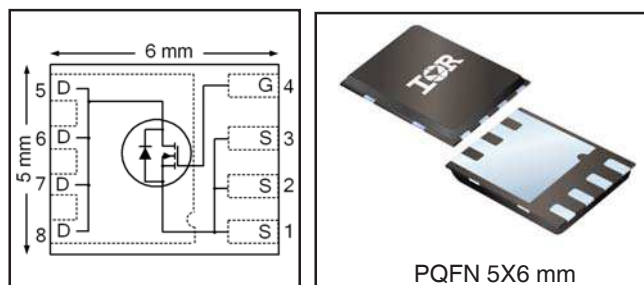


V_{DS}	30	V
$R_{DS(on)}$ max (@ $V_{GS} = 10V$)	2.1	mΩ
Q_g (typical)	29	nC
R_G (typical)	1.6	Ω
I_D (@ $T_{c(Bottom)} = 25^\circ C$)	100 Ⓔ	A



Applications

- OR-ing MOSFET for 12V (typical) Bus in-Rush Current
- Synchronous MOSFET for buck converters
- Battery Operated DC Motor Inverter MOSFET

Features and Benefits

Features

Low $R_{DS(on)}$ ($\leq 2.1m\Omega$)
Low Thermal Resistance to PCB ($\leq 1.2^\circ C/W$)
100% Rg tested
Low Profile (≤ 0.9 mm)
Industry-Standard Pinout
Compatible with Existing Surface Mount Techniques
RoHS Compliant Containing no Lead, no Bromide and no Halogen
MSL1, Industrial Qualification

results in

⇒

Benefits

Lower Conduction Losses
Enable better thermal dissipation
Increased Reliability
Increased Power Density
Multi-Vendor Compatibility
Easier Manufacturing
Environmentally Friendlier
Increased Reliability

Orderable part number	Package Type	Standard Pack		Note
		Form	Quantity	
IRFH5302TRPbF	PQFN 5mm x 6mm	Tape and Reel	4000	
IRFH5302TR2PbF	PQFN 5mm x 6mm	Tape and Reel	400	EOL Notice #259

Absolute Maximum Ratings

	Parameter	Max.	Units
V_{DS}	Drain-to-Source Voltage	30	V
V_{GS}	Gate-to-Source Voltage	± 20	
I_D @ $T_A = 25^\circ C$	Continuous Drain Current, V_{GS} @ 10V	32	A
I_D @ $T_A = 70^\circ C$	Continuous Drain Current, V_{GS} @ 10V	26	
I_D @ $T_{C(Bottom)} = 25^\circ C$	Continuous Drain Current, V_{GS} @ 10V	100 Ⓔ	
I_D @ $T_{C(Bottom)} = 100^\circ C$	Continuous Drain Current, V_{GS} @ 10V	100 Ⓔ	
I_{DM}	Pulsed Drain Current ①	400	
P_D @ $T_A = 25^\circ C$	Power Dissipation ⑤	3.6	W
P_D @ $T_{C(Bottom)} = 25^\circ C$	Power Dissipation ⑤	100	
	Linear Derating Factor ⑤	0.029	W/°C
T_J T_{STG}	Operating Junction and Storage Temperature Range	-55 to + 150	°C

Notes ① through ⑥ are on page 8

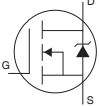
Static @ $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ (unless otherwise specified)

