Old Company Name in Catalogs and Other Documents

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April 1st, 2010 Renesas Electronics Corporation

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MOS INTEGRATED CIRCUIT μ PD16781

480 OUTPUT TFT-LCD SOURCE DRIVER

DESCRIPTION

The μ PD16781 is a source driver for 480-output TFT-LCDs, providing support for only striped pixel array LCD.

The driver consists of a shift register for generating the sampling timing and sample & hold circuits for sampling the analog voltage. The high picture quality obtained by the alternate sample & hold execution of the two types of on-chip sample & hold circuits enables employment in applications such as car navigation panels.

FEATURES

- 5.0 V Drive (Dynamic range 4.6 VP-P, VDD2 = 5.0 V)
- 480 Output channel
- fclk = 20 MHz MAX. (VDD1 = 3.0 V)
- 1-phase/3-phase sampling clocks supported
- · Corresponds only to LCD of Stripe array color filter
- Two on-chip sample-and-hold circuits
- Small output deviation between pins (deviation between chip pins: ±20 mV MAX.)
- Switch between right and left shift using the R,/L pin
- Logic power supply voltage (VDD1): 3.0 to 5.5 V
- Driver power supply voltage(V_DD2): 5.0 \pm 0.5 V

Remark /xxx indicates active low signal.

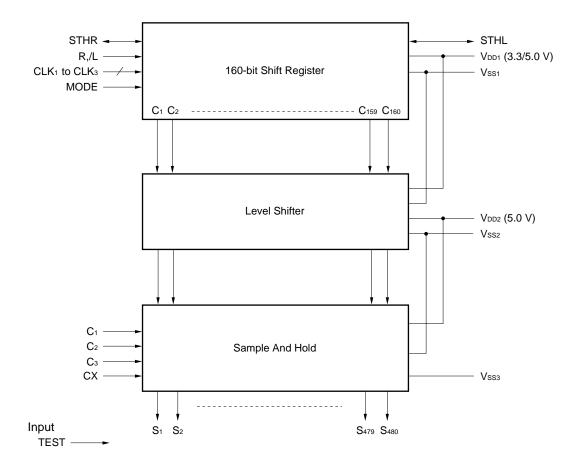
ORDERING INFORMATION

Part NumberPackageμ PD16781N-xxxTCP (TAB package)

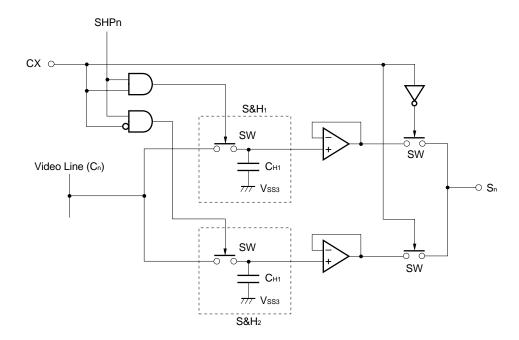
Remark The TCP's external shape is customized. To order the required shape, so please contact one of our sales representatives.

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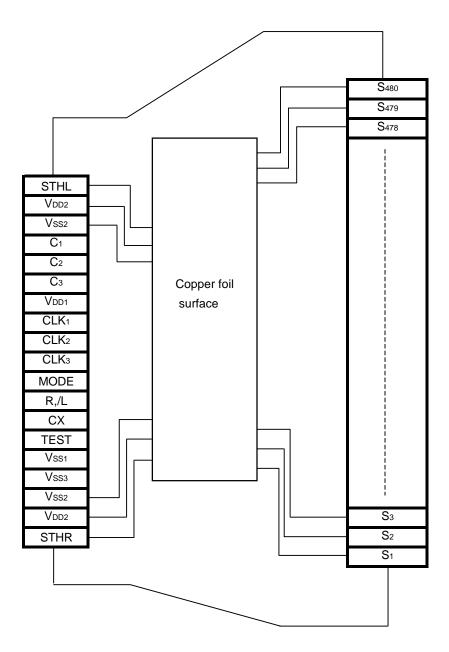
★ 1. BLOCK DIAGRAM



2. SAMPLE-AND HOLD CIRCUIT AND OUTPUT CIRCUIT



3. PIN CONFIGURATION (µ PD16781N-xxx) (Copper Foil Surface, Face-up)



Remark This figure does not specify the TCP package.

