



# AKD5351

## Evaluation Board Rev.B for AK5351

### General description

The AKD5351 is an evaluation board for the AK5351 digital stereo audio 20bit A/D converter. The AKD5351 includes the input buffer circuit and also has a digital interface transmitter. Further, the AKD5351 can evaluate direct interface with AKD4328, AKD4319, AKD4320 and AKD4321.

#### ■ Ordering guide

AKD5351 --- Evaluation board for AK5351

### Function

- On-board Input Buffer Circuit
- On-board clock generator
- Compatible with 2 types of interface
  - 1) Direct interface with AKD4328, AKD4319, AKD4320 and AKD4321
  - 2) On-board CS8402 as DIT which transmitter optical output
- A BNC connector for an external clock input.

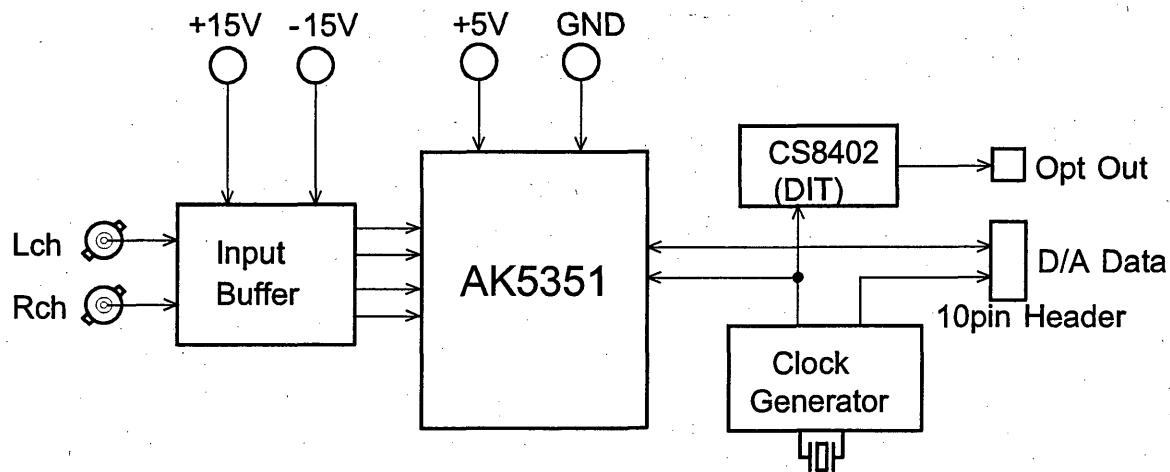
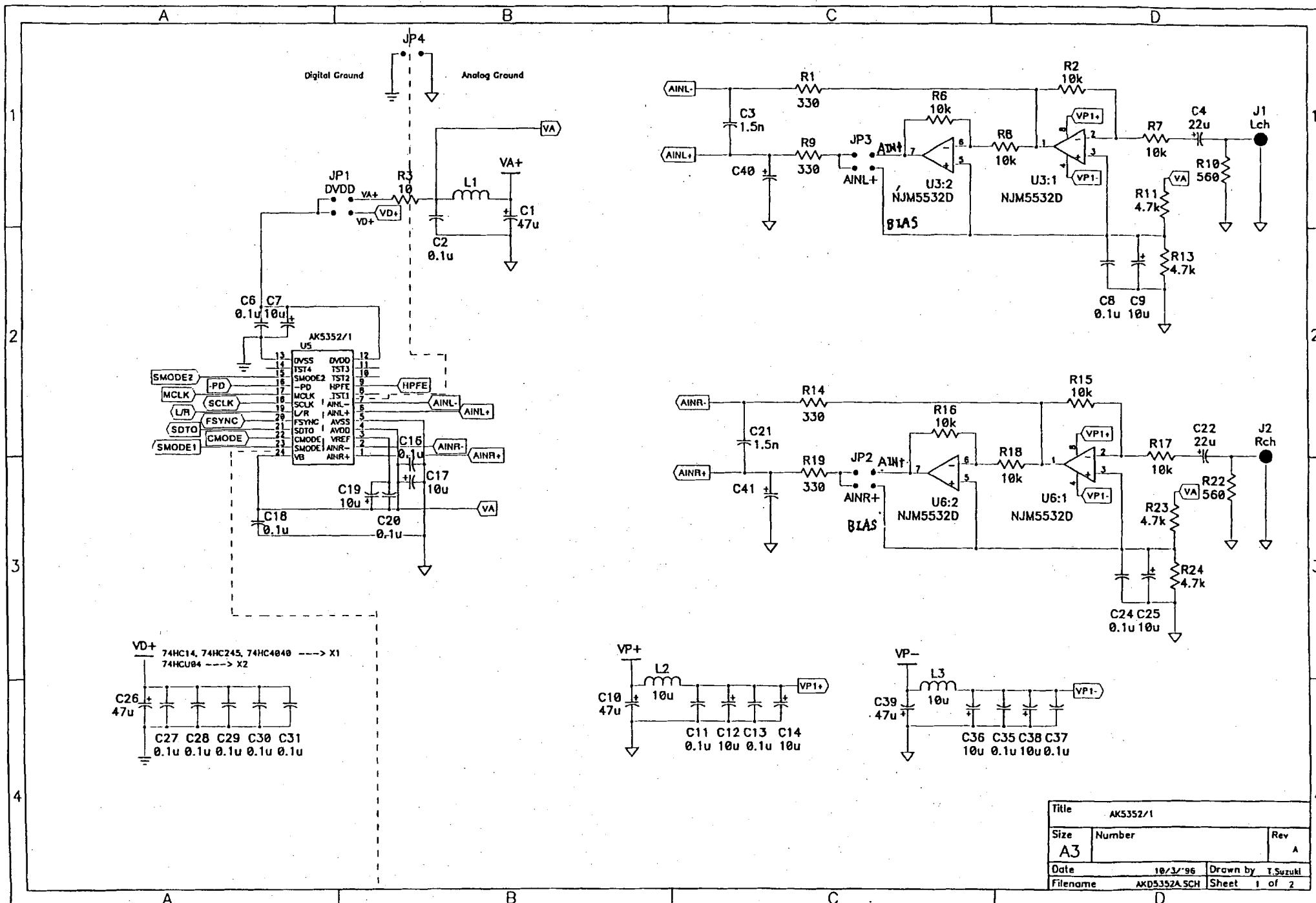
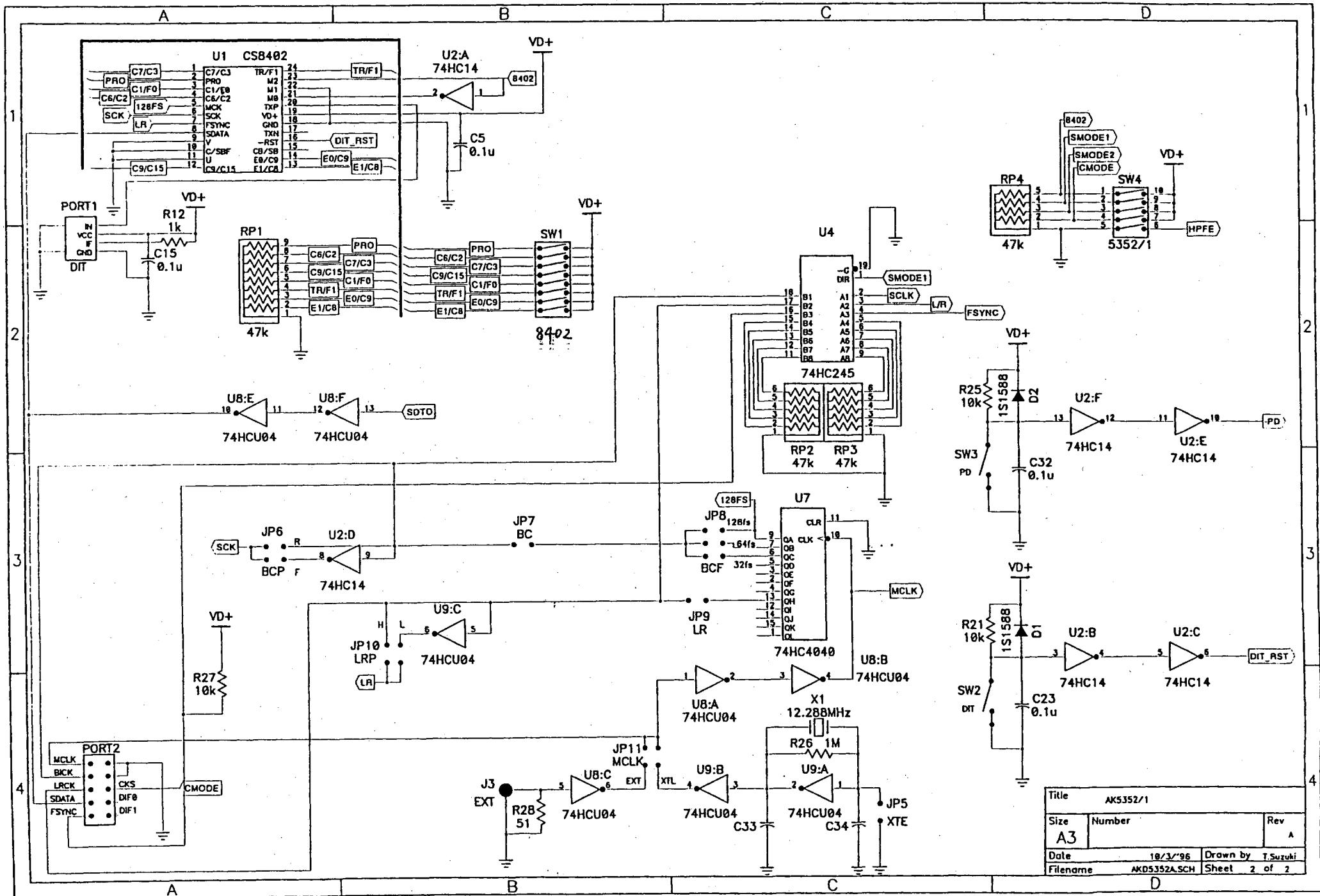


Figure 1. AKD5351 block diagram





### ■ Input buffer circuit

The AKD5351 includes single-ended circuit with an inverted-amp (gain 1). External analog signal fed through the BNC connector is terminated by a resistor of 560 ohms. The resistor value should be properly selected in order to meet the output impedance of the signal source.