	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
BV_{DSS}	Drain-to-Source Breakdown Voltage	30	—	—	V	$V_{GS} = 0V, I_D = 250\mu A$
$\Delta BV_{DSS}/\Delta T_J$	Breakdown Voltage Temp. Coefficient	—	0.02	—	V/ $^\circ\text{C}$	Reference to 25°C , $I_D = 1\text{mA}$
$R_{DS(on)}$	Static Drain-to-Source On-Resistance	—	1.8	2.1	$\text{m}\Omega$	$V_{GS} = 10V, I_D = 50A$ ③
		—	2.8	3.5		$V_{GS} = 4.5V, I_D = 50A$ ③
$V_{GS(th)}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	1.35	1.8	2.35	V	$V_{DS} = V_{GS}, I_D = 100\mu A$
$\Delta V_{GS(th)}$	Gate Threshold Voltage Coefficient	—	-6.8	—	$\text{mV}/^\circ\text{C}$	
I_{DSS}	Drain-to-Source Leakage Current	—	—	5.0	μA	$V_{DS} = 24V, V_{GS} = 0V$
		—	—	150		$V_{DS} = 24V, V_{GS} = 0V, T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$
I_{GSS}	Gate-to-Source Forward Leakage	—	—	100	nA	$V_{GS} = 20V$
	Gate-to-Source Reverse Leakage	—	—	-100		$V_{GS} = -20V$
g_{fs}	Forward Transconductance	180	—	—	S	$V_{DS} = 15V, I_D = 50A$
Q_g	Total Gate Charge	—	76	—	nC	$V_{GS} = 10V, V_{DS} = 15V, I_D = 50A$
Q_{gs1}	Pre-Vth Gate-to-Source Charge	—	7.7	—	nC	$V_{DS} = 15V$ $V_{GS} = 4.5V$ $I_D = 50A$ See Fig.17 & 18
Q_{gs2}	Post-Vth Gate-to-Source Charge	—	4.4	—		
Q_{gd}	Gate-to-Drain Charge	—	9.7	—		
Q_{godr}	Gate Charge Overdrive	—	8.2	—		
Q_{sw}	Switch Charge ($Q_{gs2} + Q_{gd}$)	—	14	—	nC	$V_{DS} = 16V, V_{GS} = 0V$
Q_{oss}	Output Charge	—	19	—		
R_G	Gate Resistance	—	1.6	2.5	Ω	
$t_{d(on)}$	Turn-On Delay Time	—	18	—	ns	$V_{DD} = 15V, V_{GS} = 4.5V$ $I_D = 50A$ $R_G = 1.8\Omega$ See Fig.15
t_r	Rise Time	—	51	—		
$t_{d(off)}$	Turn-Off Delay Time	—	22	—		
t_f	Fall Time	—	18	—		
C_{iss}	Input Capacitance	—	4400	—	pF	$V_{GS} = 0V$
C_{oss}	Output Capacitance	—	890	—		$V_{DS} = 15V$
C_{rss}	Reverse Transfer Capacitance	—	360	—		$f = 1.0\text{MHz}$

