

# 2-Mbit (128 K × 16) Static RAM

#### **Features**

■ Very high speed: 45 ns

■ Temperature ranges

□ Industrial: –40 °C to +85 °C

■ Wide voltage range: 2.20 V-3.60 V

■ Pin compatible with CY62137CV/CV25/CV30/CV33, CY62137V, and CY62137EV30

■ Ultra low standby power

Typical standby current: 1 μA

Maximum standby current: 5 μA (Industrial)

■ Ultra low active power

□ Typical active current: 1.6 mA at f = 1 MHz (45 ns speed)

■ Easy memory expansion with  $\overline{\text{CE}}$  and  $\overline{\text{OE}}$  features

■ Automatic power down when deselected

■ Complementary metal oxide semiconductor (CMOS) for optimum speed and power

■ Byte power down feature

Available in Pb free 48-ball very fine-pitch ball grid array (VFBGA) and 44-pin thin small outline package (TSOP) II package

#### **Functional Description**

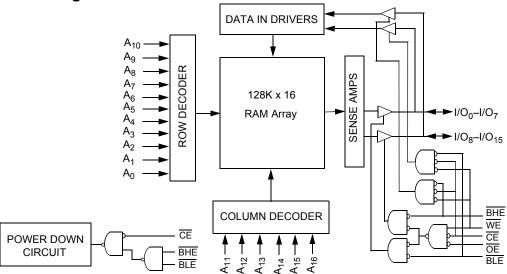
The CY62137FV30 is a high performance CMOS static RAM organized as 128K words by 16 bits. This device features

advanced circuit design to provide ultra low active current. This is ideal for providing More Battery Life<sup>TM</sup> (MoBL<sup>®</sup>) in portable applications such as cellular telephones. The device also has an automatic power down feature that significantly reduces power consumption when addresses are not toggling. Placing the device into standby mode reduces power consumption by more than 99% when deselected ( $\overline{CE}$  HIGH or both  $\overline{BLE}$  and  $\overline{BHE}$  are HIGH). The input and output pins (I/O<sub>0</sub> through I/O<sub>15</sub>) are placed in a high impedance state in the following conditions when the device is deselected ( $\overline{CE}$  HIGH), the outputs are disabled ( $\overline{OE}$  HIGH), both the Byte High Enable and the Byte Low Enable are disabled ( $\overline{BHE}$ ,  $\overline{BLE}$  HIGH), or during an active write operation ( $\overline{CE}$  LOW and  $\overline{WE}$  LOW).

Write to the device by taking Chip Enable  $(\overline{CE})$  and Write Enable  $(\overline{WE})$  inputs LOW. If Byte Low Enable  $(\overline{BLE})$  is LOW, then data from I/O pins  $(I/O_0$  through I/O<sub>7</sub>) is written into the location specified on the address pins  $(A_0$  through  $A_{16}$ ). If Byte High Enable  $(\overline{BHE})$  is LOW, then data from I/O pins  $(I/O_8$  through I/O<sub>15</sub>) is written into the location specified on the address pins  $(A_0$  through  $A_{16}$ ).

Read from the device by taking Chip Enable ( $\overline{\text{CE}}$ ) and Output Enable ( $\overline{\text{OE}}$ ) LOW, while forcing the Write Enable (WE) HIGH. If Byte Low Enable (BLE) is LOW, then data from the memory location specified by the address pins appear on I/O<sub>0</sub> to I/O<sub>7</sub>. If Byte High Enable (BHE) is LOW, then data from memory appears on I/O<sub>8</sub> to I/O<sub>15</sub>. See the Truth Table on page 11 for a complete description of read and write modes.

#### **Logic Block Diagram**



**Cypress Semiconductor Corporation**Document Number: 001-07141 Rev. \*M

198 Champion Court

San Jose, CA 95134-1709 • 408-943-2600

Revised January 31, 2014





#### Contents

Product Portfolio	3
Pin Configuration	3
Maximum Ratings	
Operating Range	4
Electrical Characteristics	4
Capacitance	5
Thermal Resistance	
AC Test Loads and Waveforms	5
Data Retention Characteristics	6
Data Retention Waveform	6
Switching Characteristics	
Switching Waveforms	
Truth Table	

Ordering Information	12
Ordering Code Definitions	12
Package Diagrams	13
Acronyms	15
Document Conventions	15
Units of Measure	15
Document History Page	16
Sales, Solutions, and Legal Information	18
Worldwide Sales and Design Support	
Products	18
PSoC® Solutions	18
Cypress Developer Community	18
Technical Support	



#### **Product Portfolio**

								Power Di	ssipation		
Product	Range	Vo	C Range	(V)	Speed		Operating	J I <sub>CC</sub> (mA)		Standby	Ι. ( <b>Δ</b> )
Floudet	Range				(ns)	f = 1	f = 1MHz		max	Standby I <sub>SB2</sub> (μA)	
		Min	Typ [1]	Max		Typ [1]	Max	Typ [1]	Max	Typ <sup>[1]</sup>	Max
CY62137FV30LL	Industrial	2.2 V	3.0 V	3.6 V	45	1.6	2.5	13	18	1	5