The 'Cin' is an important part in the input buffer circuit design. (Example circuit:  $f_c = 150\text{kHz}$ ). A large 'Cin' can improve the distortion of the converter because it lowers the effect of feed through noise from the device. However, the larger 'Cin' becomes heavier load for the input buffer amp and increases its distortion. The actual value should be decided by taking a balance between both factors. And please consider the frequency response within audio band.

#### Full-difference inputs (Default)

[JP2,JP3] : AIN+

[R1, R9, R14, R9] :  $330\ \Omega$

[C40, C41] : None

[C3, C21] :  $1.5\text{nF}$

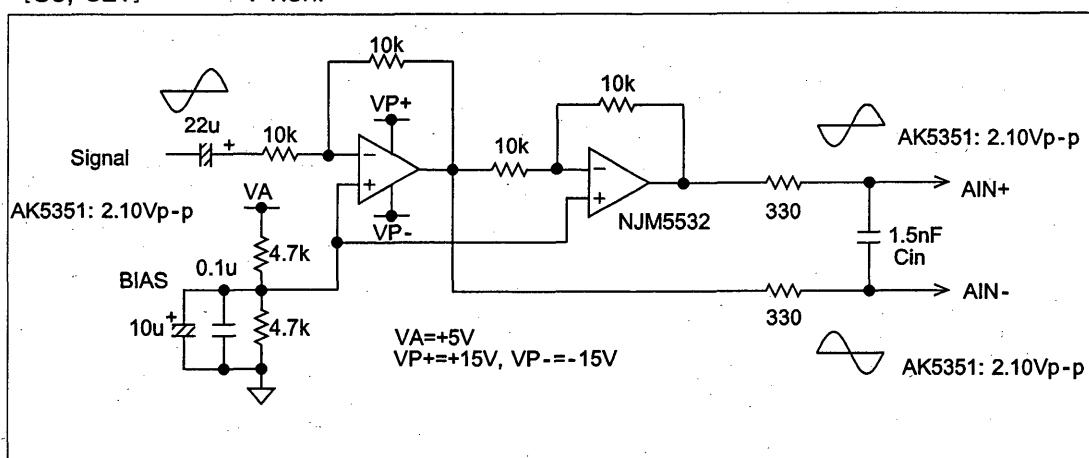


Figure 2. Full-differential Input Buffer Circuit example

#### 2. In case of Single-ended inputs

[JP2,JP3] : BIAS

[R1, R9, R14, R9] :  $150\ \Omega$

[C40, C41] :  $10\mu\text{F}$

[C3, C21] :  $3.3\text{nF}$

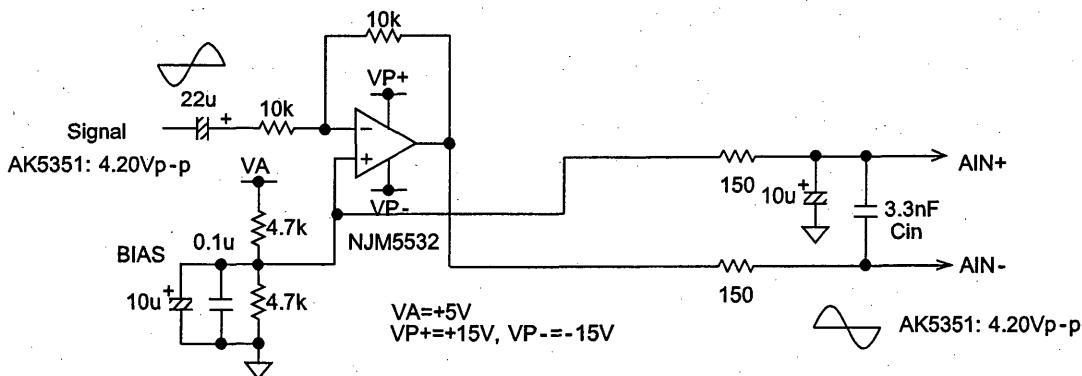


Figure 3. Single-ended Input Buffer Circuit example

\* AKM assumes no responsibility for the trouble when using the above circuit examples.

## ■ Power supply and Decoupling

VA and VD supplies to the AK5351 are decoupled separately in order to minimize the effect of the digital noise. A system analog supply is fed to VA and VB. VA and VD lines should be distributed separately from the power unit. When VD voltage exceeds 0.3V or higher than that of VA and VB, internal diode structure will be turned on, and excess current begins flowing. When VD supplies are not separated from VA and VB, VA should be powered-on at the same time or earlier than VD, and powered-off at the same time or later. Decoupling capacitors are connected to AK5351 as near as possible, particularly the ceramic capacitor to the VREF pin and VD pin. (Please refer to AKD5351 Rev.B printed pattern)

## ■ Operation sequence

### ① Set up the power supply lines

VA+=VD+= +5V,

VP+= +15V,

VP-= -15V,

AGND=DGND= 0V

Each supply line should be distributed from the power unit.

### ② Set up the evaluation modes and jumper pins. (See next item)

There are many jumper pins to cover many evaluation modes.

Please take care of setting.

### ③ Set up the DIP SW position for the DIT. (See next item)

This does not affect AK5351 operation.

### ④ Power On.

The AK5351 should be reset once by bringing  $\overline{PD}$  "L" upon power-up.

※ AK5351 can be reset by SW3 during operation.

"L" position resets the device, and the "H" position is for normal operation.

Note: In any case of changing clocks during operation, the device should be reset by bringing PD "H".

If not followed, the AK5351 may be destroyed since its internal logic uses dynamic circuit.

■ The evaluation modes and corresponding jumper pin settings.

## 1. Evaluation Mode

### Applicable Evaluation Mode

- ① Using D/A converter board for the analog performance analysis.
- ② DIT (Optical Link) [Default]
- ③ All interface signals (MCLK, BICK and LRCK) are fed from external circuit.
- ④ Feed all interface signals to the external circuit through PORT2.

#### ① Using D/A converter board for the analog performance analysis.

The AK5351 can be evaluated by distortion analyzer using various AKM's D/A converter AKD4328, AKD4319, AKD4320 and AKD4321 through PORT2.

When SW4-4 (CMODE) goes "ON", AK5351 operates with 384fs clock.

[Slave mode: SMODE1=OFF]

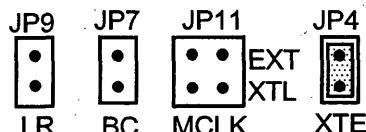
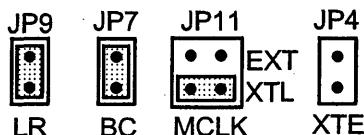


Figure 4. Jumper Set up (D/A)

#### ② DIT (Optical Link)

PORT1 is used. DIT generates audio Bi-phase signal from received data and which is output through optical connector (TOTX174). It is possible to connect AKM's evaluation boards (AKD4328, AKD4319, AKD4320 and AKD4321) on the digital-amplifier which equips DIR input. There are two kinds of jumper setting depend on the SMODE1 pin (SW4-2). The interface signals are output from PORT2. (See the ④). In case of using external clock through a BNC connector, select EXT on JP11 (MCLK) and shorts JP4 (XTE). It does not correspond with MCLK=384fs.

[Slave mode: SMODE1=OFF] (Default)



[Master mode: SMODE1=ON]

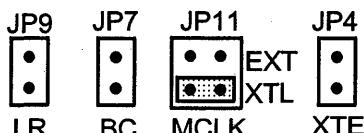


Figure 5. Jumper Set up (DIT)

- ③ All interface signals (MCLK, BICK and LRCK) are fed from external circuit. [Slave mode]  
Under the following set-up, MCLK, BICK and LRCK signals needed for the A/D to operate could be fed through PORT2. When SW4-4 (CMODE) is "ON", the AK5351 operates with 384fs clock.

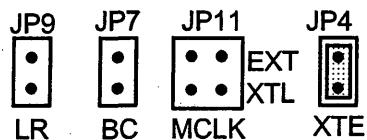
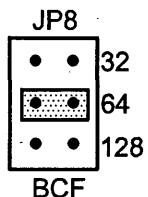


Figure 6. Jumper Set up (EXT)

- ④ Feed all interface signals to the external circuit through PORT2. [Master, Slave mode]  
Please set up as same as ②. Generally, all interfacing signals which drive AK5351 are output through PORT2. However, the FSYNC is a input signal in slave mode. In this case the SDATA input format can be controlled by the FSYNC.

