

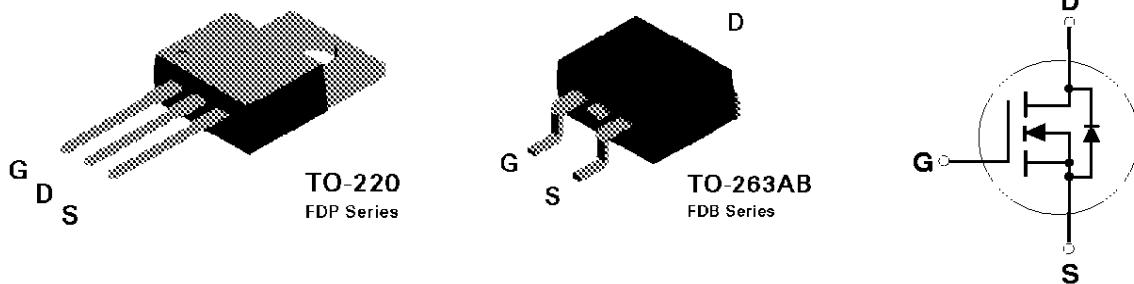
## FDP4030L / FDB4030L N-Channel Logic Level Enhancement Mode Field Effect Transistor

### General Description

These N-Channel enhancement mode power field effect transistors are produced using Fairchild's proprietary, high cell density, DMOS technology. This very high density process has been especially tailored to minimize on-state resistance and provide superior switching performance. These devices are particularly suited for low voltage applications such as DC/DC converters and other battery powered circuits where fast switching, low in-line power loss, and resistance to transients are needed.

### Features

- 20 A, 30 V.  $R_{DS(ON)} = 0.035 \Omega$  @  $V_{GS}=10\text{ V}$   
 $R_{DS(ON)} = 0.055 \Omega$  @  $V_{GS}=4.5\text{ V}$ .
- Critical DC electrical parameters specified at elevated temperature.
- Rugged internal source-drain diode can eliminate the need for an external Zener diode transient suppressor.
- High density cell design for extremely low  $R_{DS(ON)}$ .
- 175°C maximum junction temperature rating.



### Absolute Maximum Ratings $T_c = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted

Symbol	Parameter	FDP4030L	FDB4030L	Units
$V_{DSS}$	Drain-Source Voltage	30		V
$V_{GSS}$	Gate-Source Voltage		$\pm 20$	V
$I_D$	Drain Current - Continuous (Note 1)	20		A
	- Pulsed (Note 1)	60		
$P_D$	Total Power Dissipation @ $T_c = 25^\circ\text{C}$	37.5		W
	Derate above $25^\circ\text{C}$	0.25		W/ $^\circ\text{C}$
$T_J, T_{STG}$	Operating and Storage Temperature Range	-65 to 175		$^\circ\text{C}$
$T_L$	Maximum lead temperature for soldering purposes, 1/8" from case for 5 seconds	275		$^\circ\text{C}$

### THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

$R_{JC}$	Thermal Resistance, Junction-to-Case	4	$^\circ\text{C/W}$
$R_{JA}$	Thermal Resistance, Junction-to-Ambient	62.5	$^\circ\text{C/W}$

