

SigmaDesigns' SMP863X WinCE BSP And Development Help

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1) Basic platform

A) Hardware platform

- 1. SMP8634 envision board(ES6 late version) or production board
 - Pflash: recommend 64M bytes(NOR flash)
 - If loading NK.bin from a IDE device, it needs a 1M bytes NOR flash only
 - If your boot screen is a big 24bit mode bitmap, it needs a 4M bytes NOR flash
 - DDR RAM: recommend two 128M bytes

Ethernet card port: RTL8100CL(RTL8139 compatibility) Enable (This device is ly)

for debug only)

SMP8634 MAC Enable

SMP8634 vantage board(ES6 late version)

- Pflash: recommend 64M bytes(NOR flash)
 - If loading NK.bin from a IDE device, it needs a 1M bytes NOR flash only
 - If your boot screen is a big 24bit mode bitmap, it needs a 4M bytes NOR flash

DDR RAM: recommend two 128M bytes Ethernet card port: SMP8634 MAC Enable

RTL8100CL(RTL8139 compatibility) MINI PCI card(This

device is for debug only)

- 2. SMP8634 peripheral:
 - USB Mouse USB keyboard Serial debug card Serial port link cable IR remote control CRT or LCD TV monitor Two Ethernet link cables One MINI PCI RTL8100(RTL8139 compatibility) Ethernet card(For Vantage

board only)

3. X86 PC

- 2.4G CPU 512M bytes Memory 60G bytes Hard disk
- 4. Ethernet switcher
- 4 ports 10/100M bps

B) Software platform

- 1. Microsoft Windows XP SP2 system
- 2. Microsoft windows CE platform builder 5.0 with MIPSII BSP Recommend install follow updates.

a. "Windows CE 5.0 Platform Builder Yearly Update (2007)" for MIPSII File name: WinCEPB50-071231-Product-Update-Rollup-MIPSII.msi Link:

http://www.microsoft.com/downloads/details.aspx?FamilyId=A54779D5-F4A 5-49F0-9E36-979D461F536C&displaylang=en

b: "Windows CE 5.0 Platform Builder Monthly Update (January 2008)" for MIPSII

File name: WinCEPB50-080131-2008M01-MIPSII.msi Link:

http://www.microsoft.com/downloads/details.aspx?FamilyId=98F0906A-45C 6-4792-91FE-47A0E073A998&displaylang=en

c: "Windows CE 5.0 Platform Builder Monthly Update (February 2008)" for MIPSII

File name: WinCEPB50-080229-2008M02-MIPSII.msi Link:

<u>http://www.microsoft.com/downloads/details.aspx?FamilyId=9AC7441F-3AD</u> <u>C-4E35-ABD1-FA4FBB90A132&displaylang=en</u>

d: "Windows CE 5.0 Platform Builder Monthly Update (March 2008)" for MIPSII File name: WinCEPB50-080331-2008M03-MIPSII.msi Link:

http://www.microsoft.com/downloads/details.aspx?FamilyId=AACEA4AE-E8C E-40C3-941C-D2A549A55DEB&displaylang=en

e: "Windows CE 5.0 Platform Builder Monthly Update (April 2008)" for MIPSII File name: WinCEPB50-080430-2008M04-MIPSII.msi

l ink¹

http://www.microsoft.com/downloads/details.aspx?FamilyId=4A3D4537-AB1 B-4E8F-B735-348A64A9D8D6&displaylang=en

f. "Windows CE 5.0 Networked Media Device Feature Pack" for MIPSII File name: WinCEPB50-Product-Update-Rollup-MIPSII.msi Link:

http://www.microsoft.com/downloads/details.aspx?familyid=BF17D6B0-471 6-494B-9018-7DEEE9B91832&displaylang=en

g. "WinCE 5.0 Networked Media Device Feature Pack - Cumulative Product Update Rollup Package (through 12/31/2007)" for MIPSII File name: WinCEPB50 NMDFP-071231-Product-Update-Rollup-MIPSII.msi Link:

http://www.microsoft.com/downloads/details.aspx?FamilyId=81C5D9F3-A1D 1-4D0E-BF6A-D579D1C41077&displaylang=en

h. "Windows CE 5.0 Networked Media Device Feature Pack Monthly Update (January 2008)" for MIPSII File name: WinCEPB50_NMDFP-080131-2008M01-MIPSII.msi Link:

http://www.microsoft.com/downloads/details.aspx?FamilyId=D64F66D4-9A4 B-443F-8118-8D4CCA95FF68&displaylang=en

3. SMP8634 BSP

a. Current version: 2.0.0.0 b. Name: WindowsCE.5.0.BSP.2.0.0.0.zip c. Directory Structure: +2.0.0.0.bsp +CEC -smp863x.cec -smp863x_atapi.cec -smp863x_ehci.cec -smp863x_eth.cec -smp863x_i2c.cec -smp863x_ohci.cec -smp863x_pflash.cec -smp863x_serial.CEC -smp863x_smartcard.cec +pflash_tools -BOOT_STB.nb0 -dram_64.cmd -dram_128.cmd -genxenv.config -genxenv.exe -pflash_combo.config -pflash_combo.exe -pflash_CS2_64.mem -readme.txt -xenv_64.mem -xenv_128_64.mem -xreset.cmd -xrpc_xload_bootstrap_cs2_b1000000_ES4_dev.bin -xrpc_xload_bootstrap_cs2_b1000000_ES4_prod.bin +Setxenv +Setxenv -main.cpp -Makefile -rmbasic.h -sources +xrpc -xrpc.exe -changes.txt -readme.txt -smp8634-envision.2.0.0.0.msi d. BSP update 1) I2C update: This update is about setting speed for I2C device

Name: Bsp_i2c.zip Directory Structure: +Bsp_i2c +bsp i2c lib -bsp_i2c_lib.c -makefile -sources +dll -i2c_iisr.c -i2c_iisr.def -i2c_iisr.h -makefile -sources +sys -bsp_i2c.c -bsp_i2c.def -makefile -sources +test -main.cpp -makefile -sources -dirs 2) USB update: This update is about USB2.0 and it is for SMP8634 RevC/ES9 version chip only Name: SMP8634_USB_RevC_Optimization.zip Directory Structure: +SMP8634 USB RevC Optimization +ehci86xx -ehci86xx.def -ehci86xx.reg -makefile -resource.h -rmver.rc -sources -system.c +ohci86xx -makefile -ohcd86xx.def -ohci86xx.reg -resource.h -rmver.rc -sources -system.c +usb11 +common -cdevice.cpp -cdevice.hpp -cphysmem.cpp -cphysmem.hpp -globals.hpp -hcd.cpp -hcd.hpp -hcddrv.cpp -makefile -pipeabs.hpp -sources -sync.cpp -sync.hpp +ohcd2 -chw.cpp -chw.hpp -cohcd.cpp -cohcd.hpp -cpipe.cpp -cpipe.hpp -makefile

-sources -transfer.cpp -transfer.hpp -dirs +usb20 +EHCI -cehcd.cpp -cehcd.h -chw.cpp -chw.h -cpipe.cpp -cpipe.h -ctd.cpp -ctd.h -makefile -sources -td.h -trans.cpp -trans.h -usb2lib.cpp -usb2lib.h +USB2COM -cdevice.cpp -cdevice.hpp -cphysmem.cpp -cphysmem.hpp -globals.hpp -hcd.cpp -hcd.hpp -hcddrv.cpp -makefile -pipeabs.hpp -sources -sync.cpp -sync.hpp -dirs +version -rmver -readme.txt 3) RTC update Your board MUST have the RTC(RealTime Clock) hardware support for this update to work. Name: bsp_rtc-10-16-07.zip Directory Structure: + bsp_rtc-10-16-07 + WINCE500 + PLATFORM + SMP863X +Src +Libs + bsp_rtc - makefile - readme.txt - rmbasic.h - rtc.c - sources - xos_xrpc.h - xpurtc_xtask_load_bin_dev.h xpurtc_xtask_load_bin_prod.h xpurtc_xtask_unload_bin_dev.h - xpurtc_xtask_unload_bin_prod.h 4. SMP8634 multimedia package a. Current version: 2.0.0.10 b. Name: Multimedia.2.0.0.10.zip c. Directory Structure: +Multimedia.2.0.0.10 +include - bitblt.h

- ddi86xxesc.h
- icapturesrc863x.h - ids863x.h
- ihwdemux863x.h
- itsdemux.h
- jpeg_api.h
- smp863x_formats.h
- smp863x_ioctl.hSMP863x_RestoreFB.h
- +restorefb
 - + dev
 - SMP863x_RestoreFB.lib
 - + prod
 - SMP863x_RestoreFB.lib
- +retail
 - capsrc863x.map ddi_86xx.map

 - ds863x.map
 - dswmapro.map
 - hdmi863x.map
 - hwdemux863x.map
 - smp863x.map
 - swjpeglib.map
 - tsdemux.map
 - wave863x.map
 - jpeg_api.libcapsrc863x.pdb

 - ddi_86xx.pdb - ds863x.pdb
 - dswmapro.pdb
 - hdmi863x.pdb
 - hwdemux863x.pdb

 - jpeg_api.pdbsmp863x.pdb
 - swjpeglib.pdbtsdemux.pdb

 - wave863x.pdb
 - capsrc863x.rel
 - ddi_86xx.rel - ds863x.rel
 - dswmapro.rel
 - hdmi863x.rel
 - hwdemux863x.rel
 - smp863x.rel
 - swjpeglib.rel
 - tsdemux.rel
 - wave863x.rel
 - capsrc863x.dll
 - ddi_86xx.dll ds863x.dll

 - dswmapro.dll
 - hdmi863x.dll
 - hwdemux863x.dll
 - smp863x.dll
 - swjpeglib.dll
 - tsdemux.dll
 - wave863x.dll
- +samples
 - +BootFB
 - main.cpp
 - Makefile
 - rmbasic.h
 - sources
 - +HwPlayJpeg
 - HwPlayJpeg.cpp
 - sources
 - HwPlayJpeg.h
 - HwPlayJpeg.rc

- makefile - resource.h
- readme_capturesrc863x.txt
- readme_ddi_86xx.txt
- readme_ds863x.txt
- readme_dswmapro.txt
- readme_hdmi863x.txt
- readme_hwdemux863x.txtreadme_hwjpeg.txt
- readme_smp863x.txt
- readme_tsdemux.txt
- readme_wave863x.txt
 Windows CE Boot Screen.txt

-whatsnew.2.0.0.10.txt d. MultiMedia update

5. SMP8634 XOS version Version: E0

FileName: xrpc_xload_xosu-xosMe0-8634_ES4_dev.bin

6. The different files for development chip(Es6/Es7/Es9) and production chip(Rev A/B/C) in BSP

For follow files , there are two version in the BSP, one for development chip, one for production chip, if you use wrong version for your system, it can make the board fault, so please take careful when you use this mode file in your system.

- a. Signed file
 - xrpc_xload_bootstrap_cs2_b1000000_ES4_dev.bin xrpc_xload_bootstrap_cs2_b1000000_ES4_prod.bin
- b. Framebuffer library SMP863x_RestoreFB.lib

2) How to build up the SMP8634 wince platform builderA) Build up a Microsoft windows XP SP2 system on a X86 PC

B) Install Microsoft windows CE platform builder 5.0 with MIPSII BSP to the system as pic1 shows.



<pic1>

C) Install all Update packages for Microsoft windows CE 5.0 platform builder

D) Install SMP8634 wince BSP(smp8634-envision.2.0.0.0.msi), upgrade BSP E) Copy all nine CEC files

(smp863x.cec,smp863x_atapi.cec,smp863x_eth.cec,smp863x_i2c.cec,smp863x_ohci.cec,s mp863x_serial.CEC, smp863x_pflash.cec,smp863x_smartcard.cec, smp863x_ehci.cec) to "\WINCE500\PUBLIC\COMMON\OAK\CATALOG\CEC" directory



<pic2>

F) Open Microsoft windows CE 5.0 platform builder, use "File----Manage Catalog Items..." menu to open "Manage Catalog Items" dialog, use "Import" button to import all eight CEC files to platform builder, and make sure all SMP8634 driver features are in Catalog windows as pic3 shows



<pic3>

3) How to run the CE system on SMP8634 board A) Make the CE bootloader There is not a default combo CE bootloader in BSP, but all of the making bootloader tools are in pflash tools directory. You can use them to make a CE bootloader. All EXE files are DOS mode command. 1. Make the XENV file(xenv_128_128.mem) Set genxenv.config as follow sample, and use this new genxenv.config to make a new xenv 128 128.mem file. The command line is "genxenv e xenv_128_128.mem genxenv.config". # Hardware config file for SMP863x platform (xenv) # Default for SMP8634 STB board (a.k.a Envision) # # -----# xos section # # boot xrpc/xload offset: x.boot = 0x8000# dram stuffing [29:20] - size of DRAM2, in MB, if present # # [19:10] - size of DRAM1, in MB, if present [9:0] - size of DRAM0, in MB. #x.ds = 0x10040 # DRAM0 64M + DRAM1 64Mx.ds = 0x20080 # DRAM0 128M + DRAM1 128M # dram timings/delays x.d0.cfg = 0xf34111ba # DRAM0 128M #x.d0.cfg = 0xe34111ba # DRAM0 64M #x.d0.dl0 = 0x000a4444x.d1.cfg = 0xf34111ba # DRAM1 128M #x.d1.cfg = 0xe34111ba # DRAM1 64M #x.d1.dl0 = 0x000a4444# dram test x.dt = 1# pll setting $#\dot{x}.pll3 = 0\dot{x}01020057$ #x.mux = 0x201# frequency setting x.csf = 0x22. Make the pflash combo file(SMP8634CE128M.mem) Set pflash_combo.config as follow sample, use this new config file to make the CE loader file(SMP8634CE128M.mem). The command is "pflash_combo SMP8634CE128M.mem pflash_combo.config". # parallel flash memory configuration for XOS versions > a0 # encripted boot stub located at offset 0x800 and pointed by x.boot=0x800 in xenv.mem 0x00000000 xenv_128_128.mem 0x00008000 xrpc_xload_bootstrap_cs2_b1000000_ES4_dev.bin 0x00010000 boot.nb0 The SMP8634CE128M.mem must be 576K bytes big size. The boot.nb0 file of each version BSP is different, so if BSP is upgraded, we must update the boot.nb0 too Build a new CE project with new version BSP, get the boot.nb0 file, use it to replace the default boot.nb0 file or download boot.bin to SMP8634 board with CE platform builder.

If the CE bootloader is made for a production SMP8634 board(Rev A, Rev B or Rev C version), we must use xrpc_xload_bootstrap_cs2_b1000000_ES4_prod.bin file to replace the xrpc_xload_bootstrap_cs2_b1000000_ES4_dev.bin file. 3. Write the CE bootloader(SMP8634CE128M.mem) to Pflash0(BOOT FLASH) of

 Write the CE bootloader(SMP8634CE128M.mem) to Pflash0(BOOT FLASH) of SMP8634 board from begining address with Yamon command or other tools. There are three ways to do that.

a. Use a external flash programmer to program the flash image directly to the flash. Of course you have to remove the flash chip from the board first.

b. Use a jtag probe to do that, but it involves a US\$2500 jtag hardware to do that. If you don't have it, you can ignore this option.

c. Use Yamon prompt to program WindowsCE boot loader. I'll show you the step below. Please be VERY careful when you do this. If the process fail in the middle, it will crash Yamon and make your board not bootable, and you have to go back to option 1.

Here is how you program the file to on-board flash by Yamon. Assume I want to program file "file0.bin" to address 0 of flash.

1. UUENCODE the file by uuencode command in x86 linux. >uuencode file0.bin x > file0.bin.uuencode

2. In Yamon promopt, run

YAMON> load uu 0xb0100000

3. Now the Yamon is waiting for the file from serial port. Send the file0.bin.uuencode file to SMP8634 board through serial terminal. If you are using TeraTerm, you can do it by select "File->Send File".(Must with text mode) 4. When downloading is done, the file size of the received file is given in YAMON. 5. Compare the reported size to the filesize of file0.bin (NOT file0.bin.uuencode) and make sure they are exactly the same. No more, no less. 6. In Yamon prompt, run YAMON> pflash write 0x0 0xb0100000 <reported file size> This command tell yamon to program the <reported file size> of data in 0xb0100000 to flash address 0x0.

4. Reboot the board, the Serial Output window of PC will shows the CE loader's bootup information, press any key will get a Main Menu list as pic4 sample.



<pic4>

B) Make the SMP8634 specific CE Nk.bin

The SMP8634 CE system will support follow features,

- GDI output from HDMI, S-Video, AV, YCbCr, YPbPr
- DirectDraw DDI support, Alpha blending support •
- HD GDI and Video output(480P,720P,1080I,1080P), LVDS output(24bit RGB) •
- USB Mouse/Keyboard input(USB1.1/2.0), IR remote control, COM serial port • input, I2C control, mini-PCI
- Hard Disk, USB storage device(USB2.0), FAT/FAT32 partition, Pflash Memory storage device, Smart card reader
- Ethernet Network, RTL8139 and SMP8634 MAC ETH two devices, TCP/IP •
- Media Decode for •
 - MPEG1.
 - Program Stream(MPEG2),

Transport Stream(h.264, mpeg-1, vc-1, and mpeg-2 codec video, ac3, mpeg audio, and wma-ts codec audio), HD Transport Stream(720P,1080I/P), WMV(WMV9 video, WMA/WMA Pro audio), HDWMV(720P,1080I/P),

AVI(VCM/WMV9/DIVX/XVID/H264 + MPA/MP3/AC3), HD AVI(720P,1080I/P), WMA, Mp3,

Hardware TS demux (From SPI/SSI port or local file)

- System WAV audio output
- Image decode for JPEG, PNG, BMP, GIF(static), Hardware JPEG decode

- Network multimedia support, IP Media(WMT) Via MMS protocol(From Windows Media Server), IP Media(WMT, Mpeg) Via Http protocol, Media On SMB server Web server, FTP server, Telnet Server, SMB sever • •

1. Run "New platform.." menu command to wizard build CE project a. Enter the name you would like to name the platform.

Workspace	e Name And Location	1
Choose	a friendly name for your workspace.	
	Ngme:	
	TestSMP	
	Path:	
	D:\WINCE500\PBWorkspaces\TestSMP\	
ด	(Back Next) Finish Cape	a l
9		C1
	<pre><nic5></nic5></pre>	

b. Select "SMP863X: MIPSII" BSP.

New Platform Wizard - Step 3	×
Board Support Packages (BSPs) A BSP contains a set of device drivers the	at are added to your OS design.
Available BSPs:	
AMD DBAU1000: MIPSII AMD DBAU1100: MIPSII	Select one or more BSPs for your OS design.
AMD DBAU1500: MIPSII AMD GEODE: X86 BROADCOM BCM91101: MIPSII CCPC: X86 EMULATOR: X86 INTEL 854DSTE: X86 NEC DDB-VR4131: MIPSII NEC DDB-VR4500A: MIPSII VSMP866X: MIPSII	A BSP for the Sigma chip SMP863x. The BSP uses the OS based on the MIPSII (324KE) architecture with NO hardware floating point support.
	Note: Only BSPs supported by installed CPUs are displayed in the list.
2 < Back	Next > Finish Cancel

<pic6>

c. Select the "Networked Media Device" design. (To enable this design, it needs copy the Networked_Media_Device.xml file to

"X:\WINCE500\public\common\OAK\CATALOG\Newplatformwizards" directory, the xml file is downloaded from MSDN, it's a NMD template design wizard from Microsoft.)

ew Platform Wizard - Step 4	X
Design Template A design template is a pre-defined se	lection of Catalog items.
Available design templates: Custom Device Digital Media Receiver Enterprise Terminal Enterprise Web Pad Gateway Industrial Controller Internet Appliance IP Phone Mobile Handheld Networked Media Device Set Top Box Tiny Kernel Windows Thin Client	Choose the design template that is most closely aligned with the purpose of your target device. Provides the starting point for a New Networked Media Device.
(?) < <u>B</u> ac	k Next > Einish Cancel

<pic7>

d. Add/Remove the networked drivers, finish the new platform wizard.

Her liation livard - Step 5		X
Networking & Communicatio Select items for networki design.	ns ng and communication	is to include in your OS
l <u>t</u> ems:		
	AN) letwork a Network (802.11) k (PAN) nection /AN) (RAS/PPP) ocol over Ethernet (PI vorking	Support for access to resources on remote computers through direct serial or modem connections through Remote Access Service (RAS) and Point-to-Point Protocol (PPP).
		Estimated size of these items: 3541 KB
2	< Back	<u>N</u> ext > <u>F</u> inish Cancel
2. Add/Remove all spe a. Add follow SMP8634	<pics cific driver from drivers to curr</pics 	3> Catalog window ent CE project
ernet Controller I2C	Bus Controller	Ethernet Bootloader (eboot)
ICI Host Controller EHC	CI Host Controlle	er
Torksnace		Ix
ÈSa SMP863X: È∰ Device È∰ Netw E∰ P E∰ P E∰ Seri: È∰ C	MIPSII Drivers vorking thernet Controlle ersonal Area Net 12C Bus Contro al 0M_smp863x com_mdd2	r working (PAN) devices ller DOT\\public\common\oak\DRIVE



<pic9>

c. Edit all device module as sample shows

Delete "NMD UI" feature, add "Standard Shell" feature to CE project



• Applications-End User, if you don't like Microsoft application, You can delete them.



<pic11>

• Applications and Services Development



7 OSDesignView 🖗 ParameterView 🖹 FileView

<pic12>

Communication Services and Networking



<pic13>

Core OS Services



<pic14>



Fonts





<pic16>

Graphics and Multimedia Technologies



International

<pic17>



<pic18>

Set the locale language support, Use "Platform----Settings...." Menu command to open "Platform Settings" dialog, turn the "Locale" page,

nfigurat	tion:					
P863X: M	MIPSII_R	elease				
eneral	Locale	Build Options	Environment	Custom 1	Build Action	ns Image Setting
Locales	1					
✓ 中文 □ 中文	(台湾) (香港特別	行政区)			-	
日中文	(新加坡)				-	<u>C</u> lear All
De <u>f</u> ault 中文 (中	language	2:				
De <u>f</u> ault (中文 (中 C <u>o</u> depage	language) es:	2:				F
De <u>f</u> ault (中文 (中 C <u>o</u> depage ↓ 437 ↓ 708	language) es: (OEM - 1 (Arabic	: Jnited States) - ASMO 708)			<u> </u>	<u> </u>
De <u>f</u> ault P <u><u>v</u>(P</u> C <u>o</u> depage 4 37 708 720 737	language es: (OEM - 1 (Arabic (Arabic (OEM - (e: Jnited States) - ASMO 708) - Transparent Freek 437G)	ASMO)			Cl <u>s</u> ar All
Default Codepage 437 708 720 737 V Local Stric	language es: (OEM - 1 (Arabic (Arabic (OEM - (Lize the t locali	: - ASMO 708) - Transparent ireek 437G) <u>b</u> wild zation checkin	ASMO) g in the buil	.d	× _	Clgar All

<pic19>

Use first "Clear All" button to clear system default Locales settings, select the languages that you want to support, set the Default language that you want to show with CE GUI. Click the "OK" button to close the dialog and enable the Locale Specific setting.

Note: Adding "Agfa AC3 Font Compression" to CE project can make the Chinese Fonts library to be small, and in fact, the catalog is included in "Chinese(Simplified)" item group, not included in "Korean" group.

Internet Client Services



<pic20>



Security



- <pic21>
- Shell and User Interface



3. Set the build options and Environment a. Build options

Use "Platform----Settings...." Menu command to open the "Platform Settings" dialog, turn to "Build Options" page, set it as pic24 sample

Platform Settings 🛛 💙
Configuration:
SMP863X: MIPSII_Release
General Locale Build Options Environment Custom Build Actions Image Settings Build options: Buffer tracked events in RAM (IMGOSCAPTURE=1)
✓ Enable CE Target Control Support (SYSGEN_SHELL=1)
<pre>✓ Enable Eboot Space in Memory (IMGEBOOT=1) Enable Event Tracking During Boot (IMGCELOGENABLE=1) Ø Enable Full Kernel Mode (no IMGNOTALLKMODE=1) Enable KTLL (no IMGNOINTI=1) Enable KTLL (no IMGNOINTI=1) Enable Ship Build (WINCESHIP=1) Flush tracked events to Release Directory (IMGAUTOFLUSH=1) Run-time Image Con be Larger than 32 MB (IMGRAME4=1) USE XCOPY instead of links to populate release directory (BUILDREL_USE_COPY= Write Run-time Image to Flash Memory (IMGFLASH=1)</pre>
OK Cancel

- <pic23>
- b. Build Environment

On "Platform Settings" dialog, turn to "Environment" page,

rlatiorm Settings			
Configuration:			
SMP863X: MIPSII Release			_
, –			_
General Legals Build Ontions	Environment Custo	m Build Astions	Trage Settings
General Locare Build Options	mini paste	a buird Accions	Image Settings
<u>E</u> nvironment variables:			
Variable	Value		
KERNELNOSHAREETH	1		
BSP_KEYBD_NOP	1		
BSP_SMP863X_IK BSP_NOSHARFFTH	1		
bor_noonmann	-		
1			
	New	Edit	Bemorze
			<u>T</u> emore
		OK	Cancel

<pic24>

Add follow Environment Variable Value to project.

Variable	Value	Comment
KERNELNOSHAREETH	1	Disable VIMINI1 (ignore for Vantage)
BSP_NOSHAREETH	1	Disable VIMINI1 (ignore for Vantage)
BSP_KEYBD_NOP	1	Enable USB keyboard
BSP_SMP863X_IR	1	Enable SMP8634 IR remote control
PRJ_ENABLE_FSMOUNTASROOT	1	Enable HIVE-Based Registry(HDD)
PRJ_ENABLE_REGFLUSH_THREAD	1	Enable HIVE-Based Registry(HDD)
PRJ_BOOTDEVICE_ATAPI	1	Enable HIVE-Based Registry(HDD)

If you use Vantage Platform, you don't need add KERNELNOSHAREETH and BSP NOSHAREETH.

c. Click "OK" button to close dialog and enable all settings

4. Run "Build OS----Build and Sysgen" menu command to build the CE project. Wait for the building is successful complete, it needs more time, maybe 1-3 hours. Then we can have a cup of tee or coffee.

If the SMP8634 BSP2.0.0.0 is updated, please run "Build OS----Build and Sysgen Current BSP" and "Build OS---- Sysgen" again. This step needs about 1 hour.

