

# VRE110/111/112 Precision Reference Supplies



THALER CORPORATION • 2015 N. FORBES BOULEVARD • TUCSON, AZ. 85745 • (520) 882-4000

## **FEATURES**

- VERY HIGH ACCURACY: 2.500 V OUTPUT ±200 µV
- EXTREMELY LOW DRIFT: 0.8 ppm/°C 55°C to +125°C
- LOW WARM-UP DRIFT: 1 ppm Typ.
- EXCELLENT STABILITY: 6 ppm/1000 Hrs. Typ.
- EXCELLENT LINE REGULATION: 3 ppm/V Typ.
- HERMETIC 14-PIN CERAMIC DIP
- MILITARY PROCESSING OPTION

## **APPLICATIONS**

- PRECISION A/D and D/A CONVERTERS
- TRANSDUCER EXCITATION
- ACCURATE COMPARATOR THRESHOLD REFERENCE
- HIGH RESOLUTION SERVO SYSTEMS
- DIGITAL VOLTMETERS
- HIGH PRECISION TEST AND MEASUREMENT INSTRUMENTS

### DESCRIPTION

VRE110 Series Precision Voltage References provide ultrastable +2.500V (VRE110), -2.500V (VRE101) and ±2.500V (VRE102) outputs with ±200 µV initial accuracy and temperature coefficient as low as 0.8 ppm/°C over the full military temperature range. This improvement in accuracy is made possible by a unique, multipoint laser compensation proprietary technique developed by Thaler Corporation. Significant improvements have been made in other performance parameters as well, including initial accuracy, warm-up drift, line regulation, and long-term stability, making the VRE110 series the most accurate and stable 2.5V reference available.

VRE110/111/112 devices are available in two operating temperature ranges, -25°C to +85°C and -55°C to +125°C, and two performance

#### **SELECTION GUIDE**

Туре	Output	Temperature Operating Range	Max. Volt Deviation		
VRE110C	+2.5V	-25°C to +85°C	200 μV		
VRE110CA	+2.5V	-25°C to +85°C	100 μV		
VRE110M	+2.5V	-55°C to +125°C	400 μV		
VRE110MA	+2.5V	-55°C to +125°C	200 μV		
VRE111C	-2.5V	-25°C to +85°C	200 μV		
VRE111CA	-2.5V	-25°C to +85°C	100 μV		
VRE111M	-2.5V	-55°C to +125°C	400 μV		
VRE111MA	-2.5V	-55°C to +125°C	200 μV		
VRE112C	±2.5V	-25°C to +85°C	200 μV		
VRE112CA	±2.5V	-25°C to +85°C	100 μV		
VRE112M	±2.5V	-55°C to +125°C	400 μV		
VRE112MA	±2.5V	-55°C to +125°C	200 μV		

grades. All devices are packaged in 14-pin hermetic ceramic packages for maximum long-term stability. "M" versions are screened for high reliability and quality.

Superior stability, accuracy, and quality make these references ideal for precision applications such as A/D and D/A converters, high-accuracy test and measurement instrumentation, and transducer excitation.

