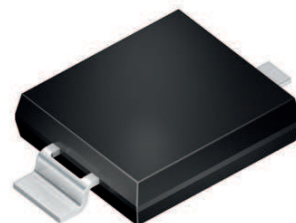


# Silicon PIN Photodiode with Daylight Blocking Filter

## Version 1.4

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### BPW 34 FS



#### Features:

- Especially suitable for the wavelength range of 780 nm to 1100 nm
- Short switching time (typ. 20 ns)
- DIL plastic package with high packing density
- Suitable for reflow soldering
- The product qualification test plan is based on the guidelines of AEC-Q101-REV-C, Stress Test Qualification for Automotive Grade Discrete Semiconductors.

#### Applications

- Automotive (eg rain sensor, headset)
- IR remote control of hi-fi and TV sets, dimmers, remote controls of various equipment
- Photointerrupters

#### Ordering Information

Type:	Photocurrent $I_P$ [ $\mu\text{A}$ ] $\lambda = 950 \text{ nm}$ , $E_e = 1 \text{ mW/cm}^2$ , $V_R = 5 \text{ V}$	Ordering Code
BPW 34 FS	50 ( $\geq 40$ )	Q65110A2700

**Maximum Ratings** ( $T_A = 25\text{ °C}$ )

Parameter	Symbol	Values	Unit
Operating and storage temperature range	$T_{op}; T_{stg}$	-40 ... 100	°C
Reverse voltage	$V_R$	16	V
Reverse voltage ( $t < 2\text{ min}$ )	$V_R$	32	V
Total Power dissipation	$P_{tot}$	150	mW
ESD withstand voltage (acc. to ANSI/ ESDA/ JEDEC JS-001 - HBM)	$V_{ESD}$	2000	V

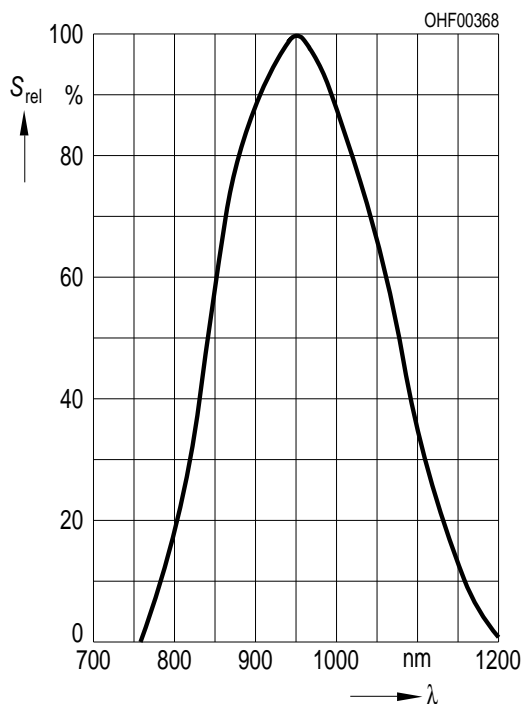
**Characteristics** ( $T_A = 25\text{ °C}$ )

