March 2013

FJBE2150D —

**ESBC™** Rated NPN Silicon Transistor



# FJBE2150D ESBC<sup>™</sup> Rated NPN Silicon Transistor

# ESBC Features (FDC655 MOSFET)

V <sub>CS(ON)</sub>	Ι <sub>C</sub>	Equiv. R <sub>CS(ON)</sub>
0.131 V	0.5 A	0.261 Ω <sup>(1)</sup>

- Low Equivalent On Resistance
- Very Fast Switch: 150 kHz
- Squared RBSOA: Up to 1250 V
- Avalanche Rated
- Low Driving Capacitance, no Miller Capacitance (Typ. 12 pF Capacitance at 200 V)
- Low Switching Losses
- Reliable HV Switch: No False Triggering due to High dv/dt Transients

## Applications

- High-Voltage and High-Speed Power Switches
- Emitter-Switched Bipolar/MOSFET Cascode (ESBC<sup>™</sup>)
- Smart Meters, Smart Breakers, **HV Industrial Power Supplies**
- Motor Drivers and Ignition Drivers



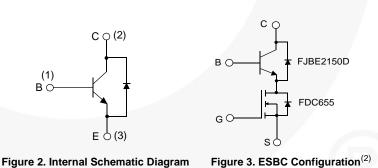
# Description

The FJBE2150D is a low-cost, high-performance power switch designed to be used in an ESBC<sup>™</sup> configuration in applications such as: power supplies, motor drivers, smart grid, or ignition switches. The power switch is designed to operate up to 1250 volts and up to 3 amps. while providing exceptionally low on-resistance and very low switching losses.

The ESBC<sup>™</sup> switch is designed to be driven using off-theshelf power supply controllers or drivers. The ESBC<sup>™</sup> MOSFET is a low-voltage, low-cost, surface-mount device that combines low-input capacitance and fast switching. The ESBC<sup>™</sup> configuration further minimizes the required driving power because it does not have Miller capacitance.

The FJBE2150D provides exceptional reliability and a large operating range due to its square Reverse-Bias-Safe-Operating-Area (RBSOA) and rugged design. The device is avalanche rated and has no parasitic transistors, so is not prone to static dv/dt failures.

The power switch is manufactured using a dedicated high-voltage bipolar process and is packaged in high-voltage HV-D2PAK rated at 2500 V creepage and clearance.



**Ordering Information** 

Part Number	Marking	Package	Packing Method
FJBE2150DTU	J2150D	D2-PAK-2L	TUBE

BC

## Notes:

1. Figure of Merit.

2. Other Fairchild MOSFETs can be used in this ESBC application.

## **Absolute Maximum Ratings**

Stresses exceeding the absolute maximum ratings may damage the device. The device may not function or be operable above the recommended operating conditions and stressing the parts to these levels is not recommended. In addition, extended exposure to stresses above the recommended operating conditions may affect device reliability. The absolute maximum ratings are stress ratings only. Values are at  $T_A = 25^{\circ}$ C unless otherwise noted.

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Units	
V <sub>CBO</sub>	Collector-Base Voltage	1250	V	
V <sub>CEO</sub>	Collector-Emitter Voltage	800	V	
V <sub>EBO</sub>	Emitter-Base Voltage	12	V	
۱ <sub>C</sub>	Collector Current	2	Α	
I <sub>CP</sub>	Collector Current (Pulse)	3	Α	
Ι <sub>Β</sub>	Base Current	1	Α	
I <sub>BP</sub>	Base Current (Pulse)	2	Α	
PD	Power Dissipation $(T_C = 25^{\circ}C)$	110	W	
ТJ	Operating and Junction Temperature Range	- 55 to +125	°C	
T <sub>STG</sub>	Storage Temperature Range	- 65 to +150	°C	
EAS	Avalanche Energy (T <sub>J</sub> = 25°C, 8 mH)	3.5	mJ	

## Thermal Characteristics<sup>(3)</sup>

Values are at  $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$  unless otherwise noted.