5. Copy all files in retail directory of multimedia package(pic26) to "\WINCE500\PBWorkspace\(your CE project name)\RelDir\SMP863X_MIPSII_Release"(pic27) CE project directory



<pic25>

文件 (E) 编辑 (E) 查看 (V) 收藏 (A) 工具 (E) 幕	帮助 (H)			1
🔇 后退 🔹 🕗 🕣 🏂 🔎 搜索 💫 文件夹	-			
地址 ①) 🧰 D: \WINCE500\PBWorkspaces\NMDTest\RelDi:	r\SMP863X_MIPSII_F	Release		💌 🔁 转到
文件夹	× _ 名称 →		大小	类型
日 🥥 我的审脑	🔥 💽 ddi_86xx. d	11	189 KB	应用程序扩
■ → 本地磁盘 (C·)	💳 🚾 ddi_86xx. m	ap	58 KB	MAP 文件
	💭 ddi_86xx. p	db	892 KB	Intermedia
E C MS0Cache	🛅 ddi_86xx. r	el	75 KB	REL 文件
Ŧ 🦳 Program Files	💽 ds863x. dll		124 KB	应用程序扩
BECYCLER	ds863x. map		127 KB	MAP 文件
SMP8634 NK	💭 ds863x. pdb		1,332 KB	Intermedia
System Volume Information	🔤 ds863x. rel		113 KB	REL 文件
Training	📑 dswmapro. d	11	101 KB	应用程序扩
	dswmapro.m	ap	45 KB	MAP 文件
CBC	💭 dswmapro. p	db	1,036 KB	Intermedia
	dswmapro. r	el	39 KB	REL 文件
E C PBWorkspaces	💽 hdmi863x. d	11	120 KB	应用程序扩
E C NNDTest	🛅 hdmi863x. m	ap	74 KB	MAP 文件
E C Bellir	💭 hdmi863x. p	db	1,052 KB	Intermedi
SMP863X MTPSTI Dabug	hdmi863x.r	el	81 KB	REL 文件 🔍
SMP863X MTPSTT Release	smp863x. dl.	1	2,112 KB	应用程序do
	💼 smp863x. ma	P	147 KB	MAP 文件 do
CC0A	💭 smp863x. pd	b	2,476 KB	Interme fil
C 041D	💼 smp863x. re	1	217 KB	REL 文件 m
C 0404	💽 tsdemux. dl.	1	95 KB	应用程序pa
0407	💼 tsdemux. ma	P	90 KB	MAP 文件 W
Call 0409	💭 tsdemux. pd	ь	1,100 KB	Intermedia
☐ 0400	🐻 tsdemux. 🕋	1	68 KB	REL 文件
0411	🐚 wave863x. d	11.	11 KB	应用程序扩
0412	wave863x.m	ap	8 KB	MAP 文件
☐ 0412	🔍 wave863x. p	db	180 KB	Intermedia
G 0415	wave863x. r	el	6 KB	REL 文件
d				F
t定 28 个对象		11.6 MB	→ 我的电脑	

<pic26>

6. Open the **platform.bib** file in "\WINCE500\PBWorkspace\(your CE project name)\RelDir\SMP863X_MIPSII_Release" directory, add follow settings to it under ";@CESYSGEN IF CE_MODUELS_DEVICE" line.

;USB keyboard \$(_FLATRELEASEDIR)\KbdNopUS.dll KbdNopUS.dll NK SH ;SMP8634 \$(_FLATRELEASEDIR)\capsrc863x.dll NK SH capsrc863x.dll \$(_FLATRELEASEDIR)\ddi_86xx.dll \$(_FLATRELEASEDIR)\ds863x.dll ddi_86xx.dll NK SH ds863x.dll NK SH dswmapro.dll \$(_FLATRELEASEDIR)\dswmapro.dll NK SH \$(_FLATRELEASEDIR)\hdmi863x.dll hdmi863x.dll NK SH hwdemux863x.dll \$(_FLATRELEASEDIR)\hwdemux863x.dll NK SH \$(_FLATRELEASEDIR)\smp863x.dll smp863x.dll NK SH \$(_FLATRELEASEDIR)\swjpeglib.dll swjpeglib.dll NK SH tsdemux.dll \$(_FLATRELEASEDIR)\tsdemux.dll NK SH \$(_FLATRELEASEDIR)\wave863x.dll NK SH wave863x.dll Find the pflash device dll file line. \$(_FLATRELEASEDIR)\pflash.dll NK SH pflash.dll \$(_FLATRELEASEDIR)\pflash2.dll pflash2.dll NK SH Disable it as follow sample. \$(_FLATRELEASEDIR)\pflash.dll NK SH ; pflash.dll ; pflash2.dll \$(FLATRELEASEDIR)\pflash2.dll NK SH Close and save the platform bib file. 7. Open the config.bib file in "\WINCE500\PBWorkspace\(your CE project name)\RelDir\SMP863X_MIPSII_Release" directory, add follow settings to the end of file. ;system memory setting 25%::75% FSRAMPERCENT=0x20202020 Find follow four line settings. ;1MB for EMHWLIB REQUIRED GLOBAL_MEM 90202800 00100800 RESERVED CONTIGUOUS MEMORY EXTENSION_DRAM0 90303000 00E1D000 RESERVED ;15MB extension dram ;32MB for NK.BIN image NK 92600000 02000000 RAMIMAGE RAM 94600000 03000000 RAM ;48MB for CE applications Modify them as follow sample SMP863X 90202800 01B00800 RESERVED ;27MB for SMP863X driver

Note: the detail information about the config.bib setting

91D10000 02A00000

94710000 032F0000

NK

RAM

RAMIMAGE

RAM

;42MB for NK.BIN image

;50MB for CE applications

The sample config.bib file is:

MEMORY

IRQHANDLER	9000000	00200000	RESERVED	;2MB for IRQ handler
ARGS	90200000	00000800	RESERVED ;2KB	info from bootloader to system
IDE_DMA	90200800	00002000	RESERVED	;8KB IDE DMA side buffer
SMP863X	90202800	01B00800	RESERVED	;27MB for SMP863X driver
NK	91D10000	02A00000	RAMIMAGE	;42MB for NK.BIN image
RAM	94710000	032F0000	RAM	;50MB for CE applications
XOS_PRIVATE	97A00000	00600000	RESERVED	;6MB for xos >= a6

IRQHANDLER

The first 2MB of DRAMO is reserved for usage by Sigma Designs. This is a requirement and must be respected.

ARGS

This is a 2Kb region used by the bootloader to send arguments to the kernel. This is a hard coded location coded in the bootloader and the kernel. This should NOT be changed.

IDE_DMA

This is a reserved 8Kb memory location to be used by the SMP8634 atapi driver. This location is hard coded in the driver, and should not be changed unless the driver is changed accordingly.

SMP863x

This is a reserved portion of memory to be used by the SMP863X.DLL driver. The location and size of this memory can changed. See the SMP863x.DLL documentation for more details.

- In this sample, it is set as 9 + 8 + 9 + 1 model, it's all 27M bytes 9M ---- For DDI setting, 1920X1080X4+2048, less if your desk size is small
- 8M ---- For DirectDraw setting, less if you disable Directdraw
- 9M ---- For Second decoder, less if you disable second decoder
- 1M ---- For Basic setting, it is must reserved

EXTENSION_DRAMO

This part is disable in sample config.bib, if you don't want use memory as this mode, please ignore this part

EXTENSION_DRAM0 90303000 00E1D000 RESERVED ; 15MB extension dram

This is a portion of memory that is used as an "extension" to the "RAM" area. This area is seen by the kernel as available for use. The location and size of this memory can be changed, but it is hard coded in the

/SMP863X/Src/Kernel/Oal/init.c file:

#define EXTENSION_DRAM_START_ADDRESS (0x10303000)
#define EXTENSION_DRAM_LENGTH (0x00E1D000)
If you change the location/size of this memory area, you must change init.c accrodingly and re-compile the kernel.

NK

This is where the kernel gets loaded. The location is hard coded in the files:

SMP863X\Src\Inc\image_cfg.h(32): #define IMAGE WINCE CODE PA START 0x1D10000

SMP863X\Src\Kernel\Kern\sources(14): EXEBASE=0x91D10000

SMP863X\Src\Kernel\Kernkitl\sources(14): EXEBASE=0x91D10000

SMP863X\Src\Kernel\Kernkitlprof\sources(13): EXEBASE=0x91D10000 Changing this location requires you to change the appropriate files, and rebuilding the bootloader and kernel.



RAM

This is the normal RAM area the kernel sees.

XOS_PRIVATE

This is a special area reserved for use by XOS. The size and location can only be changed via xenv variables. It is advised to leave this default. The default location is the last 6MB of DRAM0. So, if DRAM0 had 128MB, the physical address start would be 0x17A00000. If DRAM0 had 64MB, the physical address start would be 0x13A00000.

8. Open the **platform.reg** file in "\WINCE500\PBWorkspace\(your CE project name)\RelDir\SMP863X_MIPSII_Release" directory, add follow registry settings to the end of file.

GDI 2.0.0.10 verion [HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\System\GDI\Drivers] "Display"="ddi 86xx.dll" See smp863x_formats.h for the proper hex values for each video mode . DigitalOutput"=dword:21 "DigitalColorSpace"=dword:3 "MainAnalogOutput"=dword:6f "MainAnalogColorSpace"=dword:4 "ComponentAnalogOutput"=dword:65 "ComponentMode"=dword:6 "ComponentOrder"=dword:0 "ComponentColorSpace"=dword:4 "VGAOutput"=dword:0 ; 0 = disable VGA output, 1 = enable VGA output.; Also, when it's 1, need to set ComponentAnalogOutput to CVT xxx or VESA xxx, ; ComponentMode to RGB_SCART, ComponentColorSpace to RGB_0_255 "ScreenWidth"=dword:00000500 "ScreenHeight"=dword:000002D0 "OutputPosX"=dword:100 1280 720 ; output window position x "OutputPosY"=dword:100 output window position y "OutputPosWidth"=dword:e00 "OutputPosHeight"=dword:e00 ; output window position width output window position height "MemorySize"=dword:00800000 ; extra memory size for h/w acceleration, see note in the smp863x.req ; regarding the PRIMARY_DISPLAY_SURFACE_DRAMBANK ; 0 = disable, 1 = enable"EnableHwCursor"=dword:1 "LiveDetectHdmiConnection"=dword:1 ; 0 = driver won't do live hdmi detection, 1 =check live hdmi connection "EnableHDCP"=dword:0 ; 0 = disable the HDCP, 1 = enable the HDCP "DefaultKeyColor"=dword:00010101 ; In RGB format: R = 3rd byte, G = 2nd byte, B = 1st byte"EnableEDIDDetection"=dword:0 ; 0 = disable, 1 = enable. Disable/enable the HDMI preferred mode. "HDMII2CModule"=dword:2 ; 0 = software, 1 = hardware, 2 = built-in hdmi ; 0 = do not invert digital video clock, 1 = invert"InvertClock"=dword:1 (default is inverted) "LVDS_Enable"=dword:0 "LVDS GPIOFieldIDOutput"=dword:B ; board dependent "LVDS_GPIOPanelOn"=dword:E ; board dependent ; Default custom digital output video mode - 720p59 [HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\System\GDI\Drivers\CustomDigitalVideoMode] "PixelClock"=dword:46BD550 "HActive"=dword:500 "HFrontPorch"=dword:6E "HSyncWidth"=dword:28 "HBackPorch"=dword:DC "HSyncPolarity"=dword:1 ; TRUE: positive, FALSE: negative "VActive"=dword:2D0 "VFrontPorch"=dword:5 "VSyncWidth"=dword:5 "VBackPorch"=dword:14 "VSyncPolarity"=dword:1 ; TRUE: positive, FALSE: negative "Interlaced"=dword:0

; Sigma Designs built-in driver for low-level access [HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\Drivers\BuiltIn\SMP86xx] "DII"="smp863x.dll" "Prefix"="SDH" "Index"=dword:1 "Order"=dword:1 "SMP863X_RESERVED_START_DRAM0"=dword:10202800 ; starting address of reserved memory in dram0 "SMP863X_RESERVED_DRAM0_SIZE" =dword:01B00000 ; dram0 needs at 1MB (more if primary surface is allocated in dram0) "SMP863X RESERVED START DRAM1"=dword:0C000000 ; starting address of (less if primary surface is allocated in dram0) PRIMARY_DISPLAY_SURFACE_DRAMBANK"=dword:0 ; dram bank to allocate primary display surface (0 or 1) "DEFAULT_ASPECT_RATIO_X"=dword:10 , default aspect ratio for the output, horizontal direction "DEFAULT_ASPECT_RATIO_Y"=dword:9 ; default aspect ratio for the output, vertical direction ; Sigma Designs Renderer Filter [HKEY_CLASSES_ROOT\Filter\{caa414f0-c7c3-11d4-a914-0080ad91bd94}] IF INITDSHOWFILTERNAMES @="Sigma Designs Filter" **ENDIF** ;"DelaySettingCodecTypes"=dword:1 ; delay setting of the codec types - ONLY enable this if you are using the .asx playlist "FlushDisplayOnStop"=dword:0 "FlushDisplayOnBeginFlush"=dword:0 "FlushDisplayOnDiscontinuity"=dword:0 [HKEY CLASSES ROOT\CLSID\{caa414f0-c7c3-11d4-a914-0080ad91bd94}] IF INITNODSHOWFILTERCLASSNAMES ! @="Sigma Designs Filter" **ENDIF** "Merit"=dword:00880001 [HKEY_CLASSES_ROOT\Clsid\{caa414f0-c7c3-11d4-a914-0080ad91bd94}\InprocServ er321 [HKEY_CLASSES_ROOT\CLSID\{caa414f0-c7c3-11d4-a914-0080ad91bd94}\Pins\Inpu t Video] ;"Direction"=dword:0000000 "IsRendered"=dword:0000001 "AllowedZero"=dword:0000001 ;"AllowedMany"=dword:0000000 [HKEY_CLASSES_ROOT\CLSID\{caa414f0-c7c3-11d4-a914-0080ad91bd94}\Pins\Inpu t Audio] "Direction"=dword:0000000 ;"Direction = aword.00000001 ;"IsRendered"=dword:00000001 "AllowedZero"=dword:0000001 ;"AllowedMany"=dword:0000000 ;MEDIATYPE Video\MEDIASUBTYPE MPEG1Payload [HKEY_CLASSES_ROOT\CLSID\{caa414f0-c7c3-11d4-a914-0080ad91bd94}\Pins\Inpu t Video\Types\{73646976-0000-0010-8000-00AA00389B71}\\e436eb81-524f-11ce-9f53-0 020af0ba770}]

;MEDIATYPE Video\MEDIASUBTYPE MPEG2 VIDEO [HKEY_CLASSES_ROOT\CLSID\{caa414f0-c7c3-11d4-a914-0080ad91bd94}\Pins\Inpu Video\Types\{73646976-0000-0010-8000-00AA00389B71}\{e06d8026-db46-11cf-b4d1-0 0805f6cbbea}] ;MEDIATYPE Video\MEDIASUBTYPE SDMPEG4 Video [HKEY_CLASSES_ROOT\CLSID\{caa414f0-c7c3-11d4-a914-0080ad91bd94}\Pins\Inpu t Video\Types\{73646976-0000-0010-8000-00AA00389B71}\{8AB4D3D1-C812-11d5-BE17 -00A0C90AA8A1}] ;MEDIATYPE Video\MEDIASUBTYPE DivX U VIDEO [HKEY CLASSES ROOT\CLSID\{caa414f0-c7c3-11d4-a914-0080ad91bd94}\Pins\Inpu t Video\Types\{73646976-0000-0010-8000-00AA00389B71}\{58564944-0000-0010-8000-00aa00389b71}] ;MEDIATYPE Video\MEDIASUBTYPE DivX 50 VIDEO [HKEY_CLASSES_ROOT\CLSID\{caa414f0-c7c3-11d4-a914-0080ad91bd94}\Pins\Inpu Video\Types\{73646976-0000-0010-8000-00AA00389B71}\{30355844-0000-0010-8000-00aa00389b71}] ;MEDIATYPE_Video\MEDIASUBTYPE_DivX_XVID_VIDEO [HKEY_CLASSES_ROOT\CLSID\{caa414f0-c7c3-11d4-a914-0080ad91bd94}\Pins\Inpu t Video\Types\{73646976-0000-0010-8000-00AA00389B71}\{44495658-0000-0010-8000-00aa00389b71}] ;MEDIATYPE_Video\MEDIASUBTYPE_DivX_DIV3_VIDEO [HKEY CLASSES ROOT\CLSID\{caa414f0-c7c3-11d4-a914-0080ad91bd94}\Pins\Inpu t Video\Types\{73646976-0000-0010-8000-00AA00389B71}\{33564944-0000-0010-8000-00aa00389b71}] ;MEDIATYPE Video\MEDIASUBTYPE DivX MP43 VIDEO [HKEY_CLASSES_ROOT\CLSID\{caa414f0-c7c3-11d4-a914-0080ad91bd94}\Pins\Inpu t Video\Types\{73646976-0000-0010-8000-00AA00389B71}\{3334504D-0000-0010-8000-00aa00389b71}] ;MEDIATYPE_Video\MEDIASUBTYPE_DivX_H264_VIDEO HKEY CLASSES_ROOT\CLSID\{caa414f0-c7c3-11d4-a914-0080ad91bd94}\Pins\Inpu t Video\Types\{73646976-0000-0010-8000-00AA00389B71}\{34363248-0000-0010-8000-00aa00389b71}] ;MEDIATYPE_Video\MEDIASUBTYPE_SMP863x_Capture_Video [HKEY CLASSES ROOT\CLSID\{caa414f0-c7c3-11d4-a914-0080ad91bd94}\Pins\Inpu Video\Types\{73646976-0000-0010-8000-00AA00389B71}\{c6271d47-809e-4b79-a2a9-f 787e8266760}] ; Windows Media Video 9 FOURCC: 'WMV3' Subtype: 33564D57-0000-0010-8000-00AA00389B71 [HKEY CLASSES ROOT\CLSID\{caa414f0-c7c3-11d4-a914-0080ad91bd94}\Pins\Inpu Video\Types\{73646976-0000-0010-8000-00AA00389B71}\{33564D57-0000-0010-8000-00AA00389B71}] ; Windows Media Video 9 Advanced Profile FOURCC: 'WMVA' Subtype: 41564D57-0000-0010-8000-00AA00389B71 [HKEY_CLASSES_ROOT\CLSID\{caa414f0-c7c3-11d4-a914-0080ad91bd94}\Pins\Inpu t Video\Types\{73646976-0000-0010-8000-00AA00389B71}\{41564D57-0000-0010-8000-00AA00389B71}]

Windows Media Video Advanced Profile with no Start Codes [HKEY CLASSES ROOT\CLSID\{caa414f0-c7c3-11d4-a914-0080ad91bd94}\Pins\Inpu Video\Types\{73646976-0000-0010-8000-00AA00389B71}\{31435657-0000-0010-8000-00AA00389B71}] ;MEDIATYPE Audio\MEDIASUBTYPE MPEG1Payload [HKEY_CLASSES_ROOT\CLSID\{caa414f0-c7c3-11d4-a914-0080ad91bd94}\Pins\Inpu t Audio\Types\{73647561-0000-0010-8000-00AA00389B71}\\e436eb81-524f-11ce-9f53-0 020af0ba770}] ;MEDIATYPE Audio\MEDIASUBTYPE DOLBY AC3 [HKEY CLASSES ROOT\CLSID\{caa414f0-c7c3-11d4-a914-0080ad91bd94}\Pins\Inpu t Audio\Types\{73647561-0000-0010-8000-00AA00389B71}\\e06d802c-db46-11cf-b4d1-0 0805f6cbbea}] ;MEDIATYPE Audio\MEDIASUBTYPE AudioAC3 [HKEY_CLASSES_ROOT\CLSID\{caa414f0-c7c3-11d4-a914-0080ad91bd94}\Pins\Inpu t Audio\Types\{73647561-0000-0010-8000-00AA00389B71}\{00002000-0000-0010-8000-00AA00389B71}] ;MEDIATYPE Audio\MEDIASUBTYPE MPEG2 AUDIO [HKEY_CLASSES_ROOT\CLSID\{caa414f0-c7c3-11d4-a914-0080ad91bd94}\Pins\Inpu t Audio\Types\{73647561-0000-0010-8000-00AA00389B71}\\e06d802b-db46-11cf-b4d1-0 0805f6cbbea}] ;MEDIATYPE_Audio\MEDIASUBTYPE_MPEG1AudioPayload [HKEY CLASSES ROOT\CLSID\{caa414f0-c7c3-11d4-a914-0080ad91bd94}\Pins\Inpu t Audio\Types\{73647561-0000-0010-8000-00AA00389B71}\{00000050-0000-0010-8000-00AA00389B71}] ;MEDIATYPE Audio\MEDIASUBTYPE SDMPEG4 PCMAudio [HKEY_CLASSES_ROOT\CLSID\{caa414f0-c7c3-11d4-a914-0080ad91bd94}\Pins\Inpu t Audio\Types\{73647561-0000-0010-8000-00AA00389B71}\{8AB4D3D2-C812-11d5-BE17 -00A0C90AA8A1}] ;MEDIATYPE Audio\MEDIASUBTYPE PCM HKEY CLASSES_ROOT\CLSID\{caa414f0-c7c3-11d4-a914-0080ad91bd94}\Pins\Inpu t Audio\Types\{73647561-0000-0010-8000-00AA00389B71}\{00000001-0000-0010-8000-00AA00389B71}] ;MEDIATYPE_Audio\MEDIASUBTYPE_DivX_MP3 [HKEY CLASSES ROOT\CLSID\{caa414f0-c7c3-11d4-a914-0080ad91bd94}\Pins\Inpu t Audio\Types\{73647561-0000-0010-8000-00AA00389B71}\{00000055-0000-0010-8000-00AA00389B71}] ;MEDIATYPE Audio\MEDIASUBTYPE ADTS AACAUDIO [HKEY_CLASSES_ROOT\CLSID\{caa414f0-c7c3-11d4-a914-0080ad91bd94}\Pins\Inpu t Audio\Types\{73647561-0000-0010-8000-00AA00389B71}\{341F3A28-4476-4277-ADFF-ADEADE3D1716}] ; Windows Media Audio 9 and previous compatible versions ; Format tag: 0x161 Subtype: 00000161-0000-0010-8000-00AA00389B71 [HKEY CLASSES ROOT\CLSID\{caa414f0-c7c3-11d4-a914-0080ad91bd94}\Pins\Inpu t Audio\Types\{73647561-0000-0010-8000-00AA00389B71}\{00000161-0000-0010-8000-00AA00389B71}]

Windows Media Audio 9 Professional Format tag: 0x162 Subtype: 00000162-0000-0010-8000-00AA00389B71 [HKEY_CLASSES_ROOT\CLSID\{caa414f0-c7c3-11d4-a914-0080ad91bd94}\Pins\Inpu Audio\Types\{73647561-0000-0010-8000-00AA00389B71}\{00000162-0000-0010-8000-00AA00389B71}] ; Windows Media Audio 9 Lossless Format tag: 0x163 Subtype: 00000163-0000-0010-8000-00AA00389B71 [HKEY_CLASSES_ROOT\CLSID\{caa414f0-c7c3-11d4-a914-0080ad91bd94}\Pins\Inpu t Audio\Types\{73647561-0000-0010-8000-00AA00389B71}\{00000163-0000-0010-8000-00AA00389B71}] ; Windows Media Audio 9 Voice Format tag: 0x00A Subtype: 0000000A-0000-0010-8000-00AA00389B71 [HKEY CLASSES ROOT\CLSID\{caa414f0-c7c3-11d4-a914-0080ad91bd94}\Pins\Inpu t Audio\Types\{73647561-0000-0010-8000-00AA00389B71}\{0000000A-0000-0010-8000-00AA00389B71}] ;; WMA Pro [HKEY_CLASSES_ROOT\Filter\{04a43571-24c5-474c-9504-7a315db89850}] **IF INITDSHOWFILTERNAMES** @="Sigma Designs WMAPro Decoder" **ENDIF** [HKEY_CLASSES_ROOT\CLSID\{04a43571-24c5-474c-9504-7a315db89850}] IF INITNODSHOWFILTERCLASSNAMES ! @="Sigma Designs WMAPro Decoder' **ENDIF** "Merit"=dword:00400000 [HKEY_CLASSES_ROOT\CLSID\{04a43571-24c5-474c-9504-7a315db89850}\InprocSe rver32] @="dswmapro.dll" ; Sigma Designs 8634 wave built-in driver ; Supports only wave out [HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\Drivers\Builtin\Audio] "Prefix"="WAV" "DII"="wave863x.dll" "Index"=dword:1 "Order"=dword:1 @CESYSGEN IF QUARTZ_IMAGE SMP863x Capture Source Filter [HKEY_CLASSES_ROOT\Filter\{9a036243-33fa-45c5-9d9d-a7d07c2fc670}] IF INITDSHOWFILTERNAMES @="SMP86xx Capture Source Filter **ENDIF** [HKEY_CLASSES_ROOT\CLSID\{9a036243-33fa-45c5-9d9d-a7d07c2fc670}] IF INITNODSHOWFILTERCLASSNAMES ! @="SMP86xx Capture Source Filter" **ENDIF** "Merit"=dword:00600000 [HKEY_CLASSES_ROOT\CLSID\{9a036243-33fa-45c5-9d9d-a7d07c2fc670}\InprocSer ver32] @="capsrc863x.dll" [HKEY CLASSES ROOT\CLSID\{9a036243-33fa-45c5-9d9d-a7d07c2fc670}\Pins\Video Output] "Direction"=dword:0000001 ;"IsRendered"=dword:0000000 "AllowedZero"=dword:0000001

;"AllowedMany"=dword:000000

[HKEY_CLASSES_ROOT\CLSID\{9a036243-33fa-45c5-9d9d-a7d07c2fc670}\Pins\Audio Output] "Direction"=dword:0000001

;"IsRendered"=dword:0000000 "AllowedZero"=dword:0000001 ;"AllowedMany"=dword:0000000

;MEDIATYPE_Video\MEDIASUBTYPE_SMP863x_Capture_Video [HKEY_CLASSES_ROOT\CLSID\{9a036243-33fa-45c5-9d9d-a7d07c2fc670}\Pins\Video Output\Types\{73646976-0000-0010-8000-00AA00389B71}\{c6271d47-809e-4b79-a2a9 -f787e8266760}]

;MEDIATYPE_Audio\MEDIASUBTYPE_PCM [HKEY_CLASSES_ROOT\CLSID\{9a036243-33fa-45c5-9d9d-a7d07c2fc670}\Pins\Audio Output\Types\{73647561-0000-0010-8000-00AA00389B71}\{00000001-0000-0010-8000 -00AA00389B71}]

;; sigma designs transport stream splitter for windows ce

;; enter these lines into platform.reg (or any other .reg file)

[HKEY_CLASSES_ROOT\Filter\{674A6F9F-E8D4-436f-9498-462CBC7F0DDD}] IF INITDSHOWFILTERNAMES @="Sigma Designs TS Splitter" ENDIF

[HKEY_CLASSES_ROOT\CLSID\{674A6F9F-E8D4-436f-9498-462CBC7F0DDD}] IF INITNODSHOWFILTERCLASSNAMES ! @="Sigma Designs TS Splitter" ENDIF "Merit"=dword:00600000

[HKEY_CLASSES_ROOT\CLSID\{674A6F9F-E8D4-436f-9498-462CBC7F0DDD}\InprocS erver32]

@="tsdemux.dll"

 $[HKEY_CLASSES_ROOT\CLSID\{674A6F9F-E8D4-436f-9498-462CBC7F0DDD}\Pins\Input]$

"Direction"=dword:00000000 ;"IsRendered"=dword:00000000 "AllowedZero"=dword:00000000 ;"AllowedMany"=dword:0000000

 $\label{eq:linear} $$ $ HKEY_CLASSES_ROOT\CLSID\{674A6F9F-E8D4-436f-9498-462CBC7F0DDD\}\Pins\Input\Types\{e436eb83-524f-11ce-9f53-0020af0ba770\}\e436eb84-524f-11ce-9f53-0020af0ba770\} $$ $ Oba770\] $$ $ $ Oba770\] $$ Oba770\] $$ $ Oba770\]$

 $\label{eq:linear} $$ [HKEY_CLASSES_ROOT\CLSID\674A6F9F-E8D4-436f-9498-462CBC7F0DDD\Pins\Input\Types\equal e436eb83-524f-11ce-9f53-0020af0ba770\equal e06d8022-db46-11cf-b4d1-00805f6cbbea] $$$

 $[HKEY_CLASSES_ROOT\CLSID\674A6F9F-E8D4-436f-9498-462CBC7F0DDD\Pins\Video\Output]$

"Direction"=dword:00000001 ;"IsRendered"=dword:00000000

"AllowedZero"=dword:0000001 ;"AllowedMany"=dword:0000000

[HKEY_CLASSES_ROOT\CLSID\{674A6F9F-E8D4-436f-9498-462CBC7F0DDD}\Pins\Vid eo Output\Types\{73646976-0000-0010-8000-00AA00389B71}\{e06d8026-db46-11cf-b4d1-

00805f6cbbea}]

 $\label{eq:hkey_classes_root\clsid\formation} [HKey_classes_root\clsid\formation\form$

"Direction"=dword:00000001 ;"IsRendered"=dword:00000000 "AllowedZero"=dword:00000001 ;"AllowedMany"=dword:0000000

 $\label{eq:2.1} Output \Types \73647561-0000-0010-8000-00A00389B71 \ \00000050-0000-0010-8000-00A00389B71 \]$

[HKEY_CLASSES_ROOT\CLSID\{bfc6c826-4b93-4a66-8f58-ed0b7047311c}] IF INITNODSHOWFILTERCLASSNAMES ! @="Sigma Designs HW TS Demux" ENDIF

"Merit"=dword:00200000 $\ \ \, ;$ Merit is set to DO_NOT_USE - your application must manually insert this filter

[HKEY_CLASSES_ROOT\CLSID\{bfc6c826-4b93-4a66-8f58-ed0b7047311c}\InprocSer ver32]

@="hwdemux863x.dll"

[HKEY_CLASSES_ROOT\CLSID\{bfc6c826-4b93-4a66-8f58-ed0b7047311c}\Pins\Input

]

"Direction"=dword:0000000 ;"IsRendered"=dword:00000000 "AllowedZero"=dword:00000000 ;"AllowedMany"=dword:0000000

[HKEY_CLASSES_ROOT\CLSID\{bfc6c826-4b93-4a66-8f58-ed0b7047311c}\Pins\Outp utVPayload]

"Direction"=dword:0000001 ;"IsRendered"=dword:0000000 "AllowedZero"=dword:00000001 ;"AllowedMany"=dword:0000000

[HKEY_CLASSES_ROOT\CLSID\{bfc6c826-4b93-4a66-8f58-ed0b7047311c}\Pins\Outp utAPayload] "Direction"=dword:00000001 ;"IsRendered"=dword:00000000 "AllowedZero"=dword:0000001

;"AllowedMany"=dword:0000000

;MEDIATYPE_Audio\MEDIASUBTYPE_DOLBY_AC3

 $\label{eq:hkey_classes_ROOT\clsID\bfc6c826-4b93-4a66-8f58-ed0b7047311c\Pins\OutputAPayload\Types\{73647561-0000-0010-8000-00AA00389B71}\e06d802c-db46-11cf-b4d1-00805f6cbbea\} \label{eq:hkey_classes}$

; MEDIATYPE_Video MEDIASUBTYPE_MPEG2_VIDEO [HKEY_CLASSES_ROOT CLSID {bfc6c826-4b93-4a66-8f58-ed0b7047311c} pins Outp ut VPayload Types {73646976-0000-0010-8000-00AA00389B71} {e06d8026-db46-11cf-b 4d1-00805f6cbbea}]

Find the pflash device registry line.
#include "\$(_TARGETPLATROOT)\src\drivers\pflash\pflash\pflash.reg"
#include "\$(_TARGETPLATROOT)\src\drivers\pflash\pflash2\pflash2.reg"
Disable it as follow sample.
; #include "\$(_TARGETPLATROOT)\src\drivers\pflash\pflash\pflash.reg";
; #include "\$(_TARGETPLATROOT)\src\drivers\pflash\pflash2\pflash2.reg")
Close and save the platform.reg file.

