

32-Mbit (2 M \times 16 / 4 M \times 8) Static RAM

Features

- Thin small outline package (TSOP) I configurable as 2 M × 16 or as 4 M × 8 static RAM (SRAM)
- Very high speed ☐ 70 ns
- Wide voltage range □ 1.65 V to 2.25 V
- Ultra low standby power

 □ Typical standby current: 3 µA

 □ Maximum standby current: 25 µA
- Ultra low active power
 - □ Typical active current: 4.5 mA at f = 1 MHz
- Easy memory expansion with \overline{CE}_1 , \overline{CE}_2 and \overline{OE} Features
- Automatic power-down when deselected
- Complementary metal oxide semiconductor (CMOS) for optimum speed and power
- Available in Pb-free 48-ball TSOP I and 48-ball FBGA package

Functional Description

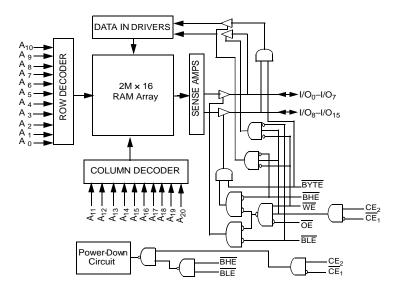
The CY62177EV18 is a high-performance CMOS static RAM organized as 2 M words by 16 bits and 4 M words by 8 bits. This device features advanced circuit design to provide ultra low active current. It is ideal for providing More Battery LifeTM (MoBL®) in portable applications, such as cellular telephones. The device also has an automatic power-down feature that significantly reduces power consumption by 99 percent when addresses are not toggling. The device can also be put into standby mode when deselected (\overline{CE}_1 HIGH or \overline{CE}_2 LOW or both BHE and BLE are HIGH). The input and output pins (I/O0 through I/O15) are placed in a high impedance state when: deselected (\overline{CE}_1 HIGH or \overline{CE}_2 LOW), outputs are disabled (\overline{OE} HIGH), both Byte High Enable and Byte Low Enable are disabled (\overline{BHE} , BLE HIGH), or during a write operation (\overline{CE}_1 LOW, \overline{CE}_2 HIGH and \overline{WE} LOW).

To write to the device, take Chip Enables ($\overline{\text{CE}}_1$ LOW and CE_2 $\underline{\text{HIGH}}$) and Write Enable ($\overline{\text{WE}}$) input LOW. If Byte Low Enable ($\overline{\text{BLE}}$) is LOW, then data from I/O pins (I/O $_0$ through I/O $_7$), is written into the location specified on the address pins (A $_0$ through A $_2$ 0). If Byte High Enable ($\overline{\text{BHE}}$) is LOW, then data from I/O pins (I/O $_8$ through I/O $_1$ 5) is written to the location specified on the address pins (A $_0$ through A $_2$ 0). To read from the device, take Chip Enables ($\overline{\text{CE}}_1$ LOW and $\overline{\text{CE}}_2$ HIGH) and Output Enable ($\overline{\text{OE}}$) LOW while forcing the Write Enable ($\overline{\text{WE}}$) HIGH. If Byte Low Enable ($\overline{\text{BLE}}$) is LOW, then data from the memory location specified by the address pins appear on I/O $_0$ to I/O $_7$. If Byte High Enable ($\overline{\text{BHE}}$) is LOW, then data from memory appears on I/O $_8$ to I/O $_1$ 5. See the Truth Table on page 11 for a complete description of read and write modes.

Pin #13 of the 48 TSOP I package is an DNU pin that must be left floating at all times to ensure proper application.

For a complete list of related documentation, click here.