## 2. BIT CLOCK (BCF) Set up



[JP8] Either 32fs or 64fs or 128fs for the BC can be selected. Figure shows 64fs example.  
32: 32fs  
64: 64fs  
128: 128fs

### 3. Jumper, DIP-SW (SW4) Set up and explanation

No.	PIN	ON	OFF
1	8402		
2	S MODE1	See the Table 2	
3	S MODE2		
4	C MODE	384fs	256fs
5	HPF	HPF off	HPF on

\* DIP-SW is ON="H", OFF="L".

Table 1. DIP-SW4 Set up

Set up the CS8402's (DIT) data format corresponding the serial data interface of the AK5351. SW4-1, JP6 and JP10 does not affect except that the DIT (CS8402) of evaluation mode ② uses.

AK5351 Data Format	S MODE1 (SW4-2)	S MODE2 (SW4-3)	8402 (SW4-1)	BCP (JP6)	LRP (JP10)
Slave Mode	OFF	OFF	OFF	F	H
Master Mode	ON	OFF	ON	R	L
I <sup>2</sup> S Slave Mode	OFF	ON	ON	R	H
I <sup>2</sup> S Master Mode	ON	ON	ON	R	H

Table 2. Serial Data Interface of AK5351, CS8402 (DIT)

[SW4-1] : CS8402's data format

OFF: MSB justified, 24bit

ON : I<sup>2</sup>S compatible

[JP6] : Define the polarity SCLK

F: BC is inverted.

R: BC coincides with AK5351

[JP10] : Define the polarity of LRCK

H: LRCK coincides with AK5351 (Slave mode)

L: LRCK is inverted. (Master mode)

[JP1] : Power supply source of VD pin can be selected. AKM recommend VD+ position.

VD+: VD pin is supplied from digital supply in system.

VA+: VD pin supplied through the resistor of 10 ohms from analog supply in system.

#### ■ The function of the toggle SW.

[SW1] Resets the CS8402. "L" position resets the internal counter of CS8402, then Bi-phase signal is not output. Keep the "H" position during normal operation.

[SW3] Resets the AK5351. Keep the "H" position during conversion.

■ DIP switch set up. (Default is the consumer mode.)

This switch sets the C-bit of CS8402. This set up does not affect the evaluation of the AK5351. In case of using DIT, need to set it up correctly. For more detailed configurations, please refer to the CS8402 data-sheet.

Switch	OFF=0,ON=1	Contents
1	<u>PRO</u> =0	Professional mode, C0=1
2,3	<u>C6,C7</u>	C6,C7 - Sampling frequency
	1 1	00 - Not indicated. Receiver default to 48kHz.
	1 0	01 - 48kHz
	0 1	10 - 44.1kHz
	0 0	11 - 32kHz
4	<u>C9</u>	C8,C9,C10,C11 - 1bit of channel mode
	1	0000 - Mode not indicated. Receiver default to 2-channel mode.
	0	0100 - Stereophonic.
5	<u>C1</u>	C1 - Audio mode
	1	0 - Normal audio
	0	1 - Not audio
6	TRNPT	Transparent mode *CS8402 is CRE
	0	Normal mode
	1	Transparent mode
8,7	<u>EM1,EM0</u>	C2,C3,C4 - Encoded audio signal emphasis
	1 1	000 - Emphasis not indicated. Receiver defaults to no emphasis with manual override enable.
	1 0	100 - None
	0 1	110 - 50/15usec
	0 0	111 - CCITT J.17

Table 3 DIP switch set up of CS8402 (Professional mode)

Switch	OFF=0,ON=1	Contents
1	<u>PRO</u> =1	Consumer mode, C0=0 (Default)
2	<u>C2</u>	C2 - Copy
Default	1	0 - Copy inhibited
	0	1 - Copy permitted
3	<u>C3</u>	C3,C4,C5 - Pre-emphasis
Default	1	000 - None
	0	100 - 50/15usec
4	<u>C15</u>	C15 - Generation Status
Default	1	0 - See the standard
	0	1 - See the standard
6,5	<u>FC1,FC0</u>	C24,C25,C26,C27- Sampling frequency
Default	0 0	0000 - 44.1kHz
	0 1	0100 - 48kHz
	1 0	1100 - 32kHz
	1 1	0000 - 44.1kHz, CD mode
8,7	<u>C8,C9</u>	C8-C14 - Category code
Default	1 1	0000000 - General
	1 0	0100000 - PCM encoder/decoder
	0 1	1000000 - CD
	0 0	1100000 - DAT

Table 4 DIP switch set up of CS8402 (Consumer mode)

## AK5351 Measurement Example

- No.1 ROHDE & SCHWARZ, UPD04 is used.

## [Measurement Condition]

- Measurement Unit: ROHDE & SCHWARZ, UPD04
- Power Supply: VA=VD=5.0V
- Sampling Frequency (fs) : 48kHz
- MCLK: 256fs, BICK:64fs, Slave mode
- Interface: DIT
- Temperature: Room temperature
- Bandwidth: 20 ~ 20kHz

## [Measurement Result]

Parameter	Input signal	Results		Measurement Filter
		Single-ended	Full-differential	
THD+N	1kHz,-0.5dB	-84.0dB	-98.0dB	
DR	1kHz,-20dB	99.8dB	98.8dB	
		103.6dB	103.1dB	A-weight
DR	1kHz,-60dB	100.0dB	99.0dB	
		103.7dB	103.5dB	A-weight
S/N	1kHz, 0dB/GND IN	100.2dB	99.1dB	
		104.0dB	103.5dB	A-weight
		99.4dB	99.1dB	CCIR-ARM

Table 5. Dynamic Performance by ROHDE &amp; SCHWARZ, UPD04

- No.2 Audio Precision, System One is used.

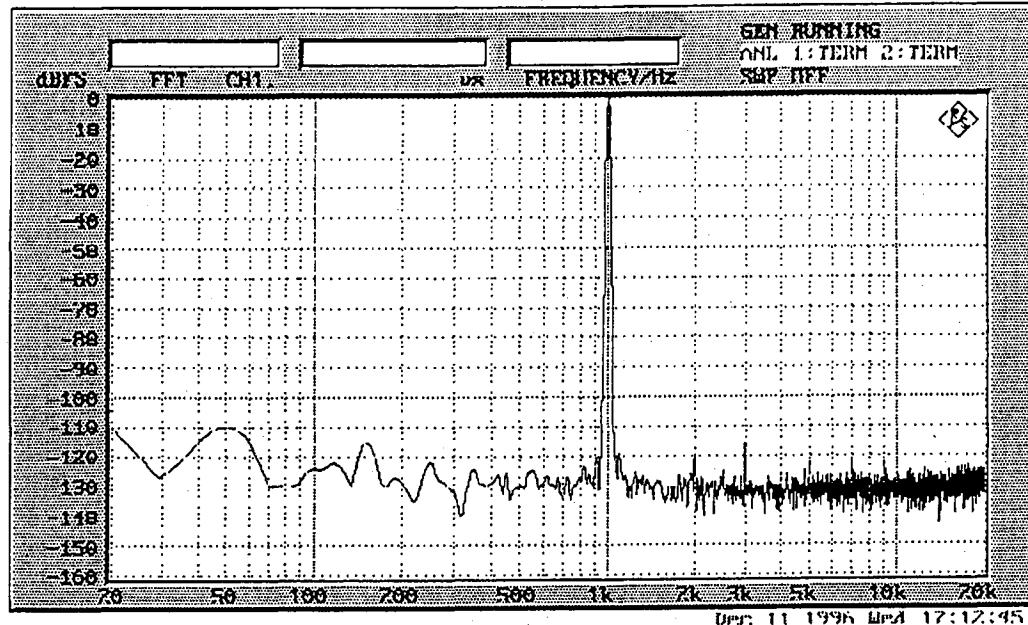
## [Measurement Condition]

- Measurement Unit: Audio Precision, System One
- Power Supply: VA=VD=5.0V
- Sampling Frequency (fs) : 48kHz
- MCLK: 256fs, BICK:64fs, Slave mode
- Interface: DIT
- Temperature: Room temperature
- Bandwidth: 20 ~ 22kHz

## [Measurement Result]

Parameter	Input signal	Results		Measurement Filter
		Single-ended	Full-differential	
THD+N	1kHz,-0.5dB	-84.3dB	-96.1dB	
DR	1kHz,-20dB	97.0dB	96.8dB	
DR	1kHz,-60dB	97.1dB	97.0dB	
S/N	1kHz, 0dB/GND IN	97.1dB	97.0dB	
		101.2dB	101.8dB	A-weight
		98.0dB	98.7dB	CCIR-ARM