Symbol	Parameter	Max.	Units
R <sub>θjc</sub>	Thermal Resistance, Junction to Case	1.13	°C/W
R <sub>θja</sub>	Thermal Resistance, Junction to Ambient	76.42	°C/W

## Note:

3. Device mounted on FR-4 PCB, board size = 76.2 mm x 114.3 mm, land pattern 12.70 mm x 9.45 mm,

trace size = 10 mil.

# **Electrical Characteristics**<sup>(4)</sup>

Values are at  $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$  unless otherwise noted.

Symbol	Parameter	Test Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units
BV <sub>CBO</sub>	Collector-Base Breakdown Voltage	$I_{\rm C} = 0.5 \text{ mA}, I_{\rm E} = 0$	1250	1689		V
BV <sub>CEO</sub>	Collector-Emitter Breakdown Voltage	$I_{\rm C} = 5  {\rm mA},  I_{\rm B} = 0$	800	870		V
BV <sub>EBO</sub>	Emitter-Base Breakdown Voltage	$I_{\rm E} = 0.5  {\rm mA},  I_{\rm C} = 0$	12.0	14.8		V
I <sub>CES</sub>	Collector Cut-off Current	$V_{CES} = 1250 \text{ V}, I_E = 0$		0.01	100	μA
I <sub>CEO</sub>	Collector Cut-off Current	$V_{CE} = 800 \text{ V}, V_{BE} = 0$		0.01	100	μA
I <sub>EBO</sub>	Emitter Cut-off Current	$V_{EB} = 12 \text{ V}, \text{ I}_{C} = 0$		0.05	500	μA
h	DC Current Gain	$V_{CE} = 3 \text{ V}, \text{ I}_{C} = 0.4 \text{ A}$	20	29	35	
h <sub>FE</sub>		$V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}, \text{ I}_{C} = 5 \text{ mA}$	20	43		
	Collector-Emitter Saturation Voltage	I <sub>C</sub> = 0.25 A, I <sub>B</sub> = 0.05 A		0.16		V
V <sub>CE</sub> (sat)		I <sub>C</sub> = 0.5 A, I <sub>B</sub> = 0.167 A		0.12		V
		I <sub>C</sub> = 1 A, I <sub>B</sub> = 0.33 A		0.25		V
)/ (aat)	Base-Emitter Saturation Voltage	I <sub>C</sub> = 500 mA, I <sub>B</sub> = 50 mA		0.74	1.20	V
V <sub>BE</sub> (sat)		$I_{\rm C} = 2 \text{ A}, I_{\rm B} = 0.4 \text{ A}$		0.85	1.20	V
CIB	Input Capacitance	$V_{EB} = 10 \text{ V}, I_{C} = 0, f = 1 \text{ MHz}$		745	1000	pF
C <sub>OB</sub>	Output Capacitance	$V_{CB} = 200 \text{ V}, I_E = 0, f = 1 \text{ MHz}$		15		pF
f <sub>T</sub>	Current Gain Bandwidth Product	I <sub>C</sub> = 0.1 A, V <sub>CE</sub> = 10 V		5		MHz
V <sub>F</sub>	Diada Farmand Maltana	I <sub>F</sub> = 0.4 A		0.76	1.20	V
	Diode Forward Voltage	I <sub>F</sub> = 1 A		0.83	1.50	V