Logic Block Diagram



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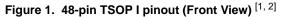
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Pin Configuration



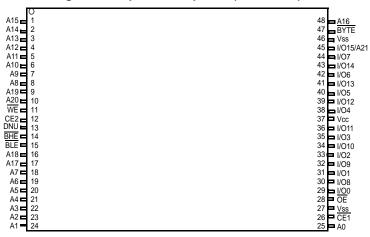
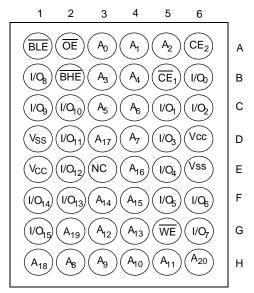


Figure 2. 48-ball FBGA pinout (Top View)



Product Portfolio

							Power D	issipation	1	
Product	V _{CC} Range (V)		Speed (ns)	Operating I _{CC} (mA)				- Standby I _{SB2} (μΑ)		
rioduct		f = 1 MHz f = f _{Max}		- Standby i _{SB2} (μA)						
	Min	Typ ^[3]	Max		Typ ^[3]	Max	Typ ^[3]	Max	Typ ^[3]	Max
CY62177EV18LL	1.65 1.8 2.25		70	4.5	5.5	35	45	3	25	

Notes

- DNU Pin# 13 needs to be left floating to ensure proper application.
 DNU Pin# 13 needs to be left floating to ensure proper application.
 The BYTE pin in the 48-TSOP I package has to be tied to V_{CC} to use the device as a 2 M x 16 SRAM. The 48-pin TSOP I package can also be used as a 4 M x 8 SRAM by tying the BYTE signal to V_{SS}. In the 4 M x 8 configuration, Pin 45 is A21, while BHE, BLE, and I/O₈ to I/O₁₄ pins are not used.
 Typical values are included for reference only and are not guaranteed or tested. Typical values are measured at V_{CC} = V_{CC(typ)}, T_A = 25 °C.



Maximum Ratings

Exceeding maximum ratings may impair the useful life of the device. These user guidelines are not tested. Storage temperature-65 °C to +150 °C Ambient temperature with Supply voltage to ground potential-0.2 V to V_{CC(max)} + 0.2 V DC voltage applied to outputs in High Z state $^{[4,\;5]}$ –0.2 V to V $_{\rm CC(max)}$ + 0.2 V

DC input voltage [4, 5]0.2 V to V _{CC(max)} + 0.2 V	
Output current into outputs (LOW)20 mA	
Static discharge voltage (per MIL-STD-883, method 3015) > 2001 V	
Latch up current> 200 mA	

Operating Range

Device	Range	Ambient Temperature	V _{CC} ^[6]	
CY62177EV18LL	Industrial	–40 °C to +85 °C	1.65 V to 2.25 V	

Electrical Characteristics

Over the Operating Range

Davamatan	Description	Took Co.	Test Conditions			70 ns			
Parameter	Description	lest Co				Max	Unit		
V _{OH}	Output HIGH voltage	$I_{OH} = -0.1 \text{ mA}$	V _{CC} = 1.65 V	1.4	_	-	V		
V _{OL}	Output LOW voltage	I _{OL} = 0.1 mA	V _{CC} = 1.65 V	_	_	0.2	V		
V _{IH}	Input HIGH voltage	$V_{CC} = 1.65 \text{ V to } 2$.25 V	1.4	_	V _{CC} + 0.2 V	V		
V _{IL} [8]	Input LOW voltage	V _{CC} = 1.65 V to 2	V _{CC} = 1.65 V to 2.25 V			0.4	V		
I _{IX}	Input leakage current	$GND \le V_1 \le V_{CC}$	$GND \le V_1 \le V_{CC}$			+1	μΑ		
l _{OZ}	Output leakage current	$GND \le V_O \le V_{CC}$	Output Disabled	-1	_	+1	μΑ		
I _{CC}	V _{CC} operating supply current	$f = f_{Max} = 1/t_{RC}$	$V_{CC} = V_{CC(max)}$ $I_{OUT} = 0 \text{ mA}$	_	35	45	mA		
		f = 1 MHz	I _{OUT} = 0 mA CMOS levels	_	4.5	5.5	mA		
I _{SB2} ^[9, 10]	Automatic CE power down current – CMOS inputs	$\overline{\text{CE}}_1 \ge V_{\text{CC}} - 0.2 \text{ V}$ $(\overline{\text{BHE}} \text{ and } \overline{\text{BLE}}) \ge V_{\text{IN}} \ge V_{\text{CC}} - 0.2 \text{ V}$ $V_{\text{CC}} = V_{\text{CC}(\text{max})}$	V _{CC} – 0.2 V,	-	3	25	μА		