# **Pin Configuration**

Figure 1. 48-ball VFBGA pinout [2, 3]

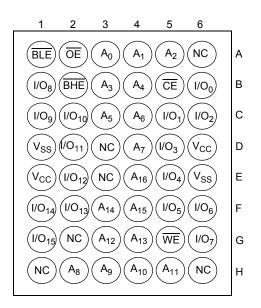


Figure 2. 44-pin TSOP II pinout [2]

$A_4 \square^{9}$	44 🗖 A <sub>5</sub>
$A_3 \square 2$	43 A <sub>6</sub>
$A_2 \mid A_3 $	42 A <sub>7</sub>
$A_1 \sqsubseteq 4$	41 🗆 <u>OE</u>
<u>A</u> <sub>0</sub> ☐ 5	40 🔲 BHE
CE ☐ 6	39 🔲 BLE
I/O <sub>0</sub>	38 🗖 I/O <sub>15</sub>
I/O <sub>1</sub> 8	37 🗆 I/O <sub>14</sub>
I/O <sub>2</sub> □ 9	36 🗆 I/O <sub>13</sub>
I/O <sub>3</sub> □ 10	35 🗆 I/O <sub>12</sub>
V <sub>CC</sub> ☐11	34 □ V <sub>SS</sub>
V <sub>SS</sub> ☐ 12	33 ☐ V <sub>CC</sub>
I/O₄	32   I/O <sub>11</sub>
I/O <sub>5</sub> 14	31   I/O <sub>10</sub>
I/O <sub>6</sub> 15	30   I/O <sub>9</sub>
I/O <sub>7</sub> 16	29   I/O <sub>8</sub>
WE 🗆 17	28 P NC
A <sub>16</sub> ☐ 18	27 🗖 A <sub>8</sub>
A <sub>15</sub> 19	26 🔲 A <sub>9</sub>
A <sub>14</sub> □ 20	25 □ A <sub>10</sub>
A <sub>13</sub> □ 21	24 🗖 A <sub>11</sub>
A <sub>12</sub> 22	23 🗆 NC

- Typical values are included for reference only and are not guaranteed or tested. Typical values are measured at V<sub>CC</sub> = V<sub>CC(typ)</sub>, T<sub>A</sub> = 25 °C.
- 2. NC pins are not connected on the die.
- 3. Pins D3, H1, G2, H6 and H3 in the VFBGA package are address expansion pins for 4 Mb, 8 Mb, 16 Mb, and 32 Mb and 64 Mb respectively.



## **Maximum Ratings**

Exceeding the maximum ratings may impair the useful life of the device. These user guidelines are not tested.

Storage temperature ......-65 °C to + 150 °C Ambient temperature with power applied ......-55 °C to + 125 °C Supply voltage to ground potential ......-0.3 V to 3.9 V DC voltage applied to outputs in High Z state  $^{[4,\ 5]}$  .....-0.3 V to 3.9 V

DC input voltage [5]	0.3 V to 3.9 V
Output current into outputs (LOW)	20 mA
Static discharge voltage(MIL–STD–883, method 3015)	> 2001 V
Latch up current	> 200 mA

## **Operating Range**

Device	Range	Ambient Temperature	<b>V</b> cc <sup>[6]</sup>
CY62137FV30LL	Industrial	–40 °C to +85 °C	2.2 V to 3.6 V