Avalanche Characteristics

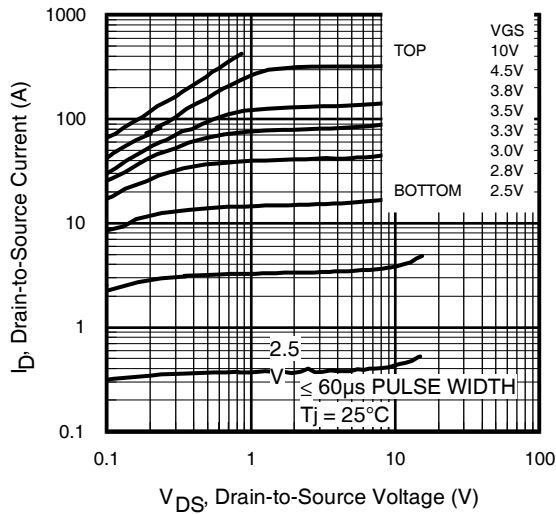
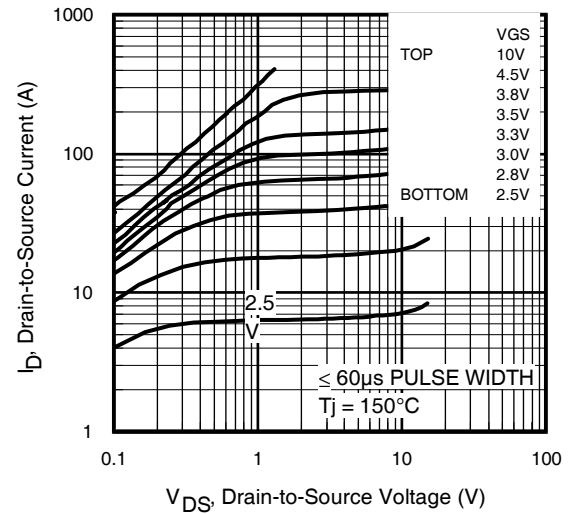
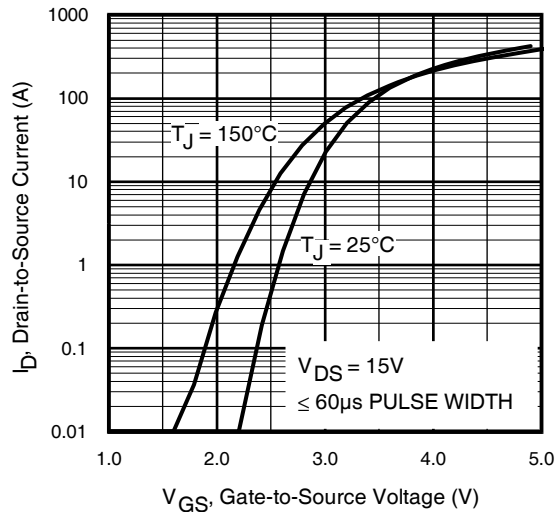
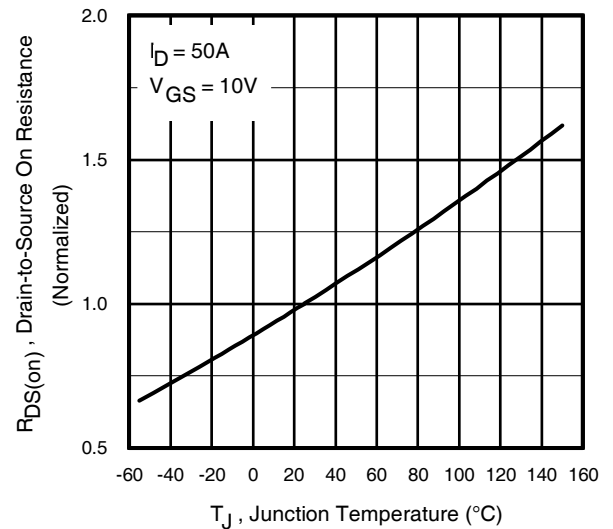
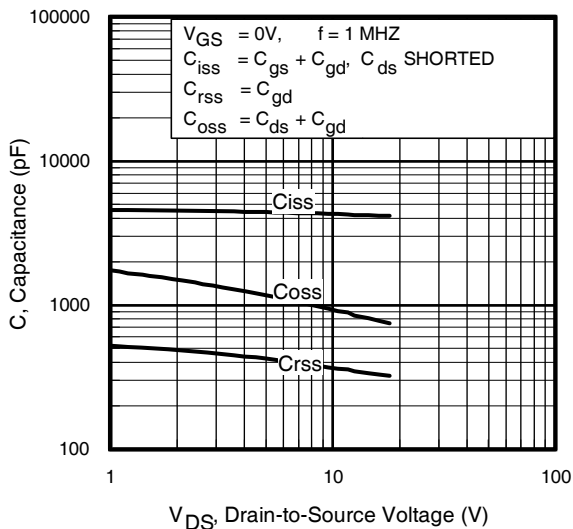
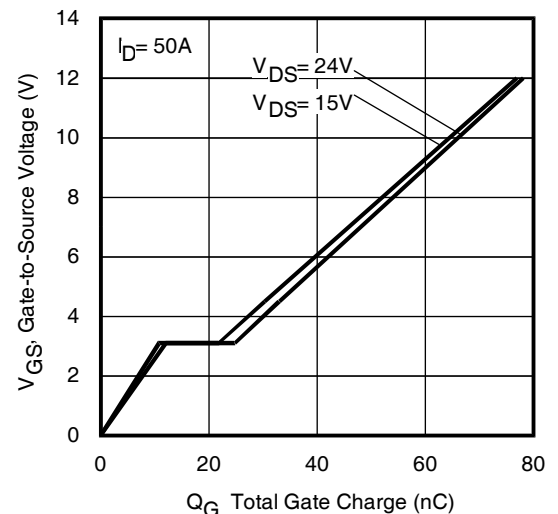
	Parameter	Typ.	Max.	Units
E_{AS}	Single Pulse Avalanche Energy ②	—	130	mJ
I_{AR}	Avalanche Current ①	—	50	A