9. Run "Build OS----Make Run-Time Image" menu command to make a new NK.BIN file.

10

C) Download the NK.BIN to SMP8634 board

Link all SMP8634 Ethernet ports and platform builder PC to a network with Ethernet cable, link the SMP8634 Serial debug card to PC serial COM1 port with a serial cable, set the COM1 port parameter as follow sample(pic28).

C0∎1	尾性			? ×
端口	口役置			
	毎秒位数 (B):	115200		
	数据位 @):	8	•	
	奇偶校验 (P):	无	•	
	停止位 (S):	1	•	
	数据流控制(E):	无	•	
			还原为默认值 (<u>B</u>)	
		确定	取消 应用	(<u>¥</u>)
		<pic27< td=""><td>/> (</td><td></td></pic27<>	/> (

boot up the SMP8634 board.

1. Set the CE bootloader

When the Serial Output window(terminal application) of PC will shows the CE loader's bootup information , press any key and get the Main Menu list.

XPUC MRM C 2000 (Mix C) MRM C Setting cleands/2 (Mix COOLOGOD-Collc CODCO) with Second Coll Coll Coll Coll Coll Coll Coll Col	≥S#70634 - 超级终端	
Setting closed/2 (Monocollegement/2 (Monocollegement/	欠件(g) 編輯(g) 査看(y) 呼叫(g) 传送(g) 帮助(g)	
terting cleands/2 (#0x00000000000000000000000000000000000		
Preparing for download INV: Dredownload INV: Dredownload INV: Bost configuration found at 0x8c000000 bas 0 dev 0 func 0 peid 0x1058854 bas 0 dev 2 func 0 peid 0x1058854 bas 0 dev 2 func 0 peid 0x1058854 Bas space to enter configuratioN menu 5 Main Menu Main Menu Main Seru Sat Device 1d (1) Bhow Current Settings (2) Set Device 1d (3) Set Device 1d (4) Salect Debug Device (5) Retwork Settings (7) Simpost Settings (7) Simpost Settings (7) Simpost Settings	Setling classic (40x00010080-0x11602000) with 880000008 for USB. 0xF34111BA dram0_delay0x00004 Setup PC1 to USBh025 A30-0000 Ferm Class Resorved (5_3 at 0x400000004(MBGB50); Reent	Í
1) Show Corrent Settings 2) Show Ever and Settings 2) Salest Boot Bevice 2) Salest Boot Bevice 2) Belevic Settings (7) SUMMOSX Settings (7) SUMMOSX Settings (7) SUMMOSX Settings	Preparain for devaload INFO: Brodowniad INFO: Boot configuration found at 0x8c00000 pc:_m805x_config() bus 0 dev 0 func 0 pciid 0x110080534 bug 0 dev 2 func 0 pciid 0x100803139 Rit space to enter configuratioN menu 5	
Selection: _	Man Berou (1) Show Current Settings (2) Set the Service (3) Select Bebug Device (6) Seturds Settings (7) SUBMOSIX Settings (0) Exit and Continue Selection: _	
1818 2:02:34 BENSEN 115200 8-N-1 SCHOLL CAIS NO. 18 BTD	18218 2:02:3: (BE555) 115200 0-8-1 SCRULL CAPS IN B 36 (F) 60	

<pic28>

a. Use "[5] Network Settings" to set the bootloader IP address



<pic29>

The IP address must be same network IP mask with your PC IP. Example,

PC IP setting, IP: 192.168.1.51 MASK: 255.255.255.0 Bootload IP setting, IP: 192.168.1.54 MASK: 255.255.255.0

b. Use "[3] Select Boot Device" to set "RTL RTL8139 ..." to be boot device.

●S■P8634 - 超碳终端	
文件(F) 编辑(F) 春春(V) 呼叫(C) 传送(T) 帮助(H)	
EthD Windows CE Kernel for MIPS Built on Mar 29 2005 a	-
[2] Set Device Id [3] Select Boot Device [4] Select Debug Device [5] Network Settings [6] Save Settings [7] SMP863X Settings [0] Exit and Continue	
Selection: 3 Select Boot Device	
<pre>[1] RAM [2] Flash Memory [3] RTL RTL8139 @ id 0 bus 0 dev 2 fnc 0 [4] ShP663X ETH [5] TDE BN 0 [5] TDE BN 0 [5] TDE BH 0 [6] PFLASH 1 [7] PFLASH 1 [0] Exit and Continue</pre>	
Selection (actual SMP863X ETH):	
【Ⅰ】 【□注接 2:52:29 VT100 115200 8-W-1 SCROLL CAPS NUM 捕 打印	

<pic30> c. Use "[4] Select Debug Device" to set "RTL RTL8139 ..." to be debug device.

-□	×
文件 (E) 编辑 (E) 查看 (V) 呼叫 (C) 传送 (I) 帮助 (H)	
[5] IDE BM 0** Device Nam [6] IDE BM 1**	
Selection (actual SMP863X ETH): 0	
Main Menu	
[1] Show Current Settings [2] Set Device Id [3] Select Boot Device [4] Select Debug Device [5] Network Settings [6] Save Settings [7] SMP863X Settings [0] Exit and Continue Selection: 4	
Select Debug Device	-
[1] RTL RTL8139 @ id 0 bus 0 dev 2 fmc 0 [2] SMP863X ETH [0] Exit and Continue	-
Selection (actual SMP863X ETH): _	Ļ
▲ ■ ■ ■ ■ ■ ■ ■ ■ ■ ■ ■ ■ ■ ■ ■ ■ ■ ■ ■	

<pic31>

d. Use "[6] Save Settings" to save all settings, Use "[0] Exit and Continue" to continue boot up SMP8634 board

2. Set the platform builder Use "Target---Connectivity Options..." menu command open the "Target Device Connectivity Options" dialog,

🔞 Target Device Co	nnectivity	Options			
Device Configura <u>Add Dev</u> <u>Delete De</u> r	ation ice vice	<u>T</u> arget Device: CE Device		2	J
Service Configur	ation	LownLoad: Ethernet		▼ Setti <u>ng</u> s	
Kernel Service	<u>settings</u>	(EM86301286) Transport:			
Service St	<u>atus</u>	Ethernet (EM86301286)		▼ Settings	
		D <u>e</u> bugger: KdStub		Settings	
		Apply	<u>Close</u>	<u>H</u> elp	

<pic32>

Select "Download" and "Transport" combobox to be"Ethernet" Select "Debugger" combobox to "KdStub" Click first "Setting" button to open "Ethernet Download Settings" dialog,



<pic33>

Select the active device(You can see a name as "EM8630*****" and the IP address that you set for SMP8634) to be boot device.

Apply and close all setting dialog,

3. Use "Target----Attach Device" menu command to download you NK.bin to the SMP8634 board.

D) Make the SHIP mode SMP8634 CE Nk.bin and boot it up without platform huilder

If you want to run the CE system specialty, please use the ship mode to build the NK.bin.

1. Make s SHIP mode building

a. Use "Build OS----Configurations..." Menu command to open the "Configurations" dialog



<pic34>

b. Click "Add ... " button to open "Add platform Configuration" dialog, select "Copy settings from: " combobox to "SMP863X:MIPSII_Release", type "Ship" in "Configuration:" edit box, click "OK" button to close "Add platform Configuration" dialog, click "Close" button to close "Configurations" dialog.

Add Flatform Configuration	<u>х</u> ОК
Snip Copy settings from: SMP863X: MIPSU Release	Cancel

<pic35>

c. Use "Build OS---- Set Active Configuration..." menu command to open "Set Active Configuration" dialog, select "Ship" in "Configurations:" list, click "OK" button to close dialog and set current configuration to "Ship" mode



<pic36>

d. Use "Platform----Settings...." Menu command to open the "Platform Settings" dialog, turn to "Build Options" page, set as pic38 sample shows.

Platform Settings
Configuration:
Ship
General Locale Build Options Environment Custom Build Actions Image Settings
Build options:
Buffer tracked events in RAM (IMGOSCAPTURE=1)
Enable CE Target Control Support (SYSGEN_SHELL=1)
Enable Eboot Space in Memory (IMGEBOOT=1)
Enable Event Tracking During Boot (IMGCELOGENABLE=1)
Enable Full Kernel Mode (no IMGNOTALLKMODE=1)
Enable Kernel Debugger (no IMGNODEBUGGER=1)
Enable KITL (no IMCNOKITL=1)
Enable Profiling (IMGPROFILER=1)
Enable Ship Build (WINCESHIF=1)
Flush tracked events to Kelease Directory (LMGAUTUFLUSH=1)
Kun-time Image Can be Larger than 32 MB (LMGKAM64=1)
Use XLUPY instead of links to populate release directory (BUILDREL_USE_CUPT=
I mrite Aun-time Image to Flash memory (IMOFLASH-1)
0K Cancel

<pic37>

e. Copy all multimedia dll files to "\WINCE500\PBWorkspace\(your CE project name)\RelDir\Ship" CE project directory

g. Modify config.bib, platform.bib, platform.reg file and make the nk.bin file h. Copy the nk.bin to the first FAT32 partition of HDD device or pflash2 storage

device

only.

2. Boot up Nk.bin from primary master HDD

In Main Menu of CE boot loader in Serial Output window(terminal application) of PC, Use "[3] Select Boot Device" to set "[5]IDE BM 0" to be boot device.

文件 (E) 编辑 (E) 查看 (Y) 呼叫 (C) 传送 (T) 帮助 (H)	
EthD Windows CE Kernel for MIPS Built on Mar 29 2005 a	_
[2] Set Device Id [3] Select Boot Device [4] Select Debug Device [5] Network Settings [6] Save Settings [7] SMP863X Settings [0] Exit and Continue	
Selection: 3	
Select Boot Device	
<pre>[1] RAM [2] Flash Memory [3] RTL RTL8139 @ id 0 bus 0 dev 2 fnc 0 [4] SMP863X ETH [5] IDE BM 0 [6] IDE BM 1 [7] PFLASH 0 [8] PFLASH 1 [0] Exit and Continue</pre>	
Selection (actual SMP863% ETH):	
	`
三注接 2:52:29 VT100 115200 8-N-1 SCROLL CAPS NVM 捕 打印	

<pic38>

CE boot loader can loader NK.bin from the first FAT32 partition of HardDisk

3. Boot up Nk.bin from Pflash

a. If you have copy the nk.bin file to pflash2 storage device

In Main Menu of CE boot loader, use "[3] Select Boot Device" to set "[5]PFLASH 1" to be boot device.

b. If you have write the nk.bin file to the address of pflash, for example, I write the nk.bin to boot flash(PFLASH 0) from 0x400000 address

In Main Menu of CE boot loader, Select "[7] SMP863X Setting" get the SMP8634 Settings menu

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bus 0 dev 0 func 0 pciid 0x11058634	<u> </u>
Main Menu	
[1] Show Current Settings [2] Set Device Id [3] Select Boot Device [4] Select Debug Device [5] Network Settings [6] Save Settings [7] SHP863X Settings [0] Exit and Continue Selection: 7	
SMP863X Settings	
[1] GBUS [2] Flash memory [3] Board Config [4] Storage Settings [5] PCI [0] Exit and Continue	
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<pic39> Select "[2]Flash memory", get the Flash memory menu



<pic40>
Select "[5]Select NK.Bin Flash", set flash index to 0x0

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Selection: 7	2
[1] GBUS	
[2] Flash memory [3] Board Config	
[4] Storage Settings	
[0] Exit and Continue	
Selection: 2	
Flash memory	
[1] Erase pflash	
[2] Write with Erase RAM to pilash [3] Write w/o Erase RAM to pilash	
[4] Edit Nk.Bin Flash Start [5] Salact Nk Bin Flash	
[6] Edit Flash Protected Area	
[U] Exit and Continue	
Selection: 5	-+ i= 0=0
or 'enter' to skip: 0x0	10 13 080)
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Select "[4]Edit NK.Bin Flash Start", set NK.bin start flash address to

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文件 ℓ) 编辑 ℓ) 查看 (⊻) 呼叫 (ℓ) 传送 (ℓ) 帮助 (出)	
Selection: 01 PC=03f5dff0	
[1] GBUS	
[3] Board Config	
[4] Storage Settings	
[0] Exit and Continue	
Felentier 2	
Selection. 2	
[1] Erase pflash	
[3] Write w/o Erase RAM to pflash	
[4] Edit Nk.Bin Flash Start	
[6] Edit Flash Protected Area	
[0] Exit and Continue	
Selection: 4	
Enter offset of nk bin in flash memory (current is 0x400000)	_
or enter to skip: Ux400000_	
	<u>×</u> _
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<pic42>

In Main Menu of CE boot loader, use "[3] Select Boot Device" to set "[2]Flash Memory" to be boot device.

c. Úse "[6] Save Settings" to save all settings, Use "[0] Exit and Continue" to continue boot up SMP8634 board

4. Write the NK.bin file to Boot flash(PFLASH 0)

Follow sample code shows how to write a file to PFLASH, it's so dangerous for your boot flash, so please use it carefully.

The sample function is based on Setxenv demo, all cfi command is defined in Setxenv demo.

```
#define BOOTADDRESS
                                     0x0
#define LOGOADDRESS
                                     0x200000
                                     0x400000
#define CENKADDRESS
static
         int g_bWriteOK=1;
         RMuint8 p_data[128*1024];
static
         RMuint8 cfi_data[0x100];
static
static
         int Flash8bit = 0;
///
RMint32 cfi_query_first_sector_length (void)
{
    RMuint32 n1, l1;
    n1 = cfi_data[0x5a]+1;
    |1| =
         ((RMuint16)cfi_data[0x5c] << 0) |
         ((RMuint16)cfi_data[0x5e] << 8) |
         ((RMuint16)cfi_data[0x60] << 16);
    11 &= ~1;
    return (RMint32)I1;
}
RMint32 cfi_query_parameters (RMuint32 FlashBaseAddress)
    RETAILMSG (1, (TEXT("cfi_query_parameters Begin !\n")));
    memset (cfi_data, 0, sizeof (cfi_data));
    // wait a small bit
    Sleep (100);
    // query command
     *((volatile RMuint8 *)(0xaa + FlashBaseAddress)) = 0x98;
    cfi_data[0x20] = *((volatile RMuint8 *)(0x20 + FlashBaseAddress));
cfi_data[0x22] = *((volatile RMuint8 *)(0x22 + FlashBaseAddress));
cfi_data[0x24] = *((volatile RMuint8 *)(0x24 + FlashBaseAddress));
    if (cfi_data[0x20] == 'Q' && cfi_data[0x22] == 'R' && cfi_data[0x24] == 'Y')
```

```
RETAILMSG (1, (TEXT("It is a 8 bit flash\n")));
               Flash8bit = 1;
       else
       {
               // try 16 bit access
               // query command
               *((volatile RMuint16 *)(0xaa + FlashBaseAddress)) = 0x98;
               cfi_data[0x20] = *((volatile RMuint8 *)(0x20 + FlashBaseAddress));
cfi_data[0x22] = *((volatile RMuint8 *)(0x22 + FlashBaseAddress));
               cfi_data[0x24] = *((volatile RMuint8 *)(0x24 + FlashBaseAddress));
               Flash8bit = 0;
               RETAILMSG (1, (TEXT("It is a 16 bit flash\n")));
       if ((cfi_data[0x20] != 'Q') || (cfi_data[0x22] != 'R') || (cfi_data[0x24] != 'Y'))
        ł
               // no flash found?
               return 0;
       }
       cfi_data[0x4e] = *((volatile RMuint8 *)(0x4e + FlashBaseAddress));
       RETAILMSG(1, (TEXT("device size: %d\n"),1 << cfi_data[0x4e]));
cfi_data[0x58] = *((volatile RMuint8 *)(0x58 + FlashBaseAddress));
       RETAILMSG(1, (TEXT("number of regions: %d\n"),cfi_data[0x58]));
       cfi_data[0x5a] = *((volatile RMuint8 *)(0x5a + FlashBaseAddress));
cfi_data[0x5c] = *((volatile RMuint8 *)(0x5c + FlashBaseAddress));
cfi_data[0x5e] = *((volatile RMuint8 *)(0x5e + FlashBaseAddress));
cfi_data[0x60] = *((volatile RMuint8 *)(0x60 + FlashBaseAddress));
       if((RMuint16)cfi_data[0x5c] == 0x1)
               RETAILMSG(1, (TEXT("region 1: %d * 0x%04x\n"),(cfi_data[0x5a]+1) *
((RMuint16)cfi_data[0x5c] + 1), ((RMuint16)cfi_data[0x5e] << 8) |
((RMuint16)cfi_data[0x60] << 16)));
       else
       {
RETAILMSG(1, (TEXT("region 1: %d *
0x%04x\n"),cfi_data[0x5a]+1,((RMuint16)cfi_data[0x5c] << _0) |
((RMuint16)cfi_data[0x5e] << 8) | ((RMuint16)cfi_data[0x60] << 16)));
       }
       cfi_data[0x62] = *((volatile RMuint8 *)(0x62 + FlashBaseAddress));
cfi_data[0x64] = *((volatile RMuint8 *)(0x64 + FlashBaseAddress));
cfi_data[0x66] = *((volatile RMuint8 *)(0x66 + FlashBaseAddress));
cfi_data[0x68] = *((volatile RMuint8 *)(0x68 + FlashBaseAddress));
RETAILMSG(1 (TEXTUregion 2: 06d *)
       RETAILMSG(1, (TEXT("region 2: %d *
0x%04x\n"),cfi_data[0x62]+1,((RMuint16)cfi_data[0x64] << 0) |
((RMuint16)cfi_data[0x66] << 8) ((RMuint16)cfi_data[0x68] << 16)));
       cfi_data[0x6c] = *((volatile RMuint8 *)(0x6a + FlashBaseAddress));
cfi_data[0x6c] = *((volatile RMuint8 *)(0x6c + FlashBaseAddress));
cfi_data[0x6e] = *((volatile RMuint8 *)(0x6e + FlashBaseAddress));
cfi_data[0x70] = *((volatile RMuint8 *)(0x70 + FlashBaseAddress));
RETAILMSG(1, (TEXT("region 3: %d *
04x\p") cfi_data[0x6a] + 1 ((DMuint4 C) + flashBaseAddress));
       cfi_data[0x6a] = *((volatile RMuint8 *)(0x6a + FlashBaseAddress));
0x%04x\n"),cfi_data[0x6a]+1,((RMuint16)cfi_data[0x6c] << 16) |
((RMuint16)cfi_data[0x6e] << 8) | ((RMuint16)cfi_data[0x70] << 0)));
       cfi_data[0x72] = *((volatile RMuint8 *)(0x72 + FlashBaseAddress));
cfi_data[0x74] = *((volatile RMuint8 *)(0x74 + FlashBaseAddress));
cfi_data[0x76] = *((volatile RMuint8 *)(0x76 + FlashBaseAddress));
cfi_data[0x78] = *((volatile RMuint8 *)(0x78 + FlashBaseAddress));
RETAILMSG(1, (TEXT("region 4: %d * 0x%04x\n"),
cfi_data[0x72]+1,((RMuint16)cfi_data[0x74] << 0) | ((RMuint16)cfi_data[0x76] << 8) |
((RMuint16)cfi_data[0x78] << 16)));
```