4. PIN FUNCTIONS

Pin Symbol	Pin Name	I/O	Description
C ₁ to C ₃	Video signal input	I	These pins are input video signals R, G, and B.
S1 to S480	Video signal output	0	These pins are output video signals, which have been sampled and hold.
			The relationship between the video signal input (C_1 to C_3) and video signal output is
			shown below.
			C1: S _{3n-2} (n = 1, 2,160)
			C2: S3n-1
			C3: S3n
STHR,	Cascade I/O	I/O	These pins are inputs/outputs for the start pulse for sample and hold timing.
STHL			High level of STHR/STHL is read at rising edge of CLK and start sampling video
			signal. STHR serves as the input pin and STHL serves as output pin for the right
			shift. For left shift, STHL serves as the input pins and STHR serves as the output
			pin.
R,/L	Shift direction control	I	The shift direction control pin of shift register. The shift directions of the shift
			registers are as follows.
			R,/L = H (right shift): STHR input, S1 \rightarrow S480, STHL output.
			R,/L = L (left shift): STHL input, $S_{480} \rightarrow S_1$, STHR output.
CLK1 to CLK3	Shift clock input	Ι	The start pulse is read at rising edge of CLK. The sampling pulse SHPn is
			generated at rising edge of CLK. For details, refer to 6. TIMING CHART.
			The relationship between the clocks and the output pins is shown below.
			(1) When MODE = L or open (sequential sampling)
			CLK1 R,/L = H: S _{3n-2}
			R,/L = L: S _{3n}
			CLK2: S3n-1
			CLK3 R,/L = H: S3n
			R,/L = L: S _{3n-2}
			(1) When MODE = H (simultaneous sampling)
			CLK1: S3n-2, S3n-1, S3n (n = 1, 2,160)
			CLK2: Connect VDD1 or Vss1
			CLK3: Connect VDD1 or Vss1
MODE	Mode select signal input	I	This pin is used to select whether the three analog input signals, C_1 , C_2 , and C_3 are
MODE	wode select signal input	•	sampled simultaneously or sequentially (This pin is pulled down in the IC).
			MODE = H: Simultaneous sampling
			MODE = L or open: Sequential sampling
СХ	Hold capacitance control	I	Two Sample & hold circuits are switched.
-	input		CX = H S&H1: Sampling, S&H2: Output
			CX = L S&H1: Output, S&H2: Sampling
TEST	Test	I	Fix this pin to the L level.
VDD1	Logic power supply	I	3.0 to 5.5 V
Vdd2	Driver power supply	-	5.0 ± 0.5 V
Vss1	Logic ground	I	Grounding
Vss2	Driver ground	_	Grounding
Vss3	Sample & hold ground	_	It is ground of Sample & hold capacitance. Supply this terminal with the stable GND.

- Cautions 1. To prevent latch-up-breakdown, the power should be turned on in order VDD1, Logic input VDD2, video signal input. It should be turned off in the opposite order. This relationship should be followed during transition periods as well.
 - The sampling of the video signal of this IC is only the simultaneous 3 output sampling of C1 to C3.
 Incidentally, it is designing abound of the input of the video signal in 10 MHz MAX.
 If a video signal with a higher frequency is input, the data may not be correctly displayed.
 - 3. Recommend a bypass capacitor of about 0.1 μ F with good high-frequency characteristics between V_{DD1} and V_{SS1}, and V_{DD2} and V_{SS2} in each driver IC. Unless the power supply is reinforced, the supply voltage may fluctuate, making the sampling voltage abnormal.
 - 4. If noise is superimposed on the start pulse pin, the data may not be displayed. For this reason, be sure to input CX signal during the vertical blanking period.
 - 5. If the start pulse width is extended by half the clock or longer, the sampling start timing SHP1 does not change from normal timing; therefore, the sampling operation is performed normally.

5. FUNCTION DESCRIPTION

5.1 Switching of Sample & Hold Circuits

Two sample-and-hold circuits are switched.