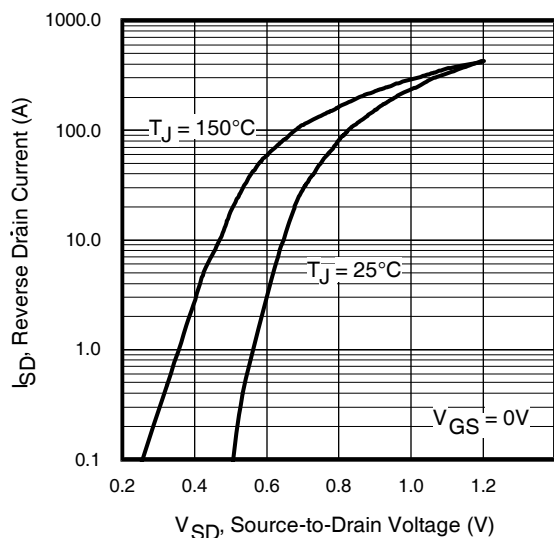
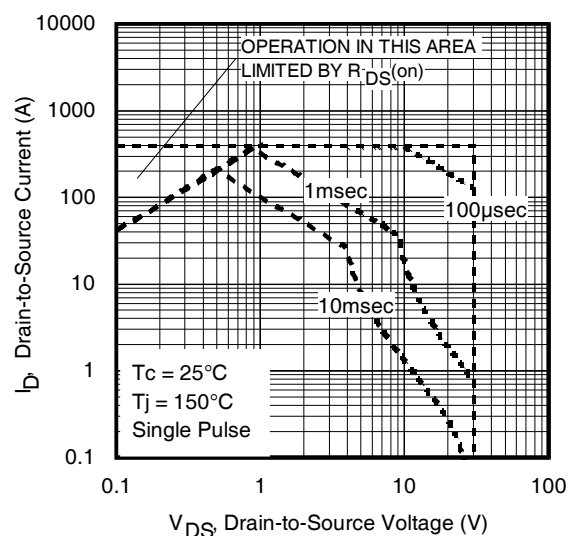
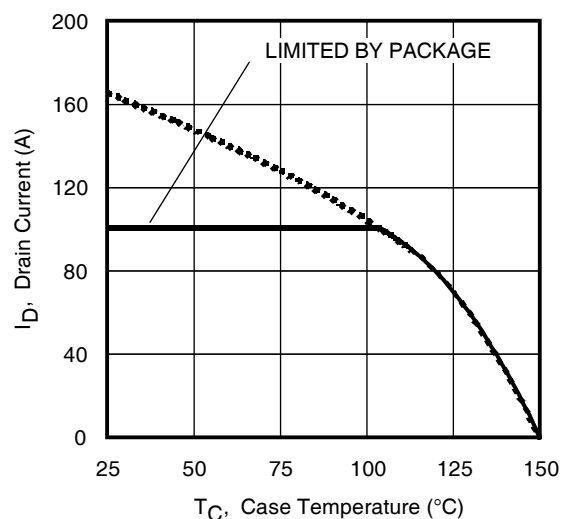
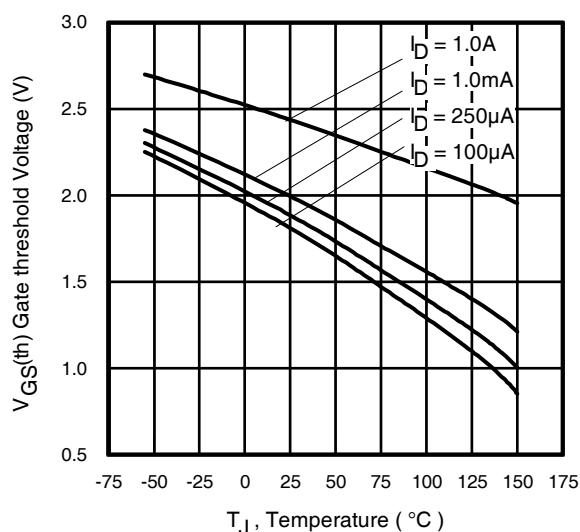
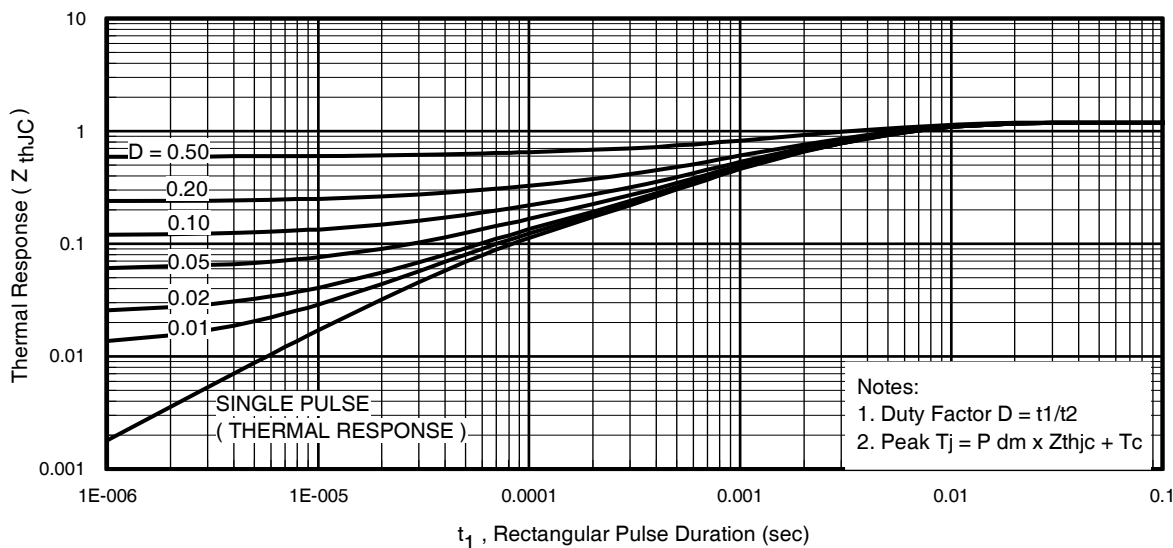
Diode Characteristics