## Note:

4. Pulse Test: Pulse Width =  $20 \ \mu$ s, Duty Cycle 10%.

## ESBC Configured Electrical Characteristics<sup>(5)</sup>

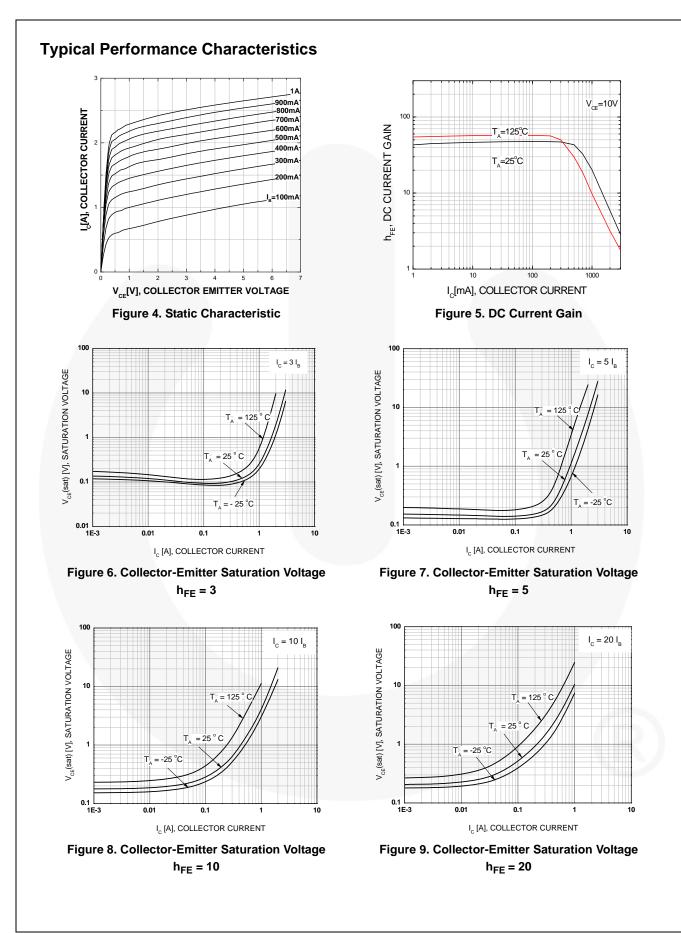
Values are at  $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$  unless otherwise noted.

Symbol	Parameter	Test Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units
f <sub>T</sub>	Current Gain Bandwidth Product	I <sub>C</sub> = 0.1 A,V <sub>CE</sub> = 10 V		25		MHz
lt <sub>f</sub>	Inductive Current Fall Time			137		ns
t <sub>s</sub>	Inductive Storage Time	$V_{GS} = 10 \text{ V}, \text{ R}_{G} = 47 \Omega,$		350		ns
Vt <sub>f</sub>	Inductive Voltage Fall Time	V <sub>Clamp</sub> = 500 V, t <sub>p</sub> = 3.1 μs, I <sub>C</sub> = 0.3 A,		120		ns
Vt <sub>r</sub>	Inductive Voltage Rise Time	$I_B = 0.03 \text{ A}, L_C = 1 \text{ mH},$ SRF = 480 kHz		100		ns
t <sub>c</sub>	Inductive Crossover Time			137		ns
lt <sub>f</sub>	Inductive Current Fall Time			35		ns
t <sub>s</sub>	Inductive Storage Time	$V_{GS} = 10 \text{ V}, \text{ R}_{G} = 47 \Omega,$		980		ns
Vt <sub>f</sub>	Inductive Voltage Fall Time	V <sub>Clamp</sub> = 500 V, t <sub>o</sub> = 10 μs, I <sub>C</sub> = 1 A,		30		ns
Vt <sub>r</sub>	Inductive Voltage Rise Time	$I_B = 0.2 \text{ A}, I_C = 1 \text{ mH},$ SRF = 480 kHz		195		ns
t <sub>c</sub>	Inductive Crossover Time			210		ns