#### **Electrical Characteristics**

Over the Operating Range

D	December 41 cm	Tool	0	45	I Imit		
Parameter	Description	lest	Conditions	Min	Typ <sup>[7]</sup>	Max	Unit
V <sub>OH</sub>	Output high voltage	2.2 <u>&lt;</u> V <sub>CC</sub> <u>&lt;</u> 2.7	I <sub>OH</sub> = -0.1 mA	2.0	_	-	V
		2.7 ≤ V <sub>CC</sub> ≤ 3.6	I <sub>OH</sub> = -1.0 mA	2.4	_	_	V
V <sub>OL</sub>	Output low voltage	2.2 <u>&lt;</u> V <sub>CC</sub> <u>&lt;</u> 2.7	I <sub>OL</sub> = 0.1 mA	-	_	0.4	V
		2.7 ≤ V <sub>CC</sub> ≤ 3.6	I <sub>OL</sub> = 2.1 mA	_	_	0.4	V
V <sub>IH</sub>	Input high voltage	2.2 ≤ V <sub>CC</sub> ≤ 2.7	<u>.</u>	1.8	_	V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.3	V
		2.7 ≤ V <sub>CC</sub> ≤ 3.6		2.2	_	V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.3	V
V <sub>IL</sub>	Input low voltage	2.2 ≤ V <sub>CC</sub> ≤ 2.7		-0.3	_	0.6	V
		2.7 ≤ V <sub>CC</sub> ≤ 3.6	$2.7 \le V_{CC} \le 3.6$		_	0.8	V
I <sub>IX</sub>	Input leakage current	$GND \le V_1 \le V_{CC}$	$GND \leq V_1 \leq V_{CC}$		_	+1	μΑ
I <sub>OZ</sub>	Output leakage current	$GND \le V_O \le V_{CC}, O$	GND ≤ V <sub>O</sub> ≤ V <sub>CC</sub> , Output disabled		_	+1	μΑ
I <sub>CC</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> operating supply	$f = f_{max} = 1/t_{RC}$	$V_{CC} = V_{CC(max)}$	_	13	18	mA
	current	f = 1 MHz	I <sub>OUT</sub> = 0 mA CMOS levels	_	1.6	2.5	
I <sub>SB1</sub> <sup>[8]</sup>	Automatic power-down current – CMOS inputs	$\begin{array}{ c c c c c }\hline \hline CE \ge V_{CC} - 0.2 \text{ V,}\\ \hline (BHE \text{ and } BLE) \ge V_{IN} \ge V_{CC} - 0.2 \text{ V,}\\ \hline f = f_{max} (address \text{ and } F = 0) (OE \text{ and } F = 0) \end{array}$	/ <sub>CC</sub> – 0.2 V, V <sub>IN</sub> <u>&lt;</u> 0.2 V, nd data only),	-	1	5	μА
I <sub>SB2</sub> <sup>[8]</sup>	Automatic power-down current – CMOS inputs	$\begin{tabular}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	$V_{\rm CC}$ $-$ 0.2 V, or V <sub>IN</sub> $\leq$ 0.2 V,	_	1	5	μА

- Notes

  4. V<sub>IL(min)</sub> = -2.0 V for pulse durations less than 20 ns.

  5. V<sub>IH(max)</sub>=V<sub>CC</sub> + 0.75 V for pulse durations less than 20 ns.

  6. Full device AC operation assumes a minimum of 100 μs ramp time from 0 to V<sub>CC(min)</sub> and 200 μs wait time after V<sub>CC</sub> stabilization.

  7. Typical values are included for reference only and are not guaranteed or tested. Typical values are measured at V<sub>CC</sub> = V<sub>CC(typ)</sub>, T<sub>A</sub> = 25 °C

  8. Chip enable (CE) and byte enables (BHE and BLE) need to be tied to CMOS levels to meet the I<sub>SB1</sub> / I<sub>SB2</sub> / I<sub>CCDR</sub> specification. Other inputs can be left floating.



# Capacitance

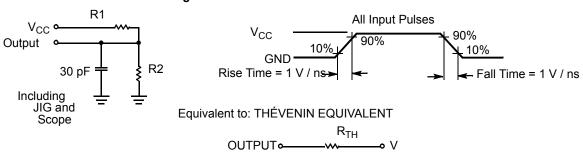
Parameter [9]	Description	Test Conditions	Max	Unit
C <sub>IN</sub>	Input capacitance	$T_A = 25$ °C, $f = 1$ MHz, $V_{CC} = V_{CC(typ)}$	10	pF
C <sub>OUT</sub>	Output capacitance		10	pF

## **Thermal Resistance**

Parameter [9]	Description	Test Conditions	48-ball VFBGA	44-pin TSOP II	Unit
$\Theta_{JA}$		Still air, soldered on a 3 × 4.5 inch, two layer printed circuit board	75	77	°C/W
$\Theta_{\sf JC}$	Thermal resistance (junction to case)		10	13	°C/W

## **AC Test Loads and Waveforms**

Figure 3. AC Test Loads and Waveforms



Parameters	2.5 V (2.2 V to 2.7 V)	3.0 V (2.7 V to 3.6 V)	Unit
R1	16667	1103	Ω
R2	15385	1554	Ω
R <sub>TH</sub>	8000	645	Ω
V <sub>TH</sub>	1.20	1.75	V

<sup>9.</sup> Tested initially and after any design or process changes that may affect these parameters.



