-speed and line-transformer drivers, using SMD technology.

### Features

- Very low  $R_{DSon}$
- Direct interface to C-MOS
- High-speed switching
- No second breakdown

### QUICK REFERENCE DATA

Drain-source voltage	$-V_{DS}$	max.	60 V
Gate-source voltage (open drain)	$\pm V_{GSO}$	max.	20 V
Drain current (DC)	$-I_D$	max.	0,3 A
Total power dissipation up to $T_{amb} = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$P_{tot}$	max.	1 W
Drain-source ON-resistance $-I_D = 200 \text{ mA}; -V_{GS} = 10 \text{ V}$	$R_{DSon}$	typ.	4,5 $\Omega$
Transfer admittance $-I_D = 200 \text{ mA}; -V_{DS} = 15 \text{ V}$	$ y_{fs} $	typ.	200 $\mu\text{s}$

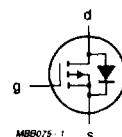
### MECHANICAL DATA

Dimensions in mm

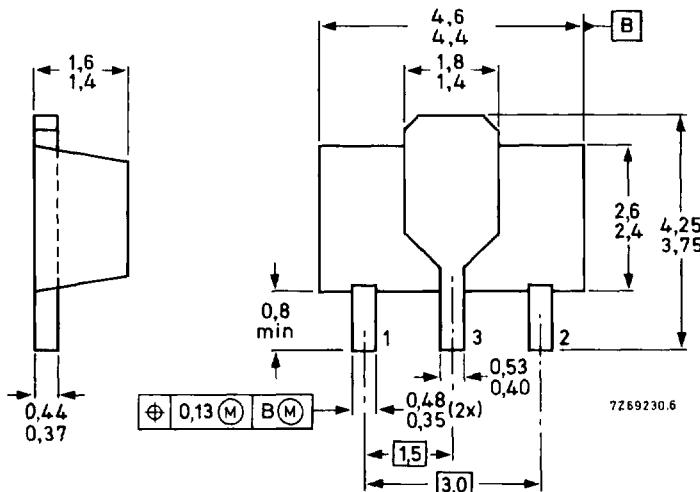
Fig. 1 SOT89.

#### Pinning:

- 1 = source
- 2 = gate
- 3 = drain



marking: LM



BOTTOM VIEW

**RATINGS**

Limiting values in accordance with the Absolute Maximum System (IEC 134)

Drain-source voltage	$-V_{DS}$	max.	60 V
Gate-source voltage (open drain)	$\pm V_{GS0}$	max.	20 V
Drain current (DC)	$-I_D$	max.	0.3 A
Drain current (peak)	$-I_{DM}$	max.	0.8 A
Total power dissipation up to $T_{amb} = 25^\circ\text{C}$ (note 1)	$P_{tot}$	max.	1 W
Storage temperature range	$T_{stg}$	-65 to + 150	$^\circ\text{C}$
Junction temperature	$T_j$	max.	150 $^\circ\text{C}$

**THERMAL RESISTANCE**

From junction to ambient (note 1)	$R_{th j-a}$	=	125 K/W
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**CHARACTERISTICS** $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise specified

Drain-source breakdown voltage $-I_D = 10 \mu\text{A}; V_{GS} = 0$	$-V_{(BR)DSS}$	min.	60 V
Drain-source leakage current $-V_{DS} = 4.8\text{ V}; V_{GS} = 0$	$-I_{DSS}$	max.	1 $\mu\text{A}$
Gate-source leakage current $-V_{GS} = 20\text{ V}; V_{DS} = 0$	$-I_{GSS}$	max.	100 nA
Gate threshold voltage $-I_D = 1 \text{ mA}; V_{DS} = V_{GS}$	$-V_{GS(th)}$	min. max.	1.5 V 3.5 V
Drain-source ON-resistance $-I_D = 200 \text{ mA}; -V_{GS} = 10 \text{ V}$	$R_{DSon}$	typ. max.	4.5 $\Omega$ 6 $\Omega$
Transfer admittance $-I_D = 200 \text{ mA}; -V_{DS} = 15 \text{ V}$	$ y_{fs} $	typ.	200 mS
Input capacitance at $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$ $-V_{DS} = 10 \text{ V}; V_{GS} = 0$	$C_{iss}$	typ. max.	55 pF 70 pF
Output capacitance at $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$ $-V_{DS} = 10 \text{ V}; V_{GS} = 0$	$C_{oss}$	typ. max.	30 pF 45 pF
Feedback capacitance at $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$ $-V_{DS} = 10 \text{ V}; V_{GS} = 0$	$C_{rss}$	typ. max.	8 pF 12 pF
Switching times (see Figs 2 and 3) $-I_D = 200 \text{ mA}; -V_{DD} = 50 \text{ V}; -V_{GS} = 0 \text{ to } 10 \text{ V}$	$t_{on}$ $t_{off}$	typ. typ.	4 ns 20 ns