Notes

<sup>Notes
V_{IL(min)} = -2.0 V for pulse durations less than 20 ns.
V_{IH(max)} = V_{CC} + 0.75 V for pulse durations less than 20 ns.
Full Device AC operation assumes a 100 μs ramp time from 0 to V_{CC} (min) and 200 μs wait time after V_{CC} stabilization.
Typical values are included for reference only and are not guaranteed or tested. Typical values are measured at V_{CC} = V_{CC(typ)}, T_A = 25 °C.
Under DC conditions the device meets a V_{IL} of 0.8 V. However, in dynamic conditions Input LOW Voltage applied to the device must not be higher than 0.7 V.
The BYTE pin in the 48-TSOP I package has to be tied to V_{CC} to use the device as a 2 M x 16 SRAM. The 48-TSOP I package can also be used as a 4 M x 8 SRAM by tying the BYTE signal to V_{SS}. In the 4 M x 8 configuration, Pin 45 is A21, while BHE, BLE, and I/O₈ to I/O₁₄ pins are not used.
Chip enables (CE₁ and CE₂), byte enables (BHE and BLE) and BYTE need to be tied to CMOS levels to meet the I_{SB2} / I_{CCDR} spec. Other inputs can be left floating.</sup>



Capacitance

Parameter [11]	Description	Test Conditions	Max	Unit
C _{IN}	Input capacitance	$T_A = 25$ °C, $f = 1$ MHz, $V_{CC} = V_{CC(typ)}$	15	pF
C _{OUT}	Output capacitance		15	pF

Thermal Resistance

Parameter [11]	Description	Test Conditions	FBGA	TSOPI	Unit
Θ_{JA}		Still air, soldered on a 3 x 4.5 inch, 2-layer printed circuit board	38.10	44.66	°C/W
Θ _{JC}	Thermal resistance (junction to case)		7.54	12.12	°C/W

AC Test Loads and Waveforms

Figure 3. AC Test Loads and Waveforms

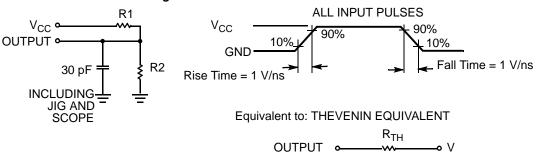


Table 1. AC Test Loads

Parameters	Value	Unit
R1	13500	Ω
R2	10800	Ω
R _{TH}	6000	Ω
V_{TH}	0.80	V

Note

^{11.} Tested initially and after any design or process changes that may affect these parameters.



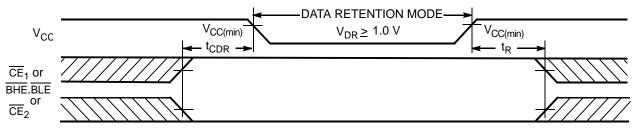
Data Retention Characteristics

Over the Operating Range

Parameter	Description	Conditions	Min	Тур [12]	Max	Unit
V_{DR}	V _{CC} for data retention		1.0	-	_	V
I _{CCDR} [13]	Data retention current	V _{CC} = 1.0 V,	-	-	17	μΑ
		$\overline{\text{CE}}_1 \ge \text{V}_{\text{CC}} - 0.2 \text{ V or } \text{CE}_2 \le 0.2 \text{ V, or}$				
		$(\overline{BHE} \text{ and } \overline{BLE}) \ge V_{CC} - 0.2 \text{ V},$ $V_{IN} \ge V_{CC} - 0.2 \text{ V or } V_{IN} \le 0.2 \text{ V}$				
t _{CDR} ^[14]	Chip deselect to data retention time		0	_	_	ns
t _R ^[15]	Operation recovery time		70	_	_	ns

Data Retention Waveform





^{12.} Typical values are included for reference only and are not guaranteed or tested. Typical values are measured at V_{CC} = V_{CC(typ)}, T_A = 25 °C.

13. Chip enables (CE₁ and CE₂), byte enables (BHE and BLE) and BYTE need to be tied to CMOS levels to meet the I_{SB2} / I_{CCDR} spec. Other inputs can be left floating.

