TOSHIBA CMOS Digital Integrated Circuit Silicon Monolithic

# TC7MZ540FK

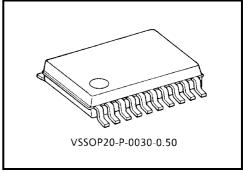
#### Low Voltage Octal Bus Buffer (inverted) with 5 V Tolerant Inputs and Outputs

The TC7MZ540FK is a high performance CMOS octal bus buffer. Designed for use in 3.3 V systems, it achieves high speed operation while maintaining the CMOS low power dissipation.

The device is designed for low-voltage (3.3 V) VCC applications, but it could be used to interface to 5 V supply environment for both inputs and outputs.

The TC7MZ540FK is an inverting 3-state buffer having two active-low output enables. When either  $\overline{OE}1$  or  $\overline{OE}2$  are high, the terminal outputs are in the high-impedance state. This device is designed to be used with 3-state memory address drivers, etc.

All inputs are equipped with protection circuits against static discharge.

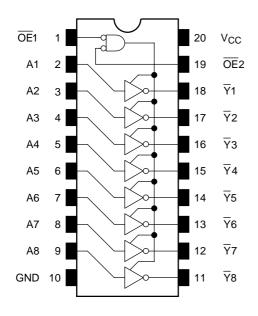


Weight: 0.03 g (typ.)

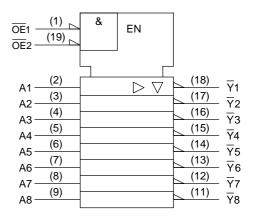
#### **Features**

- Low voltage operation:  $V_{CC} = 2.0 \sim 3.6 \text{ V}$
- High speed operation:  $t_{pd} = 6.5 \text{ ns (max) (VCC} = 3.0 \sim 3.6 \text{ V)}$
- Output current:  $|I_{OH}|/I_{OL} = 24 \text{ mA (min) (V}_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V)}$
- Latch-up performance: ±500 mA
- Package: VSSOP (US20)
- Power down protection is provided on all inputs and outputs.
- Pin and function compatible with the 74 series (74AC/VHC/HC/F/ALS/LS etc.) 540 type.

## Pin Assignment (top view)



## **IEC Logic Symbol**



## **Truth Table**

	Inputs					
OE1	OE2	An	Outputs			
Н	Х	Х	Z			
Х	Н	Х	Z			
L	L	Н	L			
L	L	L	Н			

X: Don't care

Z: High impedance

## **Maximum Ratings**

Characteristics	Symbol	Rating	Unit	
Supply voltage range	Vcc	-0.5~7.0	V	
DC input voltage	V <sub>IN</sub>	-0.5~7.0	V	
DC output voltage	V	-0.5~7.0 (Note1)	V	
DC output voltage	V <sub>OUT</sub>	-0.5~V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.5 (Note2)	v	
Input diode current	I <sub>IK</sub>	-50	mA	
Output diode current	I <sub>OK</sub>	±50 (Note3)	mA	
DC output current	l <sub>OUT</sub>	±50	mA	
Power dissipation	P <sub>D</sub>	180	mW	
DC V <sub>CC</sub> /ground current	I <sub>CC</sub> /I <sub>GND</sub>	±100	mA	
Storage temperature	T <sub>stg</sub>	-65~150	°C	

Note1: Output in off-state

Note2: High or low state. IOUT absolute maximum rating must be observed.

2

Note3: V<sub>OUT</sub> < GND, V<sub>OUT</sub> > V<sub>CC</sub>



# **Recommended Operating Conditions**

Characteristics	Symbol	Rating	Unit	
Supply voltage	V <sub>CC</sub>	2.0~3.6	V	
Supply voltage	vcc vcc	1.5~3.6 (Note4)	V	
Input voltage	V <sub>IN</sub>	0~5.5	٧	
Output voltage	V <sub>OUT</sub>	0~5.5 (Note5)	V	
		0~V <sub>CC</sub> (Note6)	V	
Output current	I <sub>OH</sub> /I <sub>OL</sub>	±24 (Note7)	mA	
Output current	IOH/IOL	±12 (Note8)	ША	
Operating temperature	T <sub>opr</sub>	-40~85	°C	
Input rise and fall time	dt/dv	0~10 (Note9)	ns/V	

Note4: Data retention only

Note5: Output in off-state

Note6: High or low state

Note7:  $V_{CC} = 3.0 \sim 3.6 \text{ V}$ 

Note8:  $V_{CC} = 2.7 \sim 3.0 \text{ V}$ 

Note9:  $V_{IN} = 0.8 \sim 2.0 \text{ V}, V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V}$ 