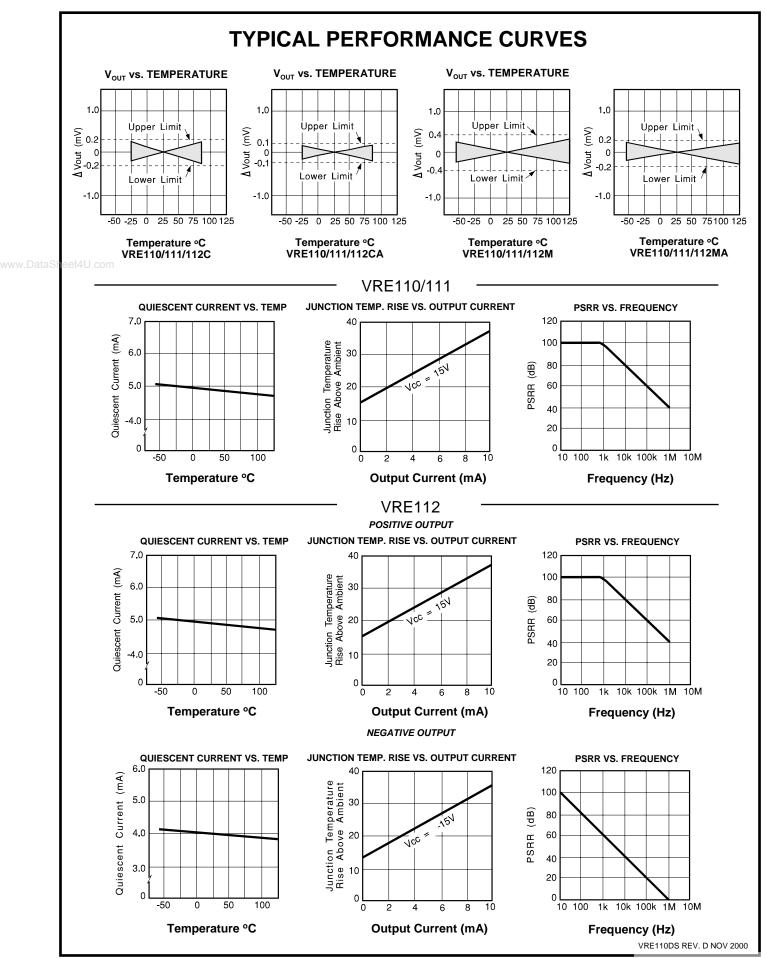
VRE110DS REV. D NOV 2000

ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS  Vps =±15V, T = 25°C, RL = 10kΩ unless otherwise noted.  VRE110/111/112													
MODEL	С			CA		М		MA					
PARAMETERS	MIN	ТҮР	мах	MIN	ТҮР	MAX	MIN	ТҮР	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS													
Power Supply Operating Temperature Storage Temperature Short Circuit Protection	±13.5 -25 -65 Co	ontinuc	±22 85 150 ous	* *	*	* * *	* -55 *	*	* 125 *	* -55 *	*	* 125 *	٥ ٥ ٥
OUTPUT VOLTAGE													
VRE110 VRE111 VRE112		+2.5 -2.5 +2.5			* *			* *			* *		V V V
OUTPUT VOLTAGE ERR	OUTPUT VOLTAGE ERRORS												
Initial Error Warmup Drift Tmin - Tmax <sup>(1)</sup> Long-Term Stability Noise (.1-10Hz)		2 6 1.0	300 200		1 *	200		2 *	300 400		1 *	200	μV ppm μV ppm/1000hr. μVpp
OUTPUT CURRENT													
Range	±10			*			*			*			mA
REGULATION													
Line Load		3 3	10		*	*		*	*		*	*	ppm/V ppm/mA
OUTPUT ADJUSTMENT													
Range Temperature Coefficient		20 1			*			*			*		mV μV/°C/mV
POWER SUPPLY CURRENTS (2)													
VRE110 +PS VRE110/111 -PS VRE112 +PS VRE112 -PS		5 5 7 4	7 7 9 6		* * *	* * *		* * *	* * *		* * *	* * *	mA mA mA mA

NOTES: \*Same as C Models.

<sup>1.</sup>Using the box method, the specified value is the maximum deviation from the output voltage at 25°C over the specified operating temperature range.

<sup>2.</sup> The specified values are unloaded.



# DISCUSSION OF PERFORMANCE

#### THEORY OF OPERATION

The following discussion refers to the schematic below. A FET current source is used to bias a 6.3V zener diode. The zener voltage is divided by the resistor network R1 and R2. This voltage is then applied to the noninverting input of the operational amplifier which amplifies the voltage to produce a 2.500V output. The gain is determined by the resistor networks R3 and R4: G=1 + R4/R3. The 6.3V zener diode is used because it is the most stable diode over time and temperature.

eet4U.cThe current source provides a closely regulated zener current, which determines the slope of the reference's voltage vs. temperature function. By trimming the zener current, a lower drift over temperature can be achieved. But since the voltage vs. temperature function is nonlinear, this method leaves a residual error over wide temperature ranges.