14. Tested initially and after any design or process changes that may affect these parameters.

^{15.} Full device operation requires linear V_{CC} ramp from V_{DR} to V_{CC(min)} ≥ 100 μs or stable at V_{CC(min)} ≥ 100 μs.

16. BHE. BLE is the AND of both BHE and BLE. Chip is deselected by either disabling the chip enable signals or by disabling both BHE and BLE.



Switching Characteristics

Over the Operating Range

Parameter [17, 18]	Description	70	ns	I I mit
Parameter [117, 10]	Description	Min	Max	Unit
Read Cycle		<u>.</u>		
t _{RC}	Read cycle time	70	_	ns
t _{AA}	Address to data valid	-	70	ns
t _{OHA}	Data hold from address change	10	_	ns
t _{ACE}	CE ₁ LOW and CE ₂ HIGH to data valid	_	70	ns
t _{DOE}	OE LOW to data valid	-	35	ns
t _{LZOE}	OE LOW to LOW Z ^[19]	5	_	ns
t _{HZOE}	OE HIGH to High Z ^[19, 20]	_	25	ns
t _{LZCE}	CE ₁ LOW and CE ₂ HIGH to Low Z ^[19]	10	_	ns
t _{HZCE}	CE ₁ HIGH and CE ₂ LOW to High Z ^[19, 20]	_	25	ns
t _{PU}	CE ₁ LOW and CE ₂ HIGH to power up	0	_	ns
t _{PD}	CE ₁ HIGH and CE ₂ LOW to power down	_	70	ns
t _{DBE}	BLE/BHE LOW to data valid	_	70	ns
t _{LZBE}	BLE/BHE LOW to Low Z [19]	10	_	ns
t _{HZBE}	BLE/BHE HIGH to HIGH Z [19, 20]	-	25	ns
Write Cycle [21, 22	2]			
t _{WC}	Write cycle time	70	_	ns
t _{SCE}	CE ₁ LOW and CE ₂ HIGH to write end	60	_	ns
t _{AW}	Address setup to write end	60	_	ns
t _{HA}	Address hold from write end	0	_	ns
t _{SA}	Address setup to write start	0	_	ns
t _{PWE}	WE pulse width	45	_	ns
t _{BW}	BLE/BHE LOW to write end	60	_	ns
t _{SD}	Data setup to write end	30	_	ns
t _{HD}	Data hold from Write End	0	_	ns
t _{HZWE}	WE LOW to High Z ^[19, 20]	_	25	ns
t _{LZWE}	WE HIGH to Low Z ^[19]	10	_	ns

Notes

- 17. Test conditions for all parameters other than tristate parameters assume signal transition time of 1 V/ns, timing reference levels of V_{CC(typ)}/2, input pulse levels of 0 to V_{CC(typ)}, and output loading of the specified I_{OL}/I_{OH} as shown in Table 1 on page 5.

 18. In an earlier revision of this device, under a specific application condition, READ and WRITE operations were limited to switching of the byte enable and/or chip enable signals as described in the Application Notes AN13842 and AN66311. However, the issue has been fixed and in production now, and hence, these Application Notes are no longer applicable. They are available for download on our website as they contain information on the date code of the parts, beyond which the fix has been in production.
- 19. At any given temperature and voltage condition, t_{HZCE} is less than t_{LZCE} , t_{HZBE} is less than t_{LZOE} , and t_{HZWE} is less than t_{LZOE} , and t_{HZWE} is less than t_{LZOE} .
- 20. t_{HZOE}, t_{HZEE}, and t_{HZWE} transitions are measured when the outp<u>uts enter</u> a high im<u>pede</u>nce state.

 21. The internal Write time of the memory is defined by the overlap of WE, CE₁ = V_{IL}, BHE and/or BLE = V_{IL}, and CE₂ = V_{IH}. All signals must be ACTIVE to initiate a write and any of these signals can terminate a write by going INACTIVE. The data input setup and hold timing should be referenced to the edge of the signal that terminates the write.
- 22. The minimum write cycle pulse width for Write Cycle No. 3 (WE controlled, OE LOW) should be equal to the sum of tsD and thzwe.