// reset command
```
if (Flash8bit)
    {
         *((volatile RMuint8 *)(FlashBaseAddress)) = 0xf0;
    }
    else
    {
         *((volatile RMuint16 *)(FlashBaseAddress)) = 0xf0;
    }
    Sleep (1000);
    RETAILMSG (1, (TEXT("cfi_query_parameters End !\n")));
    return ((RMint32)1 << cfi_data[0x4e]);</pre>
}
void cfi erase (RMuint32 FlashBaseAddress, RMuint32 addr, RMint32 len)
ł
    RETAILMSG(1, (TEXT("cfi_erase Begin !\n")));
    RMuint8 tmp0, tmp1;
    RMuint32 i, s;
    RMuint32 n1, n2, n3, n4;
    RMuint32 I1, I2, I3, I4;
    RMuint32 start1, start2, start3, start4;
    g_bWriteOK=0;
    if((RMuint16)cfi_data[0x5c] == 0x1)
    Ł
         n1 = (cfi_data[0x5a]+1) * ((RMuint16)cfi_data[0x5c] + 1);
    }
    else
    {
         n1 = cfi_data[0x5a]+1;
    |1| =
         ((RMuint16)cfi_data[0x5c] << 0)
((RMuint16)cfi_data[0x5e] << 8)
         ((RMuint16)cfi_data[0x60] << 16);
    |1 \& = ~1;
    start1 = 0;
    n2 = cfi_data[0x62]+1;
    12 =
         ((RMuint16)cfi_data[0x64] <<
                                           0)
         ((RMuint16)cfi_data[0x66] << 8)
         ((RMuint16)cfi_data[0x68] << 16);
    12 &= ~1;
    start2 = start1 + n1 * |1;
    n3 = cfi_data[0x6a]+1;
    13 =
         ((RMuint16)cfi_data[0x6c] << 16) |
         ((RMuint16)cfi_data[0x6e] << 8)
         ((RMuint16)cfi_data[0x70] << 0);
    13 &= ~1;
    start3 = start2 + n2 * l2;
    n4 = cfi_data[0x72]+1;
    |4 =
         ((RMuint16)cfi_data[0x74] << 0) |
((RMuint16)cfi_data[0x76] << 8) |
         ((RMuint16)cfi_data[0x78] << 16);
    I4 &= ~1;
    start4 = start3 + n3 * 13;
    if ((addr >= start1) && (addr < start2) && 1)
     {
         s = start1;
         if(addr > s)
```

```
s=addr;
         // region 1
         for (i=0; i<n1; i++)
                   if (Flash8bit)
                   {
                            *((volatile RMuint8 *)(0xaaa + FlashBaseAddress)) = 0xaa;
*((volatile RMuint8 *)(0x555 + FlashBaseAddress)) = 0x55;
*((volatile RMuint8 *)(0xaaa + FlashBaseAddress)) = 0x80;
                            *((volatile RMuint8 *)(0xaaa + FlashBaseAddress)) = 0xaa;
*((volatile RMuint8 *)(0x555 + FlashBaseAddress)) = 0x55;
*((volatile RMuint8 *)(s + FlashBaseAddress)) = 0x30;
                   }
                   else
                   {
                            *((volatile RMuint16 *)(0xaaa + FlashBaseAddress)) = 0xaa;
*((volatile RMuint16 *)(0x554 + FlashBaseAddress)) = 0x55;
*((volatile RMuint16 *)(0xaaa + FlashBaseAddress)) = 0x80;
                            *((volatile RMuint16 *)(0xaaa + FlashBaseAddress)) = 0xaa;
*((volatile RMuint16 *)(0x554 + FlashBaseAddress)) = 0x55;
*((volatile RMuint16 *)(s + FlashBaseAddress)) = 0x30;
                   // wait for the erase to complete
                   while (1)
                   {
                            tmp0 = *((volatile RMuint8 *)(s + FlashBaseAddress));
tmp1 = *((volatile RMuint8 *)(s + FlashBaseAddress));
                            if ((tmp0 \& 0x40) == (tmp1 \& 0x40))
                             {
                                      if (tmp0 & 0x80)
                                                break;
                             }
                   s += |1;
                   addr = s;
                   len -= |1;
                   if (len <= 0)
                            break:
         }
}
RETAILMSG(1, (TEXT("region1 done.\n")));
if (len \leq 0)
         return;
if ((addr >= start2) && (addr < start3) && l2)
{
         s = start2;
         // region 2
         for (i=0; i<n2; i++)
         {
                   if (Flash8bit)
                   {
                             *((volatile RMuint8 *)(0xaaa + FlashBaseAddress)) = 0xaa;
*((volatile RMuint8 *)(0x555 + FlashBaseAddress)) = 0x55;
                            *((volatile RMuint8 *)(0xasa + FlashBaseAddress)) = 0x35;
*((volatile RMuint8 *)(0xasa + FlashBaseAddress)) = 0x80;
*((volatile RMuint8 *)(0x555 + FlashBaseAddress)) = 0xas;
*((volatile RMuint8 *)(0x555 + FlashBaseAddress)) = 0x55;
*((volatile RMuint8 *)(s + FlashBaseAddress)) = 0x30;
                   élse
                            *((volatile RMuint16 *)(0xaaa + FlashBaseAddress)) = 0xaa;
*((volatile RMuint16 *)(0x554 + FlashBaseAddress)) = 0x55;
*((volatile RMuint16 *)(0xaaa + FlashBaseAddress)) = 0x80;
*((volatile RMuint16 *)(0xaaa + FlashBaseAddress)) = 0xaa;
```

```
*((volatile RMuint16 *)(0x554 + FlashBaseAddress)) = 0x55;
*((volatile RMuint16 *)(s + FlashBaseAddress)) = 0x30;
                  // wait for the erase to complete
                  while (1)
                  {
                          tmp0 = *((volatile RMuint8 *)(s + FlashBaseAddress));
tmp1 = *((volatile RMuint8 *)(s + FlashBaseAddress));
                           if ((tmp0 \& 0x40) == (tmp1 \& 0x40))
                           {
                                    if (tmp0 & 0x80)
                                            break;
                           }
                  }
                  s += 12;
                  addr = s;
                  len -= 12;
                  if (len \leq = 0)
                          break;
         }
}
RETAILMSG(1, (TEXT("region2 done.\n")));
if (len \leq 0)
         return;
if ((addr >= start3) && (addr < start4) && I3)
{
         s = start3;
         // region 3
         for (i=0; i<n3; i++)
         {
                  if (Flash8bit)
                  {
                          *((volatile RMuint8 *)(0xaaa + FlashBaseAddress)) = 0xaa;
*((volatile RMuint8 *)(0x555 + FlashBaseAddress)) = 0x55;
*((volatile RMuint8 *)(0xaaa + FlashBaseAddress)) = 0x80;
*((volatile RMuint8 *)(0xaaa + FlashBaseAddress)) = 0xaa;
*((volatile RMuint8 *)(0x555 + FlashBaseAddress)) = 0x55;
*((volatile RMuint8 *)(s + FlashBaseAddress)) = 0x30;
                  élse
                  {
                          *((volatile RMuint16 *)(0xaaa + FlashBaseAddress)) = 0xaa;
*((volatile RMuint16 *)(0x554 + FlashBaseAddress)) = 0x55;
*((volatile RMuint16 *)(0xaaa + FlashBaseAddress)) = 0x80;
*((volatile RMuint16 *)(0xaaa + FlashBaseAddress)) = 0xaa;
*((volatile RMuint16 *)(0x554 + FlashBaseAddress)) = 0x55;
*((volatile RMuint16 *)(s + FlashBaseAddress)) = 0x30;
                  // wait for the erase to complete
                  while (1)
                  {
                          tmp0 = *((volatile RMuint8 *)(s + FlashBaseAddress));
tmp1 = *((volatile RMuint8 *)(s + FlashBaseAddress));
                           if ((tmp0 \& 0x40) == (tmp1 \& 0x40))
                                    if (tmp0 & 0x80)
                                             break;
                           }
                  s += 13;
                  addr = s;
                  len -= 13;
                  if (len <= 0)
                          break;
         }
}
```

```
RETAILMSG(1, (TEXT("region3 done.\n")));
       if (len \leq 0)
              return;
       if ((addr >= start4) && (l4))
       {
              s = start4;
              // region 4
              for (i=0; i<n4; i++)
               ł
                      if (Flash8bit)
                      {
                             *((volatile RMuint8 *)(0xaaa + FlashBaseAddress)) = 0xaa;
*((volatile RMuint8 *)(0x555 + FlashBaseAddress)) = 0x55;
*((volatile RMuint8 *)(0xaaa + FlashBaseAddress)) = 0x80;
                             *((volatile RMuints *)(0xaaa + FlashBaseAddress)) = 0xao;
*((volatile RMuint8 *)(0xaaa + FlashBaseAddress)) = 0xaa;
*((volatile RMuint8 *)(0x555 + FlashBaseAddress)) = 0x55;
*((volatile RMuint8 *)(s + FlashBaseAddress)) = 0x30;
                      }
                      else
                      {
                             *((volatile RMuint16 *)(0xaaa + FlashBaseAddress)) = 0xaa;
*((volatile RMuint16 *)(0x554 + FlashBaseAddress)) = 0x55;
*((volatile RMuint16 *)(0xaaa + FlashBaseAddress)) = 0x80;
                             *((volatile RMuint16 *)(0xaaa + FlashBaseAddress)) = 0xaa;
*((volatile RMuint16 *)(0x554 + FlashBaseAddress)) = 0x55;
*((volatile RMuint16 *)(s + FlashBaseAddress)) = 0x30;
                      // wait for the erase to complete
                      while (1)
                      {
                             tmp0 = *((volatile RMuint8 *)(s + FlashBaseAddress));
tmp1 = *((volatile RMuint8 *)(s + FlashBaseAddress));
if ((tmp0 & 0x40) == (tmp1 & 0x40))
                              {
                                     if (tmp0 & 0x80)
                                            break;
                              }
                      s += |4;
                      len -= 14;
                      if (len \leq 0)
                             break;
              }
       RETAILMSG(1, (TEXT("region4 done.\n")));
       // reset command
       if (Flash8bit)
       {
               *((volatile RMuint8 *)(FlashBaseAddress)) = 0xf0;
       }
       else
       {
               *((volatile RMuint16 *)(FlashBaseAddress)) = 0xf0;
       RETAILMSG(1, (TEXT("cfi_erase End !\n")));
}
void cfi_write (RMuint32 FlashBaseAddress, RMuint32 addr, RMuint32 length, RMuint8
*flashbuf)
{
       RETAILMSG(1, (TEXT("cfi_write Begin !\n")));
       RMuint32 i;
       RMuint8 *p = flashbuf;
       if (Flash8bit)
```

{

```
// unlock bypass
     *((volatile RMuint8 *)(0xaaa + FlashBaseAddress)) = 0xaa;
    Sleep (100);
     *((volatile RMuint8 *)(0x555 + FlashBaseAddress)) = 0x55;
    Sleep (100);
    *((volatile RMuint8 *)(0xaaa + FlashBaseAddress)) = 0x20;
    Sleep (100);
    // unlock bypass
     *((volatile RMuint8 *)(0xaaa + FlashBaseAddress)) = 0xaa;
    Sleep (100);
    *((volatile RMuint8 *)(0x555 + FlashBaseAddress)) = 0x55;
    Sleep (100);
     *((volatile RMuint8 *)(0xaaa + FlashBaseAddress)) = 0x20;
    Sleep (100);
élse
{
    // unlock bypass
    *((volatile RMuint16 *)(0xaaa + FlashBaseAddress)) = 0xaa;
    Sleep (100);
    *((volatile RMuint16 *)(0x554 + FlashBaseAddress)) = 0x55;
    Sleep (100);
    *((volatile RMuint16 *)(0xaaa + FlashBaseAddress)) = 0x20;
    Sleep (100);
    // unlock bypass
     *((volatile RMuint16 *)(0xaaa + FlashBaseAddress)) = 0xaa;
    Sleep (100);
    *((volatile RMuint16 *)(0x554 + FlashBaseAddress)) = 0x55;
    Sleep (100);
     *((volatile RMuint16 *)(0xaaa + FlashBaseAddress)) = 0x20;
    Sleep (100);
}
for (i=addr; i<(addr + length); i++)</pre>
    if ((i % 0x10000) == 0)
     {
         RETAILMSG (1, (TEXT("writing address 0x%08lx\r\n"), i));
         fflush (stdout);
    // unlock bypass program
    if (Flash8bit)
     {
         *((volatile RMuint8 *)(FlashBaseAddress)) = 0xa0;
         *((volatile RMuint8 *)(i + FlashBaseAddress)) = *p;
         while (*((volatile RMuint8 *)(i + FlashBaseAddress)) != *p);
         p++;
    élse
     {
         RMuint16 data = ((RMuint16)p[0]) | (((RMuint16)p[1]) << 8);
         *((volatile RMuint16 *)(FlashBaseAddress)) = 0xa0;
*((volatile RMuint16 *)(i + FlashBaseAddress)) = data;
         while (*((volatile RMuint16 *)(i + FlashBaseAddress)) != data);
         p++;
         p++;
         i++;
    }
// reset command
if (Flash8bit)
{
     *((volatile RMuint8 *)(FlashBaseAddress)) = 0xf0;
}
else
```

{ *((volatile RMuint16 *)(FlashBaseAddress)) = 0xf0; } Sleep (1000); g_bWriteOK=1; RETAILMSG(1, (TEXT("cfi_write End !\n"))); } ((RMuint32)OALPAtoUA(0x20000)) #define HOST_INTERFACE_BASE_ADDRESS (HOST_INTERFACE_BASE_ADDRESS + 0x800) ((volatile RMuint32 *)(PBI_BASE_ADDRESS + 0x00)) ((volatile RMuint32 *)(PBI_BASE_ADDRESS + 0x04)) ((volatile RMuint32 *)(PBI_BASE_ADDRESS + 0x08)) ((volatile RMuint32 *)(PBI_BASE_ADDRESS + 0x08)) #define PBI_BASE_ADDRESS #define PBI_TIMING0 #define PBI_TIMING1 #define PBI TIMING2 ((volatile RMuint32 *)(PBI_BASE_ADDRESS + 0x08)) ((volatile RMuint32 *)(PBI_BASE_ADDRESS + 0x0C)) ((volatile RMuint32 *)(PBI_BASE_ADDRESS + 0x10)) ((volatile RMuint32 *)(PBI_BASE_ADDRESS + 0x14)) #define PBI_TIMING3 #define PBI_TIMING4 #define PBI_TIMING5 ((volatile RMuint32 *)(PBI_BASE_ADDRESS + 0x18)) ((volatile RMuint32 *)(PBI_BASE_ADDRESS + 0x1C)) #define PBI DEFAULT TIMING #define PBI_USE_TIMING0 ((volatile RMuint32 *)(PBI_BASE_ADDRESS + 0x1C)) ((volatile RMuint32 *)(PBI_BASE_ADDRESS + 0x20)) ((volatile RMuint32 *)(PBI_BASE_ADDRESS + 0x24)) ((volatile RMuint32 *)(PBI_BASE_ADDRESS + 0x28)) ((volatile RMuint32 *)(PBI_BASE_ADDRESS + 0x2C)) ((volatile RMuint32 *)(PBI_BASE_ADDRESS + 0x30)) #define PBI_USE_TIMING1 #define PBI_USE_TIMING2 #define PBI_USE_TIMING3 #define PBI_USE_TIMING4 #define PBI_USE_TIMING5 #define PBI_CS_CONFIG ((volatile RMuint32 *)(PBI_BASE_ADDRESS + 0x34)) void setup_pbi (void) { RMuint32 pbi_timing0 = *PBI_TIMING0; RMuint32 pbi_timing1 = *PBI_TIMING1; RMuint32 pbi_timing2 = *PBI_TIMING2; RMuint32 pbi_timing3 = *PBI_TIMING3; RMuint32 pbi_timing5 = *PBI_TIMING5; RMuint32 pbi_timing5 = *PBI_TIMING5; RMuint32 pbi_timing5 = *PBI_TIMING5; RMuint32 pbi_use_timing0 = *PBI_USE_TIMING0; RMuint32 pbi_use_timing1 = *PBI_USE_TIMING1; RMuint32 pbi_use_timing2 = *PBI_USE_TIMING2; RMuint32 pbi_use_timing3 = *PBI_USE_TIMING3; RMuint32 pbi_use_timing4 = *PBI_USE_TIMING4; RMuint32 pbi_use_timing5 = *PBI_USE_TIMING5; RMuint32 pbi_default_timing = *PBI_DEFAULT_TIMING; RMuint32 pbi_cs_config = *PBI_CS_CONFIG; // configure CS2, CS3 to be 16bit, packed, non-ide, Address/Data lines not muxed, use IOrdy pbi_cs_config &= ~0xCCCCC; pbi_cs_config |= 0x000C0; *PBI_CS_CONFIG = pbi_cs_config; // what is the proper value for flash memory? RMuint32 Ta, Tb, Tc, Td, timing, sysclk; sysclk = 3003; // XXX hard coded to 300MHz Ta = sysclk * 0 / 10000 + 1; Tb = sysclk * 0 / 10000 + 1; Tc = sysclk * 50 / 10000 + 1; Td = sysclk * 70 / 10000 + 1; // on the safe side? Ta = sysclk * 200 / 10000 + 1; Tb = sysclk * 200 / 10000 + 1; Tc = sysclk * 200 / 10000 + 1; Td = sysclk * 200 / 10000 + 1; timing = (Ta << 0) | (Tb << 8) | (Tc << 16) | (Td << 24);

}

```
void g_WritePFlashInfo2(DWORD nAddress,LPTSTR sFileName,HWND hWnd)
{
    RMuint32 FlashBaseAddress;
    RMuint32 FlashAddress;
    RMuint32 flashsize;
    RMuint32 dFilesize=0;
    char
             chTemp[4], chFileName[256];
             nTemp
    DWORD
             b=FALSE;
    BOOL
    for(nTemp=0;nTemp < (DWORD)lstrlen(sFileName);nTemp++)</pre>
        sprintf(chTemp,"%c",sFileName[nTemp]);
        if(nTemp == 0)
        {
             strcpy(chFileName,chTemp);
        }
        else
        {
             strcat(chFileName,chTemp);
        }
    }
    setup_pbi ();
    allocate 64MB of virtual space to map the flash into
11
    volatile RMuint8 *pVirtualAddress = (volatile RMuint8 *)VirtualAlloc (0, 1024*1024*64,
MEM_RESERVE, PAGE_NOACCESS);
    if (pVirtualAddress != NULL)
    {
        // CS2 @ 0x48000000
        // use the MMU to map 0x48000000 to this memory
        ASSERT (b == TRUE);
        if (b == FALSE)
        {
             VirtualFree ((PVOID)pVirtualAddress, 0, MEM_RELEASE);
             return:
        // copy the next 32MB
        b = VirtualCopy ((PVOID)(pVirtualAddress + 1024*1024*32),
(PVOID)(0x4A000000 >> 8),
             1024*1024*32, PAGE_PHYSICAL | PAGE_READWRITE | PAGE_NOCACHE);
        ASSERT (b == TRUÉ);
        if (b == FALSE)
        {
             VirtualFree ((PVOID)pVirtualAddress, 0, MEM_RELEASE);
             return;
        }
    }
    else
    {
        ASSERT (0);
        RETAILMSG(1, (TEXT("Can't allocate 64M virtual space!\n")));
        return;
    }
    FlashBaseAddress = (RMuint32)pVirtualAddress;
    RETAILMSG(1, (TEXT("Flash base address is %08lx:\n"),FlashBaseAddress));
    RETAILMSG(1, (TEXT("cfi_query_parameters @ %08lx:\n"),0x48000000));
    flashsize = cfi_query_parameters (FlashBaseAddress);
RETAILMSG(1, (TEXT("Flash size is %08lx:\n"),flashsize));
```

```
switch(nAddress)
    {
         case 0:
             FlashAddress=(RMuint32)pVirtualAddress + CENKADDRESS;
             break;
         case 1:
             FlashAddress=(RMuint32)pVirtualAddress + BOOTADDRESS;
             break;
         case 2:
         default:
             RETAILMSG(1, (TEXT("Can't write this address In this version!")));
             VirtualFree ((PVOID)pVirtualAddress, 0, MEM_RELEASE);
             return;
    }
    RETAILMSG(1, (TEXT("Write Flash Address from @ %08lx:\n"),FlashAddress));
    if (flashsize)
    {
         FILE *f = fopen(chFileName, "rb");
                                                  //Open the bin file
         if(f == NULL)
         {
             RETAILMSG(1, (TEXT("Can't Open the file!\n")));
VirtualFree ((PVOID)pVirtualAddress, 0, MEM_RELEASE);
             return;
         fseek( f, 0, SEEK_END);
                                   //Seek to end and get the file size
         dFilesize=ftell(f);
         RETAILMSG(1, (TEXT("File size is %d bytes!\n"),dFilesize));
                                         //Seek to the begin
         fseek( f, 0, SEEK_SET);
         RMint32 sectorlength;
         sectorlength = cfi_query_first_sector_length ();
         RETAILMSG(1, (TEXT("Fist regions' sector length is %08lx:\n"),sectorlength));
    //128K for each sector
         dProgess_old=0;
         dProgess=0;
         numread=0;
         readCounts=0:
         while( !feof( f))
             if(g_bWriteOK == 1)
                  RETAILMSG(1, (TEXT("Begin read file...!\n")));
                  numread = fread( p_data, 1, sectorlength, f );
                  if(numread)
                  {
                       RETAILMSG(1, (TEXT("Read one sector file... OK!\n")));
                       //Check the update progress
                       readCounts=readCounts + numread;
                       dProgess=(readCounts / (dFilesize / 100));
                       RETAILMSG(1, (TEXT("Read fiile %d %%\n"),dProgess));
                       memcpy (p_data + numread, (RMuint8 *)FlashAddress + numread,
sectorlength - numread);
                       RETAILMSG(1, (TEXT("memcpy ok!\n")));
                       switch(nAddress)
                       {
                           case 0://NK.bin
                                                            0x400000
                                RETAILMSG(1, (TEXT("Write NK.bin!\n")));
                                //FlashAddress - (RMuint32)pVirtualAddress
                                cfi_erase (FlashBaseAddress, (FlashAddress -
(RMuint32)pVirtualAddress), sectorlength)
                                RETAILMSG(1, (TEXT("Erase OK!\n")));
```

```
cfi write (FlashBaseAddress, (FlashAddress -
(RMuint32)pVirtualAddress), sectorlength, p_data);
                               break;
                           case 1://Bootloader
                                                          0x0
                               RETAILMSG(1, (TEXT("Write Bootloader!\n")));
                               cfi_erase (FlashBaseAddress, (FlashAddress
(RMuint32)pVirtualAddress), sectorlength);
                               RETAILMSG(1, (TEXT("Erase OK!\n")));
                               cfi_erase (FlashBaseAddress, (FlashAddress -
(RMuint32)pVirtualAddress), sectorlength);
                               break;
                           case 2:
                               break;
                           case 3:
                               break;
                           case 4:
                               break;
                      }
                      FlashAddress=FlashAddress + numread;
                      RETAILMSG(1, (TEXT("Next Flash Address: @
%08lx\n"),FlashAddress));
                      sectorlength = cfi_query_first_sector_length ();
                      RETAILMSG(1, (TEXT("Fist regions' sector length is
%08lx:\n"),sectorlength)); //128K for each sector
                      if(dProgess_old != dProgess)
                      ł
                           dProgess old=dProgess;
                      }
                  }
             }
         }
         RETAILMSG(1, (TEXT("Read all file End!\n")));
         fclose (f);
    VirtualFree ((PVOID)pVirtualAddress, 0, MEM_RELEASE);
}
         5.Run ship mode NK.bin on a Vantage SMP8634 board(This information is about
Vantage SMP8634 board only, if you use Envision SMP8634 board, you can ignore it.)
             a. If you use a Vantage SMP8634 board to be developed platform, please make
```

sure you have a MINI PCI RTL8100 Ethernet card to be debug and boot device. b. SMP8634 ETH device can't work with VMINI mode, so it can't be a boot device or a debug device.

c. With the default setting for Vantage board, the Debug device is NULL, if you set SMP8634 ETH to be the Debug Device, wince system will not load it as a Ethernet device, so you must set it back to NULL.

d. In default CE boot loader Menu, you can't set the Debug device to NULL, you must do as follow steps,

1) Add a RTL8100 MINI PCI Ethernet card to Vantage board, set it to be Debug Device in CE boot loader Main Menu, save the setting

2) Remove the MINI PCI Ethernet card from vantage board, reboot the board, you will found the Debug device is set to NULL

e. The MINI PCI RTL8100 Ethernet is very important for Vantage SMP8634 development platform.

4) How to make application for SMP8634 wince system
 A) Made the SDK of current CE project
 1. Use "Platform----SDK----New SDK " Menu command to open the

1. Use "Platform----SDK----New SDK..." Menu command to open the "SDK Wizard" dialog, use the wizard make a SDK for current CE project step by step

SDE TITALU		
	Welcome to the SDK Wizard	
	This wirard guides you through the process of configuring a software development kit (SDK) for your custom Windows CE-based platform. When you build an SDK, Platform Builder creates a Microsoft Windows Installer (msi) file. In this wirard, you provide information that the .msi file requires. You also select one or more development languages for the SDK. After you Independent software developers can install your SDK and then use application development tools to create applications for your platform. To continue, click Next.	
	<上一步 B) 下一步 W) 取消 帮助	
	<pic43></pic43>	
SDK Tizard		x
Product Properties Provide information	to uniquely identify your SDK.	

Product Properties Provide information to uniquely identify your SDK.
The .msi file for the SDK requires the following information:
Product name that is displayed when .msi file
SMP8634V102
Manufacturer name:
SD
Locale
U.S. English
Product varian (format: 00.00.0000)
Major: 5 Minor: 0 Build: 0
< <u><上</u> 一步 (3) 下一步 (2) > 取消 帮助 帮助

<pic44>



<pic45>

2. Use "Platform----SDK----Build SDK..." Menu command to open the "SDK Wizard" dialog, use the wizard to build the SDK

Tizard						
Building Pleas MSI f:	Your SDK wait while y le constructi	our SDK is on is compi	being built. lete.	Click D	one when	the
ibbe	De D:\WINCESO	0\PBWorksp	aces\SMP8634V	102/SDK/S	MP8634V102	2\Helm\▲
addi addi addi	ng D:\WINCE50 ng D:\WINCE50 ng D:\WINCE50	O\PBWorksp O\PBWorksp O\PBWorksp	aces\SMP8634V aces\SMP8634V aces\SMP8634V	102\SDK\S 102\SDK\S 102\SDK\S	MP8634V102 MP8634V102 MP8634V102	2\Help\ 2\help\ 2\MSMar
Completed	successfully					
Committir	g database ch	anges				
MSI file	construction	completed.	O error(s),	0 warnin	g(s).	
Export SI	K to: D:\WINC	E500\PBWorl	kspaces\SMP86	34V102\SD	K\SMP86341	/102_SI
•						
-SDK expo D:\WINCE	rted to: 500\PBWorkspa	ces\SMP8634	V102\SDK\SMP8	634V102_5	SDK. msi	
			Done		取消	帮助
		<	<pic46></pic46>			

B) Install the SDK to PC

You can get the SDK in "\WINCE500\PBWorkspace\(your CE project name)\SDK" directory, install it to your PC system.



<pic47>
C) Use EVC++4.0 with SP4 to make application
FYI Microsoft MSDN

```
5) How to test the SMP8634 wince feature
    A) SMP8634 ETH
         1. Set the IP address for SMP8634 ETH device
    Open the platform.reg file of CE project, add follow settings before "ENDIF
BSP_SMP863X_MAC86XX" line
 [HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\Comm\MAC86XX1\Parms\TcpIp]
"EnableDHCP"=dword:0
;For 060920_KB924785
"AutoTimeout"=dword:3E8
"DefaultGateway"="192.168.1.93"
"LLInterface"=""
"UseZeroBroadcast"=dword:0
"IpAddress"="192.168.1.250"
"Subnetmask"="255.255.255.0"
"DNS"=multi sz:"202.96.128.166","202.96.134.133"
         2. SMP8634 ETH device speed
    FTP download: 1440 K Bytes/S
    HTTP get buffer: 42M Bits/s
         3. Set MAC address
         a. For bootloader
    The MAC address is defined in Smp863x\Src\Libs\Board_callbacks\sigma_STB.c file, as
follow value
BYTE gbPermanentMacAddress[6] = { 0x10,0x00,0x00,0x04,0x05,0x06 };
Or Build with the void BCLBK_GetMAS_Address(UINT16 mac[3]) function
    If you change the value or function, please rebuild bootloader, and update the boot.nb0
         b. For SMP863X MAC device of kernel
    Modify the follow function in smp863x ndis.c, rebuild MAC driver project and kernel
    NDIS_STATUS SMP863x_Eth_Initialize (
OUT PNDIS_STATUS OpenErrorStatus,
        OUT PUINT SelectedMediumIndex,
        IN PNDIS_MEDIUM MediumArray,
        IN UINT MediumArraySize,
IN NDIS_HANDLE MiniportAdapterHandle,
        IN NDIS_HANDLE WrapperConfigurationContext
    )
{
         ULONG i:
         NDIS_STATUS Status;
         PSMP863X_ADAPTER Adapter
        PNDIS_PACKET Packet;
        PNDIS_BUFFER NdisBuffer;
ULONG VA;
         DWORD hi_mac, low_mac;
         DEBUGMSG (1, (TEXT("SMP863x_Eth_Initialize\r\n")));
        // Search for the medium type (802.3) in the given array.
        // Support 802.3 only
        for (i=0; i<MediumArraySize; i++)</pre>
        {
            if (MediumArray[i] == NdisMedium802_3)
            {
                break;
            }
        if (i == MediumArraySize)
            return NDIS STATUS UNSUPPORTED MEDIA;
        *SelectedMediumIndex = i;
        if (Status != NDIS_STATUS_SUCCESS)
        {
```