V <sub>CSW</sub>	Maximum Collector Source Voltage at Turn-off without Snubber	h <sub>FE</sub> = 5, I <sub>C</sub> = 2 A	1250			V
I <sub>GS(OS)</sub>	Gate-Source Leakage Current	V <sub>GS</sub> = ±20 V		1.0		nA
		$V_{GS} = 10 \text{ V}, \text{ I}_{C} = 2 \text{ A}, \text{ I}_{B} = 0.67 \text{ A}, \text{ h}_{FE} = 3$		2.210		V
	Collector-Source On	$V_{GS} = 10 \text{ V}, \text{ I}_{C} = 1 \text{ A}, \text{ I}_{B} = 0.33 \text{ A}, \text{ h}_{FE} = 3$		0.321		V
V <sub>CS(ON)</sub>	Voltage	$V_{GS} = 10 \text{ V}, \text{ I}_{C} = 0.5 \text{ A}, \text{ I}_{B} = 0.17 \text{ A}, \text{ h}_{FE} = 3$		0.131		V
		$V_{GS} = 10 \text{ V}, \text{ I}_{C} = 0.3 \text{ A}, \text{ I}_{B} = 0.06 \text{ A}, \text{ h}_{FE} = 5$		0.166		V
V <sub>GS(th)</sub>	Gate Threshold Voltage	$V_{BS} = V_{GS}, I_{B} = 250 \mu A$		1.9		V
C <sub>iss</sub>	Input Capacitance $(V_{GS} = V_{CB} = 0)$	V <sub>CS</sub> = 25 V, f = 1 MHz		470		pF
Q <sub>GS(tot)</sub>	Gate-Source Charge $V_{CB} = 0$	$V_{GS}$ = 10 V, I <sub>C</sub> = 8 A, V <sub>CS</sub> = 25 V		9		nC
		V <sub>GS</sub> = 10 V, I <sub>D</sub> = 6.3 A		21		mΩ
r <sub>DS(ON)</sub>	Static Drain-Source On Resistance	$V_{GS} = 4.5 \text{ V}, \text{ I}_{D} = 5.5 \text{ A}$		26		mΩ
. ,		V <sub>GS</sub> = 10 V, I <sub>D</sub> = 6.3 A, T <sub>J</sub> = 125°C		30		mΩ