Parameter	Symbol	Values	Unit
Photocurrent ( $V_R = 5\text{ V}$ , $\lambda = 950\text{ nm}$ , $E_e = 1\text{ mW/cm}^2$ )	$I_P$ (typ (min))	50 ( $\geq 40$ )	$\mu\text{A}$
Wavelength of max. sensitivity	$\lambda_{S\text{ max}}$ (typ)	950	nm
Spectral range of sensitivity	$\lambda_{10\%}$ (typ)	(typ) 780 ... 1100	nm
Radiant sensitive area	A (typ)	7.02	$\text{mm}^2$
Dimensions of radiant sensitive area	L x W (typ)	2.65 x 2.65	mm x mm
Half angle	$\varphi$ (typ)	$\pm 60$	°
Dark current ( $V_R = 10\text{ V}$ )	$I_R$ (typ (max))	2 ( $\leq 30$ )	nA
Spectral sensitivity of the chip ( $\lambda = 950\text{ nm}$ )	$S_{\lambda\text{ typ}}$ (typ)	0.7	A / W
Quantum yield of the chip ( $\lambda = 950\text{ nm}$ )	$\eta$ (typ)	0.91	Electrons / Photon
Open-circuit voltage ( $E_e = 0.5\text{ mW/cm}^2$ , $\lambda = 950\text{ nm}$ )	$V_O$ (typ (min))	330 ( $\geq 275$ )	mV
Short-circuit current ( $E_e = 0.5\text{ mW/cm}^2$ , $\lambda = 950\text{ nm}$ )	$I_{SC}$ (typ)	25	$\mu\text{A}$
Rise and fall time ( $V_R = 5\text{ V}$ , $R_L = 50\ \Omega$ , $\lambda = 850\text{ nm}$ , $I_P = 800\ \mu\text{A}$ )	$t_r, t_f$ (typ)	0.02	$\mu\text{s}$
Forward voltage ( $I_F = 100\text{ mA}$ , $E = 0$ )	$V_F$ (typ)	1.3	V
Capacitance ( $V_R = 0\text{ V}$ , $f = 1\text{ MHz}$ , $E = 0$ )	$C_0$ (typ)	72	pF
Temperature coefficient of $V_O$	$TC_V$ (typ)	-2.6	mV / K

Parameter		Symbol	Values	Unit
Temperature coefficient of $I_{SC}$ ( $\lambda = 950 \text{ nm}$ )	(typ)	$TC_1$	0.18	% / K
Noise equivalent power ( $V_R = 10 \text{ V}$ , $\lambda = 950 \text{ nm}$ )	(typ)	NEP	0.036	$\text{pW} / \text{Hz}^{1/2}$
Detection limit ( $V_R = 10 \text{ V}$ , $\lambda = 950 \text{ nm}$ )	(typ)	$D^*$	$7.3 \times 10^{12}$	$\text{cm} \times \text{Hz}^{1/2} / \text{W}$

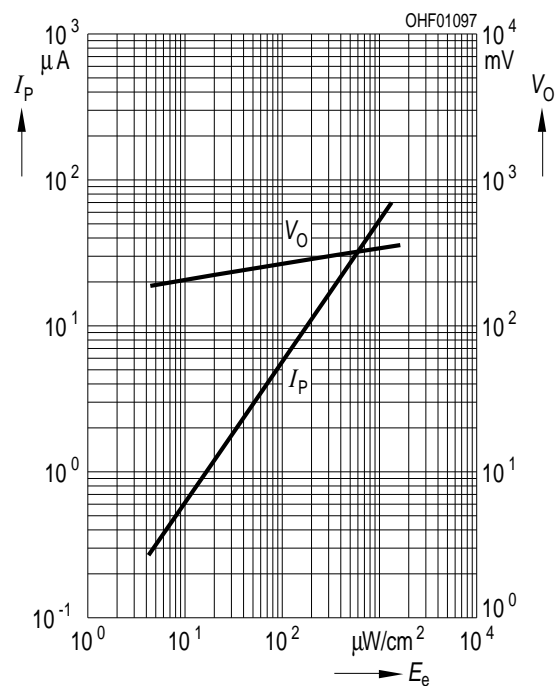
### Relative Spectral Sensitivity <sup>1) page 12</sup>

$$S_{rel} = f(\lambda)$$



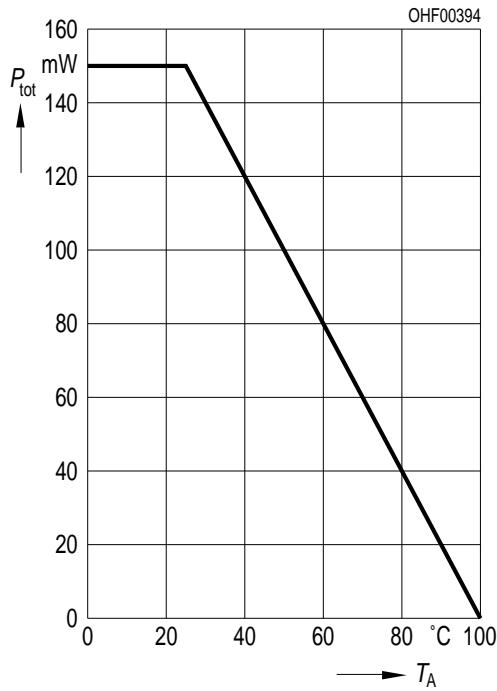
### Photocurrent / Open-Circuit Voltage <sup>1) page 12</sup>