**Electrical Characteristics** ( $T_c = 25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
<b>DRAIN-SOURCE AVALANCHE RATINGS</b> (Note 1)						
<b>OFF CHARACTERISTICS</b>						
$W_{DSS}$	Single Pulse Drain-Source Avalanche Energy	$V_{DD} = 15\text{ V}$ , $I_D = 7\text{ A}$			50	$\text{mJ}$
$I_{AR}$	Maximum Drain-Source Avalanche Current				7	$\text{A}$
$BV_{DSS}$	Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	$V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}$ , $I_D = 250\text{ }\mu\text{A}$	30			$\text{V}$
$\Delta BV_{DSS}/\Delta T_J$	Breakdown Voltage Temp. Coefficient	$I_D = 250\text{ }\mu\text{A}$ , Referenced to $25^\circ\text{C}$		33		$\text{mV}/^\circ\text{C}$
$I_{DSS}$	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	$V_{DS} = 24\text{ V}$ , $V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}$ $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$			10	$\mu\text{A}$
$I_{GSSF}$	Gate - Body Leakage, Forward	$V_{GS} = 20\text{ V}$ , $V_{DS} = 0\text{ V}$			100	$\text{nA}$
$I_{GSSR}$	Gate - Body Leakage, Reverse	$V_{GS} = -20\text{ V}$ , $V_{DS} = 0\text{ V}$			-100	$\text{nA}$
<b>ON CHARACTERISTICS</b> (Note 1)						
$V_{GS(th)}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	$V_{DS} = V_{GS}$ , $I_D = 250\text{ }\mu\text{A}$	1	1.6	2	$\text{V}$
$\Delta V_{GS(th)}/\Delta T_J$	Gate Threshold Voltage Temp. Coefficient	$I_D = 250\text{ }\mu\text{A}$ , Referenced to $25^\circ\text{C}$		-4.1		$\text{mV}/^\circ\text{C}$
$R_{DS(on)}$	Static Drain-Source On-Resistance	$V_{GS} = 10\text{ V}$ , $I_D = 10\text{ A}$		0.025	0.035	$\Omega$
		$T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$		0.048	0.06	
		$V_{GS} = 10\text{ V}$ , $I_D = 4.5\text{ A}$		0.046	0.055	
$I_{D(on)}$	On-State Drain Current	$V_{GS} = 10\text{ V}$ , $V_{DS} = 10\text{ V}$	30			$\text{A}$
$g_{FS}$	Forward Transconductance	$V_{DS} = 10\text{ V}$ , $I_D = 10\text{ A}$		11		$\text{s}$
<b>DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS</b>						
$C_{iss}$	Input Capacitance	$V_{DS} = 15\text{ V}$ , $V_{GS} = 10\text{ V}$ , $f = 1.0\text{ MHz}$		365		$\text{pF}$
$C_{oss}$	Output Capacitance			210		$\text{pF}$
$C_{rss}$	Reverse Transfer Capacitance			70		$\text{pF}$
<b>SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS</b> (Note 1)						
$t_{D(on)}$	Turn - On Delay Time	$V_{DD} = 15\text{ V}$ , $I_D = 10\text{ A}$ , $V_{GS} = 10\text{ V}$ , $R_{GEN} = 10\Omega$		8	15	$\text{nS}$
$t_r$	Turn - On Rise Time			8	15	$\text{nS}$
$t_{D(off)}$	Turn - Off Delay Time			20	40	$\text{nS}$
$t_f$	Turn - Off Fall Time			10	20	$\text{nS}$
$Q_g$	Total Gate Charge	$V_{DS} = 24\text{ V}$ , $I_D = 10\text{ A}$ , $V_{GS} = 10\text{ V}$		13	18	$\text{nC}$
$Q_{gs}$	Gate-Source Charge			2		$\text{nC}$
$Q_{gd}$	Gate-Drain Charge			4		$\text{nC}$
<b>DRAIN-SOURCE DIODE CHARACTERISTICS</b>						
$I_s$	Maximum Continuous Drain-Source Diode Forward Current				20	$\text{A}$
$I_{SM}$	Maximum Pulsed Drain-Source Diode Forward Current				60	$\text{A}$
$V_{SD}$	Drain-Source Diode Forward Voltage	$V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}$ , $I_s = 10\text{ A}$ (Note 1) $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$		1.12	1.3	$\text{V}$
				1.08	1.2	

Note

 1 Pulse Test: Pulse Width  $\leq 300\text{ }\mu\text{s}$  Duty Cycle  $\leq 2\text{ \%}$

## Typical Electrical Characteristics

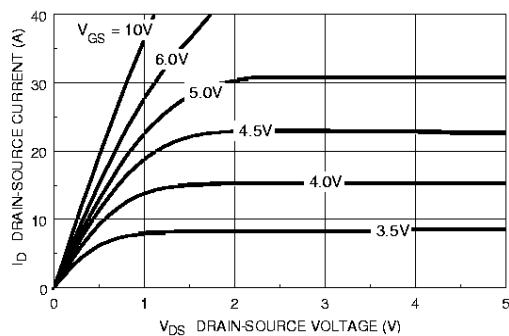


Figure 1. On-Region Characteristics.