return (Status); NdisZeroMemory (Adapter, sizeof(SMP863X_ADAPTER)); Adapter->MiniportAdapterHandle = MiniportAdapterHandle; NdisMSetAttributesEx (Adapter->MiniportAdapterHandle, (NDIS_HANDLE)Adapter, Ò. NDIS_ATTRIBUTE_BUS_MASTER | NDIS ATTRIBUTE DESERIALIZE /*NDIS_ATTRIBUTE_ALWAYS_GIVES_RX_PACKET_OWNERSHIP |*/ NDIS_ATTRIBUTE_NO_HALT_ON_SUSPEND, 0); InitializeCriticalSection (&Adapter->Lock); Adapter->NumMulticastAddressesInUse = -1; // disable interrupts em86xx_write_reg (EM86XX_IER_REG, 0); // allocate memory for rx descriptors NdisMAllocateSharedMemory (Adapter->MiniportAdapterHandle, N_RX_DESC * sizeof (em86xx_desc), FALSE, &Adapter->pRxDesc, &Adapter->PhysAddrOfRxDesc); RETAILMSG ((Adapter->pRxDesc == 0), (TEXT("MAC863x: NdisMAllocateSharedMemory (RxDesc) failed!\r\n"))); // allocate memory for rx buffers NdisMAllocateSharedMemory (Adapter->MiniportAdapterHandle, N_RX_DESC * RX_BUF_SIZE_PER_DESC, FALSE, &Adapter->pRxBuffer, &Adapter->PhysAddrRxBuffer); RETAILMSG ((Adapter->pRxBuffer == 0), (TEXT("MAC863x: NdisMAllocateSharedMemory (RxBuffer) failed!\r\n"))); // allocate memory for tx descriptors NdisMAllocateSharedMemory (Adapter->MiniportAdapterHandle, N_TX_DESC * sizeof (em86xx_desc), FALSE, &Adapter->pTxDesc, &Adapter->PhysAddrOfTxDesc); RETAILMSG ((Adapter->pTxDesc == 0), (TEXT("MAC863x: NdisMAllocateSharedMemory (TxDesc) failed!\r\n"))); // allocate memory for tx buffers NdisMAllocateSharedMemory (Adapter->MiniportAdapterHandle, N_TX_DESC * TX_BUF_SIZE_PER_DESC, FALSE, &Adapter->pTxBuffer, &Adapter->PhysAddrTxBuffer); RETAILMSG ((Adapter->pTxBuffer == 0), (TEXT("MAC863x: NdisMAllocateSharedMemory (TxBuffer) failed!\r\n"))); // Use NdisGetPhysicalAddressLow to get the lower 32 bits of the physical address // allocate memory for rx packets NdisAllocatePacketPool (&Status, &Adapter->RxPacketPool, N_RX_DESC, PROTOCOL_RESERVED_SIZE_IN_PACKET); RETAILMSG ((Status != NDIS_STATUS_SUCCESS), (TEXT("MAC863x: NdisAllocatePacketPool (RxPacketPool) failed!\r\n"))); ASSERT (Status == NDIS_STATUS_SUCCESS); NdisAllocateBufferPool (&Status, &Adapter->RxBufferPool, N_RX_DESC);

```
RETAILMSG ((Status != NDIS_STATUS_SUCCESS), (TEXT("MAC863x:
NdisAllocateBufferPool (RxBufferPool) failed!\r\n")));
         ASSERT (Status == NDIS_STATUS_SUCCESS);
         VA = (ULONG)Adapter -> pRxBuffer;
        for (i=0; i < N RX DESC; i++)
        {
            NdisAllocatePacket (&Status, &Packet, Adapter->RxPacketPool);
RETAILMSG ((Status != NDIS_STATUS_SUCCESS), (TEXT("MAC863x:
NdisAllocatePacket (RxPacketPool) failed!\r\n")));
            ASSERT (Status == NDIS_STATUS_SUCCESS);
            NDIS_SET_PACKET_HEADER_SIZE (Packet, 14);
            NdisAllocateBuffer (&Status, &NdisBuffer, Adapter->RxBufferPool, (PVOID)VA,
RX BUF SIZE PER DESC);
             RETAILMSG ((Status != NDIS_STATUS_SUCCESS), (TEXT("MAC863x:
NdisAllocateBuffer (RxPacketPool) failed!\r\n")));
            ASSERT (Status == NDIS_STATUS_SUCCESS);
              VA += RX_BUF_SIZE_PER_DESC;
            NdisChainBufferAtFront (Packet, NdisBuffer);
              Adapter->RxPackets[i] = Packet;
        }
         // initialize the descriptors
         em86xx_eth_reset_desc (Adapter);
         hi mac = em86xx read reg (EM86XX MACAHR REG);
         low_mac = em86xx_read_reg (EM86XX_MACALR_REG);
         RETAILMSG (1, (TEXT("MAC863X: hi_mac = %08lx, low_mac = %08lx\r\n"),
hi_mac, low_mac));
         if (((hi_mac & 0xffff) == 0xffffffff) ||
              (low_mac == 0xfffffff))
              // here is the preferred method to get a MAC address
              // Sigma Designs ID is 00-16-e8
              // the last 48 bits we get from the serial number of the chip
              // the serial number is found by querying XOS
              11
             // use Sigma MAC address
             // use the rxbuffer to get the serial number
#define XRPC_ID_GETSERIAL 0
XRPC_HEADER_BLOCK *pB = (XRPC_HEADER_BLOCK *)Adapter->pRxBuffer;
    /*
              DWORD base_addr = (DWORD)NdisGetPhysicalAddressLow
(Adapter->PhysAddrRxBuffer);
             pB->xrpcid = XRPC_ID_GETSERIAL;
RETAILMSG (1, (TEXT("base_addr = %d\r\n"), base_addr));
                                                                              //mike*/
              XRPC HEADER BLOCK *pB = (XRPC HEADER BLOCK *)Adapter->pRxBuffer;
              DWORD base_addr = 0;
              base_addr = (DWORD)NdisGetPhysicalAddressLow
(Adapter->PhysAddrRxBuffer);
              RETAILMSG (1, (TEXT("base_addr = %d\r\n"), base_addr));
                                                                              //mike
              pB->xrpcid = XRPC_ID_GETSERIAL;
              pB -> param0 = 0;
              pB -> param1 = 0;
              pB -> param2 = 0;
              pB -> param3 = 0;
              pB -> param4 = 0;
              pB->headerandblocksize = sizeof(XRPC_HEADER_BLOCK);
              if (do_xrpc (0, base_addr))
              {
```

```
RETAILMSG (1, (TEXT("MAC863X: serial# =
%08lx%08lx%08lx\r\n"),
                      pB->param3,
                      pB->param2,
                      pB->param1,
                      pB->param0));
                  Adapter->CurrentAddress[3] = Adapter->PermanentAddress[3] =
(BYTE)(pB->param3 >> 16);
                  Adapter->CurrentAddress[4] = Adapter->PermanentAddress[4] =
(BYTE)(pB->param3 >> 8);
                  Adapter->CurrentAddress[5] = Adapter->PermanentAddress[5] =
(BYTE)(pB->param3 >> 0);
             else
              {
                  RETAILMSG (1, (TEXT("MAC863X: XRPC_ID_GETSERIAL failed!\r\n")));
                 Adapter->CurrentAddress[3] = Adapter->PermanentAddress[3] = 0x00;
Adapter->CurrentAddress[4] = Adapter->PermanentAddress[4] = 0x04;
                  Adapter->CurrentAddress[5] = Adapter->PermanentAddress[5] = 0x10;
             Adapter->CurrentAddress[2] = Adapter->PermanentAddress[2] = 0xe8;
Adapter->CurrentAddress[1] = Adapter->PermanentAddress[1] = 0x16;
             Adapter->CurrentAddress[0] = Adapter->PermanentAddress[0] = 0x00;
             RETAILMSG (1, (TEXT("MAC863X: Using Sigma MAC address:
%02x-%02x-%02x-%02x-%02x-%02x\r\n"),
                  (BYTE)Adapter->CurrentAddress[0],
                  (BYTE)Adapter->CurrentAddress[1],
                  (BYTE)Adapter->CurrentAddress[2],
                  (BYTE)Adapter->CurrentAddress[3],
                  (BYTE)Adapter->CurrentAddress[4],
                  (BYTE)Adapter->CurrentAddress[5]
                  ));
         else
             RETAILMSG (1, (TEXT("MAC863X: Using pre-programmed MAC address:
%02x-%02x-%02x-%02x-%02x-%02x\r\n"),
                  (BYTE)(hi_mac >> 8),
                  (BYTE)(hi_mac),
(BYTE)(low_mac >> 24),
                  (BYTE)(low_mac >> 16),
                  (BYTE)(low_mac >> 8)
                  (BYTE)(low_mac)
                  )):
             // use the one already programmed
             Adapter->CurrentAddress[0] = Adapter->PermanentAddress[0] =
(BYTE)(low mac);
             Adapter->CurrentAddress[1] = Adapter->PermanentAddress[1] =
(BYTE)(low_mac >> 8);
             Adapter->CurrentAddress[2] = Adapter->PermanentAddress[2] =
(BYTE)(low_mac >> 16);
             Adapter->CurrentAddress[3] = Adapter->PermanentAddress[3] =
(BYTE)(low_mac >> 24);
             Adapter->CurrentAddress[4] = Adapter->PermanentAddress[4] =
(BYTE)(hi_mac);
             Adapter->CurrentAddress[5] = Adapter->PermanentAddress[5] =
(BYTE)(hi_mac >> 8);
         }
         // initialize nic
         em86xx_eth_hw_init (Adapter);
         // hook interrupt
         Status = NdisMRegisterInterrupt (
             &Adapter->Interrupt,
             Adapter->MiniportAdapterHandle,
```

```
38,
             38,
            TRUE,
                          // RequestISR
             FALSE.
                          // SharedInterrupt
             NdisInterruptLevelSensitive
        );
        ASSERT (Status == NDIS_STATUS_SUCCESS);
        // enable interrupts
        em86xx_write_reg (EM86XX_IER_REG, ETH_IRQ_FLAGS);
        // check link status
        if (phy_is_connected ((void *)Adapter))
        {
             Adapter->LinkConnection = NDIS STATUS MEDIA CONNECT;
        }
       else
        {
             Adapter->LinkConnection = NDIS_STATUS_MEDIA_DISCONNECT;
        }
        NdisInitializeTimer (&Adapter->Timer, SMP863x_Timer, Adapter);
        NdisSetTimer (&Adapter->Timer, 1000);
    #if 0
        Adapter->DebugThread = CreateThread (
            0,
            0,
            (LPTHREAD_START_ROUTINE)EthDebugThread,
            (LPVOID)Adapter,
            0.
            NULL);
    #endif
        return NDIS_STATUS_SUCCESS;
    }
    B) SMP8634 USB
        1. Modify registry setting for SMP8634 USB device
    Open the platform.reg file of CE project, find follow settings
 @CESYSGEN IF CE_MODULES_USBD
[HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\Drivers\BuiltIn\EHCI86XX]
  "Prefix"="HCD"
  "DII"="ehci86xx.dll"
"IsrDII"="giisr.dll"
  "IsrHandler"="ISRHandler"
  "PhysicalMemoryAddress"=dword:23C00000
  "PhysicalMemoryLength"=dword:00400000
[HKEY LOCAL MACHINE\Drivers\BuiltIn\OHCI86XX]
  "Prefix"="HCD"
"DII"="ohci86xx.dll"
  "Order"=dword:2
  "Class"=dword:0c
  "SubClass"=dword:03
  "ProgIF"=dword:10
"IsrDII"="giisr.dll"
  "IsrHandler"="ISRHandler'
  "HcdCapability"=dword:5
                                ;HCD_SUSPEND_ON_REQUEST|HCD_SUSPEND_RESUME
 @CESYSGEN ENDIF CE_MODULES_USBD
    Or
 @CESYSGEN IF CE MODULES USBD
[HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\Drivers\BuiltIn\EHCI86XX]
  "Prefix"="HCD"
  "DII"="ehci86xx.dll"
  "Order"=dword:2
  "IsrDll"="giisr.dll'
  "IsrHandler"="ISRHandler"
  "HcdCapability"=dword:4
                                ;HCD_SUSPEND_ON_REQUEST
```

"PhysicalMemoryAddress"=dword:23C00000 "PhysicalMemoryLength"=dword:00400000 [HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\Drivers\BuiltIn\OHCI86XX] "Prefix"="HCD" "DII"="ohci86xx.dll" "Order"=dword:2 "IsrDll"="giisr.dll" "IsrHandler"="ISRHandler" "HcdCapability"=dword:5 ;HCD_SUSPEND_ON_REQUEST | HCD_SUSPEND_RESUME ; @CESYSGEN ENDIF CE MODULES USBD

Make sure these code is OK.

2. USB storage device speed(Test with SAMSUNG 40G USB HDD) RevA/RevB/ES6/Es7 version chip Read only ---- 25834000 bps, about 3229250 bytes/s Write only ---- 13640000 bps, about 1705000 bytes/s

RevC/ES9 version chip

Read only ---- 83736000 bps, about 10467000 bytes/s Write only ---- 45088000 bps, about 5636000 bytes/s

3. For the RevA/RevB/ES6/ES7 version SMP8634 chip, the speed of two USB port is different, the above one is USB1.1 only, the under-port is USB2.0.

If link two USB device to the two USB ports and boot up the SMP8634 board, the above one USB port may lost power, it must be reconnect.

For the RevC/ES9 version SMP8634 chip, the speed of two USB are all USB2.0 Link the low speed USB device(USB mouse/keyboard) to under-port, high speed

USB device(USB disk/HDD) to above-port and boot up the SMP8634 board, the power of two USB ports is no problem.

4. Set the memory of USB EHCI device to DDR0,

"PhysicalMemoryAddress"=dword:10202800 "PhysicalMemoryLength"=dword:00100000

Reserve the part memory in config.bib

GLOBAL

_MEM 90202800 00100000 RESERVED ; 1MB USB This setting can upgrade the speed of USB port, but it will slow down the speed of SMP8634 MAC Ethernet, the speed will down to 7M bits/s.

5. Support USB host only

C) SMP8634 ATAPI

1. HDD supported

Recommend 160G big size, must be Microsoft FAT32 partition

2. HDD speed(default setting and function)

Read only ---- 69198000 bps) about 8649750 bytes/s

Write only ---- 58032000 bps, about 7254000 bytes/s

3. How to up HDD speed

Use "HalAllocateCommonBuffer" function to allocate physically contiguous memory for transfer

4. SMP8634 support 2 states IDE device, primary master and primary slave, the DMA mode is for primary master HDD only.

5. Link one DVD-ROM and one HDD to IDE port at one time

Set HDD to Master mode, set DVD-ROM to Slave mode, modify IDE registry setting in platform.reg as follow sample,

[Η	KEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\Drivers\BuiltIn\bsp_atapi\Device0]
	"IClass"=multi_sz:"{A4E7EDDA-E575-4252-9D6B-4195D48BB865}"
	"Prefix"="DSK"
	"DII"="smp863x_atapi.dll"
	"InterruptDriven"=dword:01 ; enable interrupt driven I/O
	"DMA"=dword:0
	"DoubleBufferSize"=dword:10000 ; 128 sector (65536 byte) double buffer
	"DrqDataBlockSize"=dword:0 ; 1 sector (512 byte) DRQ data block - NOT USED
	"WriteCache"=dword:01 ; enable on-disk write cache
	"LookAhead"=dword:01 ; enable on-disk look-ahead
	"DeviceId"=dword:00 ; device 0, i.e., primary master
	;[7:3][2:0] [type of transfer][mode] [view as a byte]





E) SMP8634 IR remote control Please add BSP_SMP863X_IR=1 to CE project. Follow sample code shows how to add IR remoter control to your application.

#include <commctrl.h>
#include <oal.h>
#include "bsp_ir.h"

#define MAX_LOADSTRING 100

// Global Variables:

typedef unsigned long RMuint32;

//About IR port HANDLE HANDLE static BOOL

g_hIR; //handel of IR g_hGetIRThread; g_bGetReady;

HANDLE g_OpenIRD(); DWORD g_GetIRD(HANDLE); BOOL g_CloseIRD(HANDLE);

UINT SDMC_GetIRInputThread();

// Forward declarations of functions included in this code module:

hAccelTable = LoadAccelerators(hInstance, (LPCTSTR)IDC_SMP8634IRDEMO);

```
DWORD dwThreadID:
    //Start Remote Control
    g_hIR=g_OpenIRD(); //Initialize IR Port
    g bGetReady=TRUE;
    if(g_hIR == FALSE)
#ifder DEBUG_MODE
        OutputDebugString (TEXT("Can't Open IR Port!\n"));
#endif
        g_bGetReady=FALSE;
    }
    else
    {
        g_hGetIRThread = CreateThread(NULL,
                                  2048,
(LPTHREAD START ROUTINE)SDMC GetIRInputThread,
                                  (LPVOID)0,
                                  0.
                                  &dwThreadID);
        if(g_hGetIRThread != NULL)
#ifdef DEBUG MODE
             OutputDebugString (TEXT("Create thread!\n"));
#endif
            SetThreadPriority(g_hGetIRThread,THREAD_PRIORITY_LOWEST);
        }
        else
        {
             g_bGetReady=FALSE;
        }
    }
    // Main message loop:
    while (GetMessage(&msg, NULL, 0, 0))
    {
        if (!TranslateAccelerator(msg.hwnd, hAccelTable, &msg))
        {
             TranslateMessage(&msg);
             DispatchMessage(&msg);
        }
    }
    return msg.wParam;
}
.....
HANDLE g_OpenIRD()
    HANDLE hIRD = CreateFile(TEXT("IRD1:"),
        GENERIC_READ | GENERIC_WRITE,
        0,
        NULL,
        OPEN_EXISTING,
        FILE_ATTRIBUTE_NORMAL,
        NULL);
    if (!hIRD || hIRD==INVALID_HANDLE_VALUE)
        OutputDebugString (TEXT("IRD device was not found!\n"));
        return NULL;
    }
    else
    {
        OutputDebugString (TEXT("IRD device was found!\n"));
        return hIRD;
    }
```

```
SIGMA DESIGNS"
       BOOL g_CloseIRD(HANDLE hIRD)
       {
            CloseHandle((HANDLE)hIRD);
            return TRUE;
       }
       DWORD g_GetIRD(HANDLE hIRD)
        ł
           RMuint32 dummy;
           BOOL
                         bResult=FALSE;
            DWORD
                         dTime=1000;
                         dKey=0;
            DWORD
            bResult = DeviceIoControl((HANDLE)hIRD, IOCTL_IR_READ_KEY, &dTime,
   sizeof(dTime), &dKey, sizeof(dKey), &dummy, NULL);
            if (!bResult )
            {
       11
                RETAILMSG(1, (L"IOCTL_IR_READ_KEY failed (0x%X)\n",GetLastError()));
            }
            else
            Ł
                RETAILMSG (1, (TEXT("IR key pressed: %lu\r\n"), dKey));
       11
            return dKey;
       }
       UINT SDMC_GetIRInputThread()
       //my code
            HWND hwndControl;
            DWORD nSymbol=0;
            TCHAR chTemp[MAX_LOADSTRING]=TEXT("");
            RECT
                    rt;
            OutputDebugString (TEXT("Thread Begin!\n"));
            while(g bGetReady && g hIR)
                nSymbol=g_GetIRD(g_hIR);
                if(nSymbol !=0)
                {
                    OutputDebugString (TEXT("IR Input!\n"));
wsprintf(chTemp,TEXT("%lu"),nSymbol);
OutputDebugString(chTemp);
                    hwndControl=GetForegroundWindow();
                     SetWindowText(hwndControl,chTemp);
                    GetClientRect(hwndControl, &rt);
                     DrawText(GetDC(hwndControl), chTemp, _tcslen(chTemp), &rt,
   DT_SINGLELINE | DT_VCENTER | DT_CENTER);
            }
            OutputDebugString(TEXT("Thread End!\n"));
            return 0;
       F) SMP8634 I2C (I2C Slave)
            This is an open source project. It is based on Gbus I/O API.
            1. DLL

 a. Bsp_i2c.dll(bsp_i2c.lib)
```

```
b. I2C iisr.dll
          2. Library
               Bsp_i2c_lib.lib
          Test application
               i2c test.exe
     extern "C"{
     #include <bsp.h>
     #include "bsp_i2c.h"
     }
     int usage(int line)
     {
          RETAILMSG(1, (L"\n"));
RETAILMSG(1, (L"usage: i2c_test -b <devaddr> [-r] [-c] [-m] [-1]\n")); //mike
          RETAILMSG(1, (L" -b i2c device address\n"));
          RETAILMSG(1, (L" -r i2c register address\n"));
RETAILMSG(1, (L" -m registers count. Default: if -r present=1, else 255 \n"));
RETAILMSG(1, (L" -c i2c clock divider,100000 normal(default),400000 fast \n"
RETAILMSG(1, (L" -l list all i2c address \n")); //mike
                                    i2c clock divider,100000 normal(default),400000 fast \n"));
          RETAILMSG(1, (L"\n"));
          return line;
     }
     int main(int argc, char**argv)
     ł
          BYTE reg=0, i2c_dev_addr, i2c_reg_addr=0;
          BOOL ret;
          if (argc < 2)
          {
               return usage(__LINE__);
          }
          RMuint32 hi2c = BSP_I2C_Open(),k,first_reg=0,max = 256,i2c_clk_div=400000;
          if (!hi2c)
          {
               RETAILMSG(1, (L"BSP_I2C_Open() FAILED\n"));
               return __LINE__
          }
          DWORD dList=0,*dShow;
          dShow = (DWORD *)malloc( max );
          if(argc == 2) //mike
               if (argv[1][1]=='l')
               {
                    for(dList =0;dList < max;dList ++)</pre>
                     Ł
                          ret = BSP_I2C_Read(hi2c,dList,0x00,&reg,1);
                         if(ret)
                          {
                               dShow[dList]=1;
                         }
                         else
                          {
                               dShow[dList]=0;
                         }
                    }
                    RETAILMSG(1, (L"I2C Device List: \n"));
                    RETAILMSG(1, (L" 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 A B C D E F \n"));
                    for(dList = 0; dList < max; dList = dList + 16)
                     {
                          RETAILMSG(1, (L"%X: %d %d
%d %d %d %d %d", (dList / 16), dShow[dList + 0],dShow[dList + 1],dShow[dList +
2],dShow[dList + 3],dShow[dList + 4],dShow[dList + 5],dShow[dList + 6],dShow[dList +
```

```
7],dShow[dList + 8],dShow[dList + 9],dShow[dList + 10],dShow[dList + 11],dShow[dList +
12],dShow[dList + 13],dShow[dList + 14],dShow[dList + 15] ));
                 }
             }
        }
        else
        {
             for(k=0;k<(RMuint32)argc;k++)</pre>
             {
                 if (!k) continue;
                 DWORD arg;
                 if (k+1 \ge (RMuint32)argc)
                      return usage(__LINE__);
                 }
                 if (argv[k+1][1]=='x')
                      sscanf(argv[k+1],"%x",&arg);
                 else
                      sscanf(argv[k+1],"%d",&arg);
                 if (argv[k][1]=='b')
                      i2c_dev_addr = (BYTE)arg;
                  }else if(argv[k][1]=='r')
                      i2c_reg_addr = (BYTE)arg;
                      first_reg=i2c_reg_addr;
                      if (max==256) max=1;
                  }else if(argv[k][1]=='c')
                      i2c_clk_div=arg;
                  }else if(argv[k][1]=='m')
                      max = arg;
                 k++;
             }
             BSP_I2C_SetSpeed(hi2c,i2c_clk_div);
             max += first_reg;
             dList=first_reg;
             for (;first_reg < max;first_reg++,i2c_reg_addr++)</pre>
             {
                 ret = BSP_I2C_Read(hi2c,i2c_dev_addr,i2c_reg_addr,&reg,1);
                 if(max == 256 && dList == 0) //mike
                      if(ret)
                      {
                          dShow[first_reg]=reg;
                      }
                      else
                      {
                          dShow[first_reg]=0xff;
                      }
                 }
             }
             if(max == 256) //mike
                 RETAILMSG(1, (L"I2C 0x%X Device Sub Address Value List: \n",
i2c_dev_addr));
                 RETAILMSG(1, (L"
                                      0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 A B C D E F
\n"));
```

for(dList = 0; dList < max; dList = dList + 16){ 14],dShow[dList + 15]); } } } free(dShow);
BSP_I2C_Close(hi2c); return ret; } G) SMP8634 Smart Card reader H) SMP8634 COM serial test_serial.exe I) SMP8634 DDI 1. DirectDraw Sample CEdshow **CEDshow Sample Application** _____

CEdshow is the sample application that shows how to use the multimedia driver APIs such as driver escapes, alpha blending, DirectDraw, hardware demux, etc.

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Sigma Designs won't provide any supports of using this source code.

2. Set UI to a save TV position Find follow setting in platform reg	file,
"OutputPosX"=dword:0	utput window position x
"OutputPosY"=dword:0	Itput window position v
"OutputPosWidth"=dword:1000	output window position width
"OutputPosHeight"=dword:1000	output window position height
Modify them as follow sample	
"OutputPosX"=dword:120 :	output window position x
"OutputPosY"=dword:120	output window position v
"OutputPosWidth"=dword:de0 : ou	itput window position width
"OutputPosHeight"=dword:de0 : ou	itput window position height
3. Video output mode list	apac minach peciaich neight
Default registry setting for video ou	Itput
"DigitalOutput"=dword:21	EMhwlibTVStandard HDMI 720p59
"DigitalColorSpace"=dword:3	EMhwlibColorSpace_RGB_0_255.
"MainAnalogOutput"=dword:6f	EMhwlibTVStandard_NTSC_M
"MainAnalogColorSpace"=dword:4	EMhwlibColorSpace YUV 601
"ComponentAnalogOutput"=dword:65	· EMhwlibTVStandard 720n59
	/ El minis i votandara_/ 20pos
"ComponentMode"=dword:6	• EMhwlibComponentMode YUV SMPTE
"ComponentOrder"=dword:0	· EMhwlibComponentOrder_RGB
"ComponentColorSpace"=dword:4	EMbwlibColorSpace YUV 601
	, EnnwindeolorSpace_rov_oor
"VGAOutput"=dword:0 ; 0 = ; Also, when it's 1, need to set Com ; ComponentMode to RGB_SCART	disable VGA output, 1 = enable VGA output. ponentAnalogOutput to CVT_xxx or VESA_xxx, , ComponentColorSpace to RGB_0_255
enum EMhwlibTVStandard {	

EMhwlibTVStandard_Custom = 0, // Sync parameters have been changed and don't match a standard anymore