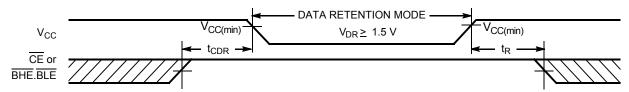
#### **Data Retention Characteristics**

Over the Operating Range

Parameter	Description	Conditions		Min	<b>Typ</b> [10]	Max	Unit
$V_{DR}$	V <sub>CC</sub> for data retention			1.5	_	_	V
I <sub>CCDR</sub> [11]	Data retention current	$V_{CC}$ = 1.5 V, $\overline{CE} \ge V_{CC}$ - 0.2 V, or (BHE and BLE) $\ge V_{CC}$ - 0.2 V $V_{IN} \ge V_{CC}$ - 0.2 V or $V_{IN} \le 0.2$ V		-	-	4	μА
t <sub>CDR</sub> <sup>[12]</sup>	Chip deselect to data retention time			0	_	_	ns
t <sub>R</sub> <sup>[13]</sup>	Operation recovery time		CY62137FV30LL-45	45	_	-	ns

#### **Data Retention Waveform**

Figure 4. Data Retention Waveform [14]



- 10. Typical values are included for reference only and are not guaranteed or tested. Typical values are measured at V<sub>CC</sub> = V<sub>CC(typ)</sub>, T<sub>A</sub> = 25 °C.

  11. Chip enable (CE) and byte enables (BHE and BLE) need to be tied to CMOS levels to meet the I<sub>SB1</sub> / I<sub>SB2</sub> / I<sub>CCDR</sub> specification. Other inputs can be left floating.

  12. Tested initially and after any design or process changes that may affect these parameters.

  13. Full device operation requires linear V<sub>CC</sub> ramp from V<sub>DR</sub> to V<sub>CC(min)</sub> ≥ 100 μs or stable at V<sub>CC(min)</sub> ≥ 100 μs.

  14. BHE.BLE is the AND of both BHE and BLE. Deselect the chip by either disabling chip enable signals or by disabling both BHE and BLE.



## **Switching Characteristics**

Parameter [15, 16]	Description	45 ns (Ir	dustrial)	11!4
Parameter [10, 10]	Description	Min	Max	Unit
Read Cycle			•	
t <sub>RC</sub>	Read cycle time	45	_	ns
t <sub>AA</sub>	Address to data valid	_	45	ns
t <sub>OHA</sub>	Data hold from address change	10	_	ns
t <sub>ACE</sub>	CE LOW to data valid	_	45	ns
t <sub>DOE</sub>	OE LOW to data valid	_	22	ns
t <sub>LZOE</sub>	OE LOW to low Z [17]	5	_	ns
t <sub>HZOE</sub>	OE HIGH to high Z [17, 18]	_	18	ns
t <sub>LZCE</sub>	CE LOW to low Z [17]	10	_	ns
t <sub>HZCE</sub>	CE HIGH to high Z [17, 18]	_	18	ns
t <sub>PU</sub>	CE LOW to power up	0	_	ns
t <sub>PD</sub>	CE HIGH to power down	_	45	ns
t <sub>DBE</sub>	BLE/BHE LOW to data valid	_	45	ns
t <sub>LZBE</sub>	BLE/BHE LOW to low Z [17, 19]	5	_	ns
t <sub>HZBE</sub>	BLE/BHE HIGH to high Z [17, 18]	_	18	ns
Write Cycle [20]				
t <sub>WC</sub>	Write cycle time	45	_	ns
t <sub>SCE</sub>	CE LOW to write end	35	_	ns
t <sub>AW</sub>	Address setup to write end	35	_	ns
t <sub>HA</sub>	Address hold from write end	0	_	ns
t <sub>SA</sub>	Address setup to write start	0	_	ns
t <sub>PWE</sub>	WE pulse width	35	_	ns
t <sub>BW</sub>	BLE/BHE LOW to write end	35	_	ns
t <sub>SD</sub>	Data setup to write end	25	_	ns
t <sub>HD</sub>	Data hold from write end	0	-	ns
t <sub>HZWE</sub>	WE LOW to high Z [17, 18]		18	ns
t <sub>LZWE</sub>	WE HIGH to low Z [17]	10	_	ns

 <sup>15.</sup> Test conditions for all parameters, other than tristate parameters, assume signal transition time of 3 ns (1 V/ns) or less, timing reference levels of V<sub>CC(typ)</sub>/2, input pulse levels of 0 to V<sub>CC(typ)</sub>, and output loading of the specified I<sub>OL</sub>/I<sub>OH</sub> as shown in AC Test Loads and Waveforms on page 5.
 16. In an earlier revision of this device, under a specific application condition, READ and WRITE operations were limited to switching of the byte enable and/or chip enable signals as described in the Application Notes AN13842 and AN66311. However, the issue has been fixed and in production now, and hence, these Application Notes are no longer applicable. They are available for download on our website as they contain information on the date code of the parts, beyond which the fix has been in production.

<sup>17.</sup> At any temperature and voltage condition, t<sub>HZCE</sub> is less than t<sub>LZCE</sub>, t<sub>HZBE</sub> is less than t<sub>LZDE</sub>, t<sub>HZOE</sub> is less than t<sub>LZOE</sub>, and t<sub>HZWE</sub> is less than t<sub>LZWE</sub> for any device.

18. t<sub>HZOE</sub>, t<sub>HZCE</sub>, t<sub>HZDE</sub>, and t<sub>HZWE</sub> transitions are measured when the outputs enter a high impedance state.