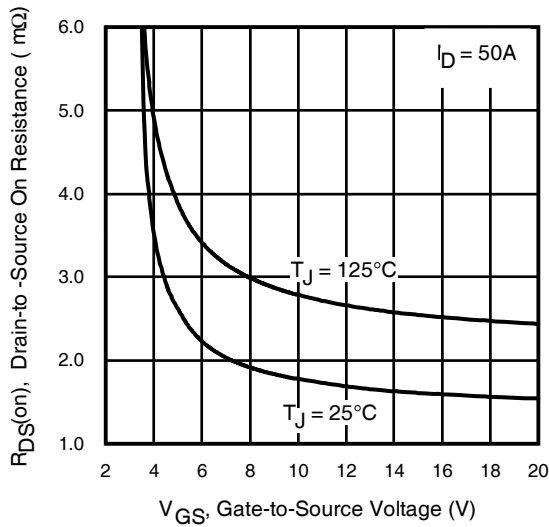
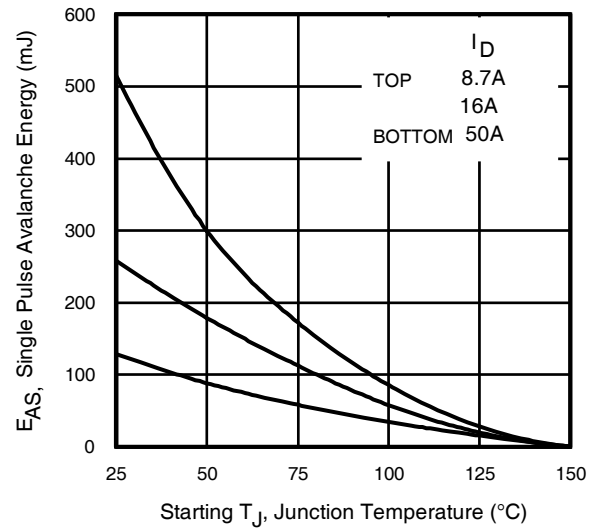
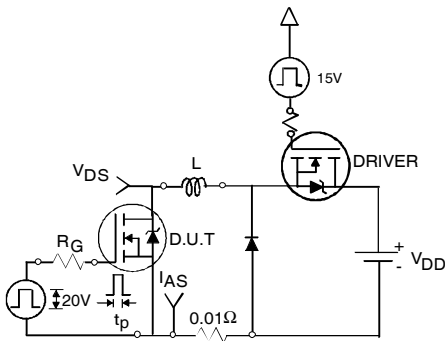
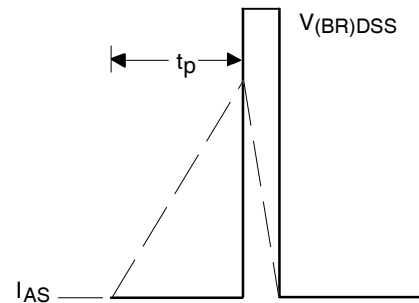
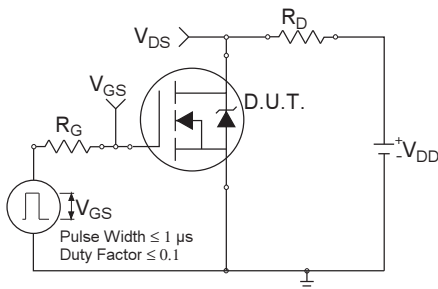
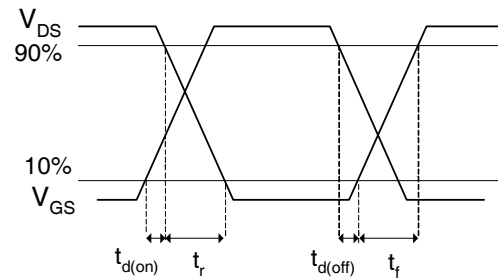
	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
I_S	Continuous Source Current (Body Diode)	—	—	100	A	MOSFET symbol showing the integral reverse p-n junction diode. 
I_{SM}	Pulsed Source Current (Body Diode) ①	—	—	400		
V_{SD}	Diode Forward Voltage	—	—	1.0	V	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}, I_S = 50A, V_{GS} = 0V$ ③
t_{rr}	Reverse Recovery Time	—	20	30	ns	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}, I_F = 50A, V_{DD} = 15V$
Q_{rr}	Reverse Recovery Charge	—	32	48	nC	$di/dt = 300A/\mu s$ ③
t_{on}	Forward Turn-On Time	Time is dominated by parasitic Inductance				

