X3DIL

AVR USB Module

Rev. 1.0 Documentation Rev. 1



Reusch Elektronik

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Please note:

This document refers to revision 1.0 of the X3DIL module. If you are using a device with another revision number, please refer to the corresponding documentation!

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1. Introduction

X3DIL is a tiny interface module for an Atmel AVR micro controller with USB interface in TQFP64 casing. The module fits to an ordinary 64 pin dual-in-line socket with 0.9 inch row distance. The X3DIL module is helpful in experiments, development and prototyping with USB-AVR micro controllers.

The module contains the crystal oscillator. A socket is used, so it is easy to replace the crystal or ceramic resonator to get the required frequency.

The ESD protected USB interface (mini USB plug) is on board.

The module contains a 6 pin header for in-system-programming and debugging (Atmel 6 pin PDI standard). These pins are also available by the dual-in-line connector pins.

A reset can be done by the on board button.

The X3DIL module is easy to use, because it contains all necessary and time critical interfaces. On the other hand it gives full flexibility in power supplement and connectivity!

1.1 Assembly Variations

The module is available in one assembly version:

• as "X3DIL-ATXMEGA256A3U", assembled with ATXMEGA256A3U from Atmel

The printed circuit board is also available "naked" (not assembled). It is suitable for the following Atmel microcontrollers with TQFP64 casing:

- ATXMEGA64A3U-AU
- ATXMEGA128A3U-AU
- ATXMEGA192A3U-AU
- ATXMEGA256A3U-AU

1.2 Oscillator

A 3 pin socket is used for the oscillator. This makes the module suitable for a

- crystal (HC49)
- 2 pin ceramic resonator
- 3 pin ceramic resonator

All components in wired technology (no SMD). It might be necessary, to remove the two 22pF capacitors (C8 and C9), if a 3 pin ceramic resonator is used.

The XTAL pins are also accessible at pin 26 (XTAL1, input) and pin 25 (XTAL2, output). An external clock source can be connected to pin 26.

The controller contains an internal 48MHz RC oscillators. This oscillator can be synchronized with the USB bus clock frequency for usage as clock for the USB engine. Therefor no or any crystal clock frequency can be used to drive the core. If the USB engine is clocked by the crystal, the following frequencies are recommended:

- 8.000MHz
- 12.000MHz
- 16.000MHz (delivery standard)

The wiring example as shown, supplies the module by USB and the onboard 3.3V regulator. Programming can be done via USB, bootloader and "Atmel FLIP".



Without firmware, the module always will enter the bootloader. It will respond as "Atmel device" at the personal computer. At the first plugging, it is asked for a driver installation. You have to use the LibUSB-Win32 drivers, which are coming with the "Atmel FLIP" installation package.

After the driver installation, the device can be accessed by "Atmel FLIP" to program your firmware application. After programming, the "boot" switch has to be changed to "open" state and a "reset" has to be executed (push of the Reset button). After that or when the device is plugged again, it will run with your programmed firmware.

To relaunch the bootloader, close the "boot" switch and push the $\overline{\text{Reset}}$ button once.

Please note:

There are more options, to supply the device. The device also can be programmed via *PDI* interface and PDI programmer. For more information read the application note chapter, please.

2. Technical Information

2.1 Schematic



Notes:

By factory default R2 and R4 are assembled, R1 and R4 are not. That means, PD6 (D-) and PD7 (D+) are not available at DIL pins. Populating this two missing resistors may cause non reliable USB operation! This should only be done, if USB is not used.

The pins 25 and 26 are carrying the crystal signal by factory default (if a crystal is used). The usage of the module in experimental environments may cause improper crystal operation. If this occurs, disconnect the pins from the crystal by opening J1 and J2 (use a cutter).

Pin 64 is the 5V output of the USB supply voltage. The controller is designed for supply voltages up to 3.6V. That means: never connect pin 64 to any other pin of the module, direct or indirect! A connection will cause a damage!