19. If both byte enables are toggled together, this value is 10 ns.

20. The internal write time of the memory is defined by the overlap of WE, CE = V<sub>IL</sub>, BHE and/or BLE = V<sub>IL</sub>. All signals are ACTIVE to initiate a write and any of these signals terminate a write by going INACTIVE. The data input setup and hold timing are referenced to the edge of the signal that terminates the write.



# **Switching Waveforms**

Figure 5. Read Cycle 1: Address Transition Controlled [21, 22]

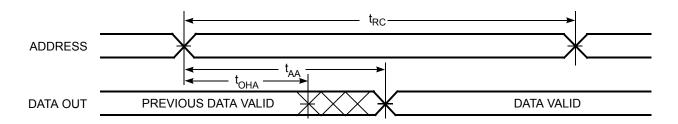
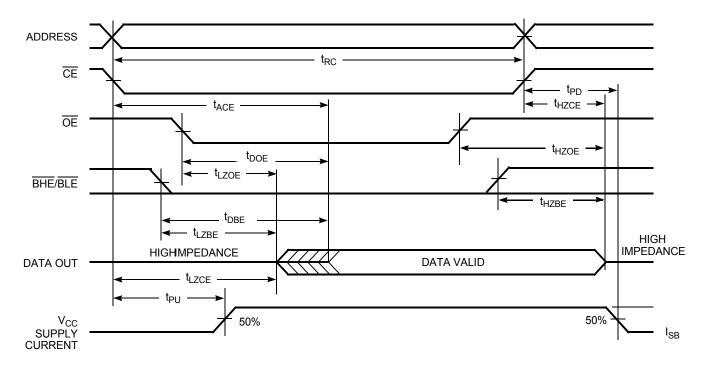


Figure 6. Read Cycle 2: OE Controlled [22, 23]



- 21. The device is continuously selected.  $\overline{OE}$ ,  $\overline{CE} = V_{|L}$ ,  $\overline{BHE}$  and/or  $\overline{BLE} = V_{|L}$ . 22. WE is HIGH for read cycle.
- 23. Address valid before or similar to  $\overline{\text{CE}}$  and  $\overline{\text{BHE}}$ ,  $\overline{\text{BLE}}$  transition LOW.



## Switching Waveforms (continued)

Figure 7. Write Cycle 1: WE Controlled [24, 25, 26]

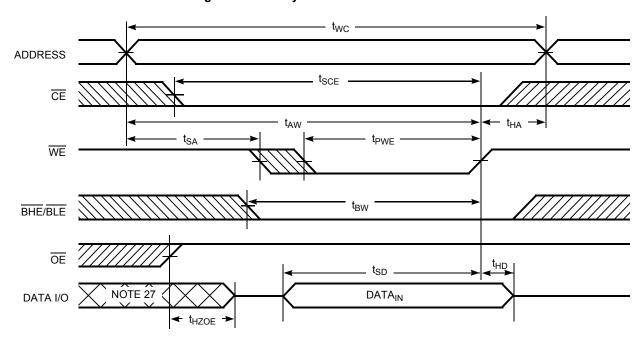
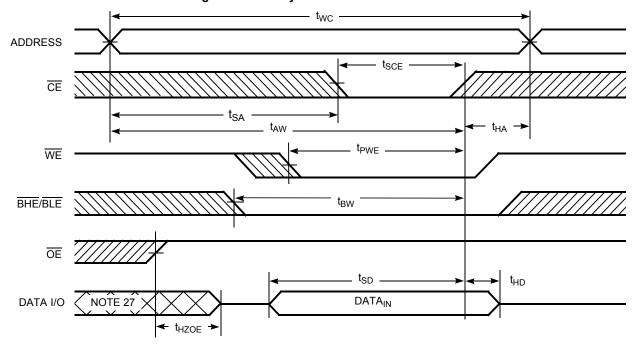


Figure 8. Write Cycle 2: CE Controlled [24, 25, 26]



- 24. The internal write time of the memory is defined by the overlap of WE, CE = V<sub>IL</sub>, BHE and/or BLE = V<sub>IL</sub>. All signals are ACTIVE to initiate a write and any of these signals terminate a write by going INACTIVE. The data input setup and hold timing are referenced to the edge of the signal that terminates the write.