EΜ	hw	libT	VStan	dard_	_CVT_	<u>_</u> 640>	(480)	<50,	//1
EM	hw	libT	VStan	dard	CVT	640>	(480)	(60.	//2
EM	hw	lihT	/Stan	dard	CVT	640	100	75	112
E M			vStan				400/	(75,	115
ΕM	hw	libl	VStan	dard_	_CV1_	_640>	(480)	(85,	//4
EM	hw	libT	VStan	dard	CVT	800>	(600)	<50 <i>.</i>	//5
FM	hw	lihT	/Stan	dard	CVT	800	600	60	116
E M			vStan			-000/	000/	<u> </u>	110
ЕM	hw	IDI	vStan	ldard_	_CV1_	800>	(600)	(75,	117
EM	hw	۱ibT	VStan	dard	CVT	800>	(600)	(85 <i>.</i>	//8
FM	hw	lihT	/Stan	dard	CVT	102/	12769	8~50	110
E M			votan			102-		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	119
ЕM	hw	IDI	vStan	ldard_	_CV1_	1024	1X/68	3x60,	//a
EM	hw	۱ibT	VStan	dard	CVT	1024	1x768	3x75.	//b
FM	hw	lihT	/Stan	dard	<u>сут</u>	1024	17768	2285	ilc
			v Stan	dullu_		1102-		5,05,	110
EM	nw	IDI	vStan	dard_		1154	2X804	+x50,	//a
EM	hw	libT	VStan	dard	CVT	1152	2x864	4x60,	//e
FM	hw	lihT	/Stan	dard	CVT	1152	V864	1v75	//f
			Char	daud		1152		105	1110
EM	nw	IDI	vStan	dard_		1127	2X804	+x85,	//10
EΜ	hw	libT	√Stan	dard_	$_{\rm CVT}$	1280)x96()x50,	//11
FM	hw	۱ihT	/Stan	dard	CVT	1280)x96()x60	1/12
EM	huu	1:6T	Cton	dard	OVT	1 200	NOC C	X00,	1/12
			vStall	iuaru_		1200	1290	JX75,	1113
EM	hw	libT	VStan	ldard_	$_CVT_$	1280)x96(Jx85,	//14
EM	hw	١bT	VStan	dard	CVT	1280)x107	24x50.	7/15
EM	hw	lihT	/Stan	dard	CVT	1790		24260	1116
	1174					1200	VVT02		1110
ЕM	nw	IDI	vStan	aard_		_178(JX102	24X75,	//17
EM	hw	۱ibT	√Stan	dard	CVT	1280)x102	24x85.	//18
FM	hw	lihT	/Stan	dard	CVT	1600	v120	$10\sqrt{50}$	1/10
			v Stan	dullu_		1000			1110
ЕM	nw	IDI	vStan	laara_	_CV1_	1000)X17(JUX60,	//1a
EM	hw	libT	√Stan	dard	DBL3	3 195	52x12	232,	//1b
FM	hw	lihT	/Stan	dard		2 194	52×30		//1c
	h	1:67		dard			2,400	0, 50	//10
	nw	IDT	vStan	iuaru_	ייוטח_	1_040	JX48	upoy,	//10
EΜ	hw	libT	√Stan	dard_	HDM	I_64(Jx48	0p60,	//1e
FM	hw	libT	VStan	dard	HDM	T_480	n59		//1f
EM	hw	lihT)	/Stan	dard		1 10			1/20
			vStan	iuaru_		1_40	Jhon'	'	//20
ΕM	hw	libl	VStan	dard_	_HDM	1_720	Jp59		//21
EM	hw	libT	VStan	dard	HDM	I 720	0000		//22
FM	hw	lihT	/Stan	dard	ном	T_109	Rhise		1123
			Chan	dand_		1_10		/	1/23
EM	nw		vStan	idard_	_HDM	1_109	30160	T	//24
EM	hw	libT	√Stan	dard_	HDM	I_480	Di 59 ,		//25
FM	hw	۱ihT	/Stan	dard	HDM	T 48	0i60		1/26
EM	hw	lihT)	/Stan	dard		1-72		0.050	1127
			vStan	uaru_		1_/2	1724	op59,	1/2/
ΕM	hw	libl	VStan	dard_	_HDM	1_/2	JX24	Up60,	//28
EM	hw	libT	VStan	dard	HDM	I 288	80x4	30i59.	//29
FM	hw	lihT	/Stan	dard	ном	28	80×4	80:60	1/22
			Char	daud		1-20		40-50	1/24
EM	nw	IDI	vStan	dard_	_ним	1_286	50X24	40p59,	//20
EM	hw	libT	VStan	dard_	HDM	I_28	30x24	40p60,	//2c
FM	hw	libT	VStan	dard	HDM	T_144	40x4	80n59	//2d
EM	hw	lihT)	/Stan	dard		T 1/	1024		1120
			vStan	uaru_		1-14	+0,44	sopoo,	1/20
ΕM	hw	libl	VStan	dard_	_HDM	1_{10}	30p5	9,	//2f
EM	hw	libT	√Stan	dard	HDM	I 108	30p6	0,	//30
FM	hw	lihT	/Stan	dard	ном	I 570	5n50		1/31
EM	h	110 T		dard				'	1/122
EM	nw	IDI	vStan	idard_	_HDM	1_/20	JD20	,	//32
EM	hw	libT	VStan	ldard_	_HDM	1_108	30150),	//33
EM	hw	libT	VStan	dard	HDM	I 570	5i50		//34
EM	hw	lihT)	/Stan	dard		1 72	$1\sqrt{20}$	0-50	1/25
			vStan	uaru_		1_/2		op 50,	1133
ЕM	hw	IDI	vStan	dard_	_HDM	1_288	30X5	/6150,	//36
EM	hw	libT	VStan	dard	HDM	I 288	30x2	88p50,	//37
EM	hw	lihT	/Stan	dard	ном	T 1/	10~5	76p50	1/30
EM	h			dard				, opso,	1120
	11W	יוטו	vScan	iuard_	יייטיי	1_10	sups	υ,	1/39
EΜ	hw	libT	VStan	dard	_HDM	I_108	30p2	3,	//3a
EM	hw	libT	VStan	dard	HDM	I 108	30n2	4.	//3h
EM	hw	lihT	/Stan	dard	ном	T 100	2002	·′	1/12-
			vStall			1-100	Jupz	5,	1150
ЕM	nw	IDT	vStan	dard_	_ним	1_108	sup2	9,	//3d
EM	hw	۱ibT	VStan	dard	HDM	I 108	80p3	0,	//3e
FM	hw	lihT	/Stan	dard	НОМ	1_28	80.24	80n59	//3f
ENA	h vv	1.6 7.		daud		1 200			
ШM	nw	IDI	vStan	iuard_	_חטויו	1_788	SUX4	συρου,	//40
EΜ	hw	libT	VStan	dard	_HDM	1_28	80x5	76p50,	//41
EM	hw	libT	VStan	dard	HDM	$I^{-}10$	80i50	1250	1/47
EM	hu	lihT	/Cton	dard		T = 100	20110		1110
		ידעוו	vStall	uaru_	יישוי	1-100	SOLLO	<i>i</i> 0,	//43
ЕM	nw	IDT	vStan	dard_	_HDM	1_720	JD10	υ,	//44

EMbudibTV/Standard HDMI 576n100	//45
	//45
EMhwlibTVStandard_HDMI_5761100,	//46
FMhwlibTVStandard HDMI 1080i119.	//47
EMbwlibT\/Standard_HDMI_1090i120	1110
	//40
EMhwlibTVStandard_HDMI_720p119,	//49
FMhwlihTVStandard_HDMI_720n120	//4a
EMhulihTVCtandard_HDML_400p110	// 44
EMINWID I VStandard_HDMI_480p119,	//4D
EMhwlibTVStandard HDMI 480p120,	//4c
EMbwlibTVStandard_HDMI_480i110	i/Ad
	// 4 u
EMnwildTVStandard_HDMI_480i120,	//4e
EMhwlibTVStandard HDMI 576p200.	//4f
EMbwlibTVStandard_HDMI_576i200	1150
	// 50
EMhwlibTVStandard_HDMI_480p239,	//51
EMhwlibTVStandard HDMI 480p240	//52
EMbulibTVCtandard_HDMI_490(220	1/52
LIMITWIDTVStanuaru_HDM1_4001259,	// 33
EMhwlibTVStandard HDMI 480i240,	//54
FMhwlihTVStandard 1080n60	1/55
EMhudibTVCtandard_1000p007	1150
EMINWIDTVStandard_1080p59,	//50
EMhwlibTVStandard 1080p50,	//57
FMbwlibTV/Standard 1080i60	1/58
EMbudikTV(Chandend 1000)50	1150
EMINWID I VStandard_1080159,	7759
EMhwlibTVStandard 1080i50.	_//5a
EMbwlibT\/Standard_1080i48	1/5h
Entimited Volandard_1000140,	1/50
EMhwlibTVStandard_1080i47,	//5C
FMhwlibTVStandard 1080p30	//5d
EMbulibT/Chandard_1000p20	1/50
EMIIWIDTVStanuaru_1000p29,	//5e
EMhwlibTVStandard_1080p25,	//5f
FMhwlihTVStandard 1080n24	//60
EMhulihTVCtandard_1000p21,	1101
EMINWIDTVStandard_1080p23,	//01
EMhwlibTVStandard_1080i50_1250,	//62
EMhwlibTVStandard 1080p50 1250	//63
EMbwlibTV/Standard_720p60	1161
	//04
EMhwlibTVStandard_/20p59,	//65
EMhwlibTVStandard 720p50.	//66
EMbwlihT\/Standard_720n30	1167
EMhulihTVCtandard_720p30,	1107
EMINWID I VStandard_720p29,	//68
EMhwlibTVStandard 720p25,	//69
FMhwlihTVStandard 720n24	
EMbwlibTV/Standard_720p221	1166
Emilwiidi v Staliuaru_720p25,	//00
EMhwlibTVStandard_ITU_Bt656_525,	//6C
EMhwlihTVStandard_ITU_Bt656_240p.	//6d
EMbwlibT//Standard_NTCC_M_lanan	1160
LMIIWIDTVStanuaru_NTSC_M_Japan,	//00
EMhwlibTVStandard_NTSC_M,	//6f
FMhwlibTVStandard PAL 60.	//70
EMbwlibT\/Standard_DAL_M	1/71
	///1
EMINWID I VStandard_480p59,	///2
EMhwlibTVStandard NTSC M Japan 714,	//73
FMhwlihTVStandard_NTSC_M_714	1174
EMhulihTVCtandard_DAL_CO_714	
EMINWID I VStandard_PAL_60_714,	///5
EMhwlibTVStandard PAL M 714,	//76
FMhwlihTVStandard 480n59 714	1/77
EMhydibTVCtandard_TCU_DtCEC_C2E	
EMINWID I VStandard_110_Bt656_625,	///8
EMhwlibTVStandard ITU Bt656 288p,	//79
FMhwlihTVStandard PAL BG	//7a
EMbwlibTVCtandard_DAL_N	1/76
EMINWIDTVStanuaru_PAL_N,	///D
EMhwlibTVStandard 576p50,	//7c
FMhwlihTVStandard PAL BG 702	//7d
EMbwlibT\/Standard_DAL_NL_202	
LINIWIDIVStanuaru_PAL_IV_/UZ,	///e
EMhwlibTVStandard_576p50_702,	//7f
EMhwlibTVStandard VESA 640x350x85.	//80
EMbwlibTVStandard VESA 640x400x95	1/01
	//01
EMINWID I VStandard_VESA_/20x400x85,	//82
EMhwlibTVStandard VESA 640x480x60.	//83
FMhwlihTVStandard_VFSA_640v480v72	1/84
EMINWIDTVStanuara_VESA_040X480X75,	//85
EMhwlibTVStandard_VESA_640x480x85,	//86
EMhwlibTVStandard VESA 848x480x60.	//87
EMbwlibTV(Standard V/ECA 900v600vE6	1/00
LIMINNIDI V SLAHUAI U_VESA_000X000X30,	//00

EMbwlihTVStandard VESA 800x600x60		//20
EMINIUTVStandard_VESA_000x000x00,		//09
EMINWIDTVStanuaru_VESA_800x600x72,		//8d
EMhwlibTVStandard_VESA_800x600x75,		//8b
EMhwlibTVStandard VESA 800x600x85,		//8c
EMhwlihTVStandard_VESA_1024x768x43		
EMbwlibTVStandard_VESA_1024x769x60		1/00
EMINIUTVStanuaru_VESA_1024x766x60,		//00
EMhwlibTVStandard_VESA_1024x768x70,		//8f
EMhwlibTVStandard VESA 1024x768x75,		//90
EMhwlihTVStandard_VESA_1024x768x85		//91
EMbwlibTVStandard_VESA_1152v964v75		1/02
LMINIDIVStandard_VECA_1132X004X73,		1/92
EMINWID I VStandard_VESA_1280x768x60RB,		//93
EMhwlibTVStandard VESA 1280x768x60,		//94
EMhwlihTVStandard_VESA_1280x768x75		1/95
EMbwlibTVStandard_VESA_1280x768x85		1/06
		// 50
EMINWIDTVStandard_VESA_1280x960x60,		//9/
EMhwlibTVStandard VESA 1280x960x85,		//98
EMhwlihTVStandard_VESA_1280x1024x60		1/99
EMbwlibTVStandard_VESA_1200x1024x75		1/02
LMIIWIDTV5talluaru_VL5A_1200x1024x75,		//9a
EMhwlibTVStandard_VESA_1280x1024x85,		7/9b
EMhwlibTVStandard VESA 1360x768x60,		//9c
EMhwlihTVStandard_VESA_1366x768x60		1/9d
EMbwlibTVStandard_VESA_1400v10E0v60DB		1/00
		1/90
EMhwlibTVStandard_VESA_1400x1050x60,		//9f
EMhwlibTVStandard VESA 1400x1050x75		//a0
EMhwlibTVStandard_VESA_1400x1050x85		//a1
EMbwlibTVStandard_VESA_1600v1200v60		11-2
EMINIDIVStandard_VESA_1000x1200x00,		//az
EMINWID I VStandard_VESA_1600x1200x65,		//a3
EMhwlibTVStandard_VESA_1600x1200x70,		//a4
EMhwlibTVStandard_VESA_1600x1200x75		//a5
EMbwlibTVStandard_VESA_1600x1200x85		1/26
EMhulihTVCtandard_VECA_1700x1200x03		// 40
EMINWID I VStandard_VESA_1792x1344x60,		//a/
EMhwlibTVStandard_VESA_1792x1344x75,		//a8
EMhwlibTVStandard VESA 1856x1392x60.		//a9
EMbwlibTVStandard_VESA_1856x1392x75		1/22
EMbulibTVStandard_VESA_1030x1332X73,		//44
EMINWIDTVStandard_VESA_1920x1200x60RE) ,	//ab
EMhwlibTVStandard_VESA_1920x1200x60,		//ac
EMhwlibTVStandard VESA 1920x1200x75,		//ad
EMbwlihTVStandard_VESA_1920x1200x85		//ae
EMbwlibTVStandard_VESA_1020x1200x03,		//uc
EMITWIDTVStanuaru_VESA_1920x1440x60,		//dl
EMhwlibTVStandard_VESA_1920x1440x75,		//b0
EMhwlibTVStandard VESA 640x350x70,		//b1
EMhwlihTVStandard_VESA_640x480i30		1/h2
EMbwlibTVStandard_VESA_640x490i60		1/62
EMIIWIDTVStanuaru_VESA_040X400100,		//05
EMhwlibTVStandard_VESA_720x400x70,		//b4
EMhwlibTVStandard VESA 640x480x66,		//b5
EMhwlihTVStandard_VESA_832x624x75		
EMbulibTVStandard_VESA_052x024x75,		1/60
		//0/
EMINWIDTVStandard_VESA_1280x720x60,		//b8
EMhwlibTVStandard VESA 1280x720x75,		//b9
EMhwlibTVStandard_VESA_1440x900x60RB		//ba
EMbwlibTVStandard_VESA_1440x900x60		//bb
EMbulicTy Charadard VECA 1440,000,		
EMINWIDTVStandard_VESA_1440X900X75,		//DC
EMhwlibTVStandard_VESA_1680x1050x60RE	3,	//bd
EMhwlibTVStandard_VESA_1680x1050x60.		<i>i</i> //be
EMbwlibTVStandard VESA 1020v1080v60		//hf
		וט / /
3i		
enum EMhwlibAGCVersion {		
FMhwlihAGCVersion ConstantRPP - 0		
EMbwlibACCVersion AlternateBDD	//1	
Eminwidageversion_AlternateBPP,	//1	
<pre>};</pre>		
enum EMhwlibComponentMode {		
EMbwlibComponentMode Dicable - 0		
$\Box_{\text{Minute}} = 0,$	11-	
EMINWIDComponentMode_RGB_SCART,	//1	
EMhwlibComponentMode_RGB_SOG,	//2	
EMhwlibComponentMode_RGB_SMPTF	//3	
EMbwlibComponentMode_VUV/_RETACAM	111	
	114	

	EMhwlibComponentMode_YUV_M2, EMhwlibComponentMode_YUV_SMP1	ΓE	//5 //6
};			
enu };	m EMhwlibComponentOrder { EMhwlibComponentOrder_RGB = 0, EMhwlibComponentOrder_RBG, EMhwlibComponentOrder_GRB, EMhwlibComponentOrder_GBR, EMhwlibComponentOrder_BRG, EMhwlibComponentOrder_BGR	// no sw //1 //2 //3 //4 //5	vap
57			
enu }:	m EMhwlibColorSpace { EMhwlibColorSpace_None = 1, EMhwlibColorSpace_RGB_16_235, EMhwlibColorSpace_RGB_0_255, EMhwlibColorSpace_YUV_601, EMhwlibColorSpace_YUV_709, EMhwlibColorSpace_YUV_709_0_259 EMhwlibColorSpace_XVYCC_601, EMhwlibColorSpace_xVYCC_601_0_22 EMhwlibColorSpace_xVYCC_709, EMhwlibColorSpace_xVYCC_709, EMhwlibColorSpace_xVYCC_709_0_22	5, 5, 255, 255,	//2 //3 //4 //5 //6 //7 //8 //9 //a //b
enu };	m EMhwlibSamplingMode { EMhwlibSamplingMode_444 = 1, EMhwlibSamplingMode_411, EMhwlibSamplingMode_422, EMhwlibSamplingMode_420, EMhwlibSamplingMode_420_MPEG1	//2 //3 //4 //5	
enu	m EMhwlibColorMode {		
};	EMhwlibColorMode_LUT_1BPP = 1, EMhwlibColorMode_LUT_2BPP, EMhwlibColorMode_LUT_4BPP, EMhwlibColorMode_LUT_8BPP, EMhwlibColorMode_TrueColor, EMhwlibColorMode_TrueColorWithKe EMhwlibColorMode_VideoInterleaved EMhwlibColorMode_VideoNonInterleaved EMhwlibColorMode_16BPP_Alpha_LU	y, I, aved, JT	//2 //3 //4 //5 //6 //7 //8 //9
enu	EMhwlibInputColorFormat 2 EMhwlibInputColorFormat_24BPP = EMhwlibInputColorFormat_24BPP_55 EMhwlibInputColorFormat_32BPP, EMhwlibInputColorFormat_16BPP_56 EMhwlibInputColorFormat_16BPP_44 EMhwlibInputColorFormat_31BPP_78	1, 565, 576, 555, 444, 388	//2 //3 //4 //5 //6 //7 //8
37	4. Enable HDCP		
"Ena "Ena	Find follow setting in platform.reg tableHDCP"=dword:0 Modify them as follow sample ableHDCP"=dword:1	file, ; 0 = dis ; 0 = dis	sable the HDCP, $1 =$ enable the sable the HDCP, $1 =$ enable the
[HKEY_L "Dll"="sr	5. SMP863x.dll Registry Entries OCAL_MACHINE\Drivers\BuiltIn\SMP mp863x.dll"	86xx]	
"Prefix"= "Index"=	="SDH" =dword:1		

HDCP HDCP



"Order"=dword:1 "SMP863X_RESERVED_START_DRAM0"=dword:10202800 "SMP863X_RESERVED_DRAM0_SIZE" =dword:01B00000 "SMP863X_RESERVED_START_DRAM1"=dword:0C000000 "SMP863X_RESERVED_DRAM1_SIZE" =dword:00000000 "PRIMARY_DISPLAY_SURFACE_DRAMBANK"=dword:0 "DEFAULT_ASPECT_RATIO_X"=dword:10 "DEFAULT_ASPECT_RATIO_Y"=dword:9

The driver needs memory to be allocated. This memory is should be reserved in you config.bib file, and then put into the registry.

SMP863X_RESERVED_START_DRAMO specifies the start physical address in DRAMO. SMP863X_RESERVED_DRAMO_SIZE specifies the length of this reserved memory. This memory is used to allocate required Audio DSP memory, and optionally display memory (see PRIMARY DISPLAY SURFACE DRAMBANK).

SMP863X_RESERVED_START_DRAM1 specifies the start physical address in DRAM1. SMP863X_RESERVED_DRAM1_SIZE specifies the length of this reserved memory. This memory is used to allocate Video Decoder memory, and optionally display memory (see PRIMARY_DISPLAY_SURFACE_DRAMBANK).

PRIMARY_DISPLAY_SURFACE_DRAMBANK is used to tell the decoder which DRAM bank to allocate the display memory from. The proper choice here is a trade-off between available memory and memory bandwidth. Since the main video decoder is running out of bank 1, if you want a high resolution graphics mode (greater than 576P), then it is better to run the display from bank 0. Note that you will have to allocate more memory in bank 0 (through SMP863X_RESERVED_DRAM0_SIZE). The amount of memory you require would depend on the graphics resolution. For example, if you wanted a GDI graphics plane of 1920x1080, then the amount of memory required would be $(1920 \times 1080 \times 4) = (8294400 \text{ bytes})$. You also have to add about 2048 bytes for some display structures.

DEFAULT_ASPECT_RATIO_X and DEFAULT_ASPECT_RATIO_Y are used to specify the default aspect ratio. Note that these values are in HEX, so a 16:9 aspect ration would be: "DEFAULT ASPECT RATIO X"=dword:10

"DEFAULT_ASPECT_RATIO_Y"=dword.9 So a 4:3 aspect ration would be: "DEFAULT_ASPECT_RATIO_X"=dword:4 "DEFAULT_ASPECT_RATIO_Y"=dword:3

J) SMP8634 HW cursor Find follow setting in platform reg file, "EnableHwCursor"=dword:1 ; 0 = disable, 1 = enable

K) SMP8634 WAVE device

Sigma Designs 8634 wave built-in driver

Supports only wave out [HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\Drivers\Builtin\Audio] "Prefix"="WAV "DII"="wave863x.dll" "Index"=dword:1 "Order"=dword:1 "Order"=dword:10

L) SMP8634 DDR RAM

1.Physical address DRAMO ---- 0x1000000-0x2000000. DRAM1 ---- 0x2000000-0x3000000

2.Enhance DRAM stability Remove RP54, RP59, RP64, RP69

In serial port window, the debug message shows follow info.

xenv cs2 ok power supply: ok dram0 ok (7) This number is must bigger than 6 --→ dram1 ok (7) ---> This number is must bigger than 6 zboot ok



M) SMP8634 RTC(RealTime Clock)

This driver allows the persistence of the realtime clock of Windows CE to be persistent across power and/or reset cycles. This driver has been tested with xos version 0xe0 and above. This driver should be working for production as well as development chips. Your board MUST have the RTC support for this driver to work.

How to install

Please read all the steps before installing.

0. Open up the file rtc.c. There should be a define called SMP8634_RTC_4KB_PHYSICAL_ADDRESS. #define SMP8634_RTC_4KB_PHYSICAL_ADDRESS 0x101FF000 // << change this address as necessary You can change this address if you reserve a 4kb portion inside config.bib.

1. add the bsp_rtc directory into the /smp863x/src/libs directory

2. change the dirs directory in the /smp863x/src/libs to include the compilation of the bsp_rtc directory

```
SYNCHRONIZE BLOCK=1
DIRS=\
    board callbacks \
    bsp_cach \
    gbus_ke \
    bsp_pci \
    bsp_freq \
    bsp_flash \
    bsp_ide_lib \
    bootfs \
    bsp_xrpc \
    bsp_reboot \
    bsp_eth_lib \
    winmain_main \
    dbg_helper \
    gpio \
    power \
    bsp_rtc \
```

3. change the 'sources' file in the /smp863x/src/kernel/kern directory so that the kernel is linked with the smp863x_rtc_timer.lib library instead of the oal_rtc_timer.lib library.

```
TARGETNAME=kern

TARGETTYPE=PROGRAM

RELEASETYPE=PLATFORM

SYNCHRONIZE_DRAIN=1

WINCECPU=1

EXEENTRY=StartUp

EXEBASE=0x9260000

LDEFINES=-subsystem:native /DEBUG /DEBUGTYPE:CV /FIXED:NO

SOURCES= \

kitl.c \

TARGETLIBS= \

$(_COMMONOAKROOT)\lib\$(_CPUDEPPATH)\nk.lib \

$(_PLATCOMMONLIB)\$(_CPUDEPPATH)\oal_intr_common.lib \

$(_PLATCOMMONLIB)\$(_CPUDEPPATH)\oal_power_stub.lib \

$(_PLATCOMMONLIB)\$(_CPUDEPPATH)\oal_ioctl.lib \

$(_PLATCOMMONLIB)\$(_CPUDEPPATH)\oal_pci.lib \

$(_PLATCOMMONLIB)\$(_CPUDEPPATH)\oal_opci.lib \
```

<pre>\$(_PLATCOMMONLIB)\\$(_CPUDEPPATH)\oal_timer_mips_rtc.IIb \ \$(_PLATCOMMONLIB)\\$(_CPUDEPPATH)\oal_timer_varidle.lib \ \$(_PLATCOMMONLIB)\\$(_CPUDEPPATH)\oal_ilt_stub.lib \ \$(_PLATCOMMONLIB)\\$(_CPUDEPPATH)\oal_other.lib \ \$(_PLATCOMMONLIB)\\$(_CPUDEPPATH)\oal_log.lib \ \$(_COMMONOAKROOT)\lib\\$(_CPUDEPPATH)\dk_io.lib \ \$(_COMMONOAKROOT)\lib\\$(_CPUDEPPATH)\priceg.lib \ \$(_COMMONOAKROOT)\lib\\$(_CPUDEPPATH)\priceg.lib \ \$(_TARGETPLATROOT)\lib\\$(_CPUDEPPATH)\oal.lib \ \$(_TARGETPLATROOT)\lib\\$(_CPUDEPPATH)\oal.lib \ \$(_TARGETPLATROOT)\lib\\$(_CPUDEPPATH)\priceg.lib \ \$(_</pre>
4. Do the same for the 'sources' file in the /smp863x/src/kernel/kernkitl and /smp863x/src/kernel/kernkitlprof directories.
5. Recompile the kernel and make your platform again.
N) SMP8634 GPIO
1. Library
gpI0_IID.IID 2 Test application
Gbio_test.exe
#include <bsp.h></bsp.h>
#include\inc\bsp_gpio.n
int main(int argc,char**argv)
{
for $(i=0:i < MAX PIN INDEX:i++)$
{
RETAILMSG(1, (TEXT(" pin[%.02d].dir =
(1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1)
RETAILMSG(1, (TEXT("\n")));
returnLINE;
GPIO15 PWM0 I30(Check point)
1. Library
Gbus_ke.lib
2. lest application #include < bsp b>
#ifndef REG_BASE_system_block
#define REG_BASE_System_DIOCK UXUUU10000 /* Width RMuint32 */ #endif
#ifndef SYS gpio15 pwm
#define SYS_gpio15_pwm 0x0510 /* width RMuint32 */
#endif #ifndof SVS_gnio14_pwm
#Inder STS_gpio14_pwn #define SYS_gpio14_pwm 0x0514 /* width RMuint32 */
#endif
#define GBUS_PWM0_CONTROL (REG_BASE_system_block +
#define GBUS_PWM1_CONTROL (REG_BASE_system_block +
SYS_gpio14_pwm) //GPIO 14
#define PWM_ENABLE $0x01000000$ #define PWM_PPE_DIV(x) $(x < 16) / (the minimum encourate value)$
#define PWM_LEVEL(x) (x<<4)
// main ////////////////////////////////////

```
int main(int argc,char**argv)
    Ł
         //need to open GBUS
         struct gbus *pgbus;
unsigned int val = 0;
         unsigned int backlight = 100; // this value can be change for backlight.
         pgbus = gbus_open(0);
         //for GPIO 15
         val = PWM_ENABLE|PWM_PRE_DIV(7)|PWM_LEVEL(backlight);
         RETAILMSG(1, (TEXT("Write PWM0 val = %d \n"), val));
gbus_write_uint32(pgbus, GBUS_PWM0_CONTROL,val);
         val=0;
         val = gbus_read_uint32(pgbus,GBUS_PWM0_CONTROL);
         RETAILMSG(1, (TEXT("Read PWM0 val return = %d n"), val));
         val &= 0xffff;
         val >>= 4;
         RETAILMSG(1, (TEXT("Read PWM0 val = %d n"), val));
         //for GPIO 14
         backlight=50;
         val = PWM ENABLE PWM PRE DIV(7) PWM LEVEL(backlight);
         RETAILMSG(1, (TEXT("Write PWM1 val = %d \n"), val));
         gbus_write_uint32(pgbus, GBUS_PWM1_CONTROL,val);
         val=0;
         val = gbus_read_uint32(pgbus,GBUS_PWM1_CONTROL);
         RETAILMSG(1, (TEXT("Read PWM1 val return = %d n"), val));
         val &= 0xffff;
         val >>= 4;
         RETAILMSG(1, (TEXT("Read PWM1 val = %d n"), val));
         gbus_close(pgbus);
         return __LINE__;
    P) SMP8634 Hardware Demux
         The latest version DVB tuner source filter supports three models turner
             1) Philips tuner Tu1216
                                      ---- DVB-T
         Note: The default I2C address for Philips Tu1216 is 0x10,0x11, but for vantage
board, the two address is hold by other device, so must use UP resistor to change it(change
R248 to R247 with 10K\Omega)
             Then the address will be changed to 0x14,0x15, so the parameter for driver will
be changed from 0x10,0xC0 to 0x14(TDA1004HT),0xC0(TDA6651)
                                        ---- ATSC/NTSC
             2) Philips Tu1236D
             3) Philips FQ1216ME
                                        ---- PAL/SECAM
         1. DII
             a. dump.dll
                  This is a direct show filter which save date from source filter
             b. tunersrc.dll
                  This is a direct show source filter for DVB tuner
             c. HWDEMUX863x.DLL
                  This is a direct show filter which uses the hardware demux block of the
             SMP8634.
                 It is intended to be used when the incoming transport stream is originating
             from the the SPI or SSI inputs of the SMP8634.
                  Current version releases follow interfaces
// {bfc6c826-4b93-4a66-8f58-ed0b7047311c}
DEFINE_GUID(CLSID_HWTSDemux863x,
0xbfc6c826, 0x4b93, 0x4a66, 0x8f, 0x58, 0xed, 0x0b, 0x70, 0x47, 0x31, 0x1c);
```