2.2 Dual-Inline-Socket Pin Assignment

Pin	Function	Function	
1	Shield (USB)	VBus (5V output)	Ī
2	GND	3.3V output	T
3	ID (USB)	VCC	Ī
4	n.c.	VCC	Ī
5	n.c.	n.c. (PD6, D-, RxD1, MISO)*	
6	n.c. (PD7, D+, TxD1, SCK)*	PD5 (OC1B, XCK1, MOSI)	Ī
7	PE0 (OC0A, OC0ALS, SDA)	PD4 (OC1A, <u>SS</u>)	Ī
8	PE1 (OC0B,OC0AHS, XCK0,SCL)	PD3 (OC0D, TxD0)	Ī
9	PE2 (OC0C, OC0BLS, RxD0)	PD2 (OC0C, RxD0)	
10	PE3 (OC0D, OC0BHS, TxD0)	PD1 (OC0B, XCK0, SCL)	
11	PE4 (OC0CLS, OC1A, SS)	PD0 (OC0A, SDA)	
12	PE5 (OC0CHS,OC1B,XCK1,MOSI)	PC7 (OC0DHS, TxD1, SCK)	
13	PE6 (OC0DLS, RxD1, MISO)	PC6 (OCODLS,RxD1,MISO,RTCOUT)	
14	PE7 (OC0DHS, TxD1, SCK)	PC5 (OC0CHS,OC1B,XCK1,MOSI)	
15	PF0 (OC0A)	PC4 (OC0CLS, OC1A, SS)	
16	PF1 (OC0B, XCK0)	PC3 (OC0D, OC0BHS, TxD0)	
16	PF2 (OC0C, RxD0)	PC2 (OC0C, OC0BLS, RxD0)	
18	PF3 (OC0D, TxD0)	PC1 (OC0B,OC0AHS,CK0,SCL)	
19	PF4	PC0 (OC0A, OC0ALS, SDA)	
20	PF5	PB7 (ADC15,ADC7,AC7,AC00UT,TD0)	
21	PF6	PB6 (ADC14,ADC6,AC6,AC10UT,TCK)	
22	PF7	PB5 (ADC13, ADC5, AC5, TDI)	
23	PDI (PDI-Data)	PB4 (ADC12, ADC4, AC4, TMS)	
24	Reset (PDI-Clock)	PB3 (ADC11, ADC3, AC3, DAC1)	
25	PR0 (XTAL2)	PB2 (ADC10, ADC2, AC2, DAC0)	
26	PR1 (XTAL1)	PB1 (ADC9, ADC1, AC1)	
27	AVCC	PB0 (ADC8,ADC0,AC0,AREF)	
28	GND	PA7 (ADC7,ADC15,AC7,AC0OUT)	
29	PA0 (ADC0,ADC8,AC0,AREF)	PA6 (ADC6,ADC14,AC6,AC10UT)	Ī
30	PA1 (ADC1, ADC9, AC1)	PA5 (ADC5, ADC13, AC5)	
31	PA2 (ADC2, ADC10, AC2)	중 또 (ADC4, ADC12, AC4)	ſ
32	GND	PA3 (ADC3, ADC11, AC3)	Ī

*) PD6 (D-) and PD7 (D+) are not connected to pins by default (R1 and R4 not assembled). For more information about the alternative pin usage please refer to the Atmel data

For more information about the alternative pin usage, please refer to the Atmel data sheets.

Warning! Never connect VBus (pin 64) to any other pin of the device!

2.3 PDI Pin Assignment

The in-system programming and debugging adapter is a 6 pin header, which corresponds with the 6 pin Atmel PDI connector. Therefore the usual Atmel in-system programmers (such as "AVR ISP MKII" or "JTAGICE3") are suitable.

Pin	Function	Function	Pin
1	PDI Data	VCC	2
3	NC	NC	4
5	PDI Clock	GND	6

Note for AVR JTAG MKII compatible devices (clones, such as the device from Kee Electronics): If it isn't possible, to get a connection to the device, a pull down resistor (about $100k\Omega$) at the PDI data line may help.

2.4 Technical Data

Supply Voltage	1.6V to 3.6V
Supply Current	<20mA (depends on application)
onboard voltage regulator	3.3V / 100mA
Clock Frequency	up to 32MHz (8, 12 or 16MHz are necessary, if USB engine is clocked by crystal)
Operation Temperature	-25°C to 70°C
Storage Temperature	-25°C to 85°C

For further information related to the microcontroller, please refer to the Atmel data sheet of the microcontroller.

2.5 Dimensions



3. Application Notes

3.1 Power Supply Options

The module can be supplied by USB bus power with the on board 3.3V regulator or it can be self powered by an external voltage regulator. The USB supply voltage (+5.0V) is available at pin 64. **Please note:** The controller allows voltages up to 3.6V. Never connect VBus (pin 64) to any other pin of the module!

For bus powered supply (usage of the onboard voltage regulator), only a few connections are necessary.

For self powered supply a stabilized supply voltage of 3.3V (1.6V to 3.6V) is required. Use the circuitry as shown. Note, that the supply is connected to (at least) one VCC and AVCC pin. The 3.3V output (pin 63) is leaved open!