#### **Electrical Characteristics**

# DC Characteristics ( $Ta = -40 \sim 85$ °C)

Characteristics		Symbol	Test Condition			Min	Max	Unit		
Characte	7131103	Symbol	rest Condition		V <sub>CC</sub> (V)	IVIIII	IVIAX	Offic		
Input voltage	High level	$V_{IH}$		_	2.7~3.6	2.0	_	V		
Input voltage	Low level	V <sub>IL</sub>		_	2.7~3.6	_	0.8	V		
				I <sub>OH</sub> = -100 μA	2.7~3.6	V <sub>CC</sub> - 0.2				
	High level	V <sub>OH</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> = V <sub>IH</sub> or V <sub>IL</sub>	I <sub>OH</sub> = -12 mA	2.7	2.2	_			
				I <sub>OH</sub> = -18 mA	3.0	2.4	_			
Output voltage				I <sub>OH</sub> = -24 mA	3.0	2.2	_	V		
				$I_{OL} = 100 \mu A$	2.7~3.6	_	0.2	Ì		
	Low level	Vol		I <sub>OL</sub> = 12 mA	2.7	_	0.4			
	row level vOF	VOL	VOL	$V_{IN} = V_{IH}$ or $V_{IL}$	VIN - VIH OI VIL	I <sub>OL</sub> = 16 mA	3.0	_	0.4	
				I <sub>OL</sub> = 24 mA	3.0	_	0.55			
Input leakage cu	rrent	I <sub>IN</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> = 0~5.5 V		2.7~3.6	_	±5.0	μΑ		
2 state output of	f state current	lo-	$V_{IN} = V_{IH}$ or $V_{IL}$		2.7~3.6	_	±5.0	μА		
3-state output off-state current I <sub>OZ</sub>		V <sub>OUT</sub> = 0~5.5 V		2.1~3.0		±3.0	μΑ			
Power off leakag	je current	I <sub>OFF</sub>	$V_{IN}/V_{OUT} = 5.5 \text{ V} $		0	_	10.0	μΑ		
Quiescent supply current I <sub>CC</sub>		V <sub>IN</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub> or GND		2.7~3.6	_	10.0				
Quiescent supply	y carrein	100	V <sub>IN</sub> /V <sub>OUT</sub> = 3.6~5.5 V		2.7~3.6	_	±10.0	μΑ		
Increase in I <sub>CC</sub> p	per input	Δlcc	$V_{IH} = V_{CC} - 0.6 V$ 2.7~3.6			_	500			

## AC Characteristics ( $Ta = -40 \sim 85$ °C)

Characteristics	Symbol	Test Condition	V <sub>CC</sub> (V)	Min	Max	Unit
Propagation delay time	t <sub>pLH</sub>	Figure 1, Figure 2	2.7	_	7.5	- ns
1 Topagation delay time	t <sub>pHL</sub>	rigure 1, rigure 2	$3.3 \pm 0.3$	1.5	6.5	
Output enable time	t <sub>pZL</sub>	Figure 1, Figure 3	2.7	_	9.5	ns
Output enable time	t <sub>pZH</sub>	rigure 1, rigure 3	$3.3 \pm 0.3$	1.5	8.5	
Output disable time	t <sub>pLZ</sub>	Figure 1, Figure 3	2.7	_	8.5	ns
Output disable time	t <sub>pHZ</sub>	rigure 1, rigure 3	$3.3 \pm 0.3$	1.5	7.5	115
Output to output akow	t <sub>osLH</sub>	(Note10)	2.7	_	_	ns
Output to output skew	t <sub>osHL</sub>	(Note 10)	$3.3 \pm 0.3$	_	1.0	115

Note10: This parameter is guaranteed by design.

 $(t_{OSLH} = |t_{DLHm} - t_{DLHn}|, t_{OSHL} = |t_{DHLm} - t_{DHLn}|)$ 

#### **Dynamic Switching Characteristics**

(Ta = 25°C, Input:  $t_r = t_f = 2.5 \text{ ns}$ ,  $C_L = 50 \text{ pF}$ ,  $R_L = 500 \Omega$ )

Characteristics	Symbol	Test Condition	V <sub>CC</sub> (V)	Тур.	Unit
Quiet output maximum dynamic VOL	$V_{OLP}$	$V_{IH} = 3.3 \text{ V}, V_{IL} = 0 \text{ V}$	3.3	8.0	V
Quiet output minimum dynamic VOL	V <sub>OLV</sub>	$V_{IH} = 3.3 \text{ V}, V_{IL} = 0 \text{ V}$	3.3	0.8	V

## **Capacitive Characteristics (Ta = 25°C)**

Characteristics	Symbol	Test Condition		V <sub>CC</sub> (V)	Тур.	Unit
Input capacitance	C <sub>IN</sub>	_		3.3	7	pF
Output capacitance	C <sub>OUT</sub>	_		3.3	8	pF
Power dissipation capacitance	C <sub>PD</sub>	$f_{IN} = 10 \text{ MHz}$ (Not	e11)	3.3	40	pF

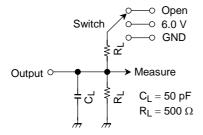
Note11: C<sub>PD</sub> is defined as the value of the internal equivalent capacitance which is calculated from the operating current consumption.