Switching Waveforms

Figure 5. Read Cycle 1 (Address Transition Controlled) [23, 24]

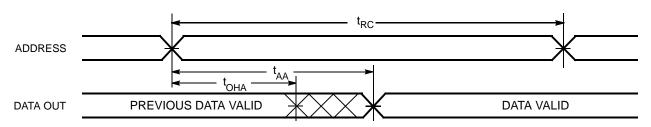
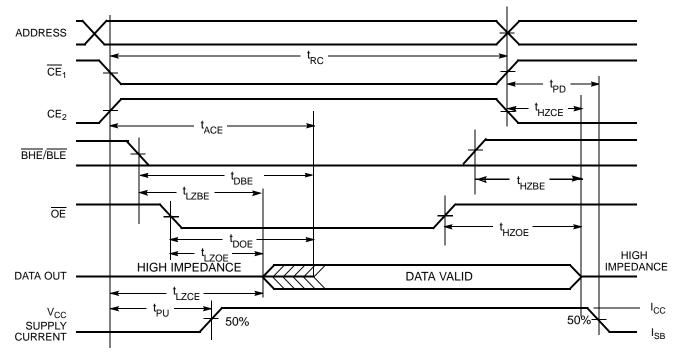


Figure 6. Read Cycle 2 (OE Controlled) [24, 25]



^{23.} The device is continuously selected. \overline{OE} , $\overline{CE}_1 = V_{|L}$, \overline{BHE} and/or $\overline{BLE} = V_{|L}$, and $\overline{CE}_2 = V_{|H}$. 24. \overline{WE} is HIGH for read cycle.

^{25.} Address valid prior to or coincident with $\overline{\text{CE}}_1$, $\overline{\text{BHE}}$, $\overline{\text{BLE}}$ transition LOW and $\overline{\text{CE}}_2$ transition HIGH.



Switching Waveforms (continued)

Figure 7. Write Cycle 1 (WE Controlled) [26, 27, 28, 29]

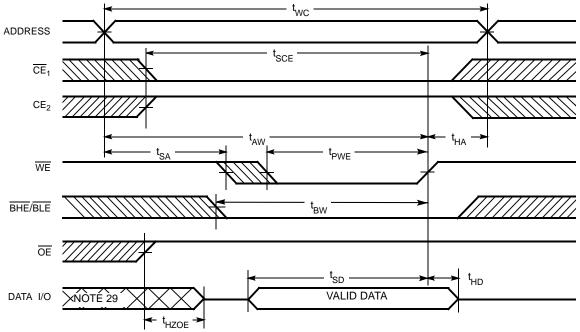
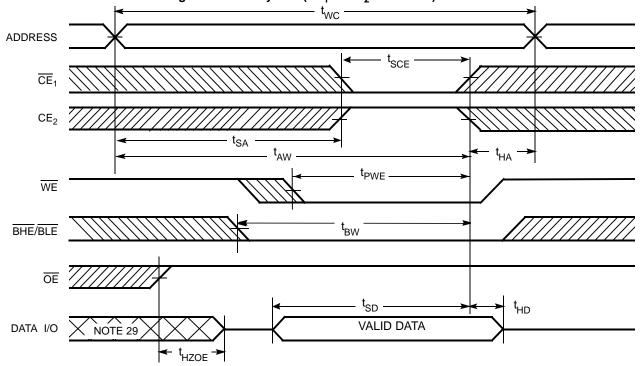


Figure 8. Write Cycle 2 (\overline{CE}_1 or CE_2 Controlled) [26, 27, 28, 29]



- 26. The internal Write time of the memory is defined by the overlap of WE, CE₁ = V_{IL}, BHE and/or BLE = V_{IL}, and CE₂ = V_{IH}. All signals must be ACTIVE to initiate a write and any of these signals can terminate a write by going INACTIVE. The data input setup and hold timing should be referenced to the edge of the signal that terminates
- 27. Data I/O is high impedance if $\overline{OE} = V_{IH}$. 28. If \overline{CE}_1 goes HIGH and \overline{CE}_2 goes LOW simultaneously with $\overline{WE} = V_{IH}$, the output remains in a high-impedance state.
- 29. During this period the I/Os are in output state and input signals should not be applied.