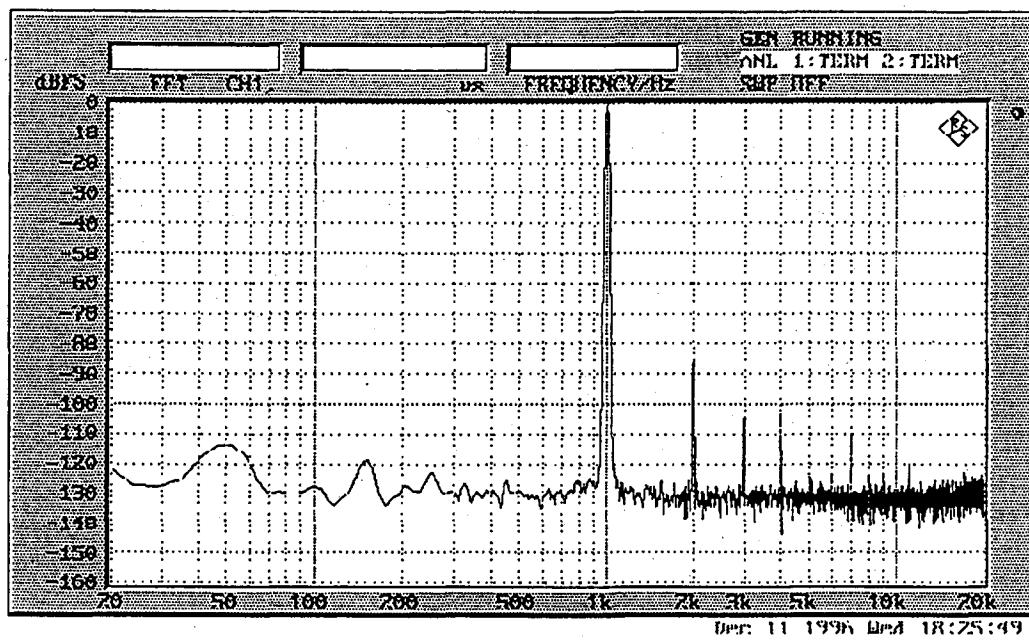
Table 6. Dynamic Performance by Audio Precision, System One



FFT plot

## [Measurement Condition]

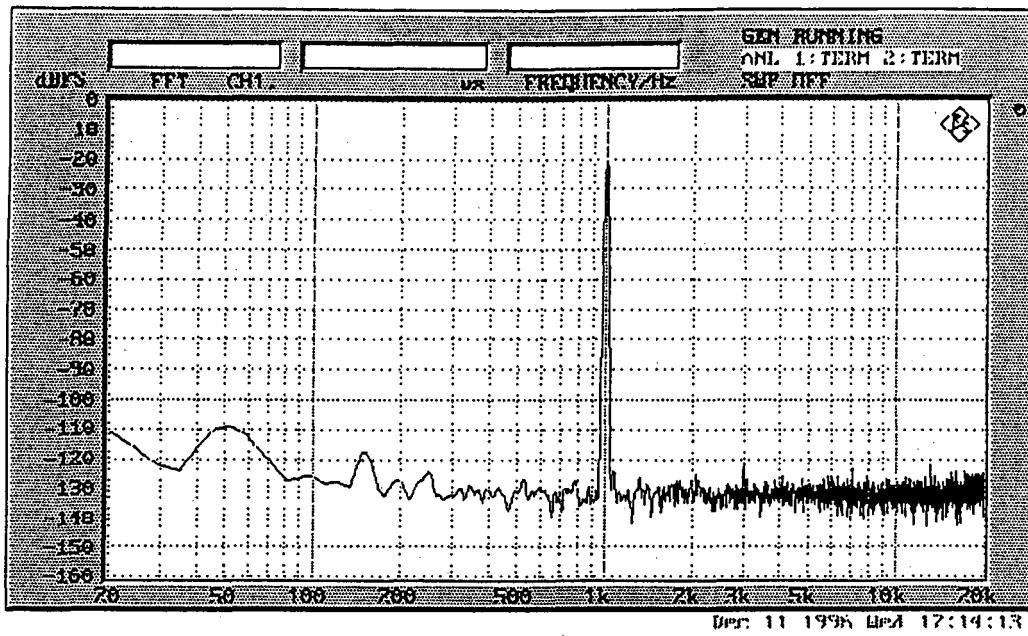
- Device: AK5351
- Measurement Unit: ROHDE&SCHWARZ, UPD04
- Power Supply: VA=VD=5.0V
- Sampling Frequency(fs): 48kHz
- MCLK: 256fs, BICK: 64fs, Slave mode
- Temperature: Room temperature
- Interface: DIT
- Points: 8192
- Averaging: 4
- Input Frequency: 1kHz
- Input Level: -0.5dB
- Full-differential Input



FFT plot

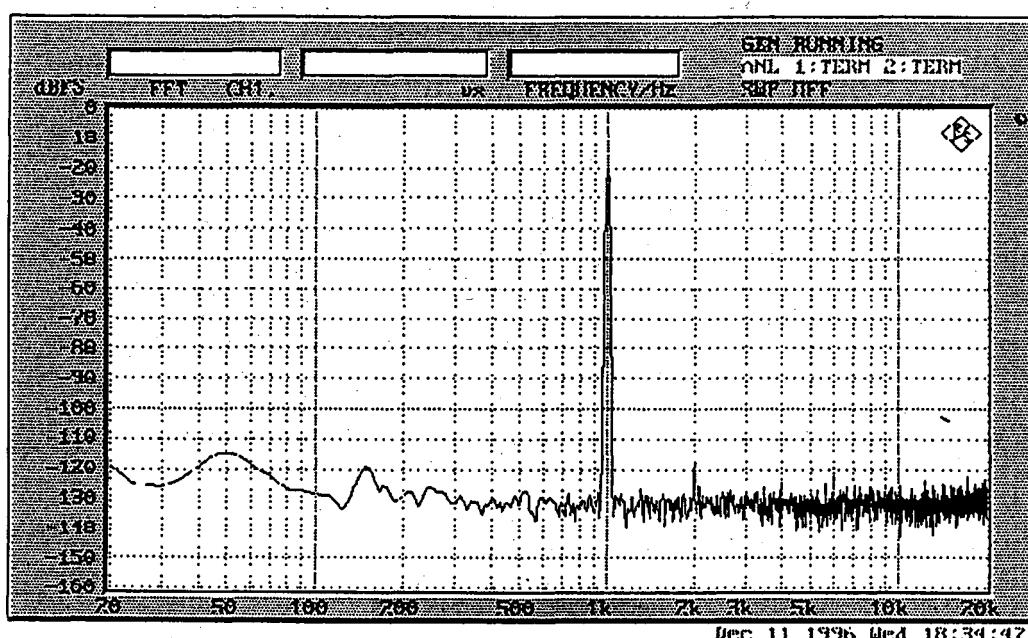
## [Measurement Condition]

- Device: AK5351
- Measurement Unit: ROHDE&SCHWARZ, UPD04
- Power Supply: VA=VD=5.0V
- Sampling Frequency(fs): 48kHz
- MCLK: 256fs, BICK: 64fs, Slave mode
- Temperature: Room temperature
- Interface: DIT
- Points: 8192
- Averaging: 4
- Input Frequency: 1kHz
- Input Level: -0.5dB
- Single-ended input



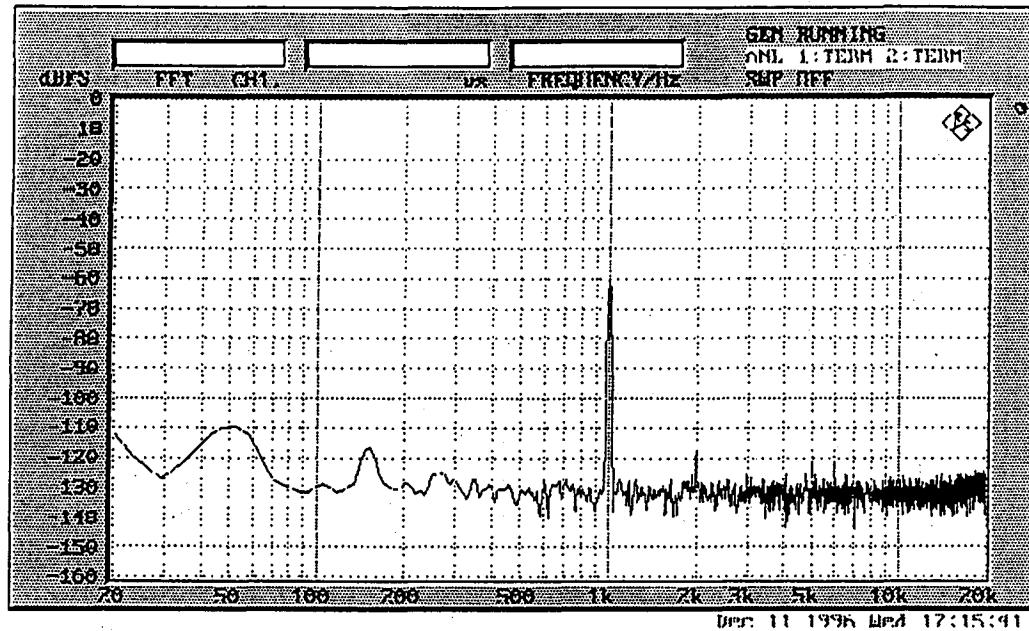
#### [Measurement Condition]

- Device: AK5351
- Measurement Unit: ROHDE&SCHWARZ, UPD04
- Power Supply: VA=VD=5.0V
- Sampling Frequency(fs): 48kHz
- MCLK: 256fs, BICK: 64fs, Slave mode
- Temperature: Room temperature
- Interface: DIT
- Points: 8192
- Averaging: 4
- Input Frequency: 1kHz
- Input Level: -20dB
- Full-differential Input