сх	Output	Sample & hold operation		
L	Sample & Hold Circuit 1 (S&H1)	Sample & Hold Circuit 2 (S&H ₂)		
н	Sample & Hold Circuit 2 (S&H ₂)	Sample & Hold Circuit 1 (S&H1)		

5.2 Sample & Hold and Output

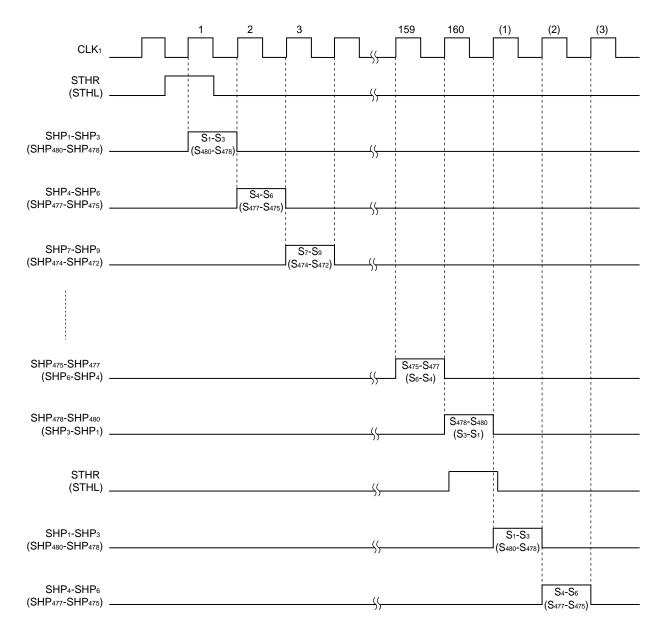
Relation between video signals C1, C2 and C3 and output pins and two sample & hold circuits.

СХ		S1 (S480)	S2 (S479)	S3 (S478)	S4 (S477)	 S479 (S2)	S480 (S1)
L	Sampling	C1-2 (C3-2)	C2-2 (C2-2)	C3-2 (C1-2)	C1-2 (C3-2)	 C2-2 (C2-2)	C3-2 (C1-2)
	Output	C1-1 (C3-1)	C2-1 (C2-1)	C ₃₋₁ (C ₁₋₁)	C1-1 (C3-1)	 C ₂₋₁ (C ₂₋₁)	C ₃₋₁ (C ₁₋₁)
н	Sampling	C1-1 (C3-1)	C2-1 (C2-1)	C3-1 (C1-1)	C1-1 (C3-1)	 C ₂₋₁ (C ₂₋₁)	C3-1 (C1-1)
	Output	C1-2 (C3-2)	C2-2 (C2-2)	C3-2 (C1-2)	C1-2 (C3-2)	 C2-2 (C2-2)	C3-2 (C1-2)

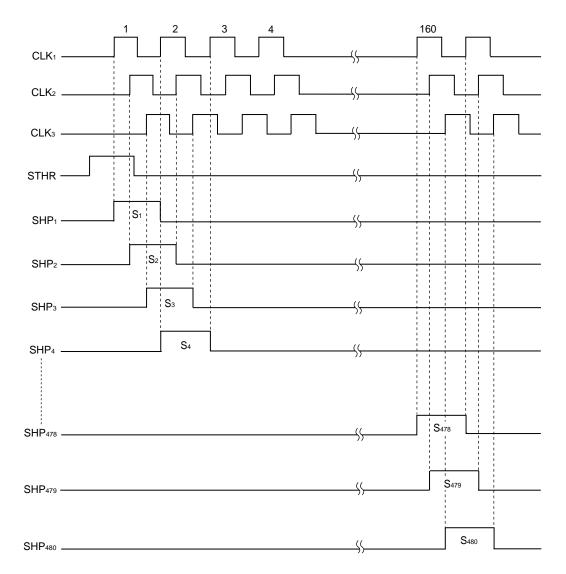
Remark C_{m-n} = m: Video input, n: Sample & Hold