  25. Data I/O is high impedance if OE = V<sub>IL</sub>.

  26. If CE goes HIGH simultaneously with WE = V<sub>IH</sub>, the output remains in a high impedance state.

  27. During this period, the I/Os are in output state. Do not apply input signals.



# Switching Waveforms (continued)

Figure 9. Write Cycle 3: WE Controlled, OE LOW [28]

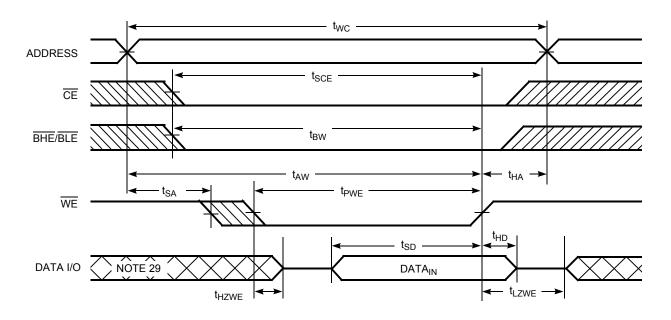
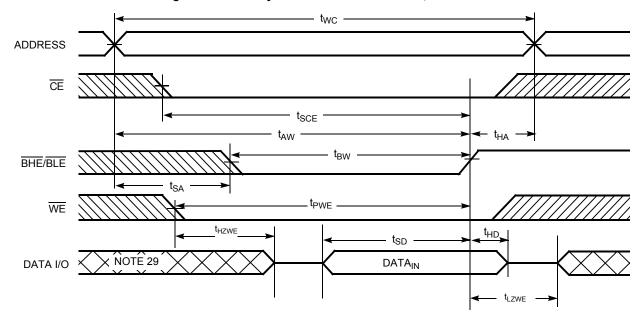


Figure 10. Write Cycle 4: BHE/BLE Controlled, OE LOW [28]



<sup>28.</sup> If  $\overline{CE}$  goes HIGH simultaneously with  $\overline{WE} = V_{IH}$ , the output remains in a high impedance state. 29. During this period, the I/Os are in output state. Do not apply input signals.



## **Truth Table**

CE	WE	OE	BHE	BLE	Inputs or Outputs	Mode	Power
Н	Х	Х	X [30]	X [30]	High Z	Deselect or power-down	Standby (I <sub>SB</sub> )
X [30]	Х	Х	Н	Н	High Z	Deselect or power-down	Standby (I <sub>SB</sub> )
L	Н	L	L	L	Data out (I/O <sub>0</sub> –I/O <sub>15</sub> )	Read	Active (I <sub>CC</sub> )
L	Н	L	Н	L	Data out (I/O <sub>0</sub> –I/O <sub>7</sub> ); I/O <sub>8</sub> –I/O <sub>15</sub> in High Z	Read	Active (I <sub>CC</sub> )
L	Н	L	L	Н	Data out (I/O <sub>8</sub> –I/O <sub>15</sub> ); I/O <sub>0</sub> –I/O <sub>7</sub> in High Z	Read	Active (I <sub>CC</sub> )
L	Н	Н	L	L	High Z	Output disabled	Active (I <sub>CC</sub> )
L	Н	Н	Н	L	High Z	Output disabled	Active (I <sub>CC</sub> )
L	Н	Н	L	Н	High Z	Output disabled	Active (I <sub>CC</sub> )
L	L	Х	L	L	Data in (I/O <sub>0</sub> –I/O <sub>15</sub> )	Write	Active (I <sub>CC</sub> )
L	L	Х	Н	L	Data in (I/O <sub>0</sub> –I/O <sub>7</sub> ); I/O <sub>8</sub> –I/O <sub>15</sub> in High Z	Write	Active (I <sub>CC</sub> )
L	L	Х	L	Н	Data in (I/O <sub>8</sub> –I/O <sub>15</sub> ); I/O <sub>0</sub> –I/O <sub>7</sub> in High Z	Write	Active (I <sub>CC</sub> )

Note
30. The 'X' (Don't care) state for the Chip enable ( $\overline{\text{CE}}$ ) and Byte enables ( $\overline{\text{BHE}}$  and  $\overline{\text{BLE}}$ ) in the truth table refer to the logic state (either HIGH or LOW). Intermediate voltage levels on these pins is not permitted.

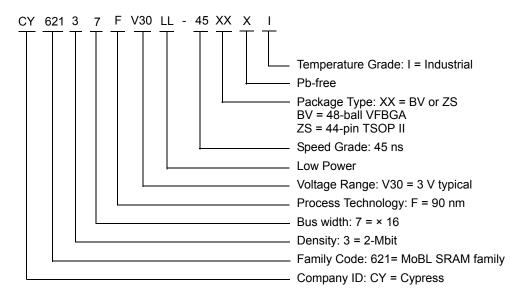


# **Ordering Information**

Speed (ns)	Ordering Code	Package Diagram	Package Type	Operating Range
45	CY62137FV30LL-45BVXI	51-85150	48-ball VFBGA (Pb-free)	Industrial
	CY62137FV30LL-45ZSXI	51-85087	44-pin TSOP II (Pb-free)	

Contact your local Cypress sales representative for availability of these parts.