**Note:**

1. Transistor mounted on a ceramic substrate: area = 2,5 cm<sup>2</sup> and thickness = 0,7 mm.

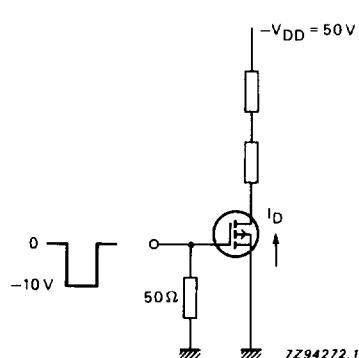


Fig.2 Switching times test circuit.

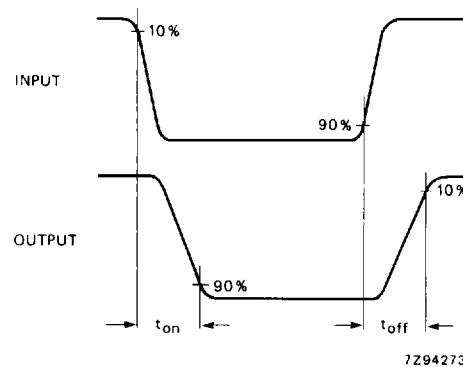
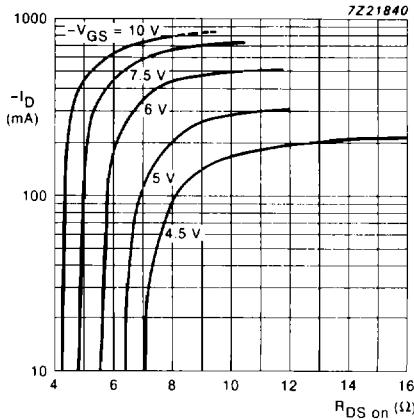
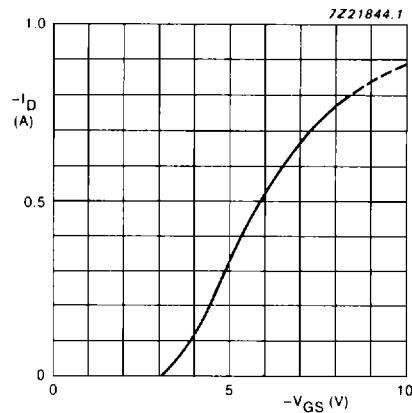
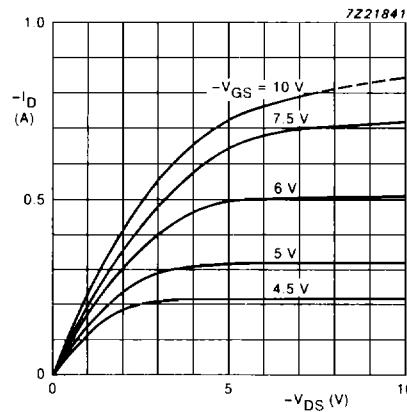


Fig.3 Input and output waveforms.

Fig.4 Drain current vs ON-resistance;  $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$ ; typical values.Fig.5 Transfer characteristics;  $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$ ;  $-V_{DS} = 10\text{ V}$ ; typical values.Fig.6 Output characteristics;  $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$ ; typical values.