Switching Waveforms (continued)

Figure 9. Write Cycle 3 (WE Controlled, $\overline{\text{OE}}$ LOW) $^{[30,\ 31,\ 32]}$

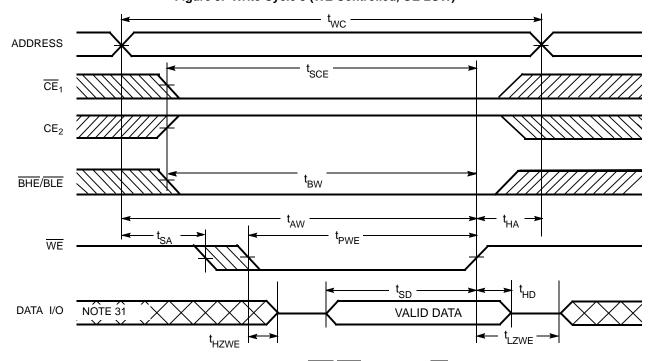
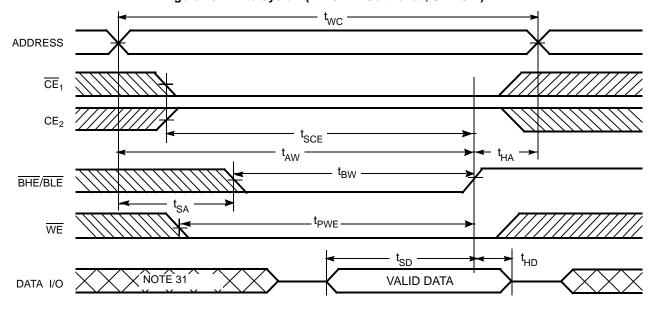


Figure 10. Write Cycle 4 (BHE/BLE Controlled, OE LOW) [30, 32]



Notes

30. If $\overline{\text{CE}}_1$ goes HIGH and CE_2 goes LOW simultaneously with $\overline{\text{WE}} = \text{V}_{\text{IH}}$, the output remains in a high-impedance state.

31. During this period the I/Os are in output state and input signals should not be applied.

32. The minimum write cycle pulse width should be equal to the sum of tsD and tHZWE.



Truth Table

CE ₁	CE ₂	WE	OE	BHE	BLE	Inputs Outputs	Mode	Power
Н	X ^[33]	Х	Х	Х	Х	High Z	Deselect/Power Down	Standby (I _{SB})
X ^[33]	L	Х	Χ	Х	Х	High Z	Deselect/Power Down	Standby (I _{SB})
X ^[33]	X ^[33]	Х	Х	Н	Н	High Z	Deselect/Power Down	Standby (I _{SB})
L	Н	Н	L	L	L	Data Out (I/O ₀ -I/O ₁₅)	Read	Active (I _{CC})
L	Н	Н	L	Н	L	High Z (I/O ₈ –I/O ₁₅); Data Out (I/O ₀ –I/O ₇)	Read	Active (I _{CC})
L	Н	Н	L	L	Н	Data Out (I/O ₈ -I/O ₁₅); High Z (I/O ₀ -I/O ₇)	Read	Active (I _{CC})
L	Н	L	Χ	L	L	Data In (I/O ₀ -I/O ₁₅)	Write	Active (I _{CC})
L	Н	L	Х	Н	L	High Z (I/O ₈ –I/O ₁₅); Data In (I/O ₀ –I/O ₇)	Write	Active (I _{CC})
L	Н	L	Х	L	Н	Data In (I/O ₈ –I/O ₁₅); High Z (I/O ₀ –I/O ₇)	Write	Active (I _{CC})
L	Н	Н	Н	L	Н	High Z	Output Disabled	Active (I _{CC})
L	Н	Н	Н	Н	L	High Z	Output Disabled	Active (I _{CC})
L	Н	Н	Н	L	L	High Z	Output Disabled	Active (I _{CC})

Note
33. The 'X' (Don't care) state for the chip enables in the truth table refer to the logic state (either HIGH or LOW). Intermediate voltage levels on these pins is not permitted.