#### [Measurement Condition]

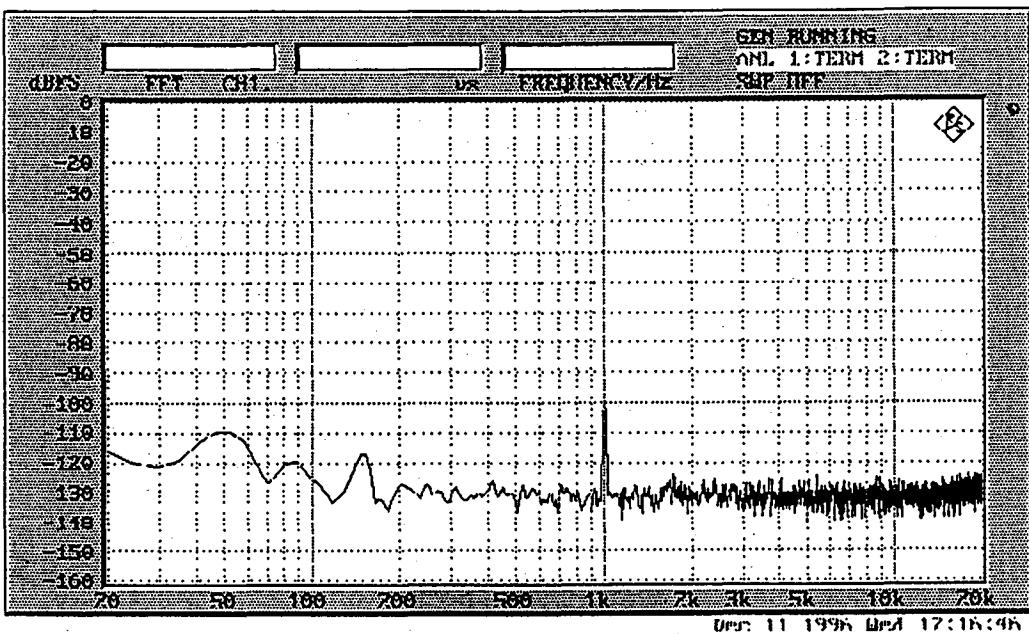
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- Measurement Unit: ROHDE&SCHWARZ, UPD04
- Power Supply: VA=VD=5.0V
- Sampling Frequency(fs): 48kHz
- MCLK: 256fs, BICK: 64fs, Slave mode
- Temperature: Room temperature
- Interface: DIT
- Points: 8192
- Averaging: 4
- Input Frequency: 1kHz
- Input Level: -20dB
- Single-ended input



FFT plot

## [Measurement Condition]

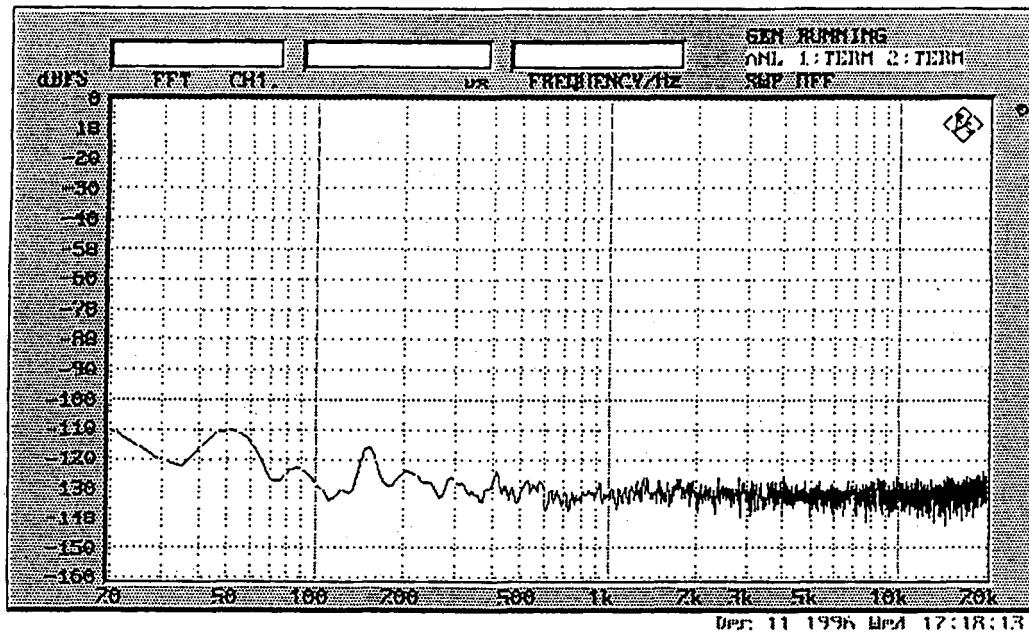
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- Measurement Unit: ROHDE&SCHWARZ, UPD04
- Power Supply: VA=VD=5.0V
- Sampling Frequency(fs): 48kHz
- MCLK: 256fs, BICK: 64fs, Slave mode
- Temperature: Room temperature
- Interface: DIT
- Points: 8192
- Averaging: 4
- Input Frequency: 1kHz
- Input Level: -60dB
- Full-differential Input



FFT plot

## [Measurement Condition]

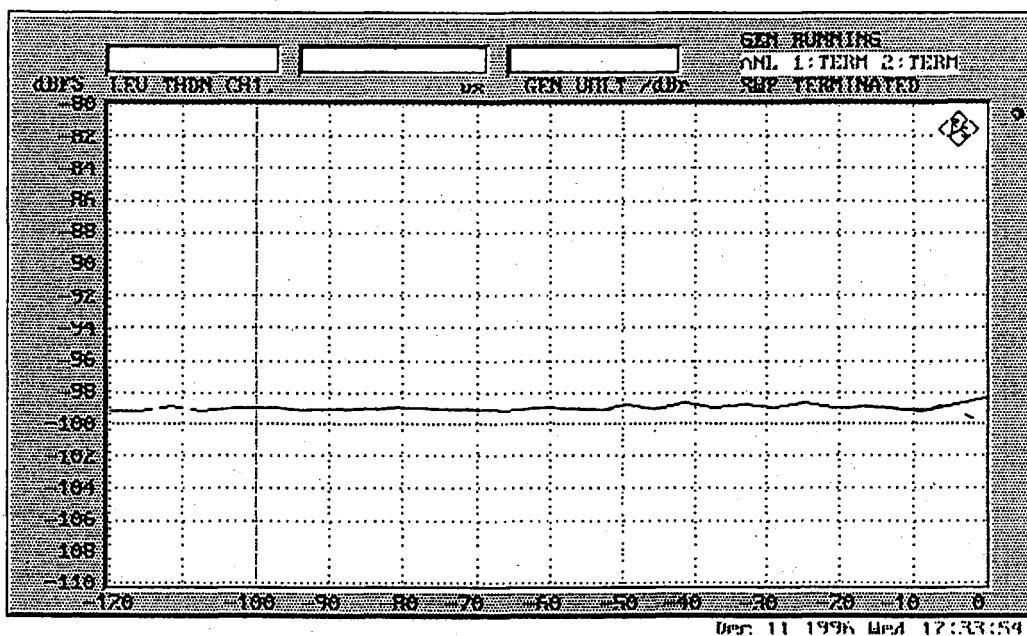
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- Measurement Unit: ROHDE&SCHWARZ, UPD04
- Power Supply: VA=VD=5.0V
- Sampling Frequency(fs): 48kHz
- MCLK: 256fs, BICK: 64fs, Slave mode
- Temperature: Room temperature
- Interface: DIT
- Points: 8192
- Averaging: 4
- Input Frequency: 1kHz
- Input Level: -100dB
- Full-differential input



FFT plot

## [Measurement Condition]

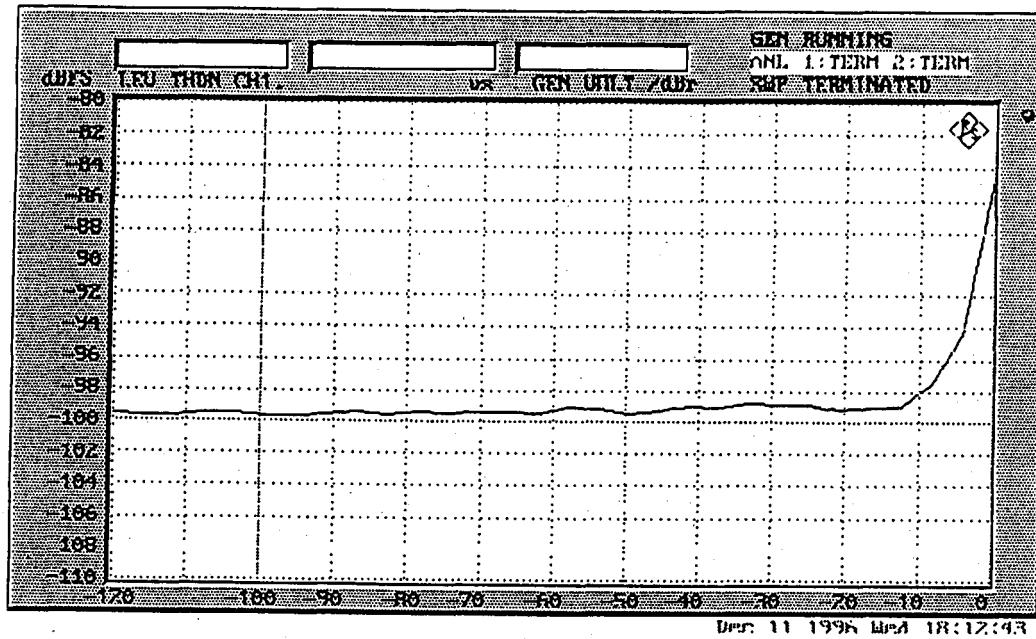
- Device: AK5351
- Measurement Unit: ROHDE&SCHWARZ, UPD04
- Power Supply: VA=VD=5.0V
- Sampling Frequency(fs): 48kHz
- MCLK: 256fs, BICK: 64fs, Slave mode
- Temperature: Room temperature
- Interface: 15pin D-sub
- Points: 8192
- Averaging: 4
- Noise floor
- Full-differential Input