$$I_P (V_R = 5 \text{ V}) / V_O = f(E_e)$$



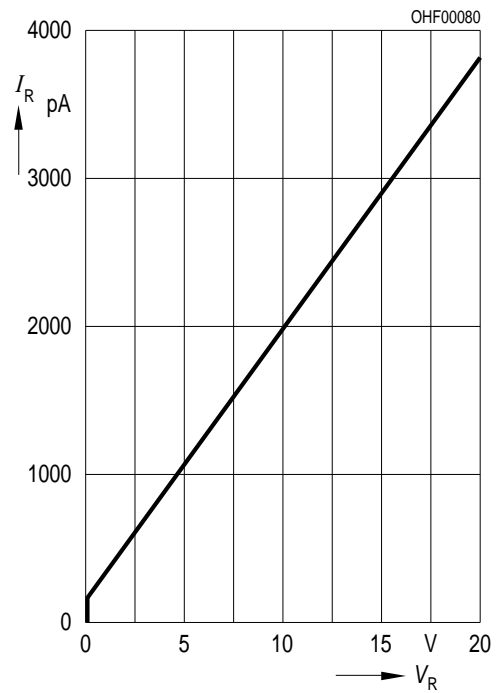
**Power Consumption**

$P_{tot} = f(T_A)$



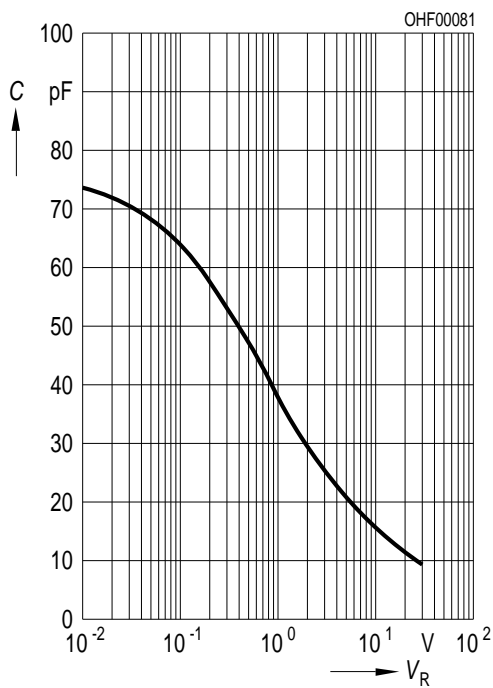
**Dark Current** <sup>1) page 12</sup>

$I_R = f(V_R), E = 0$



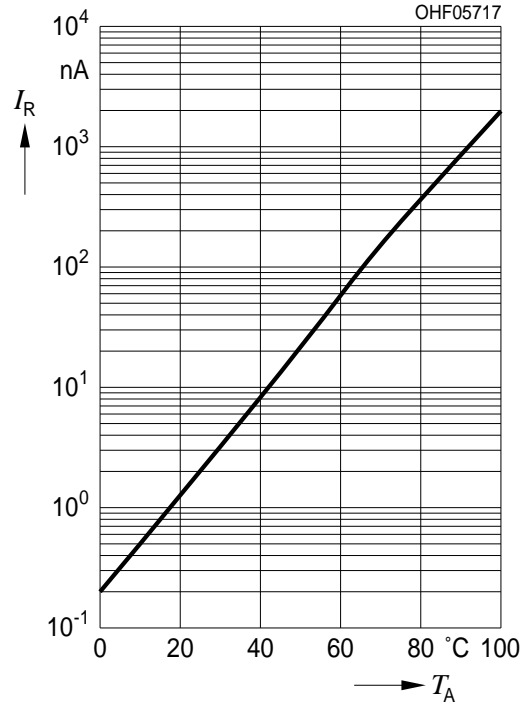
**Capacitance** <sup>1) page 12</sup>

$C = f(V_R), f = 1 \text{ MHz}, E = 0$



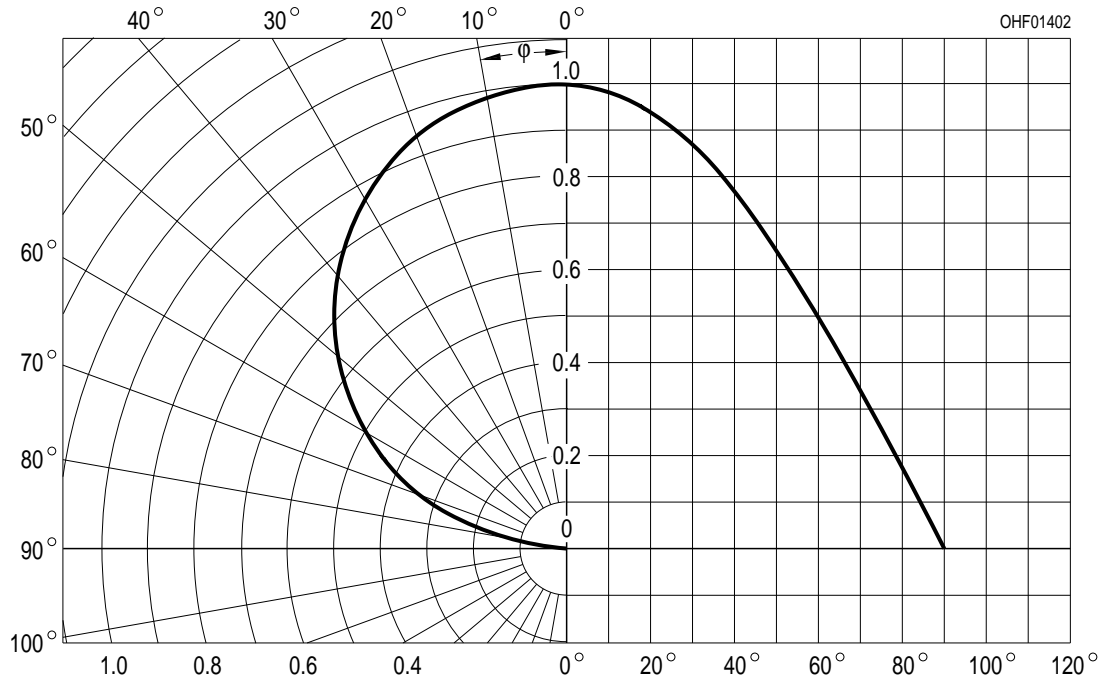
**Dark Current** <sup>1) page 12</sup>

$I_R = f(T_A), V_R = 10 \text{ V}, E = 0$

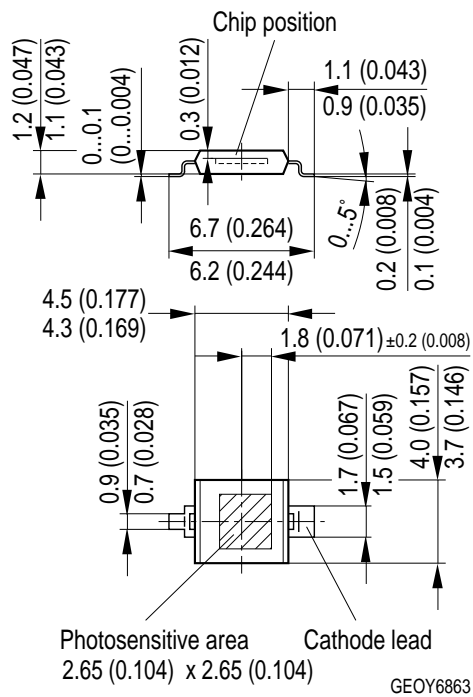