### Note:

5. Used typical FDC655 MOSFET values in table. Values can vary if other Fairchild MOSFETs are used.





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# Typical Performance Characteristics (Continued)

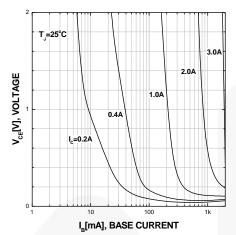


Figure 10. Typical Collector Saturation Voltage

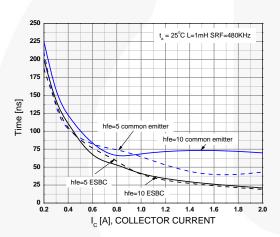
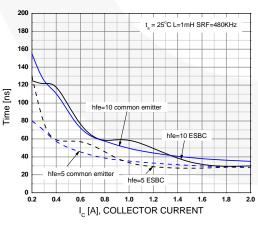
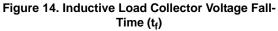


Figure 12. Inductive Load Collector Current Fall-Time (t<sub>f</sub>)





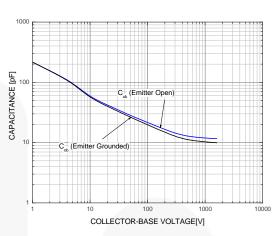


Figure 11. Capacitance

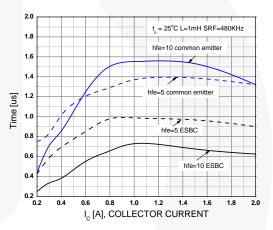
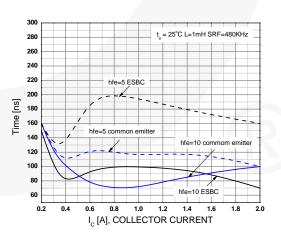
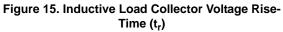
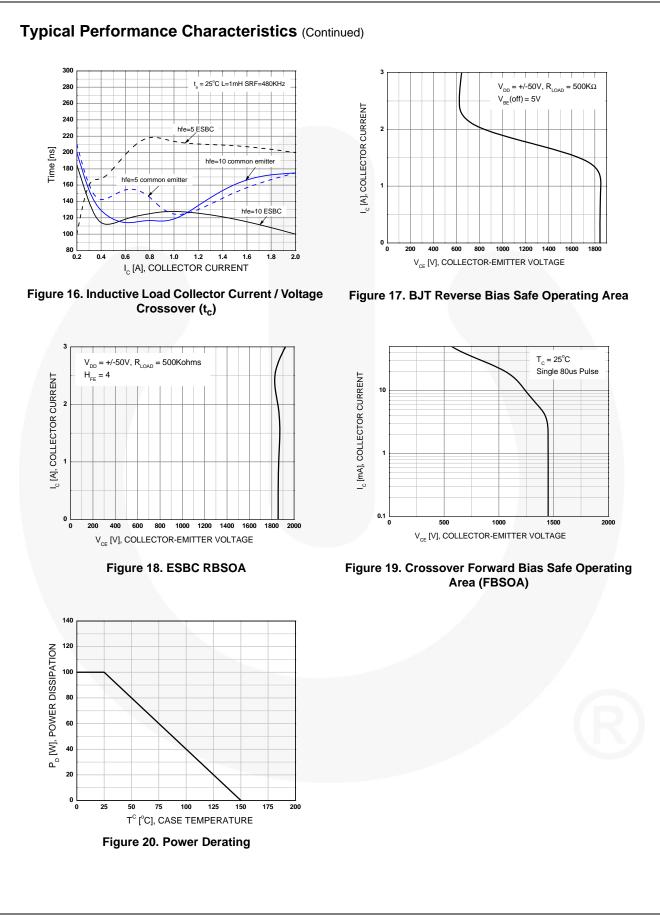


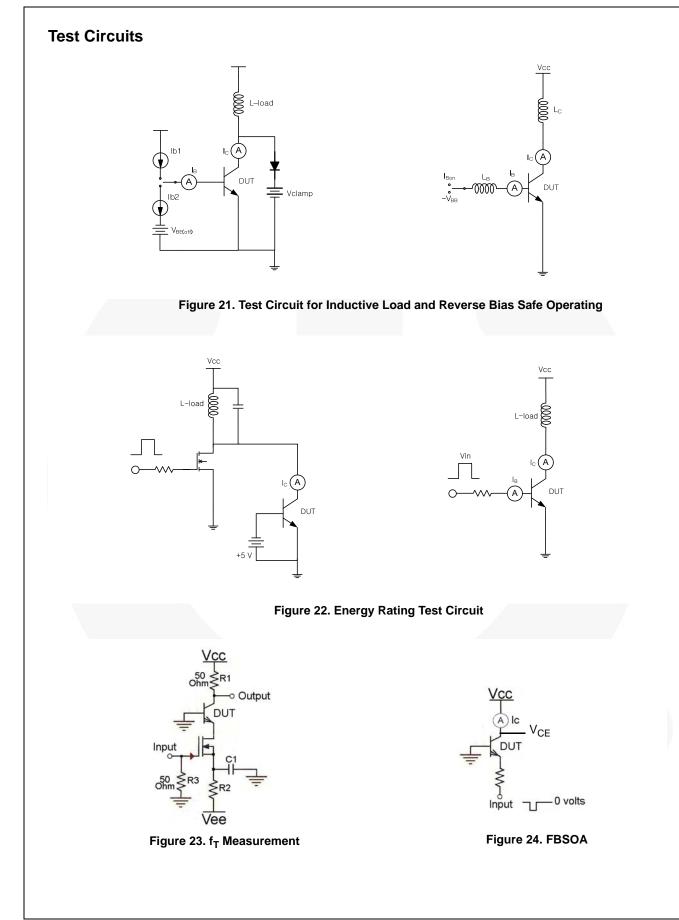
Figure 13. Inductive Load Collector Current Storage Time (t<sub>stg</sub>)