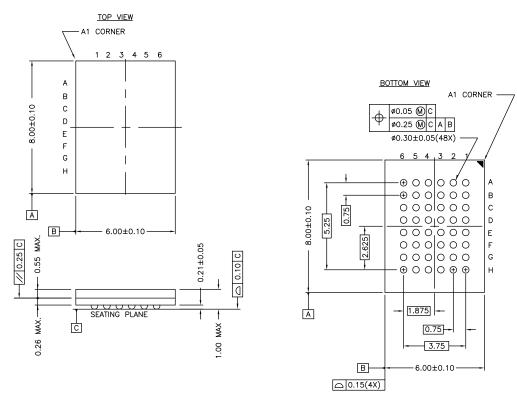
#### **Ordering Code Definitions**





# **Package Diagrams**

Figure 11. 48-ball VFBGA (6 × 8 × 1.0 mm) BV48/BZ48 Package Outline, 51-85150



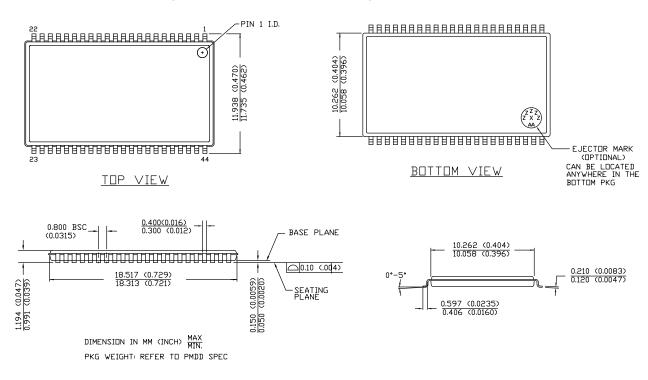
NOTE:
PACKAGE WEIGHT: See Cypress Package Material Declaration Datasheet (PMDD)
posted on the Cypress web.

51-85150 \*H



## Package Diagrams (continued)

Figure 12. 44-pin TSOP Z44-II Package Outline, 51-85087



51-85087 \*E



# **Acronyms**

Acronym	Description				
BLE	Byte Low Enable				
BHE	Byte High Enable				
CE	Chip Enable				
CMOS	Complementary Metal Oxide Semiconductor				
I/O	Input/Output				
ŌĒ	Output Enable				
SRAM	Static Random Access Memory				
TSOP	Thin Small Outline Package				
VFBGA	Very Fine-Pitch Ball Grid Array				
WE	Write Enable				

# **Document Conventions**

## **Units of Measure**

Symbol	Unit of Measure			
°C	degree Celsius			
MHz	megahertz			
μΑ	microampere			
μS	microsecond			
mA	milliampere			
mm	millimeter			
ns	nanosecond			
Ω	ohm			
%	percent			
pF	picofarad			
V	volt			
W	watt			



# **Document History Page**

Rev.	ECN No.	Issue Date	Orig. of Change	Description of Change
**	449438	See ECN	NXR	New data sheet.
*A	464509	See ECN	NXR	Changed the $I_{SB2(typ)}$ value from 1.0 $\mu$ A to 0.5 $\mu$ A Changed the $I_{SB2(max)}$ value from 4 $\mu$ A to 2.5 $\mu$ A Changed the $I_{CC(typ)}$ value from 2 mA to 1.6 mA and $I_{CC(max)}$ value from 2.5 m/to 2.25 mA for f = 1 MHz test condition Changed the $I_{CC(typ)}$ value from 15 mA to 13 mA and $I_{CC(max)}$ value from 20 m/to 18 mA for f = 1 MHz test condition Changed the $I_{CCDR(typ)}$ value from 0.7 $\mu$ A to 0.5 $\mu$ A and $I_{CCDR(max)}$ value from 3 $\mu$ A to 2.5 $\mu$ A
*B	566724	See ECN	NXR	Changed status from preliminary to final Changed the $I_{CC(max)}$ value from 2.25 mA to 2.5 mA for test condition f = 1 MHz Changed the $I_{SB2(typ)}$ value from 0.5 $\mu$ A to 1 $\mu$ A Changed the $I_{SB2(max)}$ value from 2.5 $\mu$ A to 5 $\mu$ A Changed the $I_{CCDR(typ)}$ value from 0.5 $\mu$ A to 1 $\mu$ A and $I_{CCDR(max)}$ value from 2.5 $\mu$ A to 4 $\mu$ A
*C	869500	See ECN	VKN	Added Automotive-A and Automotive-E information Updated Ordering Information Table Added footnote 13 related to t <sub>ACE</sub>
*D	901800	See ECN	VKN	Added footnote 9 related to I <sub>SB2</sub> and I <sub>CCDR</sub> Made footnote 14 applicable to AC parameters from t <sub>ACE</sub>
*E	1371124	See ECN	VKN / AESA	Converted Automotive information from preliminary to final Changed $I_{IX}$ min spec from $-1~\mu A$ to $-4~\mu A$ and $I_{IX}$ max spec from $+1~\mu A$ to $+4~\mu A$ Changed $I_{OZ}$ min spec from $-1~\mu A$ to $-4~\mu A$ and $I_{OZ}$ max spec from $+1~\mu A$ to $+4~\mu A$
*F	1875374	See ECN	VKN / AESA	Added -45BVI part in the Ordering Information table
*G	2943752	06/03/2010	VKN	Added Contents Added footnote related to Chip enable and Byte enables in Truth Table Updated Package Diagrams Updated links in Sales, Solutions, and Legal Information
*H	3055031	10/12/10	RAME	Converted all table notes into footnotes. Updated Electrical Characteristics. Changed I <sub>SB1</sub> /I <sub>SB2</sub> /I <sub>CCDR</sub> test conditions to reflect byte power down feature Updated Data Retention Characteristics. Updated Switching Characteristics. Updated Package Diagrams from 51-85150 *E to *F Added Acronyms and Units of Measure Table.
*	3123998	01/03/2011	RAME	Separated Automotive and Industrial parts from datasheet Removed Automotive info
*J	3285093	06/16/2011	RAME	Updated Functional Description (Removed "For best practice recommendations, refer to the Cypress application note AN1064, SRAM System Guidelines."). Updated in new template.
*K	3841412	12/14/2012	YHB / TAVA	Updated Ordering Information (Updated part numbers). Updated Package Diagrams (spec 51-85150 (Changed revision from *F to *H) spec 51-85087 (Changed revision from *C to *E)).
*L	4102022	08/22/2013	VINI	Updated Switching Characteristics: Updated Note 16.