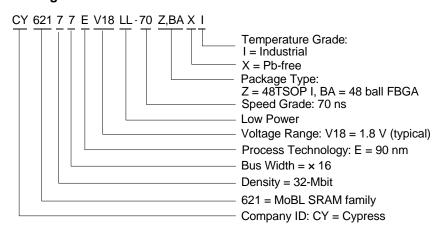


Ordering Information

Speed (ns)	Ordering Code	Package Diagram	Package Type	Operating Range
70	CY62177EV18LL-70BAXI	51-85191	48 ball FBGA (8 x 9.5 x 1.2 mm) Pb-free	Industrial

Contact your local Cypress sales representative for availability of these parts.

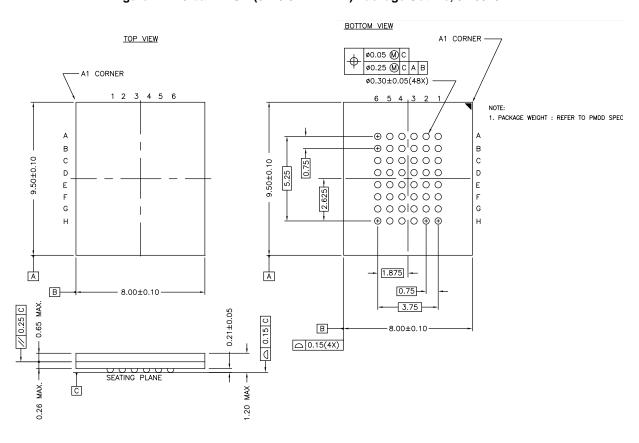
Ordering Code Definitions





Package Diagrams

Figure 11. 48-ball FBGA (8 × 9.5 × 1.2 mm) Package Outline, 51-85191

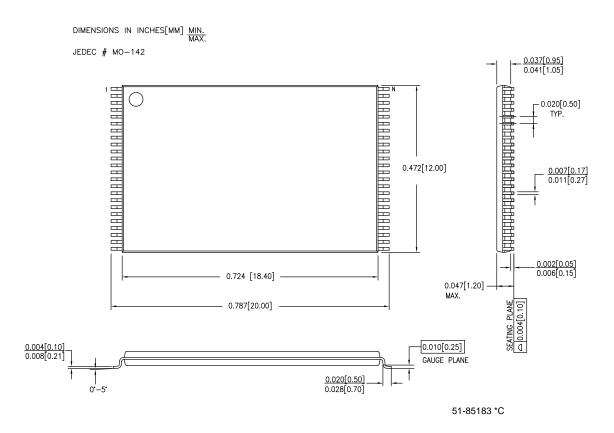


51-85191 *C



Package Diagrams (continued)

Figure 12. 48-pin TSOP I (12 × 18.4 × 1.0 mm) Package Outline, 51-85183





Acronyms

Acronym	Description			
BHE	Byte High Enable			
BLE	Byte Low Enable			
CE	Chip Enable			
CMOS	Complementary Metal Oxide Semiconductor			
I/O	Input/Output			
OE	Output Enable			
SRAM	Static Random Access Memory			
TSOP	Thin Small Outline Package			
WE	Write Enable			

Document Conventions

Units of Measure

Symbol	Unit of Measure
°C	degree Celsius
MHz	megahertz
μΑ	microampere
mA	milliampere
ms	millisecond
ns	nanosecond
Ω	ohm
%	percent
pF	picofarad
ps	picosecond
V	volt
W	watt



Document History Page

Revision	ECN	Orig. of Change	Submission Date	Description of Change
**	3528465	AJU	02/17/2012	New data sheet.
*A	4116295	MEMJ	09/10/2013	Changed status from Preliminary to Final. Updated Features: Added 48-ball FBGA package related information. Updated Ordering Information (Updated part numbers). Updated Package Diagrams: spec 51-85191 – Changed revision from *B to *C. Updated in new template.
*B	4301112	NILE	03/07/2014	Updated Switching Characteristics: Added Note 18 and referred the same note in "Parameter" column. Completing Sunset Review.
*C	4571881	NILE	11/28/2014	Added related documentation hyperlink in page 1. Added Note 22 in Switching Characteristics. Added note reference 22 in the Switching Characteristics table. Added Note 32 in Switching Waveforms. Added note reference 32 in Figure 9.



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