4

Average operating current can be obtained by the equation:

 $I_{CC (opr)} = C_{PD} \cdot V_{CC} \cdot f_{IN} + I_{CC}/8 \text{ (per bit)}$ 

#### **AC Test Circuit**



Parameter	Switch
t <sub>pLH</sub> , t <sub>pHL</sub>	Open
t <sub>pLZ</sub> , t <sub>pZL</sub>	6.0 V
t <sub>pHZ</sub> , t <sub>pZH</sub>	GND

Figure 1

#### **AC Waveform**

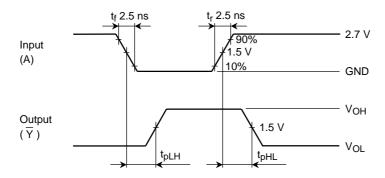
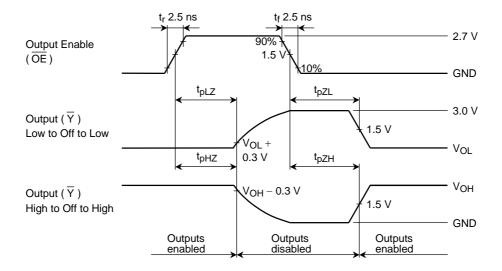


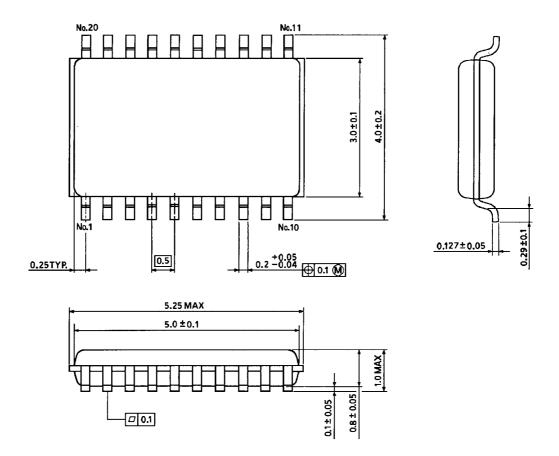
Figure 2  $t_{pLH}$ ,  $t_{pHL}$ 



 $\textbf{Figure 3} \quad t_{\text{pLZ}},\, t_{\text{pHZ}},\, t_{\text{pZL}},\, t_{\text{pZH}}$ 

5

# **Package Dimensions**



6

Weight: 0.03 g (typ.)

## RESTRICTIONS ON PRODUCT USE

000707EBA

- TOSHIBA is continually working to improve the quality and reliability of its products. Nevertheless, semiconductor devices in general can malfunction or fail due to their inherent electrical sensitivity and vulnerability to physical stress. It is the responsibility of the buyer, when utilizing TOSHIBA products, to comply with the standards of safety in making a safe design for the entire system, and to avoid situations in which a malfunction or failure of such TOSHIBA products could cause loss of human life, bodily injury or damage to property.
  In developing your designs, please ensure that TOSHIBA products are used within specified operating ranges as set forth in the most recent TOSHIBA products specifications. Also, please keep in mind the precautions and conditions set forth in the "Handling Guide for Semiconductor Devices," or "TOSHIBA Semiconductor Reliability Handbook" etc..
- The TOSHIBA products listed in this document are intended for usage in general electronics applications (computer, personal equipment, office equipment, measuring equipment, industrial robotics, domestic appliances, etc.). These TOSHIBA products are neither intended nor warranted for usage in equipment that requires extraordinarily high quality and/or reliability or a malfunction or failure of which may cause loss of human life or bodily injury ("Unintended Usage"). Unintended Usage include atomic energy control instruments, airplane or spaceship instruments, transportation instruments, traffic signal instruments, combustion control instruments, medical instruments, all types of safety devices, etc.. Unintended Usage of TOSHIBA products listed in this document shall be made at the customer's own risk.
- The products described in this document are subject to the foreign exchange and foreign trade laws.
- The information contained herein is presented only as a guide for the applications of our products. No responsibility is assumed by TOSHIBA CORPORATION for any infringements of intellectual property or other rights of the third parties which may result from its use. No license is granted by implication or otherwise under any intellectual property or other rights of TOSHIBA CORPORATION or others.
- The information contained herein is subject to change without notice.