6. TIMING CHART

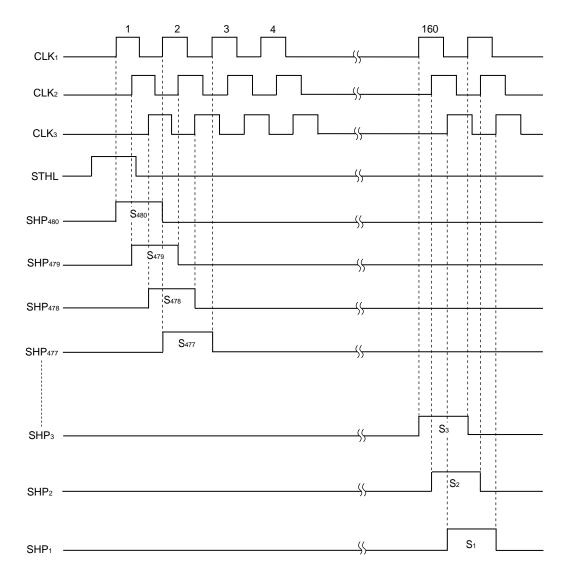
6.1 1-Phase Simultaneous Sampling



6.2 3-phase Sequential Sampling, Right Shift



6.3 3-phase Sequential Sampling, Left Shift



7. ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Parameter Symbol		Rating	Unit
Logic Part Supply Voltage	VDD1	-0.3 to +7.0	V
Driver Part Supply Voltage	V _{DD2}	-0.3 to +7.0	V
Input Voltage	VI	-0.3 to V _{DD1/2} + 0.3	V
Output Voltage	Vo	-0.3 to V _{DD1/2} + 0.3	V
Operating Ambient Temperature	Та	-30 to +85	°C
Storage Temperature	Tstg	-55 to +125	°C

Absolute Maximum Ratings (TA = +25°C, VSS1 =VSS2 = 0 V)

Caution Product quality may suffer if the absolute maximum rating is exceeded even momentarily for any parameter. That is, the absolute maximum ratings are rated values at which the product is on the verge of suffering physical damage, and therefore the product must be used under conditions that ensure that the absolute maximum ratings are not exceeded.

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Logic Part Supply Voltage	V _{DD1}		3.0		5.5	V
Driver Part Supply Voltage	V _{DD2}		4.5	5.0	5.5	V
Video Input Voltage	Vvi		Vss2 + 0.2		Vdd2 - 0.2	V
Driver Part Output Voltage	V ₀₂		Vss2 + 0.2		Vdd2 - 0.2	V
Clock Frequency	fclk	CLK₁ to CLK₃			20	MHz
Output Load Capacitance	C∟	1 output			50	pF

Recommended Operating Range (T_A = -30 to +85°C, V_{DD2} ≥ V_{DD1}, V_{SS1} = V_{SS2} = 0 V)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Uni
Low-Level Driver Part Output Voltage	Vvol	S1 to S480			Vss2 + 0.2	V
High-Level Driver Part Output Voltage	Vvoн		Vdd2 - 0.2			V
High-Level Input Voltage	Vін	CLK, STHR (L), R,/L, Osel, C	0.7 VDD1		V _{DD1}	V
Low-Level Input Voltage	VIL		Vss1		0.3 Vdd1	V
Input Leak Current	lı.	Except for MODE pin	-1.0		+1.0	μA
		MODE pin VI = 0 V	-10		+10	μA
		VI = VDD1 = 5 V	30		300	μA
High-Level Output Voltage	VLOH	STHR (STHL), Іон = –1.0 mA	0.85 Vdd1			V
Low-Level Output Voltage	VLOH	STHR (STHL), Io∟ = +1.0 mA			0.15 VDD1	V
Reference Voltage	VREF1	$V_{DD2} = 5.0 \text{ V}, \text{ VvI} = 0.5 \text{ V},$ $T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$		0.5		V
	V _{REF2}	$V_{DD2} = 5.0 \text{ V}, \text{ Vvi} = 2.5 \text{ V},$ $T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$		2.5		V
	Vref3	$V_{DD2} = 5.0 \text{ V}, \text{ Vvi} = 4.5 \text{ V},$ $T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$		4.5		V
Output Voltage Deviation	ΔVνο1	$V_{DD2} = 5.0 \text{ V}, \text{ V}_{VI} = 0.5 \text{ V},$ $T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$			±20	m\
	ΔVvo2	$V_{DD2} = 5.0 \text{ V}, \text{ Vvi} = 2.5 \text{ V},$ $T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$			±20	m\
	ΔVνοз	$V_{DD2} = 5.0 \text{ V}, \text{ Vvi} = 4.5 \text{ V},$ $T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$			±20	m١
Logic Dynamic Current Consumption	IDD1	V _{DD1} = 5.0 V, no load Note		1.6	5.6	m/
Driver Dynamic Current Consumption	DD2	V _{DD2} = 5.0 V, no load ^{Note}		12.0	16.0	mA