Thermal Resistance

	Parameter	Typ.	Max.	Units
$R_{\theta JC}$ (Bottom)	Junction-to-Case ④	—	1.2	$^\circ\text{C}/W$
$R_{\theta JC}$ (Top)	Junction-to-Case ④	—	15	
$R_{\theta JA}$	Junction-to-Ambient ⑤	—	35	
$R_{\theta JA} (<10s)$	Junction-to-Ambient ⑤	—	22	


Fig 1. Typical Output Characteristics

Fig 2. Typical Output Characteristics

Fig 3. Typical Transfer Characteristics

Fig 4. Normalized On-Resistance Vs. Temperature

Fig 5. Typical Capacitance Vs. Drain-to-Source Voltage

Fig 6. Typical Gate Charge Vs. Gate-to-Source Voltage


Fig 7. Typical Source-Drain Diode Forward Voltage

Fig 8. Maximum Safe Operating Area

Fig 9. Maximum Drain Current Vs. Case (Bottom) Temperature

Fig 10. Threshold Voltage Vs. Temperature

Fig 11. Maximum Effective Transient Thermal Impedance, Junction-to-Case (Bottom)


Fig 12. On-Resistance vs. Gate Voltage

Fig 13. Maximum Avalanche Energy vs. Drain Current

Fig 14a. Unclamped Inductive Test Circuit

Fig 14b. Unclamped Inductive Waveforms

Fig 15a. Switching Time Test Circuit

Fig 15b. Switching Time Waveforms

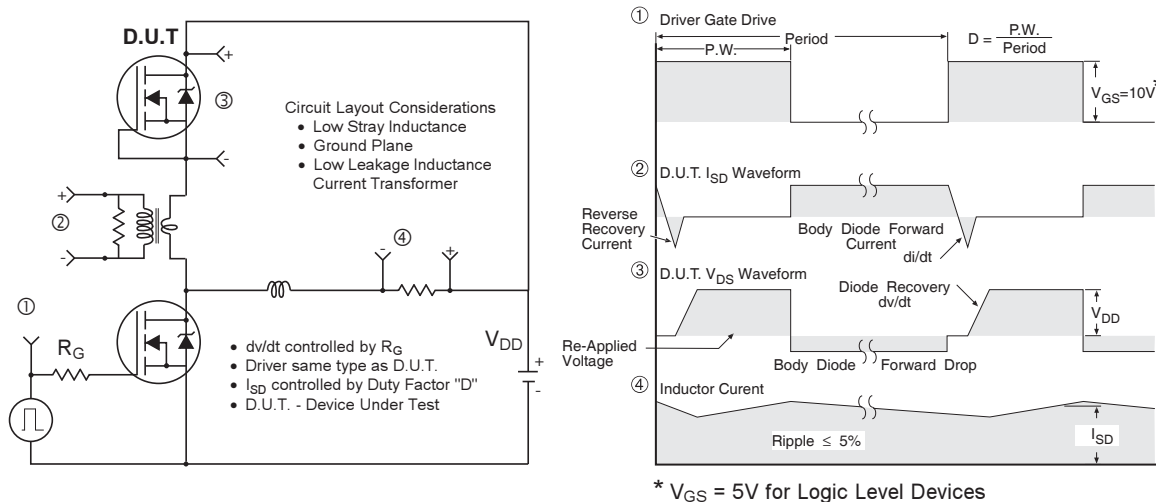


Fig 16. Peak Diode Recovery dv/dt Test Circuit for N-Channel HEXFET® Power MOSFETs