**Directional Characteristics** <sup>1) page 12</sup>

$S_{rel} = f(\phi)$



**Package Outline**



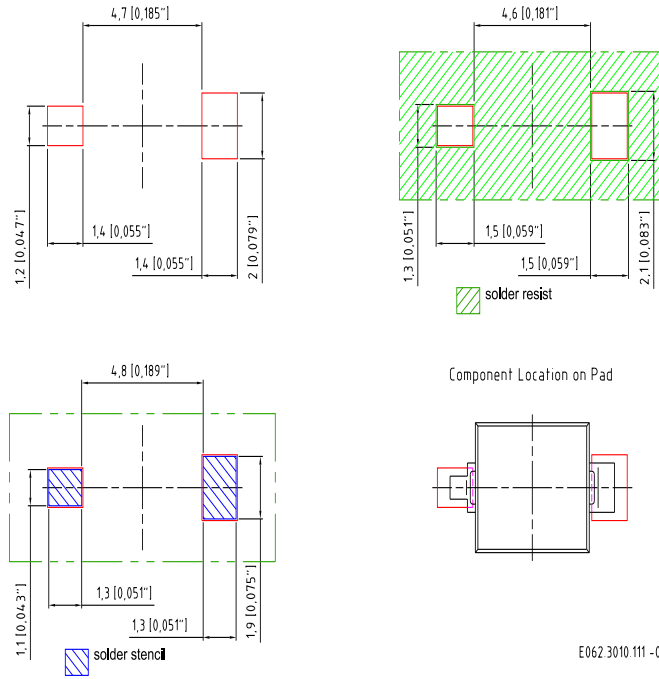
*Dimensions in mm (inch).*

**Package**

SMT DIL, Epoxy

**Approximate Weight:**  
43 mg

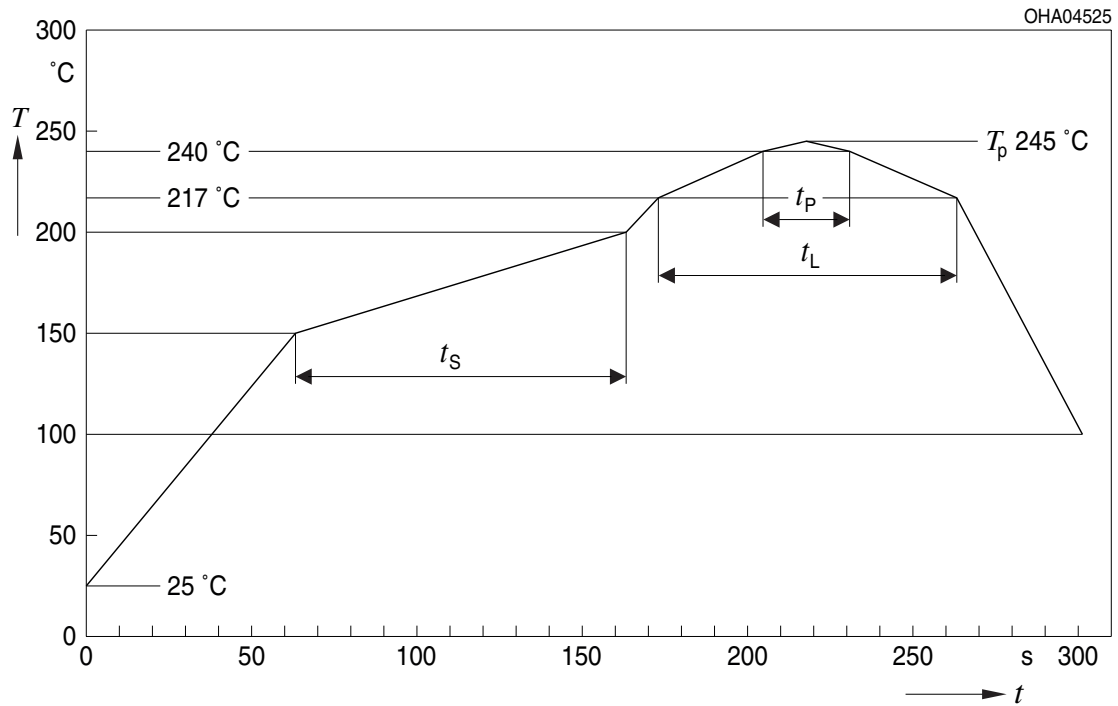
**Recommended Solder Pad**



*Dimensions in mm (inch).*

### Reflow Soldering Profile

Product complies to MSL Level 4 acc. to JEDEC J-STD-020D.01



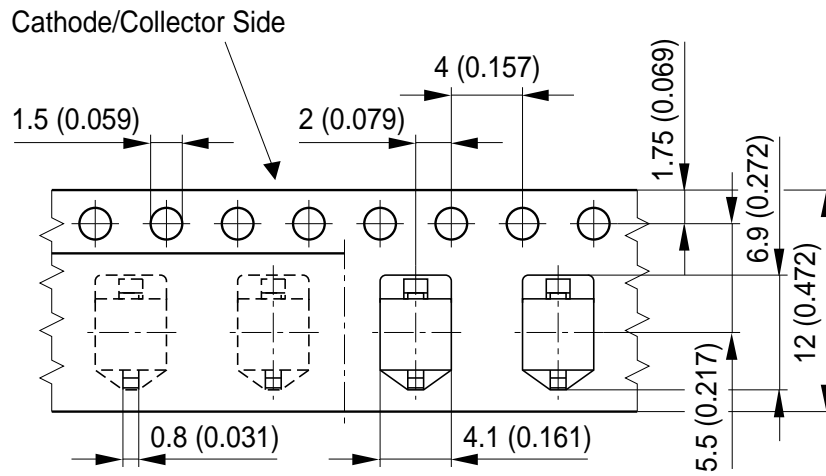
OHA04612

Profile Feature Profil-Charakteristik	Symbol Symbol	Pb-Free (SnAgCu) Assembly			Unit Einheit
		Minimum	Recommendation	Maximum	
Ramp-up rate to preheat*) $25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $150\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$			2	3	K/s
Time $t_S$ $T_{Smin}$ to $T_{Smax}$	$t_S$	60	100	120	s
Ramp-up rate to peak*) $T_{Smax}$ to $T_P$			2	3	K/s
Liquidus temperature	$T_L$	217			$^{\circ}\text{C}$
Time above liquidus temperature	$t_L$		80	100	s
Peak temperature	$T_P$		245	260	$^{\circ}\text{C}$
Time within $5\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ of the specified peak temperature $T_P - 5\text{ K}$	$t_P$	10	20	30	s
Ramp-down rate* $T_P$ to $100\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$			3	6	K/s
Time $25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $T_P$				480	s

All temperatures refer to the center of the package, measured on the top of the component

\* slope calculation  $DT/Dt$ :  $Dt$  max. 5 s; fulfillment for the whole T-range