For further information please refer to the Atmel data sheet of the microcontroller.

Please note: The VBus pin (pin 64) outputs +5.0V from the USB supply voltage. Never connect this pin to any other pin of the X3DIL device! The controller can handle voltages up to 3.6 volts only!

3.2 Memory Programming

The Atmel microcontroller on the X3DIL module is shipped with Atmels DFU bootloader. So there are three ways, to program the flash memory and EEPROM of the microcontroller.

3.2.1 Bootloader and Flip

The USB bootloader and the Software "Atmel Flip" (for *Microsoft Windows* (**B**) can be used, to program the microcontroller over the USB interface without special programming device. Install the "Flip" software package, before connecting the module in bootloader mode first time. The software requires the *LibUSB-Win32* drivers, which comes with the Atmel Flip installation package.

The USB bootloader will be launched, when the "boot" pin (pin 12 of X3DIL module) is set to low level (0 Volt) and a reset is done (low pulse at pin 24 of the X3DIL module). The module has to be connected to the personal computer (running "Microsoft Windows") via USB. Note: While the DFU bootloader is running, the module is clocked by the internal 48MHz RC oscillator. That means, no external crystal or clock is necessary for programming.

The module will be detected as Atmel device. The driver installation dialogue will be shown at the first time. Chose "automatic installation", if the LibUSB-Win32 drivers are already installed. If not, chose "manual installation" and select the driver path of the FLIP installation directory (e.g. "C:\programs\Atmel\Flip").

Launch the "FLIP" application. Chose the device (ATXMEGA256A3U) and the hex file for programming, finally open an USB connection. Now the microcontroller can be erased, programmed and verified. In a second programming step, the EEPROM can be programmed. Finally push the "start application" button, to close the connection with the device.

To launch the programmed firmware, set the "boot" pin to high level and reset the controller (low pulse at pin 24). It might be necessary, to replug the device (turn off and on the power) for proper USB operation! Note: It isn't possible, to delete the bootloader or modify any fuses with "FLIP".

The "Atmel Flip" installation package can be downloaded from the Atmel homepage. Search for "FLIP" or try the following link:

http://www.atmel.com/dyn/products/tools_card_mcu.asp?tool_id=3886

3.2.2 In-System-Programming

The X3DIL module contains an Atmel PDI connector for in-system-programming. An Atmel PDI compatible programming device (such as "AVRISP MKII") is required. The advantages of this programming method:

- full control over the microcontroller, all memories and fuses
- comfortable integration into "AVR Studio"
- no bootloader required
- suitable for any clock frequency

Note: This programming method allows a "chip erase". That means, the bootloader can be erased (the flash memory space can be used for the application). On the other hand, the

device no longer can be programmed with "FLIP"! If a firmware update should be possible later without programmer, the DFU bootloader has to be reprogrammed by this method.

3.2.3 Debugging with PDI

The PDI interface is also suitable for debugging. It is a replacement for JTAG. The PDI interface can be accessed by the 6 pin header. All pins of this header are also present on the dual in line connector pins (pin 23 and 24).

For debugging, JTAG adapters with PDI support are required. The original Atmel "AVR JTAG MKII", fully compatible clones (such as the device from Kee Electronics) and Atmels "JTAGICE3" are suitable.

Note for Atmels new "JTAGICE3": Firmware versions older than V1.34 (delivered until February 2012) doesn't support ATXMEGAxxA3U controllers properly! It is strictly recommended, to update your JTAGICE3 device!

Note for AVR JTAG MKII compatible devices (clones, such as the device from Kee Electronics): If it isn't possible, to get a connection to the device, a pull down resistor (about $100k\Omega$) at the PDI data line may help.

3.2.4 JTAG Interface

The pins 42 to 45 of the X3DIL module represents the JTAG interface, which is enabled by factory default. A JTAG device (such as "Atmel JTAG ICE") can be connected to these pins, to program the device and debug the firmware within the development environment (AVR Studio).

The picture on the right side shows the wiring for a standard 10 pin boxed header as JTAG connector.

Please note:

The pins can't be used as usual I/O ports, as long as JTAG is enabled (fuse bit of the AVR chip). If you want to use the pins as I/O port, the corresponding fuse bit has to be erased by ISP programming. For more details refer Atmel data sheet.



A "high voltage programming" of the device is not supported!



After a "chip erase" (e.g. when the controller was programmed via PDI) it is necessary, to reflash the DFU bootloader, if further programming should be possible by USB and "FLIP".