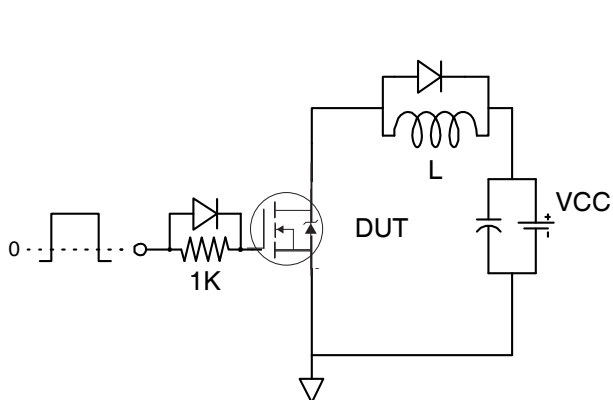


Fig 17. Gate Charge Test Circuit

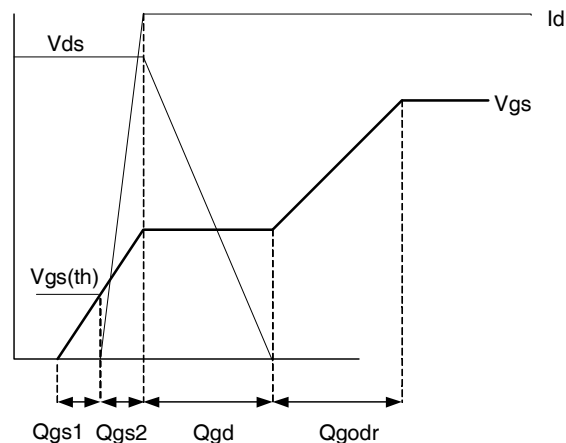
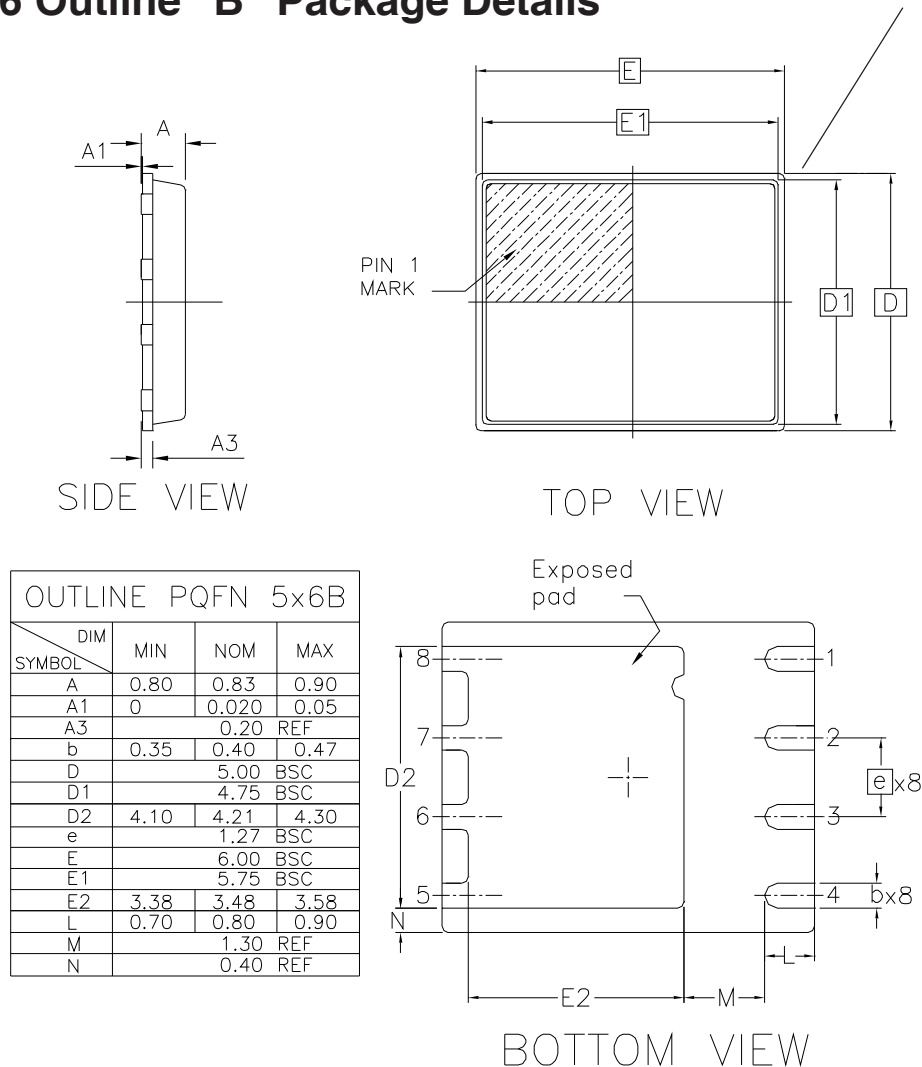