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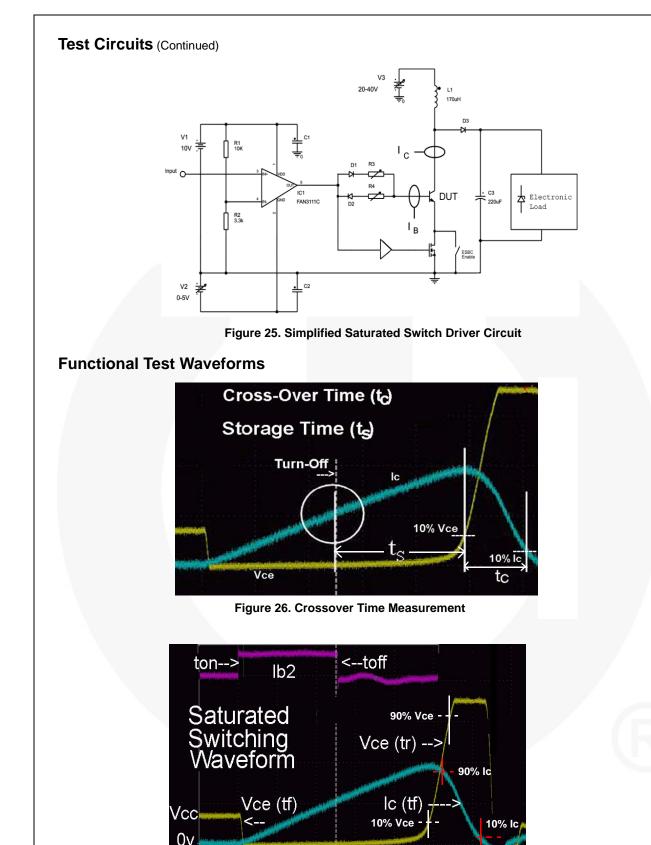
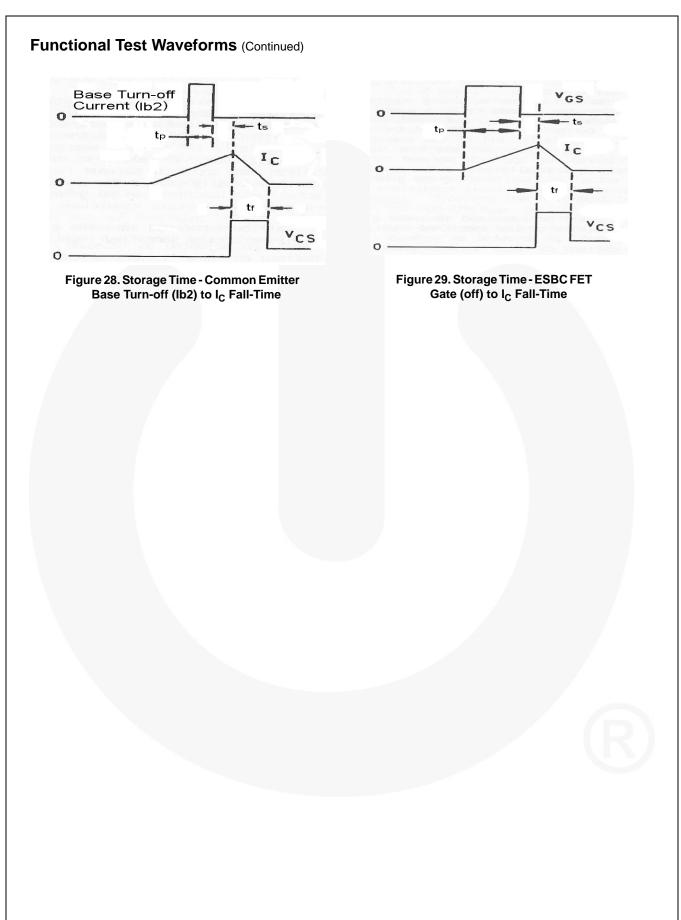
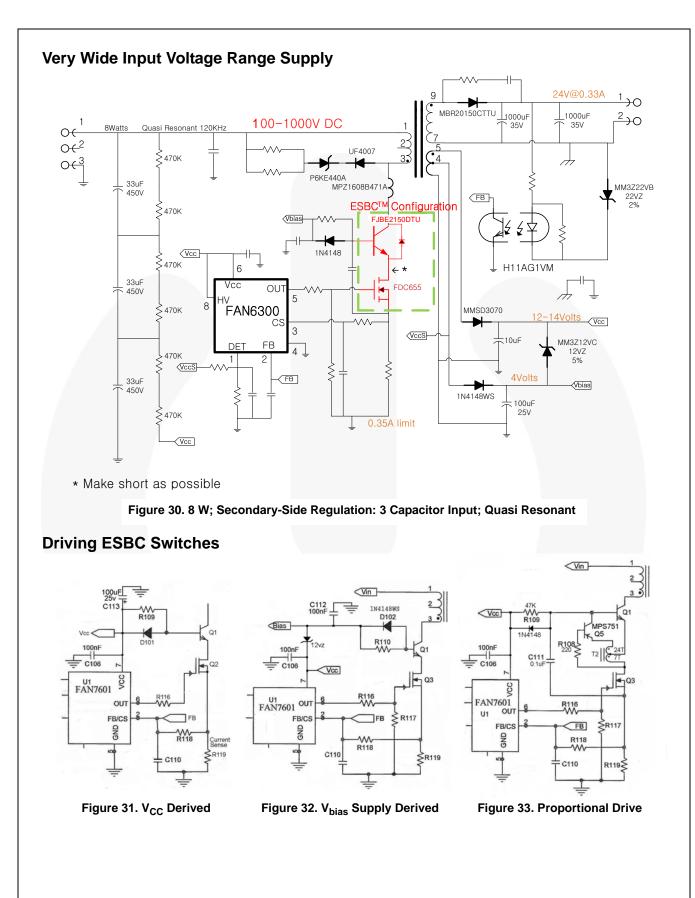