// {2eb12b15-60f2-446c-a7b5-0ac88bc3dcda}
DEFINE_GUID(IID_IHWTSDemux863x,
0x2eb12b15, 0x60f2, 0x446c, 0xa7, 0xb5, 0x0a, 0xc8, 0x8b, 0xc3, 0xdc, 0xda);

```
#ifndef _IHWDEMUX863X_H
#define _IHWDEMUX863X_H
```

// {02a53ccf-7917-4bee-9da5-c000c5816e48}
DEFINE_GUID(MEDIATYPE_PSI_PAT,
0x02a53ccf, 0x7917, 0x4bee, 0x9d, 0xa5, 0xc0, 0x00, 0xc5, 0x81, 0x6e, 0x48);

// {d2964e1d-9ea8-4e27-87c8-17cb560069a0}
DEFINE_GUID(MEDIATYPE_PSI_PMT,
0xd2964e1d, 0x9ea8, 0x4e27, 0x87, 0xc8, 0x17, 0xcb, 0x56, 0x00, 0x69, 0xa0);

// {2f8fe1e1-89bd-4ff9-a1eb-fae6475bca84}
DEFINE_GUID(MEDIATYPE_PSI_CAT,
0x2f8fe1e1, 0x89bd, 0x4ff9, 0xa1, 0xeb, 0xfa, 0xe6, 0x47, 0x5b, 0xca, 0x84);

// {3b0bf0d8-cb5d-4b2c-874d-b9847931a3d9}
DEFINE_GUID(MEDIATYPE_PSI_ECM0,
0x3b0bf0d8, 0xcb5d, 0x4b2c, 0x87, 0x4d, 0xb9, 0x84, 0x79, 0x31, 0xa3, 0xd9);

// {ab26f0e9-a50b-4382-9595-40419687d9e7}
DEFINE_GUID(MEDIATYPE_PSI_ECM1,
0xab26f0e9, 0xa50b, 0x4382, 0x95, 0x95, 0x40, 0x41, 0x96, 0x87, 0xd9, 0xe7);

// {0d7de6c1-d66c-4461-94a5-a60f4e14f488}
DEFINE_GUID(MEDIATYPE_TSPayload,
0x0d7de6c1, 0xd66c, 0x4461, 0x94, 0xa5, 0xa6, 0x0f, 0x4e, 0x14, 0xf4, 0x88);

// {1692a63f-5664-46bc-a078-abbdbd9eb9ea}
DEFINE_GUID(MEDIATYPE_PCR,
0x1692a63f, 0x5664, 0x46bc, 0xa0, 0x78, 0xab, 0xbd, 0xbd, 0x9e, 0xb9, 0xea);

// {dcd8bbf3-01ce-40a8-b791-4968ce340115}
DEFINE_GUID(MEDIATYPE_Private,
0xdcd8bbf3, 0x01ce, 0x40a8, 0xb7, 0x91, 0x49, 0x68, 0xce, 0x34, 0x01, 0x15);

// {86f2e4c5-a89f-4fa1-855b-d63d276aa291}
DEFINE_GUID(MEDIATYPE_PSI_SECTION,
0x86f2e4c5, 0xa89f, 0x4fa1, 0x85, 0x5b, 0xd6, 0x3d, 0x27, 0x6a, 0xa2, 0x91);

#define MAX_OUTPUT_PINS 32

typedef enum

// Only 1 output $eOutputPinType_TS = 1,$ eOutputPinType_PSI_PAT, // Only 1 output eOutputPinType_PSI_PMT, eOutputPinType_PSI_CAT, eOutputPinType_PSI_ECM0, eOutputPinType PSI ECM1, // Only 1 output eOutputPinType_VPES, // Multiple outputs // Multiple outputs eOutputPinType_APES, eOutputPinType_PCR, // Only 1 output (first A/V pins) eOutputPinType_VPayload, // Multiple outputs eOutputPinType_APayload, // Multiple outputs eOutputPinType_PSISection, // Multiple outputs - generic PSI section filter } eOutputPinType;

typedef enum

eInputSpi_None, eInputSpi_Serial, eInputSpi_Parallel

```
#define MAX_TS_PROGRAM_NUMBER 128 // Max program numbers of the transport
stream
#define MAX_ES_PIDS_PER_PROGRAM 30 // Max elementary stream PIDs per program
typedef struct
    WORD pid;
    WORD type;
} PID;
typedef struct
         esPid [MAX_ES_PIDS_PER_PROGRAM];
    PID
    WORD ecmPid [MAX_ES_PIDS_PER_PROGRAM];
    DWORD count;
} ES_PIDS;
typedef struct
£
    ES PIDS video;
    ES_PIDS audio;
    DWORD
             pcrPid:
    DWORD
              progNum;
} PROGRAM_PIDS;
typedef struct
    PROGRAM_PIDS progs [MAX_TS_PROGRAM_NUMBER];
    DWORD
                  count; // Total number of programs
} STREAM_PIDS;
typedef struct
    IPin *pPin[MAX_OUTPUT_PINS];
    WORD pid[MAX_OUTPUT_PINS];
    DWORD progNum[MAX_OUTPUT_PINS];
    eOutputPinType pinType[MAX_OUTPUT_PINS];
    DWORD pinCount;
} PIN_PID_INFO;
For match comparison any of the first 96 bits in the section table header have to match
the positive or negative criteria imposed by the filter.
Positive match means that all the positive masked bits from the PSI header have to match
bit by bit the compare value.
Negative match means that all the negative masked bits from the PSI header have to not
match
at least one bit from the compare value.
The logic operation performed is:
  PositiveMask = mask & mode
  NegativeMask = mask & !mode
  MatchCondition = ( PositiveMask & header == PositiveMask & comp ) && ( !NegativeMask
(NegativeMask &(header^comp))).
Match example:
StSectionFilterMask matchSectionTable[2] = {
    { 0xff, 0xff,
                                                // no expand or and link
     {0xFF, 0x00, 0x00}, //
mask
     {0xFF, 0x00, 0x00}, //
mode= all positive match
     {0xc7, 0x00, 0x00}}, //
ATSC_MGT
                                                // no expand or and link
    { 0xff, 0xff,
     {0xFF, 0x00, 0x00}, //
mask
     {0xF9, 0x00, 0x00}, //
mode=positive& negative match
```

{0xce, 0x00, 0x00, 0x00, 0x00, 0x00,	0x00, 0x00, 0x00, 0x00, 0x00, 0x00}},//
Uxc8,Uxca, Uxcc	
*/	
<pre>typedef struct { /* based on struct PSFMatc</pre>	hSection_type */
unsigned char expand_link_index; // re	served for extending the lenght of section filter,
unsigned char and link index: // re	eserved for "logical and" two section filters.
value between 031 or 0xFF if not used	
unsigned char mask[12];	// 96 bit mask - 1 means the mask is active
unsigned char mode[12];	// 96 bit mask - 1 means positive match, 0
unsigned char comp[12]:	// 96 bit value
<pre>} StSectionFilterMask;</pre>	
interface IHWTSDemux863x : public IUnknow	'n
1 // NOTE: application must call this API fit	st once the filter is loaded to
// set the demux task properties. The va	lid task indexes are from 0 to 2.
// bTSCapture specifies whether this task	is used to capture the transport
// stream or not. Note that in order to ca	pture the TS stream, the input SPI
// must not be empulsipi_note. If there // will delete that demux task before set	ing the new values
virtual HRESULT STDMETHODCALLTYPE S	SetDemuxTaskProp (INT taskIndex, eInputSpi
inputSpi, BOOL bTSCapture) = 0;	
// Set the input SPI interface. Default is	parallel. If the input is from the local
// file, the filter will switch automatically	when it detects the source filter
// supporting the IAsyncReader.	
// Call before the pin connections	
VIRTUAL HRESULI SIDMETHODCALLIYPES	setinputSpi (einputSpi spi) = 0;
// Add a new output pin type. Max total of	output pin is 32. Use GetPinPidInfo to
// get the current number of output pins.	ach tune (i e DAT DMT CAT TC)
// If the task is for capturing the TS stream	am only one output pin eOutputPinType TS is
supported.	in only one output pin coutput in ype_ro io
// NOTE: This API doesn't accept eOutpu	tPinType_PSISection. Use
AddOutputPinSectionFilter instead.	
virtual HRESULT STDMETHODCALLTYPE	ddOutputPin (eOutputPinType pinType) = 0;
// Add a generic section filter output pin. I filters	By default, the h/w demux filter creates section
// for PAI, PMI, CAI, ECMU, and ECMI. All above.	so see more notes of StSectionFilterMask from
// The output pin type will be eOutputPin	Type_PSISection and the media type is
MEDIATYPE_PSI_SECTION.	
virtual HRESULT STDMETHODCALLTYPE A	AddOutputPinSectionFilter (TCHAR
*ptszPinName, StSectionFilterMask *pSection	Mask, WORD wSectionPid) = 0;
// Cat all available avdie and video DIDC	in the streem
virtual HRESULT STDMETHODCALLTYPE (SetPinPidInfo (PIN_PID_INFO *pPinPidInfo.
STREAM_PIDS* pStreamPids) = 0;	
// Set the PID of a particular output pin.	etPid (IPin *nOutputPin_DWOPD dwProgNum
WORD wPid) = 0;	
	A submit at a first the second three seconds
// Set the data now mode for the first A/	so the output pips won't output any
// media samples. In the non-pass-throu	gh mode, the data is sent through the output
// pins in the media samples format. Not	e that the data transfer is slower in this mode.
// This API has no affect for the demux to	ask that captures the TS stream.
	SetPassThrough (BOOL bPassThrough) - 0.

};

#endif

2. Library

- a. turnerapi.lib b. tunhw.lib(tuner hardware)
- c. tmbsl.lib
- d. helper.lib
- 3. Test application
 - a. tunerapp.exe(It is included in tunerapp dll project)
 - b. hwdemuxtest.exe
- Note:

1)Except 1.c, this part is not included in default BSP and multimedia package, it's just for professional DVB developer.

2)Registry setting("DelaySettingCodecTypes"=dword:1) can make the hardware demux shows follow error message and make the system breakdown

728202 PID:d72a0bda TID:36e4c852 HWDEMUX: ParsePAT section syntax indicator 0 ! 728440 PID:d7997dc2 TID:36e4c852 Exception 004 Thread=96e46dd8 Proc=d7997dc2 'device.exe' 728440 PID:d7997dc2 TID:36e4c852 AKY=0000089 PC=01ccf800(smp863x.dll+0x000cf800) RA=01ca3dd8(smp863x.dll+0x000a3dd8)BVA=b01b0009 728442 PID:d7997dc2 TID:36e4c852 SMP863X: Exception during IOCTL: 728443 PID:d7997dc2 TID:36e4c852 SMP863X: dwCode $= 0 \times 900226 d0$ 728444 PID:d7997dc2 TID:36e4c852 SMP863X: Function $= 0 \times 00000044$ (68) 728445 PID:d7997dc2 TID:36e4c852 SMP863X: pBufIn $= 0 \times 1014 \text{fcc8}$ 728446 PID:d7997dc2 TID:36e4c852 SMP863X: dwLenIn $= 0 \times 00000048$ 728447 PID:d7997dc2 TID:36e4c852 SMP863X: pBufOut $= 0 \times 00000000$ 728448 PID:d7997dc2 TID:36e4c852 SMP863X: dwLenOut $= 0 \times 00000000$ 728449 PID:d7997dc2 TID:36e4c852 SMP863X: pdwActualOut = 0x1014fcc0 Comment the DelaySettingCodecTypes"=dword:1 setting or set DelaySettingCodecTypes"=dword:0 can repair this problem

Q) SMP8634 Hardware Jpeg decode

1. Library

- jpeg_api.lib
- 2. Head file jpeg_api.h
- 3. Demo
- HwPlayJpeg

R) SMP8634 LVDS output

Modify LVDS registry setting in **platform.reg** as follow sample, this sample setting sets a 800x600 size video output from LVDS. [HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\System\GDI\Drivers] "Display"="ddi 86xx.dll" See smp863x formats.h for the proper hex values for each video mode "DigitalOutput"=dword:0 "DigitalColorSpace"=dword:3 "MainAnalogOutput"=dword:6f "MainAnalogColorSpace"=dword:4 "ComponentAnalogOutput"=dword:65 "ComponentMode"=dword:6 "ComponentOrder"=dword:0 "ComponentColorSpace"=dword:4 "VGAOutput"=dword:0 ; 0 = disable VGA output, 1 = enable VGA output.Also, when it's 1, need to set ComponentAnalogOutput to CVT_xxx or VESA_xxx, ComponentMode to RGB_SCART, ComponentColorSpace to RGB_0_255 ; 800

"ScreenWidth"=dword:00000320 "ScreenHeight"=dword:00000258 600

- "OutputPosX"=dword:0
- ; output window position x "OutputPosY"=dword:0 ; output window position y

"OutputPosWidth"=dword:1000 ; output window position width
"OutputPosHeight"=dword:1000 ; output window position height
"MemorySize"=dword:00800000 ; extra memory size for h/w acceleration,
; see note in the smp863x.reg
; regarding the PRIMARY_DISPLAY_SURFACE_DRAMBANK
"EnableHwCursor"=dword:1 ; 0 = disable, 1 = enable
"LiveDetectHdmiConnection"=dword:1 ; 0 = driver won't do live hdmi detection, 1 =
check live hdmi connection
"EnableHDCP"=dword:0 ; $0 = $ disable the HDCP, $1 = $ enable the HDCP
"DefaultKeyColor"=dword:00010101 ; In RGB format: R=3rd byte, G= nd byte, B=1st byte
"EnableEDIDDetection"=dword:0 ; 0 = disable, 1 = enable. Disable/enable the HDMI
preferred mode.
"HDMII2CModule"=dword:2 ; 0 = software, 1 = hardware, 2 = built-in hdmi
"InvertClock"=dword:1; 0 = do not invert digital video clock, 1 = invert (default is inverted)
"LVDS_Enable"=dword:1
"LVDS_GPIOFieldIDOutput"=dword:B ; board dependent
"LVDS_GPIOPanelOn"=dword:E ; board dependent
; Default custom digital output video mode - 800X800
[HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\System\GDI\Drivers\CustomDigitalvideoMode]
PIXeICIOCK = dword:2122800
"HACtive"=dword:320
HFrontPorch = dword: 0
"HSyncwlath" = dword:80
"HBackPorch"=dword:0
"HSyncPolarity"=dword:0 ; IRUE: positive, FALSE: negative
"VActive"=dword:258
"VFrontPorch" = dword:1
"vsyncwidth"=dword:3
VBackPorch = dword:14
VSyncPolarity = dword:0 ; IRUE: positive, FALSE: negative

Note: (HFrontPorch + HSyncWidth + HBackPorch + HActive) X (VFrontPorch + VFrontPorch + VBackPorch + VActive) = PixelClock

S) SMP8634 Multi-Decoder

1. This driver now supports multiple instances.

The first instance will use the main video scaler and decoder 16.

The memory will be taken from dram1.

The second decoder will use the vcr scaler and decoder 0.

The memory will be taken from dram0.

Note that if there is not enough memory allocated in dram0, the decoder will not play.

In the second instance of the filter, the audio is disabled. In addition, only the first instance supports HD resolutions. All other instances support SD resolutions only. If "DelaySettingCodecTypes" is set to 1, then multiple instances are not supported.

If "DelaySettingCodecTypes" is set to 1, then multiple instances are not supported. 2. Test the multi-decoder feature

Open a HTML page with windows media player OCX, render a media file with it, open the CEPlayer, render the second media file with it. If the multi-decoder setting is no problem, there are two media shows in video output now.

T) SMP8634 VGA output

U) SMP8634 Audio and Video Captures filter
6) How to upgrade/modify the CE boot loader

A) Update boot.bin

Open the boot.bin file of CE project, download it to SMP8634 board as same as nk.bin file.

Make sure see the output message "INFO:lanch address in boot address space spin forever" in the serial window, reboot SMP8634, then new CE boot loader is ready for SMP8634 board

B) Update XENV

Setxenv.exe

This demo shows how to write flash with CFI command.

The new sample is based on MMU mode.

C) Set the default value for boot loader

If we write a new CE bootloader binary file a empty flash, the default setting of bootloader is NULL, so we have to set and save it in bootloader main menu for each time.

```
In fact, we can set the default value in bootloader too, please check the follow function in Src\Bootloader\main.c file as you need.
```

```
//
// Function: OEMPreDownload
//
```

This function is called before downloading an image. There is place where user can be asked about device setup.

ULONG OEMPreDownload()

 $^{\prime\prime}$

 $^{\prime\prime}$

{

```
ULONG rc = BL_ERROR;
BOOT_CFG *pCfg = OALPAtoCA(IMAGE_BOOT_CONFIG_FLASH_PA_START);
```

```
OALLog(L"INFO: Predownload....\r\n");
```

// First try to check if there is an eboot config structure
if (

pCfg->signature == BOOT_CFG_SIGNATURE &&
pCfg->version == BOOT_CFG_VERSION

```
) {
    OALLog(L"INFO: Boot configuration found at 0x%08x\r\n", pCfg);
    memcpy(&g_bootCfg, pCfg, sizeof(g_bootCfg));
```

g_bootCfg.bspFlags &= BSP_BOOTF_IsPciHost;

```
} else {
```

OALLog(L"WARN: Boot config wasn't found at 0x%08x, using defaults\r\n", pCfg

```
);
```

```
memset(&g_bootCfg, 0, sizeof(g_bootCfg));
```

```
g_bootCfg.signature = BOOT_CFG_SIGNATURE;
```

```
g_bootCfg.version = BOOT_CFG_VERSION;
```

- g_bootCfg.bootDevLoc.IfcType = PCIBus;
- g_bootCfg.bootDevLoc.BusNumber = 0;
- g_bootCfg.bootDevLoc.LogicalLoc = 0x00000100;
- g_bootCfg.bootDevLoc.Pin = 1;

```
g_bootCfg.kitlFlags =
```

```
OAL_KITL_FLAGS_ENABLED|OAL_KITL_FLAGS_DHCP|OAL_KITL_FLAGS_VMINI;
g_bootCfg.kitlDevLoc.IfcType = PCIBus;
```

```
g_bootCfg.kitlDevLoc.BusNumber = 0;
```

- g_bootCfg.kitlDevLoc.LogicalLoc = 0, g_bootCfg.kitlDevLoc.LogicalLoc = 0x00000100;
 - g_bootCfg.kitlDevLoc.Pin = 1;
 - $g_bootCfg.ipAddress = 0;$
 - g_bootCfg.ipMask = 0;
 - g_bootCfg.ipRoute = 0;
 - g_bootCfg.bspFlags = BSP_BOOTF_IsPciHost;

```
{
    PWCHAR pdest = g_bootCfg.BootFileName,
        psrc = L"nk.bin";
    while(*pdest++=*psrc++);
}
```

```
g_bootCfg.protected_flash_area_start =
IMAGE_FLASH_PROTECTED_AREA_START;
        g_bootCfg.protected_flash_area_size
                                           =
IMAGE FLASH PROTECTED AREA SIZE;
   }
    g_bspFlags = g_bootCfg.bspFlags;
    if (g_bspFlags & BSP_BOOTF_IsPciHost){
       OALPCIInit();
        // We must initialize PCI bus first
        OALPCIConfig(0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, NULL);
    }
   // Call configuration menu
   BLMenu();
    if (!(g_bspFlags & BSP_BOOTF_IsPciHost)){
       OALLog(L" IsPciHost is not enabled, return BL_ERROR\r\n ");
       return BL_ERROR;
    }
    memset(&g_memfile,0,sizeof(g_memfile));
    if (!g_bspFlags & BSP_BOOTF_IsPciHost) return BL_ERROR;
   // Image download depend on protocol
    g_DownloadDeviceType = OALKitlDeviceType(&g_bootCfg.bootDevLoc,
g_bootDevices);
    switch (g_DownloadDeviceType){
   case OAL_KITL_TYPE_FLASH:
        g_memfile.NkBinAddr = OALPAtoCA(IMAGE_FLASH_PA_START +
g_bootCfg.nk_bin_flash_offset);
        g_memfile.Offset = 0;
        g_DownloadDeviceType = OAL_KITL_TYPE_FLASH;
       rc = BLFlashDownload(g_memfile.NkBinAddr);
   break;
case OAL_KITL_TYPE_ETH:
       rc = BLEthDownload(&g_bootCfg, g_bootDevices);
       break;
   case OAL_KITL_TYPE_MEM:
        g memfile.NkBinAddr = (PVOID)OALPAtoCA(IMAGE BOOT NK BIN PA START);
        rc = BLMemDownload();
        break;
   case OAL_KITL_TYPE_IDE:
        rc = IdeDownload(&g_bootCfg, g_bootDevices);
        break;
   case OAL_KITL_TYPE_PFLASH:
        rc = PFlashDownload(&g_bootCfg, g_bootDevices);
        break;
    }
   return rc;
}
```

7) How to modify wince feature on SMP8634 A) Web server 1. Open the platform.reg file of CE project, add follow settings at the end of file ;Web server HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\COMM\HTTPD\VROOTS\/WebAdmin] @="\\windows\\httpdadm.dll" "a"=dword:0 [HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\COMM\HTTPD\VROOTS\/BasicOnly] @="\\" "a"=dword:1 "Basic"=dword:1 "NTLM"=dword:0 "dirbrowse"=dword:1 [HKEY LOCAL MACHINE\COMM\HTTPD\VROOTS\/NTLMOnly] @="\\" "a"=dword:1 "Basic"=dword:0 "NTLM"=dword:1 "dirbrowse"=dword:1 [HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\COMM\HTTPD\VROOTS\/BothAuth] @="\\" "a"=dword:1 "Basic"=dword:1 "NTLM"=dword:1 "dirbrowse"=dword:1 2. Make the nk.bin file, download it to SMP8634 board 3. Use the IE of PC system to open the http://192.168.1.250 link, set the password of admin and reboot the web server 4. Use the IE of PC to open the http://192.168.1.250/Webadmin link, setup the web server B) FTP server Open the platform.reg file of CE project, add follow settings at the end of file ;Ftp server [HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\COMM\FTPD] "IsEnabled"=dword:1 "AllowAnonymous"=dword:1 "AllowAnonymousUpload"=dword:1 "AllowAnonymousVroots"=dword:1 "DefaultDir"="\\Hard Disk\\" "AllowLowPortValues"=dword:1 Default FTP login account User: anonymous Passwd: anonymous C) Telnet server D) SMB server Open the project.reg file of CE project, add follow settings at the end of file ;File server [HKEY LOCAL MACHINE\Services\Smbserver] "AdapterList"="MAC86XX1" [HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\Services\Smbserver\Shares\Root] "Path"="\\Hard Disk" "Type"=dword:0 "UserList"="admin" E) Hive-based Registry 1.HDD Device Open the project.reg file of CE project, add follow settings at the end of file ; HIVE BOOT SECTION [HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\init\BootVars] "Start DevMgr"=dword:1 [HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\System\StorageManager\Profiles\HDProfile\FATFS] "MountFlags"=dword:2 ; END HIVE BOOT SECTION

Open the platform.reg file of CE project, add follow line above 'IF BSP_SMP863X_ATAPI' line ; HIVE BOOT SECTION Add follow line under 'ENDIF BSP_SMP863X ATAPI' line ; END HIVE BOOT SECTION Add follow line each under [HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\Drivers\BuiltIn\bsp_atapi],[HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\Drivers\BuiltI n\bsp_atapi\Device0] and [HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\Drivers\BuiltIn\bsp_atapi\Device1] "Flags"=dword:1000 Add follow Environment Variable Values to CE project. PRJ_ENABLE_FSMOUNTASROOT = 1 PRJ_ENABLE_REGFLUSH_THREAD = 1 PRJ BOOTDEVICE ATAPI = 1 Sysgen Current CE project, and make the new NK.bin F) IE 6.0 for Windows CE 1) Open the platform.reg file of CE project, add follow settings at the end of file, you can set the IE start page to http://192.168.1.98 and set the web proxy of IE to 192.168.1.98:2080

;;;;;;;;; IE6 Start Page ;;;;;;;;; [HKEY_CURRENT_USER\Software\Microsoft\Internet Explorer\Main] "Start Page"="http://192.168.1.98:80"

[HKEY_CURRENT_USER\Software\Microsoft\Windows\CurrentVersion\Internet Settings] "EnableAutodial"=dword:0

[HKEY_CURRENT_USER\Software\Microsoft\Windows\CurrentVersion\Internet Settings\Connections]

2) URL Security Zones Policy Settings(For PPLive) [HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\Software\Microsoft\Windows\CurrentVersion\Internet

Settings\Zones\1] "CurrentLevel"=dword:10000 "MinLevel"=dword:10000 "RecommendedLevel"=dword:10000

"1200"=dword:00 "1201"=dword:00 "1202"=dword:00 "1400"=dword:00 "1401"=dword:00 "1402"=dword:00 "1405"=dword:00 "1406"=dword:00 "1407"=dword:00 "1601"=dword:00 "1602"=dword:00 "1602"=dword:00 "1605"=dword:00 "1606"=dword:00 "1607"=dword:00 "1608"=dword:00 "1609"=dword:00 "1800"=dword:00 "1802"=dword:00 "1803"=dword:00 "1804"=dword:00 "1805"=dword:00 "1A00"=dword:00 "1A02"=dword:00 "1A03"=dword:00 "1A04"=dword:00 "1A05"=dword:00 "1A06"=dword:00

"1A10"=dword:00

[HKEY LOCAL MACHINE\Software\Microsoft\Windows\CurrentVersion\Internet Settings\Zones\2] "CurrentLevel"=dword:10000 "MinLevel"=dword:10000 "RecommendedLevel"=dword:10000 "1200"=dword:00 "1201"=dword:00 "1202"=dword:00 "1400"=dword:00 "1401"=dword:00 "1402"=dword:00 "1405"=dword:00 "1405"=dword:00 "1407"=dword:00 "1601"=dword:00 "1602"=dword:00 "1604"=dword:00 "1605"=dword:00 "1606"=dword:00 "1607"=dword:00 "1608"=dword:00 "1609"=dword:00 "1800"=dword:00 "1802"=dword:00 "1803"=dword:00 "1804"=dword:00 "1805"=dword:00 "1A00"=dword:00 "1A02"=dword:00 "1A03"=dword:00 "1A04"=dword:00 "1A05"=dword:00 "1A06"=dword:00 "1A10"=dword:00 [HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\Software\Microsoft\Windows\CurrentVersion\Internet Settings\Zones\3] "CurrentLevel"=dword:10000 "MinLevel"=dword:10000 "RecommendedLevel"=dword:10000 "1200"=dword:00 "1201"=dword:00 "1202"=dword:00 "1400"=dword:00 "1401"=dword:00 "1402"=dword:00 "1405"=dword:00 "1406"=dword:00 "1407"=dword:00 "1601"=dword:00 "1602"=dword:00 "1604"=dword:00 "1605"=dword:00 "1606"=dword:00 "1607"=dword:00 "1608"=dword:00 "1609"=dword:00 "1800"=dword:00 "1802"=dword:00 "1803"=dword:00 "1804"=dword:00 "1805"=dword:00 "1A00"=dword:00 "1A02"=dword:00 "1A03"=dword:00 "1A04"=dword:00 "1A05"=dword:00 "1A06"=dword:00 "1A10"=dword:00

G)Media Player

For some audio problems of media file, ;060815_KB923828 - Files with large preroll values may cause out-of-memory issues. [HKEY_CURRENT_USER\Software\Microsoft\Netshow\Player\General] "Maximum Buffering Time"=dword:2710 ; = 10000 ms "Buffering Time"=dword:2710 ;=10000 ms

For some BUG of windows CE5.0 ;070925_KB942195 - A high priority thread may precipitate starvation in the MP3 decoder pipeline resulting in audio glitches. [HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\Software\Microsoft\DirectX\DirectShow\MP3Decoder] "MinBufferSize"=dword:4000

;050805_KB904255 - This update allows Windows CE 5.0 to access certain storage media configured with non-standard FAT formatting tools. [HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\System\StorageManager\FATFS] "BypassFATSectorCheck"=dword:1

;050812_KB902443 - This update resolves some audio performance issues that may occur when playing certain WMV files. [HKEY_CURRENT_USER\Software\Microsoft\Netshow\Player\General] "DispatchAdvanceTimeAudioVideo"=dword:3E8 ;=1000

;051026_KB904256 - MP3 files with certain metadata may not play correctly. [HKEY_CURRENT_USER\Software\Microsoft\Multimedia\DirectShow\MPEG1 Audio] "ID3v2SizeLimit"=dword:400 [HKEY_CURRENT_USER\Software\Microsoft\Multimedia\DirectShow\MPEG1 Audio] "FrameSearchLimit"=dword:18

;051028_KB903076 - This update addresses an issue with the stream bandwidth controller and a possible out-of-memory condition when buffering. [HKEY_CURRENT_USER\Software\Microsoft\NetShow\Player] "DisconnectTimeout"=dword:1D4C0 ;120000ms

;050117_KB890935 - Playback of large .asf files may result in a memory leak. [HKEY_CURRENT_USER\Software\Microsoft\NetShow\Player\General] ; "MaxStreamerMessages"=dword:0000064 "MaxStreamerMessages"=dword:00640000

;060927_KB924605 - Virtual memory issues may cause playback to spontaneously abort. [HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\SOFTWARE\Microsoft\DirectShow] "UsingSharedMemory"=dword:1 [HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\SOFTWARE\Microsoft\DirectShow] "SharedMemoryThreshold"=dword:100000

;060815_KB923828 - Under certain circumstances a deadlock may occur between the ASF file streamer and the splitter. ;This is the low watermark. We will just issue a freeze if we go below multiplier * pre-roll value. [HKEY_CURRENT_USER\Software\Microsoft\Netshow\Player]

"PrerollMinMultiplier"=dword:1e ; = 30 decimal

;This is a high watermark, meaning that we won't buffer more than what is specified by pre-roll * multiplier. [HKEY_CURRENT_USER\Software\Microsoft\Netshow\Player] "PrerollMaxMultiplier"=dword:c8; = 200 decimal

;051128_KB910643 - Playback of WMA files may consume large amount of memory. [HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\Software\Microsoft\DirectX\DirectShow\WMADecoder] "MaxOutputFrameSize"=dword:500000

;050513_KB897325 - The default thread priorities of both the video decoder thread and renderer thread need to be adjusted to properly decoder and display a frame at the right time. [HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\SOFTWARE\Microsoft\DirectShow\ThreadPriority]

[HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\SOFTWARE\Microsoft\DirectShow\ThreadPriority] "AsyncVideoRenderer"=dword:80

H)Microsoft Network Media Device FYI Microsoft help information.