Note $f_{CLK} = 15 \text{ MHz}, f_{CX} = 17 \text{ kHz}.$

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Start Pulse Delay Time	tPHL1	C∟= 20 pF	7		43	ns
	t _{PLH1}	$CLK \to STHL\ (STHR)$	7		43	ns
Driver Output Delay Time	tPLH2	Vdd2 = 5.0 V			8	μs
	t PLH3	$R_L = 2 \ k\Omega$			16	μs
	tPHL2	C∟ = 25 pF x 2			8	μs
	tphl3				16	μs
Input Capacitance	CI1	STHR(STHL), TA=25°C		10	20	pF
	CI2	C1 to C3, TA=25°C		40	60	pF
	Сіз	STHR (STHL), C1 to C3		7	15	pF
		excluded input, T _A =25°C				

Switching Characteristics (TA = -30 to +85°C, VDD1 = 3.0 to 5.5 V, VDD2 = 5.0 V \pm 0.5 V, VDD2 \ge VDD1, VSS1 = VSS2 = 0 V)

Timing Requirement (TA = -30 to +85°C, VDD1 = 3.0 to 5.5 V, Vss1 = 0 V)

				-	-		
	Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
	Clock Pulse Width	PWCLK	CLK1 to CLK3	50			ns
	Clock Pulse High Period	PWclk(H)		15			ns
	Clock Pulse Low Period	PWclk(L)		15			ns
*	CLK-CLK time	tCL1-2		16.6		PWclk	ns
		tcl2-3				2	
	Start Pulse Setup Time	tsetup		7			ns
	Start Pulse Setup Time	thold		7			ns
	Start Pulse-CX Time	tsтн-cx		50			ns
	CX Setup Time	t CXsetup		1.0			μs
	CX Hold Time	tCXhold		50			ns
	CLK Stop Period	t CLKstop		Refer to 8.	SWITHING	CHARACTE	RISTICS
				WAVEFOR	м.		

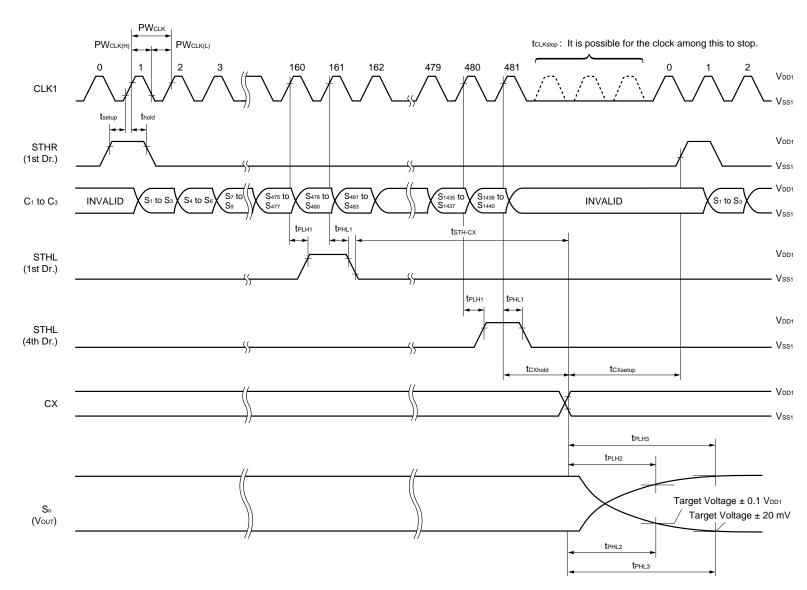
Remark Unless otherwise specified, the input level is defined to be $V_{IH} = 0.7 V_{DD1}$, $V_{IL} = 0.3 V_{DD1}$.

8. SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS WAVEFORM (R,/L=H)

<u>N</u>

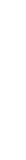
Unless otherwise specified, the input level is defined to be V_{IH} = 0.7 V_{DD1}, V_{IL} = 0.3 V_{DD1}.