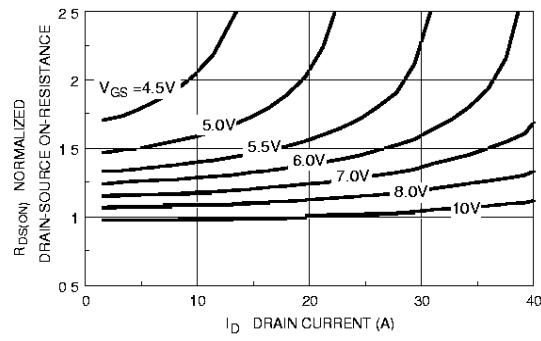


Figure 2. On-Resistance Variation with Drain Current and Gate Voltage.

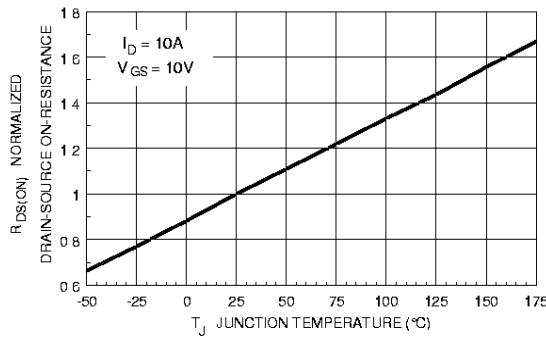


Figure 3. On-Resistance Variation with Temperature.

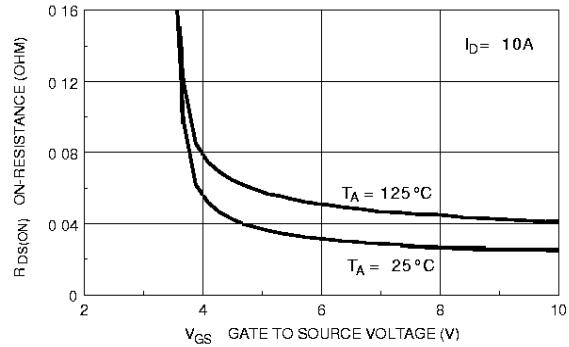


Figure 4. On-Resistance Variation with Gate-to-Source Voltage.

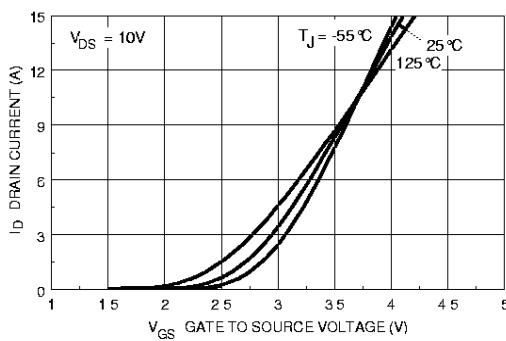


Figure 5. Transfer Characteristics.

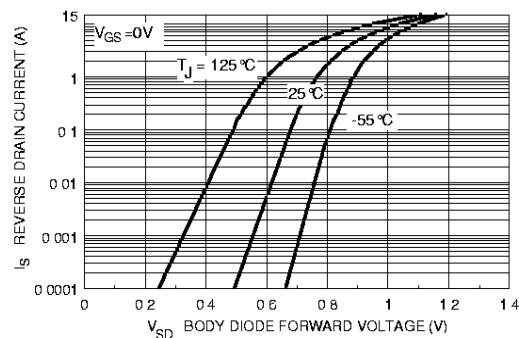


Figure 6 . Body Diode Forward Voltage Variation with Source Current and Temperature.