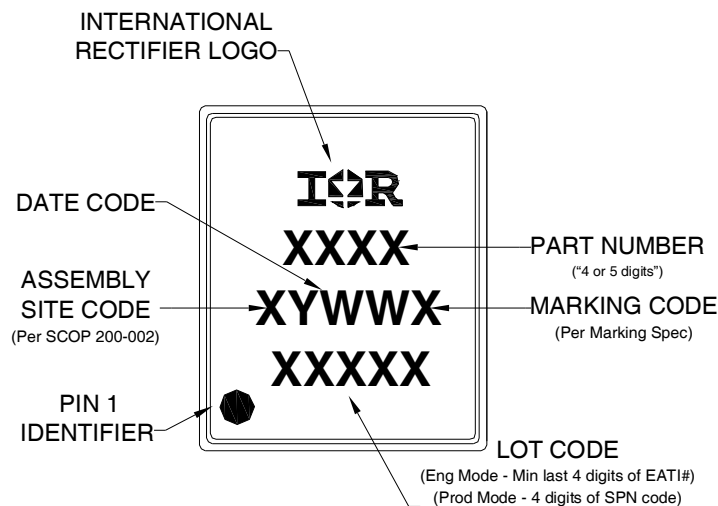
Fig 18. Gate Charge Waveform

PQFN 5x6 Outline "B" Package Details



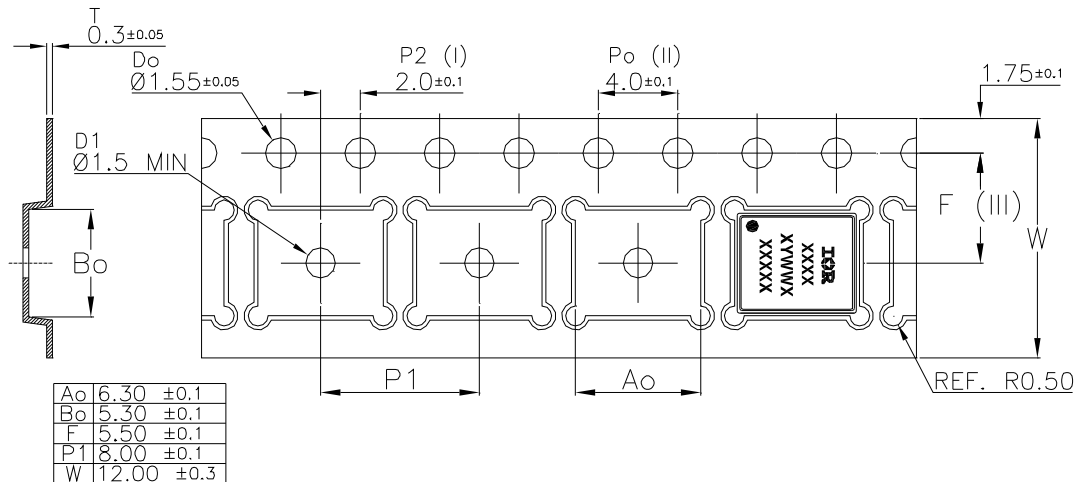
For footprint and stencil design recommendations, please refer to application note AN-1154 at <http://www.irf.com/technical-info/apnotes/an-1154.pdf>

PQFN 5x6 Outline "B" Part Marking



Note: For the most current drawing please refer to IR website at: <http://www.irf.com/package/>

PQFN Tape and Reel



Note: For the most current drawing please refer to IR website at: <http://www.irf.com/package/>

Qualification information[†]

Qualification level	Industrial ^{††} (per JEDEC JESD47F ^{†††} guidelines)	
Moisture Sensitivity Level	PQFN 5mm x 6mm	MSL1 (per JEDEC J-STD-020D ^{†††})
RoHS compliant	Yes	

[†] Qualification standards can be found at International Rectifier's web site
<http://www.irf.com/product-info/reliability>

^{††} Higher qualification ratings may be available should the user have such requirements.
 Please contact your International Rectifier sales representative for further information:
<http://www.irf.com/whoto-call/salesrep/>

^{†††} Applicable version of JEDEC standard at the time of product release.

Notes:

- ① Repetitive rating; pulse width limited by max. junction temperature.
- ② Starting $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $L = 0.103\text{mH}$, $R_G = 25\Omega$, $I_{AS} = 50\text{A}$.
- ③ Pulse width $\leq 400\mu\text{s}$; duty cycle $\leq 2\%$.
- ④ R_θ is measured at T_J of approximately 90°C .
- ⑤ When mounted on 1 inch square 2 oz copper pad on 1.5x1.5 in. board of FR-4 material.
- ⑥ Calculated continuous current based on maximum allowable junction temperature. Package is limited to 100A by production test capability

Revision History

Date	Comment
3/10/2014	• Updated ordering information to reflect the End-Of-Life (EOL) of the mini-reel option (EOL notice #259). • Updated data sheet with the new IR corporate template.

International
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 To contact International Rectifier, please visit <http://www.irf.com/whoto-call/>