To remove this residual error, Thaler Corporation has developed a nonlinear compensation network of thermistors and resistors that is used in the VRE110 series references. This proprietary network eliminates most of the nonlinearity in the voltage vs. temperature function. By then adjusting the slope, Thaler Corporation produces a very stable voltage over wide temperature ranges. This network is less than 2% of the overall network resistance so it has a negligible effect on long term stability.

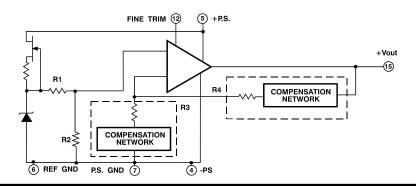
## APPLICATION INFORMATION

Figure 1 shows the proper connection of the VRE110 series voltage reference with the optional trim resistors. When trimming the VRE112, the positive voltage should be trimmed first since the negative voltage tracks the positive side. Pay careful attention to the circuit layout to avoid noise pickup and voltage drops in the lines.

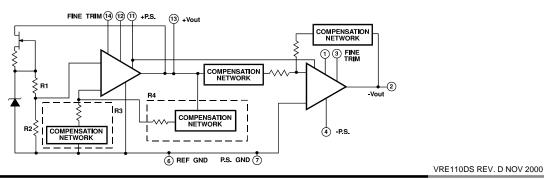
The VRE110 series voltage references have the ground terminal brought out on two pins (pin 6 and pin 7) which are connected together internally. This allows the user to achieve greater accuracy when using a socket. Voltage references have a voltage drop across their power supply ground pin due to quiescent current flowing through the contact resistance. If the contact resistance was constant with time and temperature, this voltage drop could be trimmed out. When the reference is plugged into a socket, this source of error can be as high as 20ppm. By connecting pin 7 to the power supply ground and pin 6 to a high impedance ground point in the measurement circuit, the error due to the contact resistance can be eliminated. If the unit is soldered into place the contact resistance is sufficiently small that it doesn't effect performance.

#### **VRE110**

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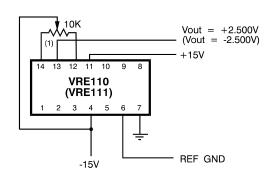


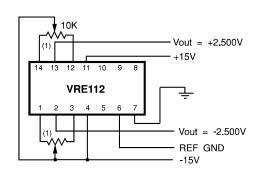
#### **VRE112**



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# **EXTERNAL CONNECTIONS**



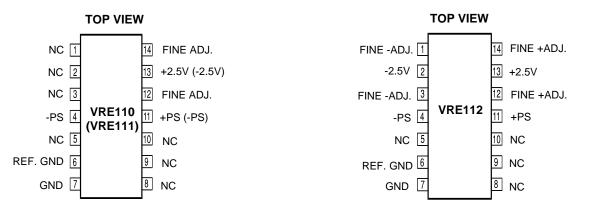


1. Optional Fine Adjust for approximately ±5mV. VRE111 trim pot center tap connect to -15V.

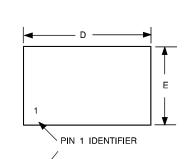
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FIGURE 1

# - PIN CONFIGURATION -

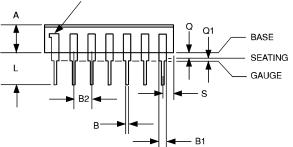


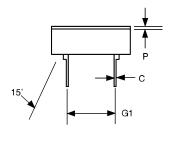
# · MECHANICAL ·



14-PIN HYBRID PACKAGE

	INC	HES	MILLII	METER		INCHES		MILLIMETER	
DIM	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	DIM	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
Ε	.480	.500	12.1	12.7	Α	.120	.155	3.0	4.0
L	.195	.215	4.9	5.4	Q	.015	.035	0.4	0.9
D	.775	.805	19.7	20.4	Q1	N/A	.030	N/A	0.7
В	.016	.020	0.4	0.5	С	.009	.012	0.2	0.3
B1	.038	.042	0.9	1.0	G1	.290	.310	7.3	7.8
B2	.095	.105	2.4	2.6					
S	.085	.105	2.1	2.6					
Р	.004	.006	0.10	0.15					





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