### Typical Electrical Characteristics (continued)

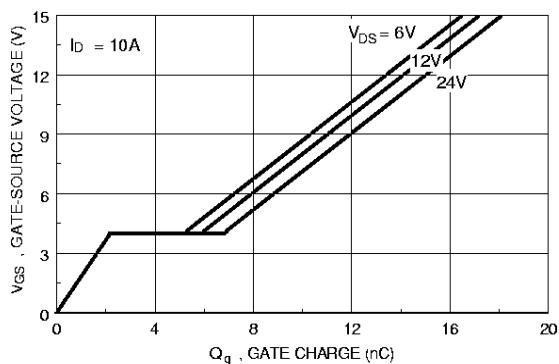


Figure 7. Gate Charge Characteristics.

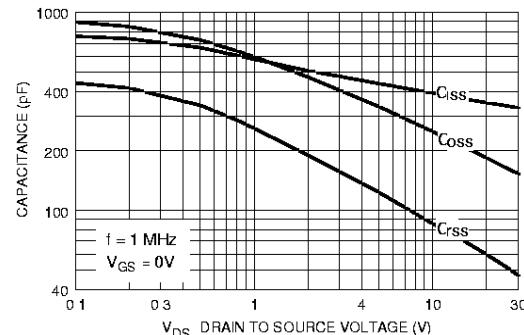


Figure 8. Capacitance Characteristics.

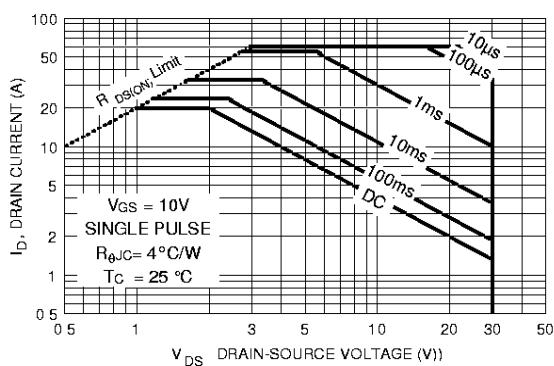


Figure 9. Maximum Safe Operating Area.

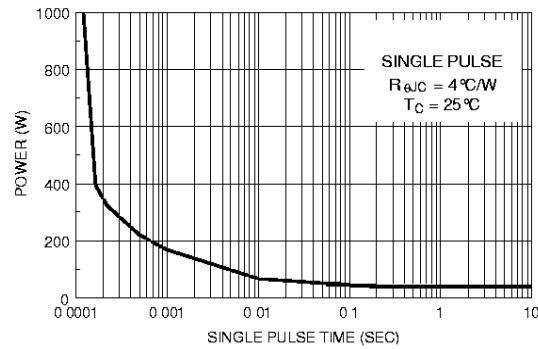


Figure 10. Single Pulse Maximum Power Dissipation.

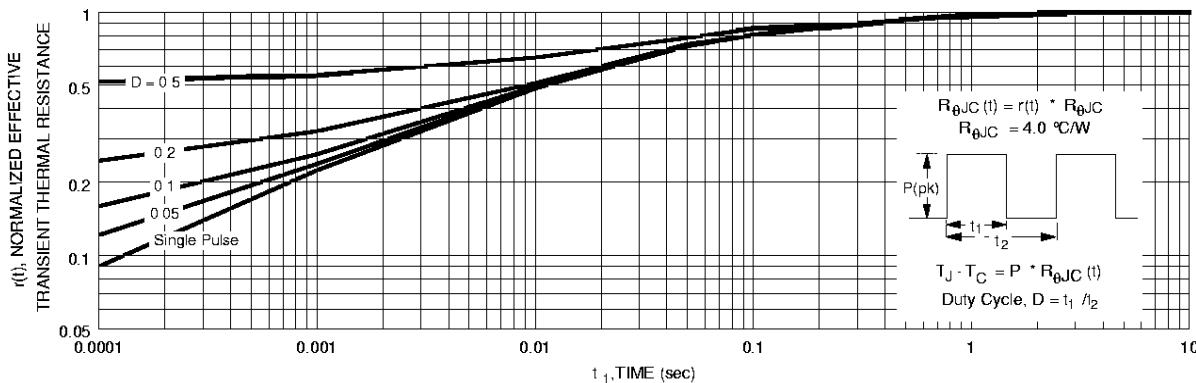


Figure 11. Transient Thermal Response Curve.