THD+N vs. Input Level

## [Measurement Condition]

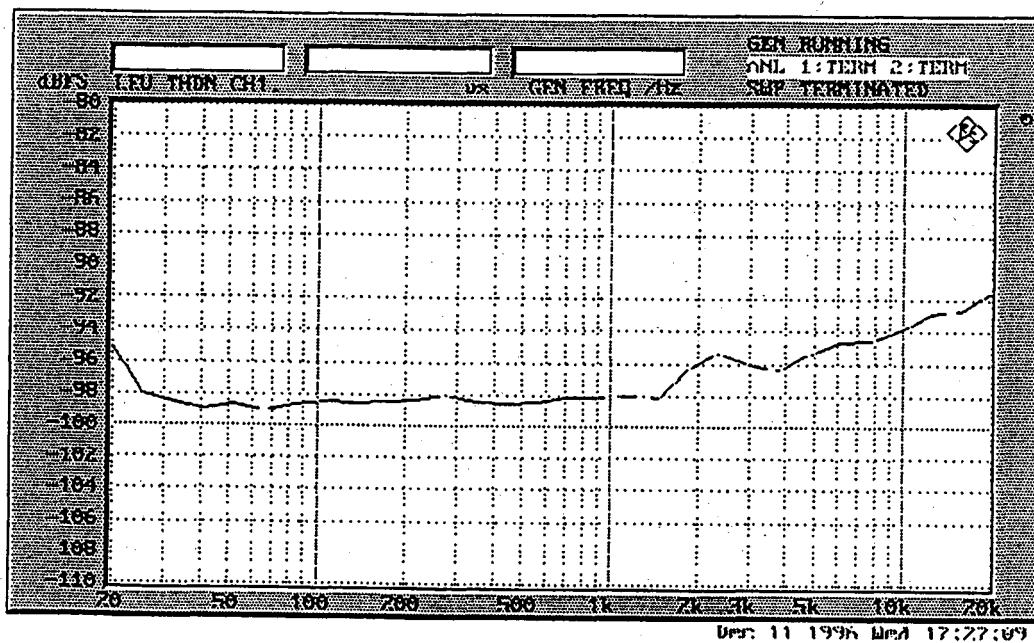
- Device: AK5351
- Measurement Unit: ROHDE&SCHWARZ, UPD04
- Power Supply: VA=VD=5.0V
- Sampling Frequency(fs): 48kHz
- MCLK: 256fs, BICK: 64fs, Slave mode
- Temperature: Room temperature
- Interface: DIT
- Bandwidth: 20 ~ 20kHz
- Input Frequency: 1kHz
- Full-differential Input



THD+N vs. Input Level

## [Measurement Condition]

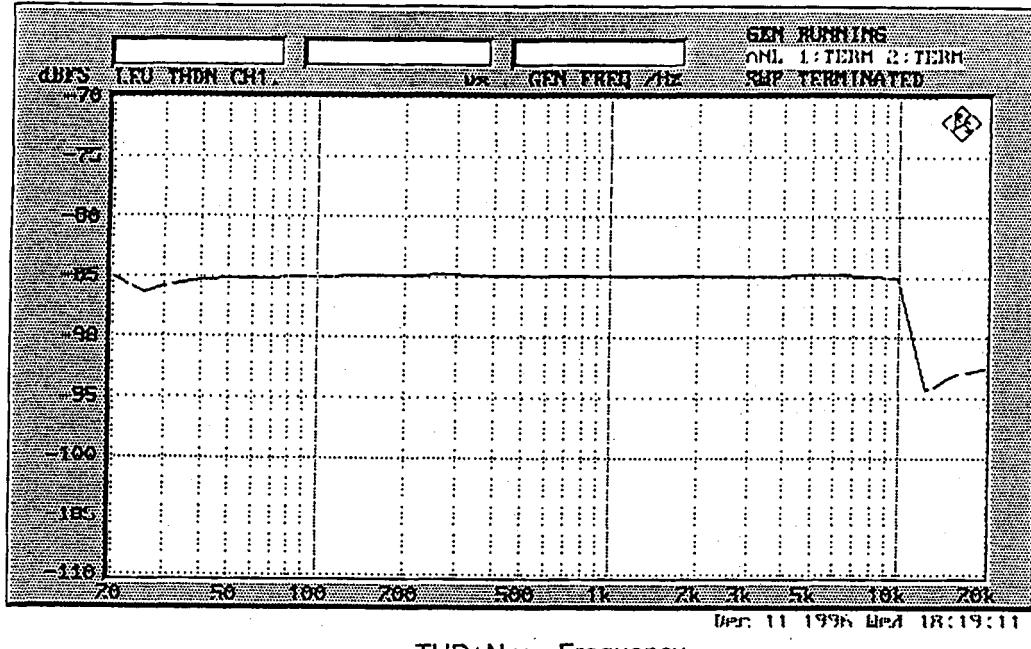
- Device: AK5351
- Measurement Unit: ROHDE&SCHWARZ, UPD04
- Power Supply: VA=VD=5.0V
- Sampling Frequency(fs): 48kHz
- MCLK: 256fs, BICK: 64fs, Slave mode
- Temperature: Room temperature
- Interface: DIT
- Bandwidth: 20 ~ 20kHz
- Input Frequency: 1kHz
- Single-ended Input



THD+N vs. Frequency

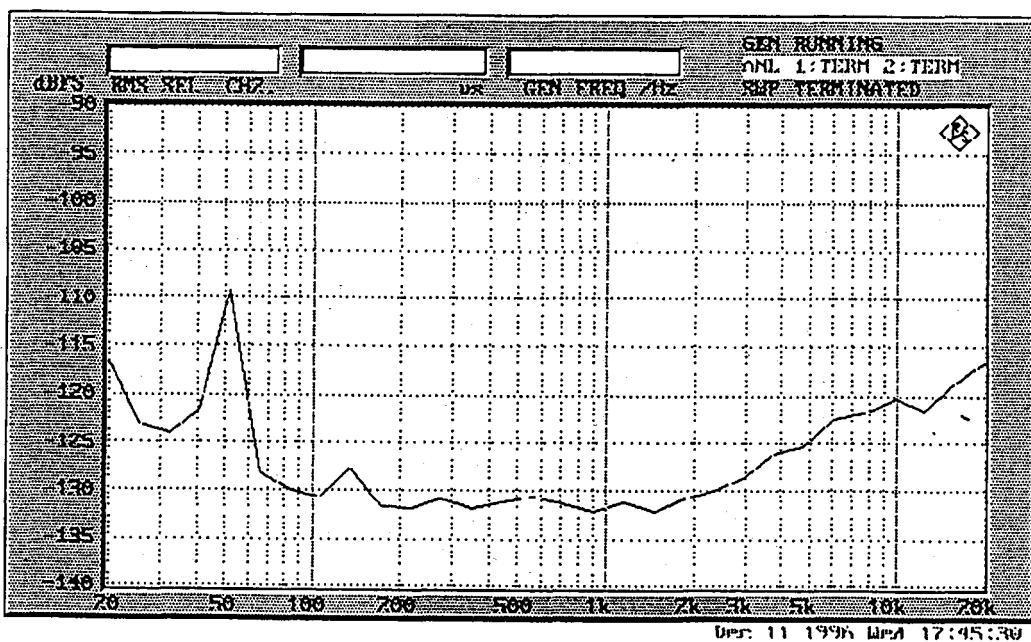
## [Measurement Condition]

- Device: AK5351
- Measurement Unit: ROHDE&SCHWARZ, UPD04
- Power Supply: VA=VD=5.0V
- Sampling Frequency(fs): 48kHz
- MCLK: 256fs, BICK: 64fs, Slave mode
- Temperature: Room temperature
- Interface: DIT
- Bandwidth: 20 ~ 20kHz
- Input Level: -0.5dB
- Full-differential Input