I)Standard Shell 1. About Taskbar, add follow setting to project.reg [HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\SOFTWARE\Microsoft\Shell\AutoHide] @=" " ; ASCII 0x01 [HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\SOFTWARE\Microsoft\Shell\OnTop] @=""

2. Let MediaPlayer open the .ts or .VOB extension file as a MPEG file, add follow setting to platform.reg (Not recommend) [HKEY_CLASSES_ROOT\.ts] "Content Type"="video/mpeg"

[HKEY_CLASSES_ROOT\.ts] @="videofile" "Content Type"="video/mpeg"

[HKEY_CLASSES_ROOT\MIME\Database\Content Type\video/mpeg] "Extension"=".ts"

;vob [HKEY_CLASSES_ROOT\.vob] "Content Type"="video/mpeg"

[HKEY_CLASSES_ROOT\.vob] @="videofile" "Content Type"="video/mpeg"

[HKEY_CLASSES_ROOT\MIME\Database\Content Type\video/mpeg] "Extension"=".vob"

J)DirectDVD It'll be released.

K)Wire less Ethernet

1. RealTek RTL8180 Native Wi-Fi STA/AP Driver(802.11a/b)

MetaLink
 VIA

8) How to upgrade XOS of SMP8634 chip

This step must work in release mode nk bin system, don't use other mode nk bin to do it.

Copy the XOS binary file and xrpc.exe file to "\WINCE500\PBWorkspace\(your CE project name)\RelDir\SMP863X MIPSII Release" directory, download the nk.bin to SMP8634 board boot the CE system up.

In platform builder target control window type "s xrpc Release\xrpc_xload_xosu-xosMe0-8634_ES4_dev.bin" command.

First time serial window will get a error message, don't care about it, type the command again, then the SMP8634 board will show a green window and shutdown. Reboot the board, then the new XOS is ready.

In serial port window, the first line message after reboot shows the version of XOS

xosMe0 serial#d94c4b9ea50ceb457882f9d5033ec114 subid 0xc4 xenv cs2 ok power supply: ok dram0 ok (7) dram1 ok (8) zboot (0) ok

9) How to get XOS information xrpc info3

10) How to make the boot Screen

A) Copy the SMP863X_RestoreFB.lib(DEV for ES6/ES7/ES9 chip, PROD for REV A/B/C chip) file to "\Wince500\Platform\SMP863X\lib\MIPSII\retail" directory, make sure it is in "bootloader" project link additional libraries

B) Build a release mode CE project and get the NK.bin file

C) Build a new BootFB.exe file with BootFB source code, copy it to CE project release directory

D) Download NK.bin to SMP8634 board with platform builder, run the CE system up

E) In platform builder target control window type "s bootfb.exe \\Release\\bootfb.bin" command, create the bootfb.bin and bootfb.bin.h file in CE project release directory, Detach Device

F) Open the main.c file of bootloader project 1. Add follow define under "//#define RESET_8139_ON_LAUNCH1" line #define SETUP_FRAMEBUFFER_IN_BOOTLOADER 2

2. Find follow code

#ifdef SETUP_FRAMEBUFFER_IN_BOOTLOADER

// these functions are defined in SMP863x RestoreFB.lib

int RestoreFB (BYTE *p, DWORD n, DWORD *pPhysicalAddressOfFrameBuffer, DWORD *pWidth, DWORD *pHeight);

int DVI_Init (); int DVI_Enable (); int DVI_Disable ();

#endif

Make sure these code is OK.

3. Find follow code

#ifdef SETUP FRAMEBUFFER IN BOOTLOADER

//#include

"C:\\WINCE500\\PBWorkspaces\\SMP8634Generic\\RelDir\\SMP863X MIPSII Release\\bo otfb.bin.h

#endif

```
Modify it to
    #ifdef SETUP_FRAMEBUFFER_IN_BOOTLOADER
#include "D:\\WINCE500\\PBWorkspaces\\(your CE project
name)\\RelDir\\SMP863X_MIPSII_Release\\bootfb.bin.h'
     #endif
         4. Find follow code at the end of "OEMPlatformInit()" function
     #ifdef SETUP FRAMEBUFFER IN BOOTLOADER
         {
              DWORD fb, width, height, i, j, saved remap register;
              RMuint8 *p;
              // save the current remap register
              saved_remap_register = INREG32 (cpu_va+CPU_remap+4*4);
              OALLog(L"saved_remap_register = %08lx\r\n", saved_remap_register);
```

```
// re-program the re-map register so that DRAM1 starts at KSEG1 address
0x0C000000
             OUTREG32 (cpu va+CPU remap+4*4, 0x2000000);
             RestoreFB (bootfb, sizeof (bootfb), &fb, &width, &height);
             OALLog(L"FB @ 0x\%08lx (%d x %d)\r\n", fb, (int)width, (int)height);
             if ((fb \& 0xF000000) = 0x2000000)
                  fb = 0x14000000;
             // enable HDMI output in "dvi" mode
             DVI _Init ();
             DVI_Enable ();
             // paint the screen gray or draw whatever you want
             p = (RMuint8 *)OALPAtoUA(fb);
for (i=0; i<height; i++)</pre>
             {
                  for (j=0; j<width; j++)
                  {
                      p[0] = 0x80; // B
                      p[1] = 0x80; // G
                      p[2] = 0x80; // R
                      p[3] = 0xff; // alpha
                      p += 4;
                  }
             }
             // restore the old remap register value
             OUTREG32 (cpu_va+CPU_remap+4*4, saved_remap_register);
    #endif
         Make sure these code is OK.
         5. Run "Built current project" menu command for bootloader project
         6. Download new boot bin file to SMP8634 board and reboot it, about 6 seconds,
you can see a grey boot screen from HDMI/YPbPr/Video port.
11) How to show a bitmap logo in boot screen
12) How to show a progress in boot screen
13) How to dynamic change video output
    ddi esc
#include <windows.h>
#include "../include/ddi_86xx/ddi86xxesc.h"
#include "../include/ddi_86xx/smp863x_formats.h"
static void unicode2char (char *unicode, char *name, int I)
{
    int i;
    for (i=0; i<l; i++)
    {
         name[0] = unicode[0];
         name++;
         unicode += 2;
    name[0] = 0;
}
static int unicodestrlen (char *unicode)
{
    int i;
    i = 0;
    while (1)
    Ł
         if (unicode[0] == 0)
             break;
         unicode += 2;
        i++;
    }
```

```
SIGMA DESIGNS
       return i:
  }
  int WINAPI WinMain (
       HINSTANCE hInstance,
       HINSTANCE hPrevInstance,
       LPTSTR
                 lpCmdLine,
       int
               nCmdShow)
   {
       char commandline[512];
       StDDIDisplayOutput DisplayOutput;
       int mode;
       unicode2char ((char *)lpCmdLine, commandline, unicodestrlen ((char *)lpCmdLine));
       mode = atoi (commandline);
       if (mode < 0)
           mode = 0;
       if (mode > 4)
           mode = 4;
       // dynamic resolution change
       if (mode == 0)
       ł
           // use when user views on composite/svideo
           DisplayOutput.AnalogStandard = EMhwlibTVStandard_NTSC_M;
           DisplayOutput.ComponentStandard = EMhwlibTVStandard_NTSC
                                                                      M;
           DisplayOutput.DigitalStandard = EMhwlibTVStandard_HDMI_480i59;
           RETAILMSG (1, (TEXT("** DYNAMIC OUTPUT MODE CHANGE: Setting display mode
  to NTSC, NTSC, 480i\r\n")));
       }
       else
       if (mode == 1)
       {
           // use when user has a 480p capable tv, and they are watching on component or
  hdmi
           DisplayOutput.AnalogStandard = EMhwlibTVStandard_NTSC_M;
           DisplayOutput.ComponentStandard = EMhwlibTVStandard 480p59;
           DisplayOutput.DigitalStandard = EMhwlibTVStandard_HDMI_480p59;
           RETAILMSG (1, (TEXT("** DYNAMIC OUTPUT MODE CHANGE: Setting display mode
  to NTSC, 480P, 480P\r\n")));
       }
       else
       if (mode == 2)
       {
           // use when user has a 720p capable tv, and they are watching on component or
  hdmi
           DisplayOutput.AnalogStandard = EMhwlibTVStandard_NTSC_M;
           DisplayOutput.ComponentStandard = EMhwlibTVStandard 720p59;
           DisplayOutput.DigitalStandard = EMhwlibTVStandard_HDMI_720p59;
           RETAILMSG (1, (TEXT("** DYNAMIC OUTPUT MODE CHANGE: Setting display mode
  to NTSC, 720P, 720P\r\n")));
       }
       else
       if (mode == 3)
       {
           // use when user has a 1080i capable tv, and they are watching on component or
  hdmi
           DisplayOutput.AnalogStandard = EMhwlibTVStandard_NTSC_M;
           DisplayOutput.ComponentStandard = EMhwlibTVStandard_1080i59;
           DisplayOutput.DigitalStandard = EMhwlibTVStandard HDMI 1080i59;
           RETAILMSG (1, (TEXT("** DYNAMIC OUTPUT MODE CHANGE: Setting display mode
  to NTSC, 1080i, 1080i\r\n")));
       }
       else
       if(mode == 4)
       {
           DisplayOutput.AnalogStandard = EMhwlibTVStandard_NTSC_M;
```

DisplayOutput.ComponentStandard = EMhwlibTVStandard_NTSC_M; DisplayOutput.DigitalStandard = EMhwlibTVStandard_Custom;

DisplayOutput.ComponentMode = EMhwlibComponentMode_YUV_SMPTE; DisplayOutput.ComponentOrder = EMhwlibComponentOrder_RGB; DisplayOutput.ComponentColorSpace = EMhwlibColorSpace_YUV_601;

DisplayOutput.DigitalOutputVideoMode.PixelClock = 0x2122800;//0x2625A00; DisplayOutput.DigitalOutputVideoMode.HActive = 0x320; DisplayOutput.DigitalOutputVideoMode.HFrontPorch = 0x0; DisplayOutput.DigitalOutputVideoMode.HSyncWidth = 0x80; DisplayOutput.DigitalOutputVideoMode.HBackPorch = 0x0; DisplayOutput.DigitalOutputVideoMode.HSyncPolarity = 0x0; DisplayOutput.DigitalOutputVideoMode.VActive = 0x258; DisplayOutput.DigitalOutputVideoMode.VFrontPorch = 0x1; DisplayOutput.DigitalOutputVideoMode.VSyncWidth = 0x3; DisplayOutput.DigitalOutputVideoMode.VSyncWidth = 0x14; DisplayOutput.DigitalOutputVideoMode.VSyncPolarity = 0x0; DisplayOutput.DigitalOutputVideoMode.VSyncPolarity = 0x0; DisplayOutput.DigitalOutputVideoMode.VSyncPolarity = 0x0;

DisplayOutput.LVDS.Enable = 0x1; DisplayOutput.LVDS.GPIOFieldIDOutput = 0xB; DisplayOutput.LVDS.GPIOPanelOn = 0xE;

RETAILMSG (1, (TEXT("** DYNAMIC OUTPUT MODE CHANGE: Setting display mode to 800X600(r(n")));

```
HDC hdc = GetDC (0);
if (hdc)
{
    if(mode < 4)
    ł
        ExtEscape (
             hdc,
             DDI86XX_ESC_SET_DISPLAY_OUTPUT,
             sizeof (StDDIDisplayOutput),
             (LPCSTR)&DisplayOutput,
             0.
             0
        );
    }
    else
    {
        ExtEscape (
             hdc,
             DDI86XX_ESC_SET_DISPLAY_OUTPUT_EX,
             sizeof (StDDIDisplayOutput),
             (LPCSTR)&DisplayOutput,
             Ò.
             0
        );
    ReleaseDC (0, hdc);
}
return 0;
```

```
}
```

14) Current Driver escape codes // Driver escape codes

// Set the display output - Use StDDIDisplayOutput as the input #define DDI86XX_ESC_SET_DISPLAY_OUTPUT 100000 // Get the current display output #define DDI86XX_ESC_GET_DISPLAY_OUTPUT 100001 // Set the HDMI audio info.

SIGMA DESIGNS[®]

#define DDI86XX_ESC_SET_HDMI_AUDIO_INFO 100002
// Set the flicker
#define DDI86XX_ESC_SET_ANTIFLICKER 100003
// Ouery the OSD window position. Use StDDIPos
#define DDI86XX ESC GET GDI POS 100004
// Use StDDIDisableDisplayOutput
#define DDI86XX_ESC_DISABLE_OUTPUTS100005
// Set the display aspect ratio = Lice St DIOutput/spectPatio
Hading DDISCVY ESC SET OUTDUT ASPECT DATIO
define DD1804A_LSC_SET_001F01_ASPECT_KATIO_100000
// Set the macrovision and cgms levels - Use StDDIMacrovisionCGMS
#define DDI86XX_ESC_SEI_MACKOVISION_CGMS 100007
// Permanently hide/show the hardware cursor
#define DDI86XX_ESC_HIDE_HW_CURSOR 100008
#define DDI86XX_ESC_SHOW_HW_CURSOR 100009
<pre>// Brightness, Contrast, and Saturation controls - Use StDDIBCS</pre>
#define DDI86XX ESC SET BCS 100013
#define DDI86XX_ESC_GET_BCS 100017
// set the alpha blending value for a region - Use StDDIAlpha
// BE CAREFUL: this function does not do any range or error checking
#define DDI86XX ESC SET ALPHA VALUE 100018
// chock to soo if the HDMI has been set at least once
Hading DDISKY ECC CHECK HDMI AUDIO INFO
#define DDIOOKA_ESC_CHECK_HDMI_ADDIO_INFO_100019
// Set the display aspect ratio - Use StDDIScalingMode
#define DDI86XX_ESC_SE1_SCALING_MODE 100020
// Set/get the key color - Use StDDIKeyColor
#define DDI86XX_ESC_SET_KEYCOLOR 100021
#define DDI86XX_ESC_GET_KEYCOLOR 100022
<pre>// set "advanced" analog copy control - Use StDDICopyControl</pre>
#define DDI86XX_ESC_SET_COPY_CONTROL 100023
// set/get volume level - Use StDDIVolume
#define DDI86XX ESC SET VOLUME 100024
#define DDI86XX_ESC_CET_VOLUME 100025
// muto/up muto_all_audia_autouto_lice_StDDIAudiaMuto
// independent independent of the second sec
#define DDI86xx_ESC_ADDI0_MUTE 100026
// Set the OSD window position. Use StDDIPos
#define DDI86XX_ESC_SE1_GD1_POS
// Enable/disable the HDCP. Pass a boolean value to lpszInData of ExtEscape.
#define DDI86XX_ESC_ENABLE_HDCP 100028
// Enable/disable the EDID (HDMI preferred mode) detection. Pass a boolean value to
IpszInData of ExtEscape.
#define DDI86XX ESC ENABLE EDID DETECTION 100029
// Disable/clear the stretch blitting. Default is enable. Pass a boolean value to lpszInData of
ExtEscape
#define DDI86XX ESC DISABLE STRETCH BIT 100030
// Extended version to set the display output - lise StDDIDisplayOutput as
// the input The application must get all the parameters. The new ovtended
// the input. The application must set all the parameters. The non-extended
// one only requires the standards since the driver will use the current component
// parameters. Note that DDI86XX_ESC_GET_DISPLAY_OUTPUT will return all the
parameters.
#define DDI86XX_ESC_SET_DISPLAY_OUTPUT_EX 100031
// Blt the picture from the decoder onto OSD surface.
#define DDI86XX_ESC_PIC_BITBLT 100032
// Enable/disable the HDMI audio (switch to DVI mode).
// Pass a boolean value to pszInData of ExtEscape.
#define DDI86XX_ESC_DISABLE_HDMI_AUDIO100033
// Dump the EDID info_Pass a pre-allocated buffer (char*) to InszOutData and the buffer size
// to choutput of ExtEscape Recommend the buffer size of at least 4KB
#define DDI86XY ESC DUMP EDID 100034
define bb1000A_LSC_DOMP_LDID
// Get the current https:// connection.state. TRUE=connect, FALSE=disconnect. Pass a boolean
#define DDIX6XX_ESC_GE1_HDM1_CONNECTION 100035
// DEBUG purpose only - Get the last HDMI debug message.
<pre>// Pass a pre-allocated buffer (char*) to lpszOutData and the buffer size</pre>
// to cbOutput of ExtEscape. Recommend the buffer size of at least 4KB.
// If the buffer size is less than the valid debug message, it will return 0.
#define DDI86XX_ESC_GET_LAST_HDMI_DEBUGMSG_100036

// To receive an event when the HDMI connection changes, RegisterWindowMessage the below message // and use the return id as your message id in your application WndProc. Please see HWND BROADCAST // in PostMessage for more details of how to catch this event. // When receiving this event, use the DDI86XX_ESC_GET_HDMI_CONNECTION to check for current // HDMI connection. #define SMP863X_HDMI_CONNECTION_MESSAGE TEXT("SMP863x_HDMI_CONNECTION_CHANGES") typedef struct { unsigned long PixelClock; unsigned long HActive; unsigned long HFrontPorch; unsigned long HSyncWidth; unsigned long HBackPorch; unsigned long HSyncPolarity; // TRUE: positive, FALSE: negative unsigned long VActive; unsigned long VFrontPorch; unsigned long VSyncWidth; unsigned long VBackPorch; unsigned long VSyncPolarity; // TRUE: positive, FALSE: negative unsigned long Interlaced; } StDDIVideoMode; // LVDS specific parameters. The GPIO pin numbers are board dependent, be careful! tvpedef struct { unsigned long Enable; unsigned long GPIOFieldIDOutput; // GPIO to enable Field ID output to the LVDS parity line unsigned long GPIOPanelOn; // GPIO to turn on the panel } StDDILVDS; typedef struct { enum EMhwlibTVStandard AnalogStandard; enum EMhwlibTVStandard DigitalStandard; enum EMhwlibTVStandard ComponentStandard; // The below parameters require to use the DDI86XX_ESC_SET_DISPLAY_OUTPUT_EX. // Using the DDI86XX_ESC_SET_DISPLAY_OUTPUT will result an invalid output. // These parameters apply to component output enum EMhwlibComponentMode ComponentMode; enum EMhwlibComponentOrder ComponentOrder; enum EMhwlibColorSpace ComponentColorSpace; enum EMhwlibColorSpace AnalogColorSpace; enum EMhwlibColorSpace DigitalColorSpace; // Invert/clear the digital video clock (inverted by default) unsigned long InvertClock; // Set to 1 to enable VGA output. Also need to set component parameters correctly for the VGA mode. // Do not set DigitalStandard to custom when it's 1. unsigned long VGAOutput; // Custom digital output video mode. DigitalStandard must be set to EMhwlibTVStandard Custom. // Outputs on analog and component will disabled. StDDIVideoMode DigitalOutputVideoMode; StDDILVDS LVDS; } StDDIDisplayOutput; typedef struct { unsigned char AdaptativeEnable;

```
/** Member default range 0 -> 1 */
     unsigned long Taps;
     /** Member default range 0 -> 3 */
     unsigned long AntiFlickerColor;
     /** Member default range 0 -> 3 */
     unsigned long AntiFlickerAlpha;
} StDDIAntiFlicker;
typedef struct {
     int x;
     int y;
     int width;
     int height;
} StDDIPos;
typedef struct
     int disable;
} StDDIDisableDisplayOutput;
typedef struct
     int x;
     int y;
} StDDIOutputAspectRatio;
#define DDI_SCALING_MODE_LETTERBOX
                                                    1
#define DDI_SCALING_MODE_PANSCAN 2
#define DDI_SCALING_MODE_NONE
                                               3
typedef struct
     int ScalingMode;
} StDDIScalingMode;
typedef struct
     int macrovision_level; // range is 0-3 for NTSC, 0-1 for PAL
     int cqms level;
                                    // range is 0-3
} StDDIMacrovisionCGMS;
typedef struct
     // each output has separate controls for brightness, saturation, and contrast control
     int digital_brightness;
                                    // range: -128 to 127, default = 0
                                    // range: 0 to 255, default = 128
     int digital_contrast;
     int digital_saturation;
                                    // range: 0 to 255, default = 128
     int mainanalog_brightness; // range: -128 to 127, default = 0
int mainanalog_contrast; // range: 0 to 255, default = 128
int mainanalog_saturation; // range: 0 to 255, default = 128
     int component_brightness; // range: -128 to 127, default = 0
int component_contrast; // range: 0 to 255, default = 128
     int component_saturation; // range: 0 to 255, default = 128
} StDDIBCS;
typedef struct
     unsigned long alpha;
                                    // range: 0 - 255, 0=transparent, 0xff=opaque
                                         // x offset of region
     int x;
                                         // y offset of region
// width of region
     int y;
     int w;
     int h;
                                         // height of region
     unsigned long surface_addr;
                                         // start address of the surface
     int stride;
                                         // stride of surface
} StDDIAlpha;
```

typedef struct unsigned char r; unsigned char g; unsigned char b; } StDDIKeyColor; typedef struct enum EMhwlibAGCVersion agc_version; unsigned long agc_level; // macrovision pulses 0, 1, 2, 3. Usually is same value as aps. unsigned long cgmsa; // copy generation management system 0, 1, 2, 3. Sent on line 20 and in "Copy and Redistribution Control Packet" on 11 line21_xds. unsigned long aps_level; // analog protection system 0, 1, 2, 3. Sent on line 20 and in "Copy and Redistribution Control Packet" on 11 line21_xds. unsigned long rcd; // redistribution control descriptor. Sent on line 20 and in "Copy and Redistribution Control Packet" on 11 line21 xds. // analog source bit. Sent on line 20 and unsigned long asb; in "Copy and Redistribution Control Packet" on 11 line21_xds. } StDDICopyControl; typedef struct // specified in dB, range is (0, -49) 0dB is max, <= -49dB is long Volume; mute } StDDIVolume; typedef struct n-mute 1=mute int mute; } StDDIAudioMute; #include "bitblt.h" typedef struct { StDecodedInfo SurInfo; StPictureParams PicParams; SrcWnd; **StDDIPos StDDIPos** DstWnd; } StDDIPictureBlt; 15) Extended Project All of these extended project are from internet source or 3rd CO., if you have interest about them, please learn and check them by yourself, there is not any supporting for them with SigmaDesigns.

A)WebCam

Windows CE WebCam Project: This project covers a Windows CE USB video spec webcam driver that supports Windows CE 4.2, 5.0, and 6.0.

License: Microsoft Limited Permissive License (Ms-LPL) Published: October 12, 2006

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Link: <u>http://www.codeplex.com/cewebcam</u>

B)DOOM

SMP8634 WinCE platform support DirectDraw, so we can try build DOOM windows project on it.

C)PPLive

PPlive build a demo for SMP8634 wince platform

D)EMule

EMule is a windows GPL project, so you can try build a version for SMP8634 platform

E)JavaVM(Personal JAVA)

The pjavawince-1.1-beta1-mips version JavaVM can be installed in SMP8634 platform, so we can try run some JAVA application with it.

16) About Windows CE Test kits(CETK)

- A) Get the real-time CPU/Memory usage There are two exe files(cetkperf.exe and cpumon.exe.) in WinCE install directory, You can do as follow steps, 1. Copy the cetkperf.exe(the version for MIPSII) to wince system, run it as

command "cetkperf <the name of your winXP PC>", and make sure you can get "*** Could not Connect to Server Socket" message in debug window

2. Run cpumon.exe file in your winXP system, you can get the real-time CPU and memory usage

17) BUG list

- A) Can't Open Slave IDE device DMA mode
- B) There is noise in audio output when play a MPEG2 ProgramStream with AC3 audio C) No audio output when play a WMA pro audio only file
- D) No audio output when play a media file with DTS audio

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