# **Document History Page** (continued)

Document Title: CY62137FV30 MoBL <sup>®</sup> , 2-Mbit (128 K × 16) Static RAM Document Number: 001-07141				
Rev.	ECN No.	Issue Date	Orig. of Change	Description of Change
*M	4268388	01/31/2014	VINI	No technical updates.
				Completing Sunset Review.



## Sales, Solutions, and Legal Information

#### **Worldwide Sales and Design Support**

Cypress maintains a worldwide network of offices, solution centers, manufacturer's representatives, and distributors. To find the office closest to you, visit us at Cypress Locations.

#### **Products**

Automotive Clocks & Buffers Interface

**Lighting & Power Control** 

Memory PSoC Touch Sensing USB Controllers Wireless/RF cypress.com/go/automotive cypress.com/go/clocks cypress.com/go/interface cypress.com/go/powerpsoc cypress.com/go/plc cypress.com/go/memory cypress.com/go/psoc cypress.com/go/touch cypress.com/go/USB cypress.com/go/wireless

## PSoC® Solutions

psoc.cypress.com/solutions PSoC 1 | PSoC 3 | PSoC 4 | PSoC 5LP

#### **Cypress Developer Community**

Community | Forums | Blogs | Video | Training

#### **Technical Support**

cypress.com/go/support

© Cypress Semiconductor Corporation, 2006-2014. The information contained herein is subject to change without notice. Cypress Semiconductor Corporation assumes no responsibility for the use of any circuitry other than circuitry embodied in a Cypress product. Nor does it convey or imply any license under patent or other rights. Cypress products are not warranted nor intended to be used for medical, life support, life saving, critical control or safety applications, unless pursuant to an express written agreement with Cypress. Furthermore, Cypress does not authorize its products for use as critical components in life-support systems where a malfunction or failure may reasonably be expected to result in significant injury to the user. The inclusion of Cypress products in life-support systems application implies that the manufacturer assumes all risk of such use and in doing so indemnifies Cypress against all charges.

Any Source Code (software and/or firmware) is owned by Cypress Semiconductor Corporation (Cypress) and is protected by and subject to worldwide patent protection (United States and foreign), United States copyright laws and international treaty provisions. Cypress hereby grants to licensee a personal, non-exclusive, non-transferable license to copy, use, modify, create derivative works of, and compile the Cypress Source Code and derivative works for the sole purpose of creating custom software and or firmware in support of licensee product to be used only in conjunction with a Cypress integrated circuit as specified in the applicable agreement. Any reproduction, modification, translation, compilation, or representation of this Source Code except as specified above is prohibited without the express written permission of Cypress.

Disclaimer: CYPRESS MAKES NO WARRANTY OF ANY KIND, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, WITH REGARD TO THIS MATERIAL, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, THE IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. Cypress reserves the right to make changes without further notice to the materials described herein. Cypress does not assume any liability arising out of the application or use of any product or circuit described herein. Cypress does not authorize its products for use as critical components in life-support systems where a malfunction or failure may reasonably be expected to result in significant injury to the user. The inclusion of Cypress' product in a life-support systems application implies that the manufacturer assumes all risk of such use and in doing so indemnifies Cypress against all charges.

Use may be limited by and subject to the applicable Cypress software license agreement.

Document Number: 001-07141 Rev. \*M

Revised January 31, 2014