## [Measurement Condition]

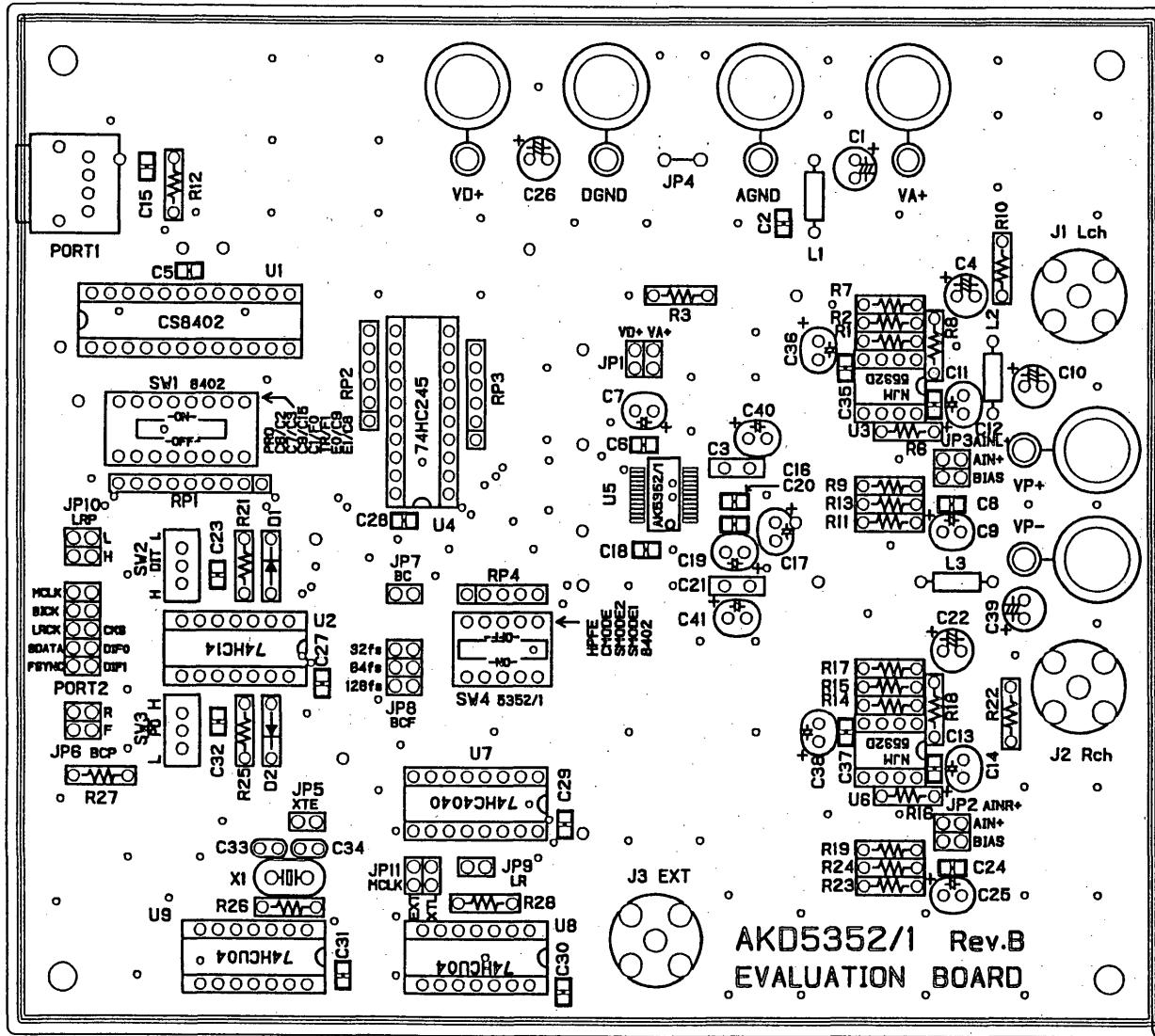
- Device: AK5351
- Interface: DIT
- Measurement Unit: ROHDE&SCHWARZ, UPD04
- Bandwidth: 20 ~ 20kHz
- Power Supply: VA=VD=5.0V
- Input Level: -0.5dB
- Sampling Frequency(fs): 48kHz
- Single-ended Input
- MCLK: 256fs, BICK: 64fs, Slave mode
- Temperature: Room temperature



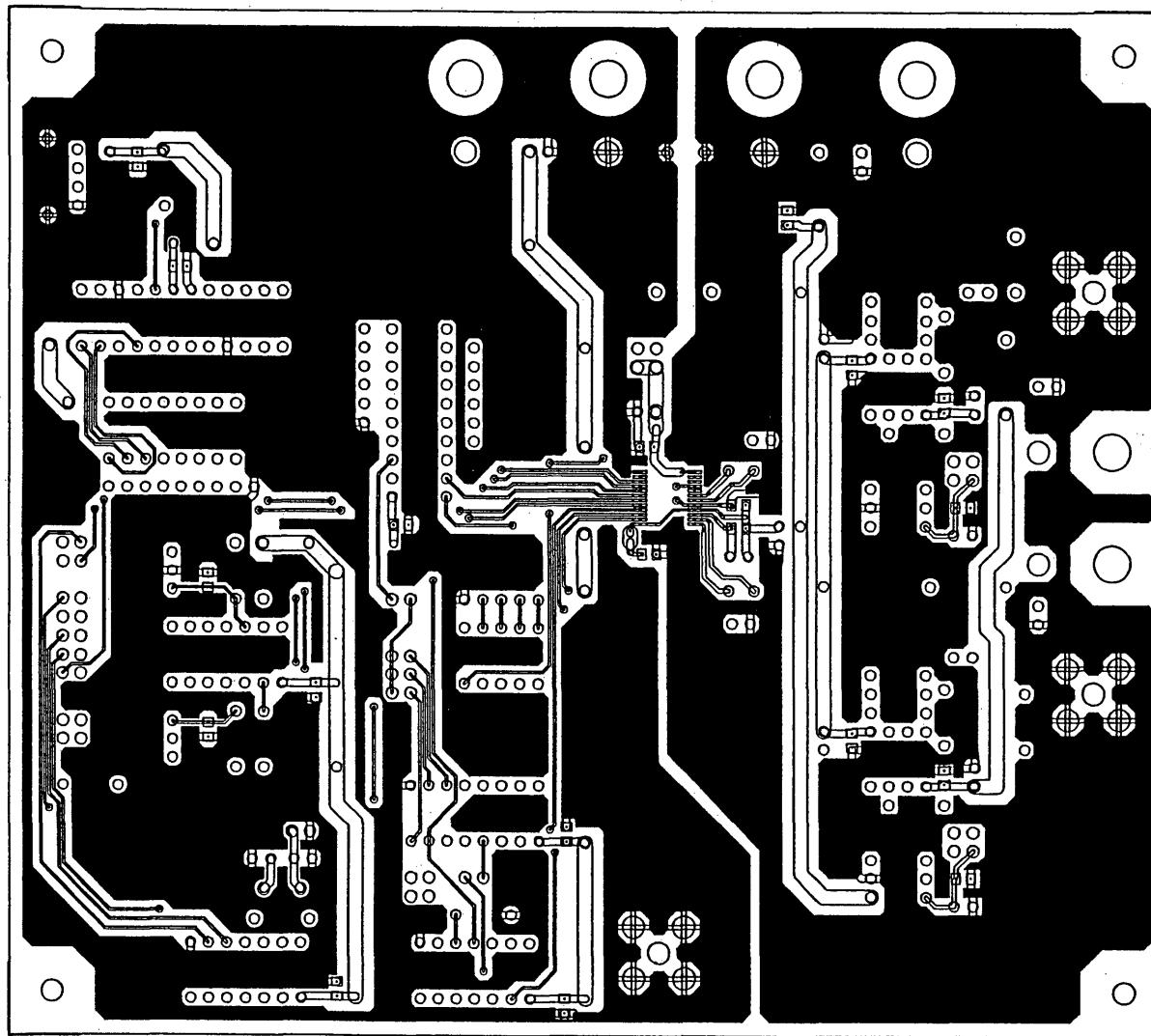
## [Measurement Condition]

- Device: AK5351
- Interface: DIT
- Measurement Unit: ROHDE&SCHWARZ, UPD04
- Input Level: (Lch) -0.5dB  
(Rch) no input
- Power Supply: VA=VD=5.0V
- Full-differential Input
- Sampling Frequency(fs): 48kHz
- MCLK: 256fs, BICK: 64fs, Slave mode
- Temperature: Room temperature