Taping

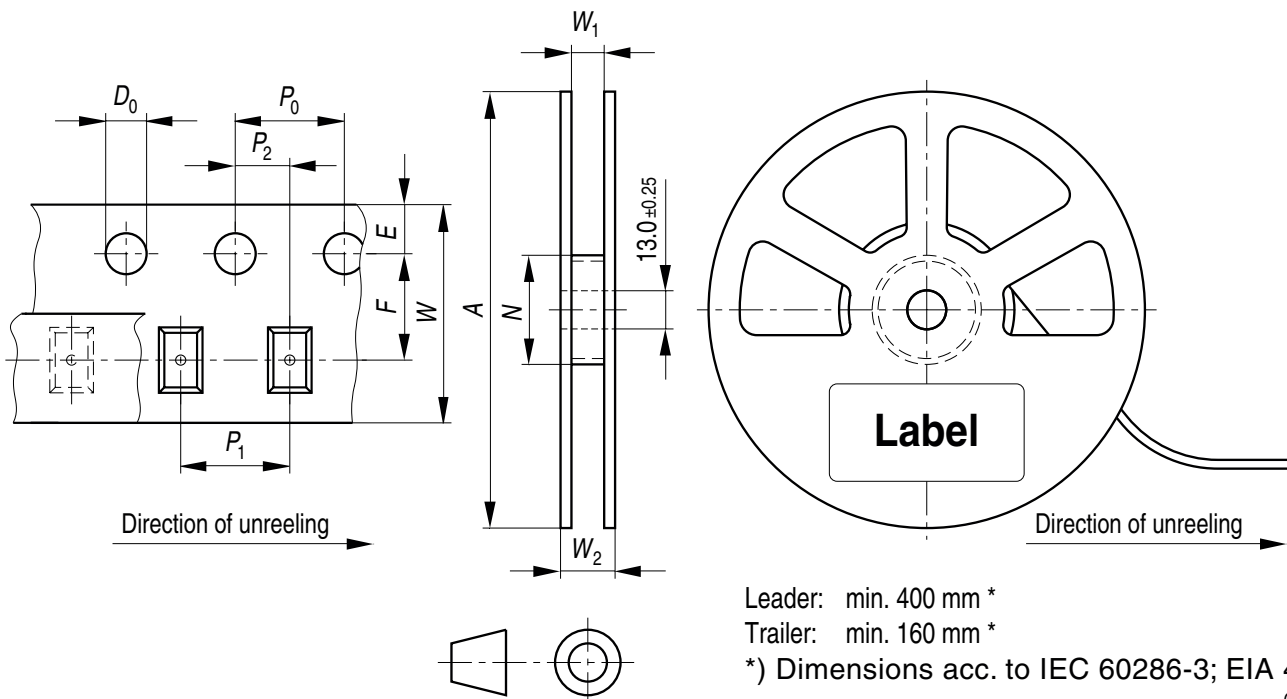


OHAY2287

Dimensions in mm (inch).

Tape and Reel

12 mm tape with 1500 pcs. on  $\varnothing$  180 mm reel





## Tape dimensions [mm]

W	P <sub>0</sub>	P <sub>1</sub>	P <sub>2</sub>	D <sub>0</sub>	E	F
12 + 0.3 / - 0.1	4 ± 0.1	4 ± 0.1 or 8 ± 0.1	2 ± 0.05	1.5 ± 0.1	1.75 ± 0.1	5.5 ± 0.05

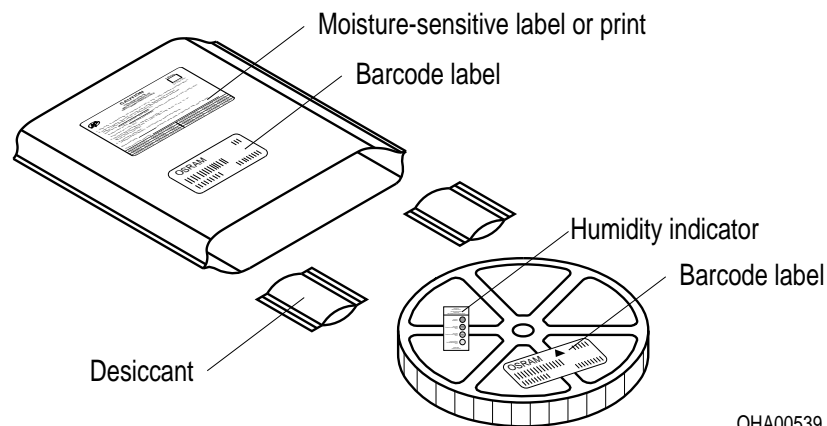
## Reel dimensions [mm]