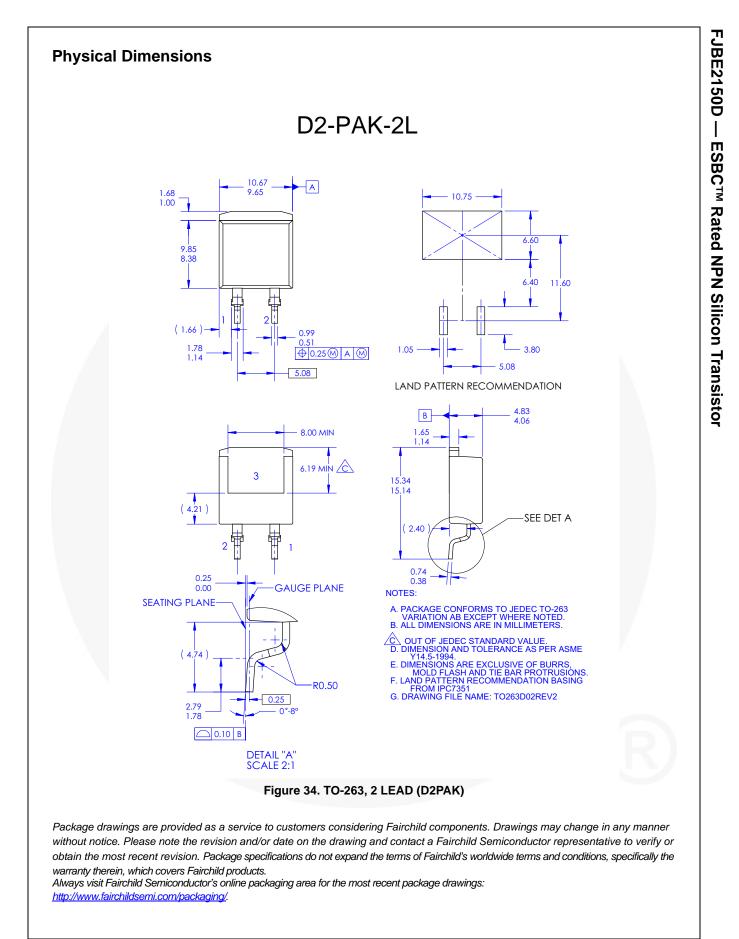


Figure 27. Saturated Switching Waveform









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