At first, download the DFU bootloader files from the Atmel homepage. Try the following link

http://www.atmel.com/Images/AVR1916.zip

or search for "ATXMEGA256A3U DFU files" on the Atmel homepage (<u>www.atmel.com</u>). Unzip the file and look for the file "atxmega256a3u_bootloader_usb_dfu_103.hex" (newer files have a higher version number) in the subdirectory "XMEGA_bootloaders_v103\binaries\atxmega256a3u".

Launch AVR Studio (V5.1 or higher) and open the "AVR programming" dialogue. Program the hex file into the flash memory. In a second step, it might be necessary, to modify the fuses. The following screenshot shows the factory default fuse settings, except the fuse *BOOTRST*. This fuse has to be set to "BOOTLDR", otherwise the bootloader never launches!

After programming the bootloader, it might be necessary, to reset the controller.

Note: The DFU bootloader is running with the internal 48MHz RC oscillator. For this reason, no external crystal or clock generator is necessary, while the bootloader is launched.

JTAGICE3 (J3020000	3619) - AVR Prog	ramming			<u>?</u> ×
Tool Devic	e	Interface	Device ID	Target Voltage	
JTAGICE3 TATX	mega256A3U 🔻	PDI Apply	0x1E 0x98 0x42	Read 3,2 V Read	
Interface settings	Fuse Name	Value			
Tool information	V JTAGUSERIE	0xFF 8CLK V			
Device information	WDP	8CLK 👻			
Memories	BOOTRST	BOOTLDR -			
Fuses	TOSCSEL	XTAL -			
Lock bits	RSTDISBL				
Production Signatures	SUT	OMS -			
Production file	WDLOCK JTAGEN BODACT EESAVE BODLVL	DISABLED V			
	Fuse Register	Value			
	FUSEBYTE0 FUSEBYTE1 FUSEBYTE2 FUSEBYTE4 FUSEBYTE5	0xFF 0x00 0xBF 0xFE 0xFF			
	Auto read				Copy to clipboard
	Verify after p	rogramming		Program Veri	Read
Starting operation read Reading register FUSEB' Reading register FUSEB' Reading register FUSEB' Reading register FUSEB' Reading register FUSEB'	registers TE0OK TE1OK TE2OK TE4OK TE5OK				
Read registers	sOK				
					Close

4. Concluding Remarks

4.1 Application Software

You will find programming and application sample software on the product homepage. Please visit the following URL: <u>http://products.reworld.eu/x3dil.htm</u>

You will find additional information and tools on the following URLs.

Atmel AVR Tools and Software: http://www.atmel.com/dyn/products/tools.asp? category_id=163&family_id=607&subfamily_id=760

Dean Cameras LUFA (Lightweight USB Framework for AVRs, formerly known as MyUSB): <u>http://www.fourwalledcubicle.com/LUFA.php</u>

Teensy USB Development Board: <u>http://www.pjrc.com/teensy/</u>

4.2 Links

Visit the following links for more information and downloads about this product, used software modules and tools.

Reusch Elektronik homepage for electronic products: <u>http://products.reworld.eu</u>

Atmel Corporation, AVR data sheets: http://www.atmel.com/dyn/products/documents.asp? category_id=163&family_id=607&subfamily_id=760

V-USB, Virtual USB Port for AVR microcontroller: <u>http://www.obdev.at/products/vusb/index.html</u>

WinAVR, GCC development environment: <u>http://winavr.sourceforge.net/</u>

LibUSB-Win32, USB drivers for Microsoft Windows ®: http://libusb-win32.sourceforge.net/

4.3 Conformity statement

This evaluation board/kit is intended for use for **engineering development**, **demonstration or evaluation purposes only** and is not considered by *Reusch Elektronik* to be a finished end-product fit for general consumer use.

This evaluation board/kit does not fall within the scope of the European Union directives regarding electromagnetic compatibility, restricted substances (RoHS), recycling (WEEE), FCC, CE or UL, and therefore may not meet the technical requirements of these directives or other related directives.

This electronic device is designed under best known engineering guidelines. It confirms the appropriate design rules. No warranty or liability is given for adherence, assured properties, or damages which might be caused by the usage of this hardware or the accessory software.

Note: This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy, and if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation.

4.4 Technical Support

We hope you'll understand, that technical support by phone is not possible. If You have any questions, technical problems or You need information about other products from *Reusch Elektronik*, please contact us by e-mail or Fax.

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We are able to handle inquiries in english and german language.

Don't hesitate to contact us, if You have demand for custom specific solutions!