A	W	N <sub>min</sub>	W <sub>1</sub>	W <sub>2max</sub>
180	12	60	12.4 + 2	18.4

## Barcode-Product-Label (BPL)



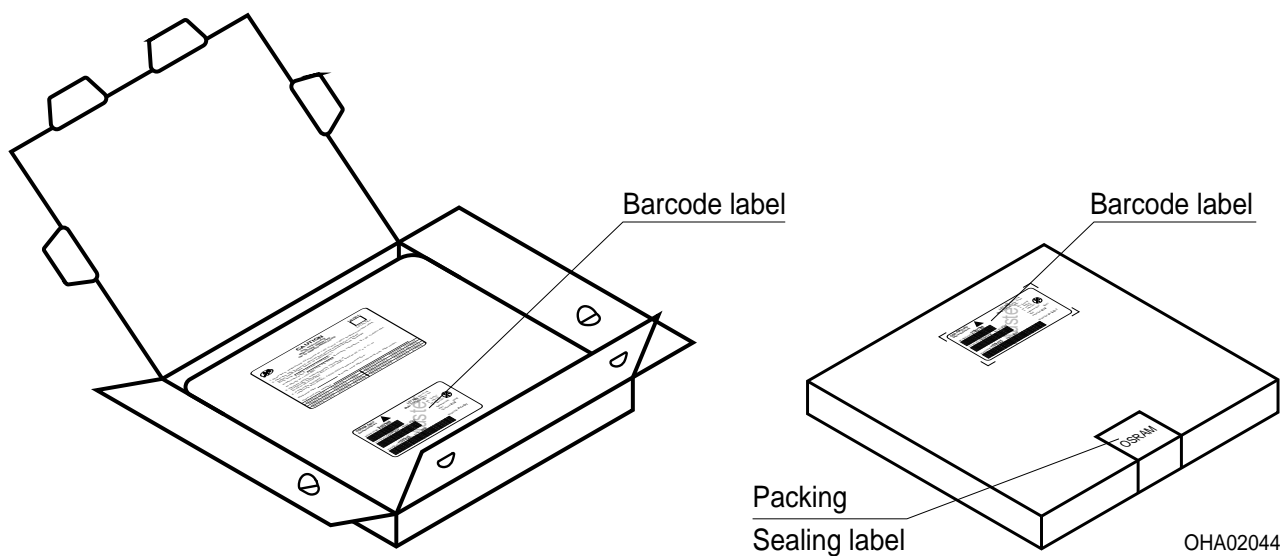
## Dry Packing Process and Materials



## Note:

Moisture-sensitive product is packed in a dry bag containing desiccant and a humidity card. Regarding dry pack you will find further information in the internet. Here you will also find the normative references like JEDEC.

## Transportation Packing and Materials



## Dimensions of transportation box in mm

Width	Length	Height
195 ± 5	195 ± 5	30 ± 5

**Disclaimer**

Language english will prevail in case of any discrepancies or deviations between the two language wordings.

**Attention please!**

The information describes the type of component and shall not be considered as assured characteristics.

Terms of delivery and rights to change design reserved. Due to technical requirements components may contain dangerous substances.

For information on the types in question please contact our Sales Organization.

If printed or downloaded, please find the latest version in the Internet.

**Packing**

Please use the recycling operators known to you. We can also help you – get in touch with your nearest sales office.

By agreement we will take packing material back, if it is sorted. You must bear the costs of transport. For packing material that is returned to us unsorted or which we are not obliged to accept, we shall have to invoice you for any costs incurred.

**Components used in life-support devices or systems must be expressly authorized for such purpose!**

Critical components\* may only be used in life-support devices\*\* or systems with the express written approval of OSRAM OS.

\*) A critical component is a component used in a life-support device or system whose failure can reasonably be expected to cause the failure of that life-support device or system, or to affect its safety or the effectiveness of that device or system.

\*\*) Life support devices or systems are intended (a) to be implanted in the human body, or (b) to support and/or maintain and sustain human life. If they fail, it is reasonable to assume that the health and the life of the user may be endangered.

**Glossary**

- <sup>1)</sup> **Typical Values:** Due to the special conditions of the manufacturing processes of LED, the typical data or calculated correlations of technical parameters can only reflect statistical figures. These do not necessarily correspond to the actual parameters of each single product, which could differ from the typical data and calculated correlations or the typical characteristic line. If requested, e.g. because of technical improvements, these typ. data will be changed without any further notice.

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