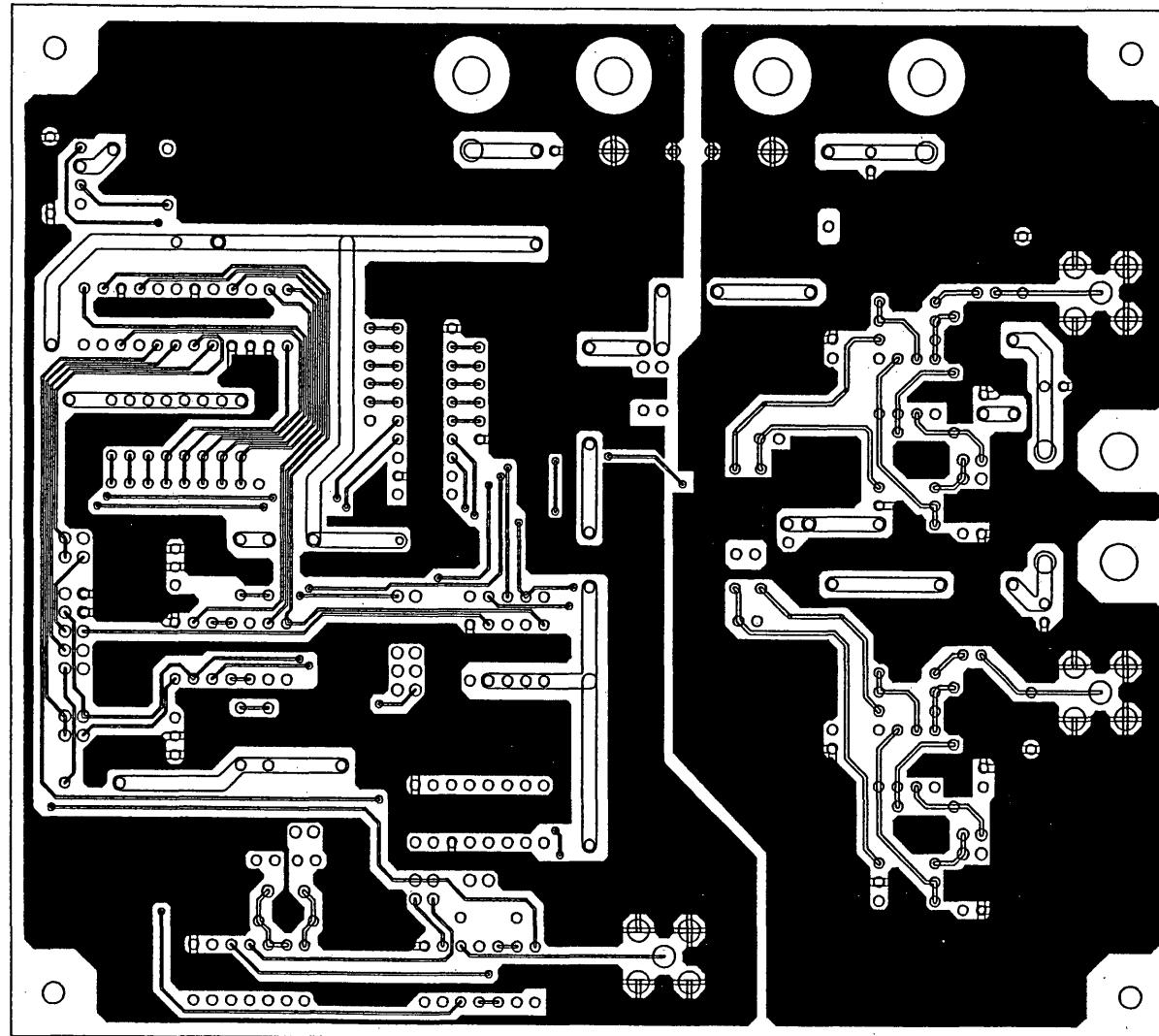
\* Linearity and frequency response of the AK5351 are the same as the AK5352.



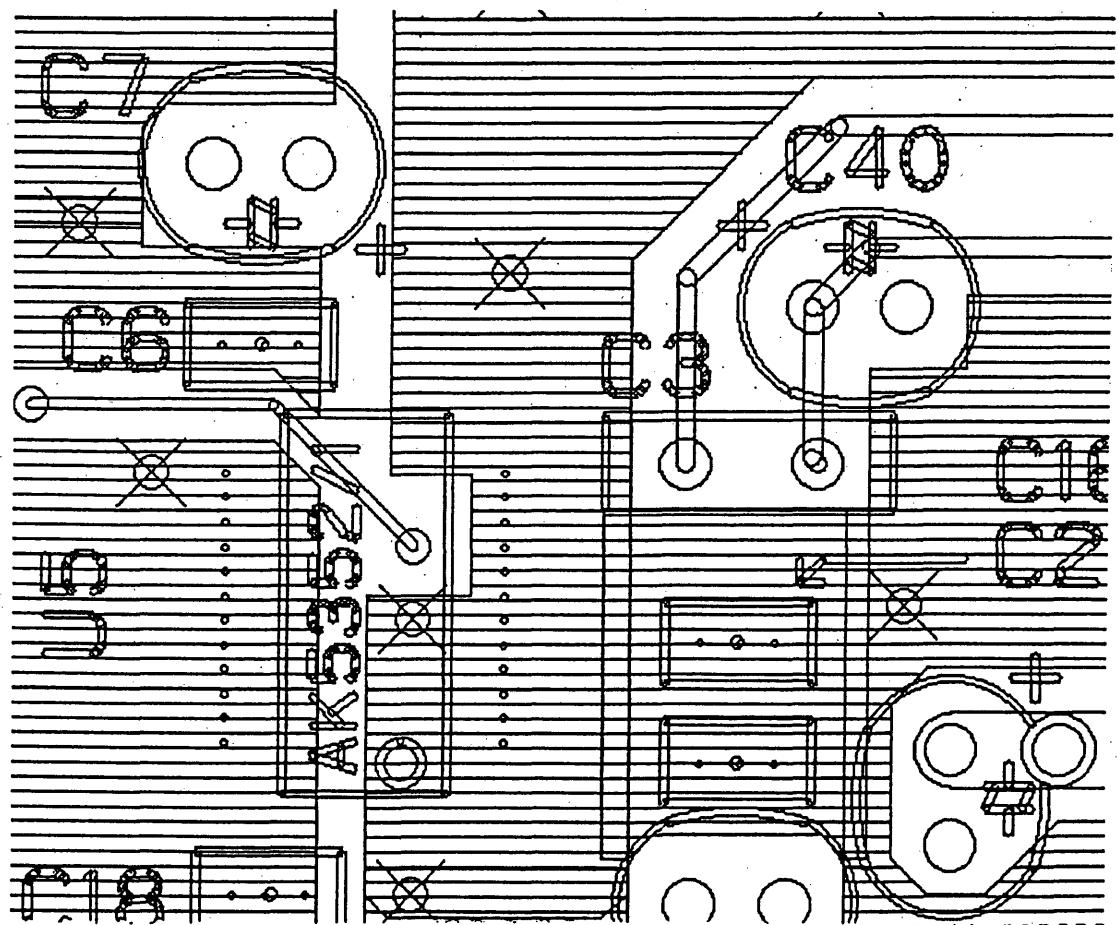
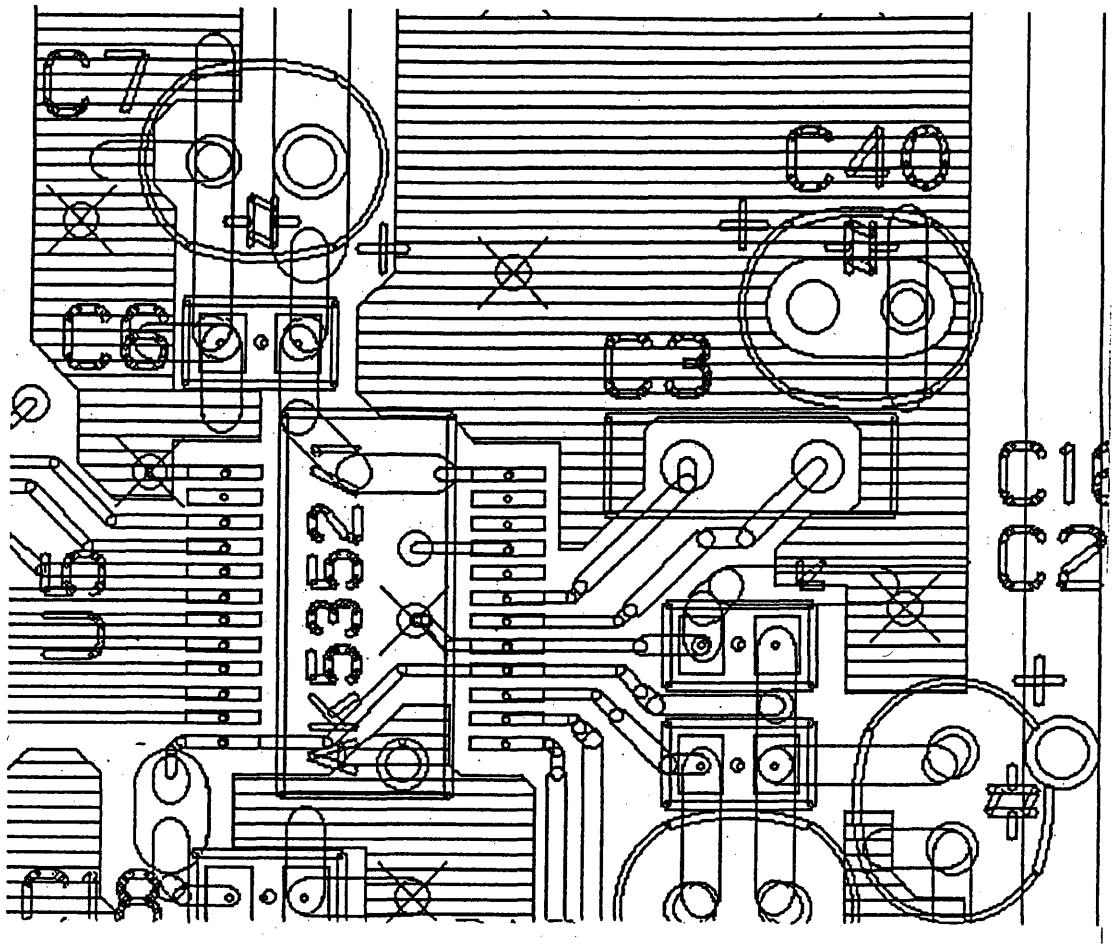
AK4605252/ReRev.B1 LSRSILK



AKD5352/1 Rev.B L1



AKD5352V Rev.B LS



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