8.1 1-Phase Simultaneous Sampling

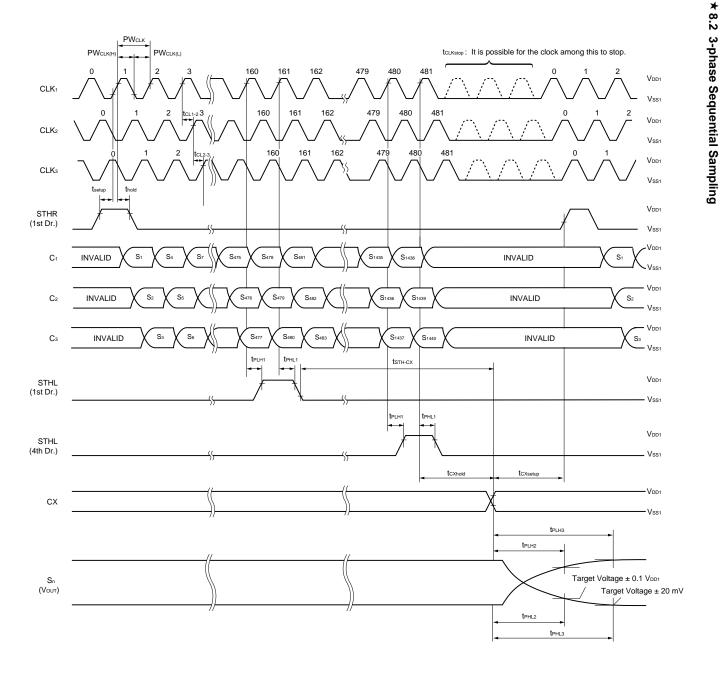


DataSheet S14634EJ1V0DS

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DataSheet S14634EJ1V0DS

9. RECOMMENDED MOUNTING CONDITIONS

The following conditions must be met for mounting conditions of the μ PD16781.

For more details, refer to the Semiconductor Device Mounting Technology Manual (C10535E).

Please consult with our sales offices in case other mounting process is used, or in case the mounting is done under different conditions.

μ PD16781N-xxx: TCP (TAB Package)

Mounting Condition	Mounting Method	Condition
Thermocompression	Soldering	Heating tool 300 to 350°C, heating for 2 to 3 sec, pressure 100g (per solder).
	ACF (Adhesive Conductive Film)	Temporaly bonding 70 to 100°C, pressure 3 to 8 kg/cm ² , time 3 to 5 sec. Real bonding 165 to 180°C, pressure 25 to 45 kg/cm ² , time 30 to 40 sec (When using the anisotropy conductive film SUMIZAC1003 of Sumitomo Bakelite, Ltd).

Caution To find out the detailed conditions for mounting the ACF part, please contact the ACF manufacturing company. Be sure to avoid using two or more mounting methods at a time.

NOTES FOR CMOS DEVICES

① PRECAUTION AGAINST ESD FOR SEMICONDUCTORS

Note:

Strong electric field, when exposed to a MOS device, can cause destruction of the gate oxide and ultimately degrade the device operation. Steps must be taken to stop generation of static electricity as much as possible, and quickly dissipate it once, when it has occurred. Environmental control must be adequate. When it is dry, humidifier should be used. It is recommended to avoid using insulators that easily build static electricity. Semiconductor devices must be stored and transported in an anti-static container, static shielding bag or conductive material. All test and measurement tools including work bench and floor should be grounded. The operator should be grounded using wrist strap. Semiconductor devices must not be touched with bare hands. Similar precautions need to be taken for PW boards with semiconductor devices on it.

② HANDLING OF UNUSED INPUT PINS FOR CMOS

Note:

No connection for CMOS device inputs can be cause of malfunction. If no connection is provided to the input pins, it is possible that an internal input level may be generated due to noise, etc., hence causing malfunction. CMOS devices behave differently than Bipolar or NMOS devices. Input levels of CMOS devices must be fixed high or low by using a pull-up or pull-down circuitry. Each unused pin should be connected to VDD or GND with a resistor, if it is considered to have a possibility of being an output pin. All handling related to the unused pins must be judged device by device and related specifications governing the devices.

③ STATUS BEFORE INITIALIZATION OF MOS DEVICES

Note:

Power-on does not necessarily define initial status of MOS device. Production process of MOS does not define the initial operation status of the device. Immediately after the power source is turned ON, the devices with reset function have not yet been initialized. Hence, power-on does not guarantee out-pin levels, I/O settings or contents of registers. Device is not initialized until the reset signal is received. Reset operation must be executed immediately after power-on for devices having reset function.

Reference Documents

NEC Semiconductor Device Reliability/Quality Control System (C10983E) Quality Grades On NEC Semiconductor Devices (C11531E)

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